

Geofaceting – align small-multiples for regions in a spatially meaningful way

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Abstract

In this paper we present a handy visualization technique of geofaceting. The idea is to align small-multiples for territorial units, most often regions, according to approximate geographical location. Compared to other ways of small-multiples' arrangement, geofacetting improves the speed of regions' identification and introduces a broad spatial pattern. We illustrate the technique using data on young adult mortality in the 32 Mexcian states.

Keywords: *small-multiples; geofacet; ternary colorcoding; external mortality; homicide.*

Data visualization is quite often a struggle to represent multiple relevant dimensions preserving readability of a plot.

The spailial logic of small-mulitples allignment helps to sidentify the units of analysis faster and reveils the macro-level spatial pattern.

One interesting technique is to maximize the amount of information conveyed by colors – *ternary colorcoding*, when the position of an element in a three-dimensional array of compositional data is represented with a single color. Here we draw attention to this underutilized approach of ternary colorcoding and provide the tools that we developed to streamline its use with R.

(see Figure 1)

Gap between observed and best-practice life expectancy for Mexican states

Cause of death contributing the most by age (15-49) and time (1990-2015)

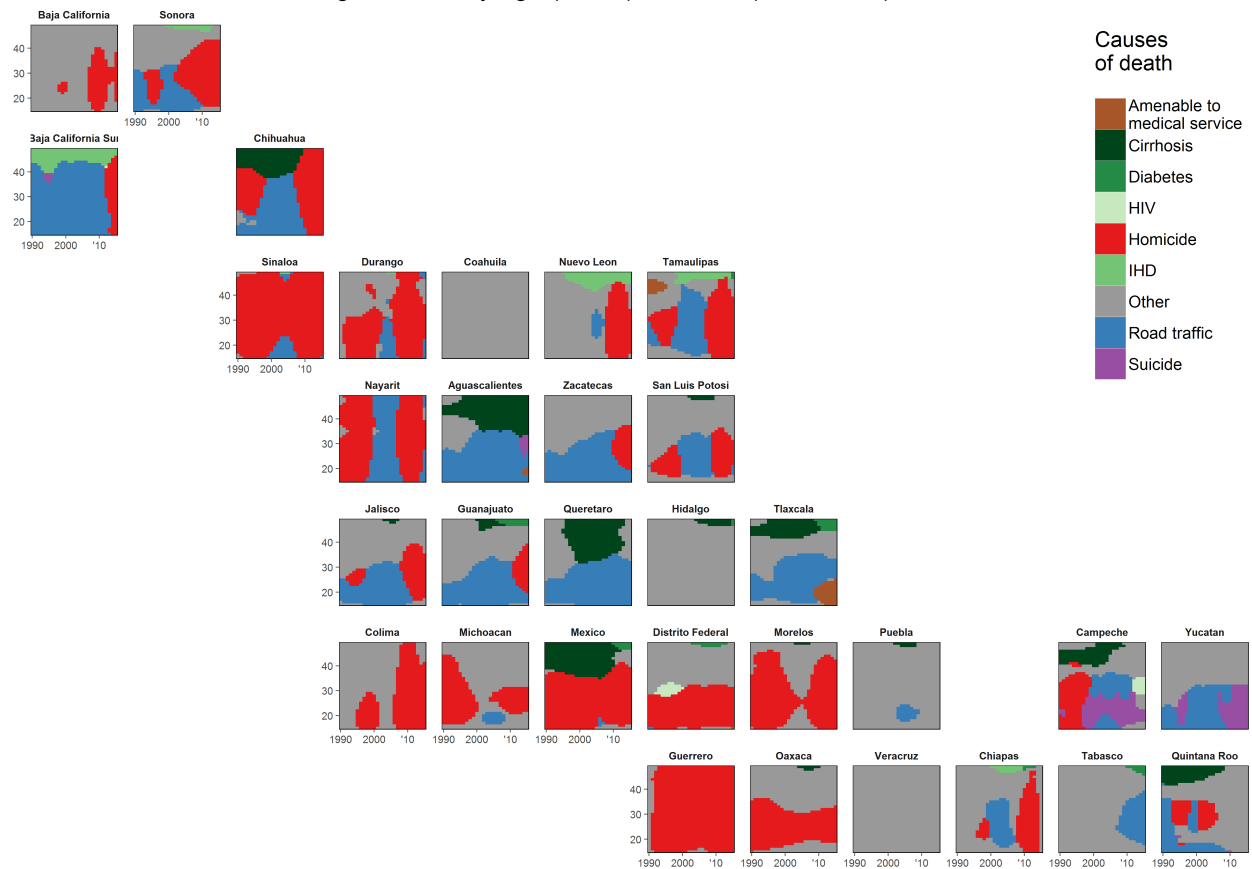


Figure 1: Per capita age profiles of consumption, labor income, and public and private transfers for the United States (2009).

1 References