

Global PAYplus

Fees – Request for Charges



Product Version: 4.5

Catalog ID: GPP4.5-00-B13-03-201512

Copyright

© 2017-18 Finastra International Limited, or a member of the Finastra group of companies ("Finastra"). All Rights Reserved. Confidential - Limited Distribution to Authorized Persons Only, pursuant to the terms of the license agreement by which you were granted a license from Finastra for the applicable software or services and this documentation. Republication or redistribution, in whole or in part, of the content of this documentation or any other materials made available by Finastra is prohibited without the prior written consent of Finastra. The software and documentation are protected as unpublished work and constitute a trade secret of Finastra International Limited, or a member of the Finastra group of companies, Head Office: 4 Kingdom Street, Paddington, London W2 6BD, United Kingdom.

Disclaimer

Finastra does not guarantee that any information contained herein is and will remain accurate or that use of the information will ensure correct and faultless operation of the relevant software, services or equipment. This document contains information proprietary to Finastra. Finastra does not undertake mathematical research but only applies mathematical models recognized within the financial industry. Finastra does not guarantee the intrinsic theoretical validity of the calculation models used.

Finastra, its agents, and employees shall not be held liable to or through any user for any loss or damage whatsoever resulting from reliance on the information contained herein or related thereto. The information contained in this document and the general guidance of Finastra staff does not take the place of qualified compliance personnel or legal counsel within your institution.

FINASTRA CANNOT RENDER LEGAL, ACCOUNTING OR OTHER PROFESSIONAL SERVICES TO YOUR INSTITUTION. THE INFORMATION CONTAINED HEREIN IS GENERAL IN NATURE AND DOES NOT CONSTITUTE LEGAL ADVICE OR A LEGAL OPINION. CONSULT YOUR LEGAL COUNSEL FOR LEGAL ADVICE SPECIFIC TO YOUR SITUATION OR CIRCUMSTANCES OR TO ANSWER ANY LEGAL QUESTIONS.

This document is not intended as a substitute for formal education in the regulatory requirements of banking, banking operations, lending, lending operations, or other topics generally applicable to financial institutions. Your financial institution is solely responsible for configuring and using the software or services in a way that meets policies, practices, and laws applicable to your institution, including, without limitation: (1) options and selections made on prompts; (2) entries in the software program; (3) program setup; and (4) documents produced by the software or services. It is the obligation of the customer to ensure that responsible decisions are taken when using Finastra products. Information in this document is subject to change without notice and does not represent a commitment on the part of Finastra.

Feedback

Do you have comments about our guides and online help? Please address any comments and questions to your local Finastra representative.

Need more information? Read more about our products at http://www.finastra.com or contact your local Finastra office at http://www.finastra.com/contact.

Version Control

Version	Summary of Changes
1.0	Document Created
2.0	Added Section Auto Creation of Anticipated Funds (MT210) Following Request for Charges Generation.
3.0	Updated for D+H Rebranding
4.0	Document rebranded to Finastra template

Table of Contents

1 INT	FRODUCTION	3
1.1	Target Audience	3
1.2	Overview	3
1.2.1	High Level Schema	3
1.2.2	Detailed Level Schema (N/A)	3
1.2.3	Services Involved	3
2 IN-	DEPTH PROCESSING	3
2.1	Static Data	3
2.1.1	System Parameters	∠
2.1.2	System Profiles	5
2.1.3	System Rules	5
2.1.4	Statuses	5
2.1.5	Tasks – N/A	6
2.1.6	Access Class Entitlements	6
2.1.7	Message Attributes	6
2.2	Processing Description	6
2.2.1	Incoming Request for Charges	6
2.2.2		
2.2.3		
2.2.4	3	
2.3	Manual Handling	16
3 RE	COMMENDED SETUP	16
3.1	Incoming Request for Charges	16
3.1.1	Business Flow Selection	16
3.1.2	Matching	17
3.1.3	Validation	21
3.1.4	Generate Transaction	24
3.1.5	'	
3.2	Outgoing request for charges	30
3.2.1	Generate Request for Charges (191)	
3.2.2	Incoming MT202 for the Request for Charges Message	35
APPENDI	X A: GLOSSARY	36
ΔΡΡΕΝΟΙ	X B: DOCUMENT REFERENCES	37

1 Introduction

1.1 Target Audience

This document describes the Request for Charges workflow in GPP. It is designed for business analysts and system administrators who need to set up and configure this feature. It is also of value to anyone who wants to know more about how this feature is implemented. This document describes the

1.2 Overview

Incoming requests for charges (SWIFT n91 messages) relate to payments that have been sent out by GPP-SP with details of charge (SWIFT tag 71A) as OUR (ISO tag charge bearer with DEBT). The requests by the receiving institution include a claim for some or all charges from the originator of the message.

On receipt of the charge request, the service ensures that the claim is valid, reasonable and has not been claimed before. Having established that the charges are to be paid, the system populates a transaction with the relevant data from the charge request and the original transaction, to create a funds transfer that can be paid to the sender of the request for charges.

If the service is unable to automatically process the transaction for any reason, such as unable to match with original transaction or charges previously paid, then the request will be sent to a manual handling queue (Request for charges) where an operator manually makes a decision. Possible actions include paying the request or terminating it.

1.2.1 High Level Schema



High-level Schema

1.2.2 Detailed Level Schema (N/A)

1.2.3 Services Involved

- RequestForChargesService
- OutgoingRequestForChargesService

2 In-depth Processing

2.1 Static Data

The following section defines the business guide building blocks that are used in setting up the Fees Service. These building blocks include:

- System Options
- Profiles
- Business Rules
- Statuses
- Tasks
- Access Class Entitlement
- Message Attributes

2.1.1 System Parameters

This section includes references to other documents containing information that may be required while reading this document.

 Table 1:
 System Parameters - Request for Charges

Name	Description	Default Value
REPNOFEEACVOS	Determines whether a payment should be placed in a Repair queue if fees are to be deducted from an account but a customer fee account has not been set up or the user has not specified a fee account.	No
	When fees are to be deducted from an account but there is no customer fee account set-up or specified by the user, and the main Dr or Cr account from which the system would otherwise deduct the fees is a liability (non-asset) account:	
	If the value of this parameter is Yes, then the payment is sent to the Repair queue.	
	 If the value is No, then the system continues processing the payment and debits the non-asset account. 	
REPNOFEEACNOS	Defines a mechanism to follow for an incoming payment with charge option DEBT (SWIFT term OUR) where agent fees are not provided and where the debit account is a Nostro account.	FEEACCFIRST
	Where set to Repair, these messages are sent to a Repair queue for user intervention.	
	Where set to MT191AUTOGEN, then regardless of whether the system can find a proper fee account, it generates a request for charges (MT191) for the missing funds and allows the incoming payment to continue processing.	
	Where set to FEEACCFIRST, then the system tries to find a proper fee account (i.e., a non-asset account that belongs to the original sender). If such an account is not found, the system generates a request for charges (MT191).	
	Where set to FEEACCONLY, then the system tries to find a proper fee account (i.e., a non-asset account that belongs to the original sender) and if such account is not found, the payment is placed in a Repair queue for manual handling.	
CHARGE_LIMIT	Incoming MT191 handling: Maximum amount in base currency considered a reasonable charge to be imposed in an incoming MT191.	200
	The MT191 is routed to a Manual Process queue if the charge is unreasonable. If the value of this system parameter is empty or zero, this validation is skipped.	
CHARGE_DAYS	Incoming MT191 handling: Maximum number of days, after the value date of the original transaction, within which an incoming MT191 should be received in order for it to be handled by automatically creating an MT202.	1
CHARGE_PRCNT	Incoming MT191 handling: Maximum percentage of	20

Name	Description	Default Value
	the original transaction amount that is considered a reasonable charge to be imposed in an incoming MT191.	
	The MT191 is routed to a Manual Process queue if the charge is unreasonable.	
MU_REQ_FOR_CHARG ES_FORCE_STS	A user action monitor used to track cases where user forces a payment from the pending charges queue.	F or X

2.1.2 System Profiles

2.1.2.1 Matching Check Profile and Selection Rule

The Matching Check profile specifies the matching algorithm to be used for an incoming request for charges (n91).

2.1.2.2 Generation Transaction Profile

Generate Transaction profile specifies the initial message type of transaction to generate. It also specifies the linkage relationship between the original message and the generated message, and the required mapping between the original message and the generated message.

2.1.3 System Rules

2.1.3.1 Request for Charges Validation

The incoming requests for charges payments (incoming n91) go through a matching & validation process to decide whether to automate a response or whether the request should be dealt with manually. This rule type enables a decision to be determined about the request.

This rule specifies conditions that cause the received Request for Charges to fail validation.

Available rule action – List of error codes where the error category = 03. (Technical note: JOURNALMESSAGES.CATEGORYCODE = 03)

Note: The rules are attached to the Local Office.

All rules are evaluated. If a suitable rule is found, the Request for Charges fails the validation and becomes invalid

2.1.3.2 Generation Transaction Selection Rule

The Generate Transaction Selection rule assigns a Generate Transaction profile to be used when a transaction is generated out of an incoming payment.

In this document case:

Generate an MT202 as a result of an Incoming request for charges

2.1.4 Statuses

This section describes the statuses that are relevant to Fees and the actions that are applicable to each status.

2.1.4.1 Request for charges

Table 2: Request for Charges Status

Name	Alias	Tree Location	Description	Applicable Actions
PNDCHRG	Request	Manual	Used if an incoming request	Submit

Name	Alias	Tree Location	Description	Applicable Actions
	for Charges		for charges (e.g., MT191) cannot find the original payment sent by GPP-SP or where match is found but the request violated one of the validation rules we have set up in the system.	Force ChargesCancelAnswersSend to Repair

2.1.5 Tasks - N/A

2.1.6 Access Class Entitlements

The following Access Class Entitlements listed in Table 6 should be added:

Table 3: Access Class Entitlements

Name of Profile	Selections
Status	Request for Charges

2.1.7 Message Attributes

The table below describes the Fees message attributes:

Table 4: Message Attributes

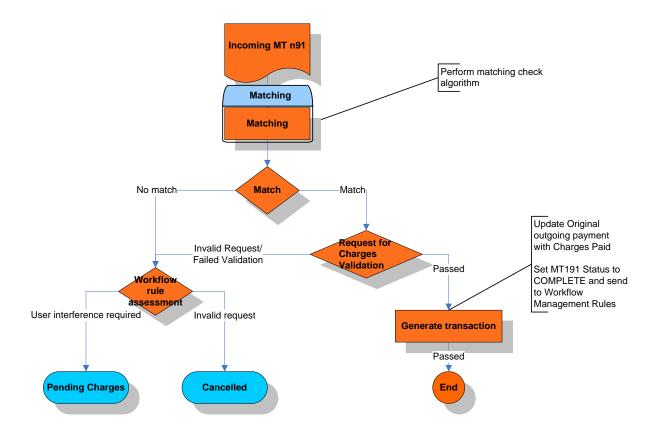
Tubic T.	message Attributes		
Name	Description	Logical Field	Alias
Request for charges generation	A true false attribute that specifies whether to generate an outgoing request for charges. This is being done where the REPNOFEEACNOS is set to FEEACCFIRST or MT191AUTOGEN	D_MT191AUTOGEN	Request for charges generation
Flow monitor for generate request for charges status	Flow monitor for generate request for charges status	MF_GENERATE_REQ _CHARGES	Generate request charges sts
User monitor for 71G handling	Handle 71G gap status. 'F' – force accept, 'G' – generate a 191	MU_HANDLE_71G_G AP	Handle 71G gap sts

2.2 Processing Description

2.2.1 Incoming Request for Charges

The Request for Charges process is comprised of the following services:

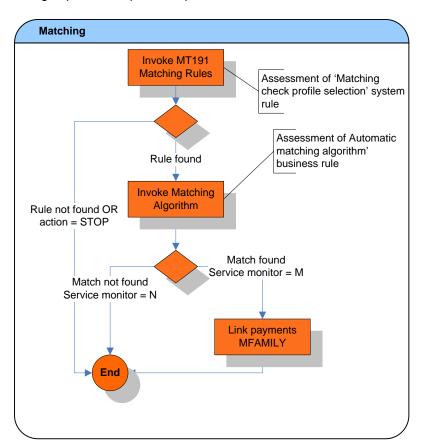
- Matching Matching of Request for Charges against outgoing payments.
- Request for Charges Validation
- Generate Transaction



Request for Charges Flow

2.2.1.1 Matching

The Matching profile specifies the matching algorithm and index to be used in the Request for Charges process. Upon receipt of an MT191, the service tries to match it to an outgoing payment.



Matching Flow

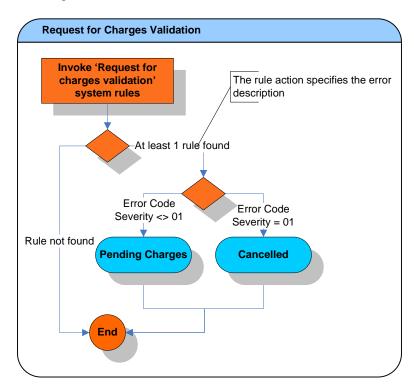
The MT191 Matching service is comprised of the following steps:

- 1. Evaluate Matching Check profile selection system rule to define a matching check profile.
- 2. With the Matching Check profile, assess the Automatic algorithm (Automatic matching algorithm business rule) rule.
- 3. Within the rule, the matching fields are set:
 - a. Incoming n91 end to end ID = Sent message 'instruction ID' AND
 - b. Outgoing message is a SWIFT 103 (or SWIFT 202 for an incoming 291)
- 4. If match found:
 - a. If the incoming n91 matches an outgoing message sent, set a relationship (type: Incoming MTn91^Original Outgoing Payment) in MFAMILY table (i.e. the outgoing MT103/MT202 and incoming 191/291 are now linked via the linked tab).
 - b. Set monitor 'Monitor flow req for chrg match sts' to 'M' (Match).
 - c. Audit (code 40101) [Self related type] matched to [Related type].
- 5. If no match found: {0.
 - a. Set the monitor 'Monitor flow reg for chrg match sts' to 'N' (None).
 - b. Assess 'Message workflow determination STP' system rule to set the payment in 'Request for Charges' status.

Note: 'Monitor flow req for chrg match sts' [MF_REQ_FOR_CHARGES_MATCH_STS] possible values are N for No match, M for Match

2.2.1.2 Request for Charges Validation

The purpose of this step is to be able to generate an automatic decline response when at least one of the validations fails. The purpose of this set of rules is to define the reasonable/ acceptable request for charges.



Request For Charges Validation Flow

The table below describes a pre-defined set of rules that cover the current validations:

Table 5: Pre-defined Rules for Request for Charges Validation

No.	Rule Name	Conditions
1	n91_CHARGESPAID	Original payment Charges Paid flag = True
2	n91_CHARGECODE	Original payment Charges Code <> OUR
3	n91_SENDER_VS_RECEIVER	Sender of MT191 <> Receiver of Original payment
4	n91_OUT_TIMEPERIOD	MT191 is received outside the allowed time period
5	n91AMT_ABOVE_MAXFEE	MT191 amount exceeds max fee amount limit
6	n91AMT_ABOVE_ORIGTRANSAMT	MT191 amount > Calculated Amount (Original transaction amount * Value of system option CHARGE_PRCNT)

The table below describes the related error codes (the rule action) and their description.

- All errors are assigned Category Code (JOURNALMESSAGES.CATEGORYCODE) '003'
- Errors 1 & 2 assigned Severity (JOURNALMESSAGES.ERROR_SEVERITY) '01'

Table 6: Errors for Request for Charges Validation

Table 6: Errors for Request for Charges Validation				
Code	Description	Note	Severity	
40094	Request for charges cancelled because original outgoing message indicates charges are already paid	Error message is issued if the matched original payment indicates charges have already been paid	1	
40095	Request for charges cancelled because charge code of original outgoing message is [Charge code of original outgoing message]	Error message is issued if the matched original payment charge code is not DEBT (SWIFT term OUR)	1	
40096	Request for charges sender [Sender of MTn91] does not match outgoing payment receiver [Receiver of matched payment]	Error message is issued if matched original payment receiver is not the MT191 sender	0	
40097	Request for Charges received [Current business date] more than [System parameter CHARGE_DAYS] days after the value date of the matched original outgoing payment [Original outgoing payment value date]	Error message is issued if the MTn91 is received more than CHARGE_DAYS days after the value date of the original matched outgoing transaction	0	
40098	Request for charges amount [MTn91 Amount] [MTn91 Currency] exceeds the maximum acceptable amount [System parameter CHARGE_LIMIT]	Error message is issued if MTn91 amount exceeds a predefined max amount set in the system parameter	0	
40099	Request for charges amount [MTn91 Amount] [MTn91 Currency] exceeds the max acceptable percentage [System parameter CHARGE_PRCNT]of original outgoing payment amount	Error message is issued if the MTn91 amount is greater than a specified percentage of the outgoing payment amount specified in the system parameter	0	

To find a matching rule:

- 1. Assess business rule 'Request for charges validation'
- 2. If a matching rule found
 - a. Set 'Monitor flow req for chrg validation sts' to F (Fail)
 - b. If error severity (defined in JOURNALMESSAGES.ERROR_SEVERITY) = 1 then the incoming n91 will be sent to Cancelled.
 - c. If error severity = 0 then the incoming n91 will be send to 'Pending charges' status.
 - d. Generate the error that was selected in the system rule.
- 3. If no matching rule found:
- 4. Set 'Monitor flow req for chrg validation sts' to S (Success)

Note: 'Monitor flow req for chrg validation sts' [MF_REQ_FOR_CHARGES_VALID_STS] possible values are F (Fail) or S (Success)

2.2.1.3 Generate Transaction

The purpose of this step is to be able to generate a MT202 for all the valid incoming request for charges (n91) that managed to pass validation or were forced out of the Pending charges status by a user.

- 1. Assess' Generate transaction selection' system rules.
 - Rule conditions are that either:
 - The incoming n91 was matched to an outgoing payment AND it passed the validation step OR
 - User forces the incoming n91 payment from the 'Pending charges' status
- 2. The rule action is a Generate Transaction profile.
 - Within the profile, the new message type & relevant mapping rules are defined.
- 3. Create the relevant message type. Fill in message attributes with the defined mapping rules (i.e. that is a data manipulation profile 'Transaction generation mapping rules')

Table 7: Transaction Data

Outgoing MT 202	Incoming n91	Original sent 103/202	Fixed value/Comments
Orgnl sttlm amt	Orgnl sttlm amt		
Orgnl sttlm ccy	Orgnl sttlm ccy		
Sttlm dt	Office business dt		
Cdtr BIC	Orgnl Instg agt BIC		
End To End ID	Instr ID X		
Instr ID X			Set the payment generated MID
Pmt office		Pmt office	
Department		Department	
Cdtr agt BIC	Cdtr agt BIC		
Instg agt BIC			Office Cust Swift ID
Dbt MOP			'BOOK'
Dbt acct nb		Dbt acct nb	
Dbt acct ccy		Dbt acct ccy	
Dbt acct office		Dbt acct office	
Dbt account enriched			'E'

Note: P_CHARGES_PAID (Charges paid) flag will be amended over the original sent message so that any future request for charges (and for reconciliation purposes) will be refused.

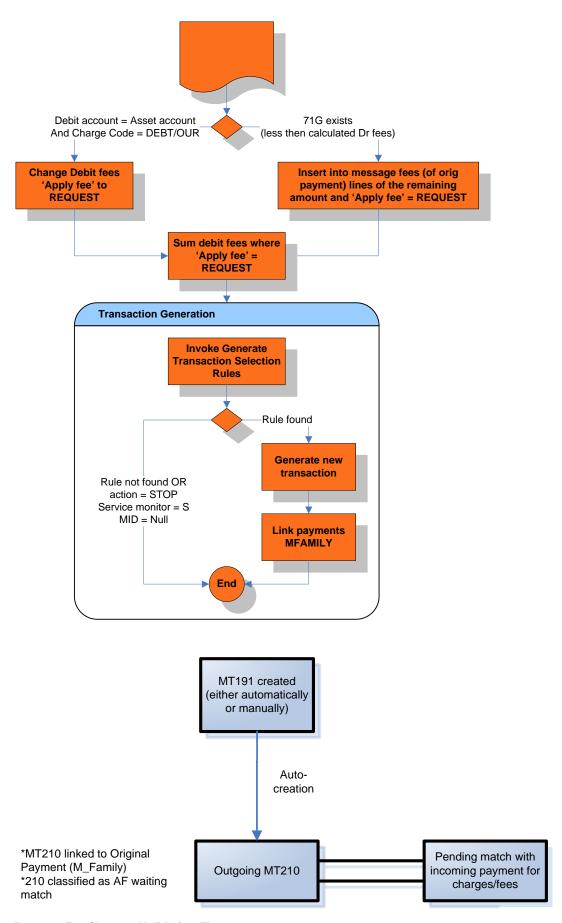
- 4. The service returns a response with the MID of the newly generated transaction and update the service monitor to S Success.
- 5. Amend original payment 'Charges paid' (P_CHARGES_PAID) flag to indicate that the charges were paid for this payment so that an additional request is refused and for reconciliation purposes.

2.2.2 Outgoing Request for Charges

When an incoming payment with charge option OUR and where the debit account is an asset account (i.e. the charges cannot be deducted from an asset (nostro) account) a request for charges (n91) is generated.

Another possible scenario is where an incoming payment is received with receiver (agent) charges (i.e. with tag 71G) but where the provided receiver charges are less than GPP-SP calculates and where an operator manually decided to claim for charges.

An MT210 is automatically created by the system following the auto-creation of a Request for Charges message during the processing of a payment.



Request For Charges Validation Flow

2.2.2.1 Define Charges Approach

If no valid fee account found, the service will check the system option 'REPNOFEEACNOS'. Where...

- 1. Repair send incoming message to repair (without checking whether a fee account can be found)
- 2. MT191AUTOGEN generate a request for charges (n91) regardless of whether there is or there isn't a matching debit fee account.
- 3 . FEEACCFIRST first find a proper fee account and only if not found generate a request for charges
- 4. FEEACCONLY only look for fee account and if not found send payment to repair

2.2.2.2 Find a Debit Fee Account

- 1. If the debit account is a Nostro account (asset) and no matching Fee Account selection rule found, then service will check for a fee account in the following order:
 - a. At the debit account profile (ACCOUNTS.FEE ACCOUNT NO)
 - b. At the debit party profile level (CUSTOMRS. FEE ACCOUNT NO)
- 2. If the debit account is a settlement account (P_DBT_MOP.SETT_ACC_EXISTS) then try to assess the sending party (OX_INSTG_AGT_BIC_2AND)for charges as described above for the case of a Dr is a Nostro account.
- 3. If a matching fee account not found (note that it is only applicable for REPNOFEEACNOS parameter as FEEACCFIRST) generate a request for charges (sets D_MT191AUTOGEN = true)
- 4. If fee account not found continue to next step.

2.2.2.3 Define the Missing Fees

- 1. For incoming insufficient F71G, insert new lines into message fees table as follows:
 - c. For each debit fee (where 'deduct from' = Account and 'Apply fee' = NOW) a line with the same fee type and fee formula
 - d. Amount = Difference between the amount that needs to be charged and the actual amount.
 - e. Apply fee = REQUEST
 - f. If debit account = Asset account and Charge Code = DEBT/OUR
 - i. Change the debit fees (where 'deduct from' = Account and 'Apply fee' = NOW) to 'Apply fee' = REQUEST
- 2. Sum the debit fees where 'Apply fee' = REQUEST

2.2.2.4 Generate a Request for Charges

The generate transaction service can be invoked from:

- Processing Flow Automatic generation of MT191 in case debit account = asset and charge code=OUR (by setting up D_MT191AUTOGEN = true)
- User Interface User clicks on the 'Charges Recon' button in the INCOMING71G queue (Payments that received 71G amount is less then calculated debit fees)

2.2.2.4.1 Auto Creation of Anticipated Funds (MT210) Following Request for Charges Generation

The Anticipated Funds message (MT210) is created with reference to the original payment from which the Request for Charges (MT191) was initiated.

Note: The amount, currency and value date of the MT210 are taken from the original payment.

For mapping the 210's credit P&L account (Fee account) a code change is required. The 'DR FEE PNL' account should be saved in a 'D' type field that would be stored in the db. (D_DBT_FEE_PNL_ACC_NO). In an automatic creation of 191 the 'D_DBT_FEE_PNL_ACC_NO' field should be copied to the credit account of the 210.

The Related Reference (End to End ID) of the MT210 is taken from the Transaction Reference Number (Instruction ID) of the original payment.

The MT210 is sent to COMPLETE and classified as AF waiting to be matched with a future incoming payment for the requested charges/fees

2.2.3 Matching Incoming payment to Out Request for Charges

After payment classification (done after debit side processing), if payment message class = SN and message type = 202 the payment will go through matching of incoming payment to the anticipated funds (MT210) generated out of an out request for charges.

2.2.3.1 Matching Check

The match will be performed against the references (field 21 of MT202 against field 20 of anticipated funds). The relationship type: AF^SN.

If a proper match found:

- Copy the fee lines where 'apply fee' = REQUEST from original payment into the incoming message (MT202). (Copy the P&L amount and P&L account and currency)
- 2. Split the amount of the payment (debit amount) into the P&L accounts according to their weight (as was done in 71G calculations).
- 3. Set D DBT FEE ACCT AMT NOW to zero.
- 4. Set Credit MOP (P_CDT_MOP) to BOOK.
- 5. If the payment match status = M (service monitor MF_OUT_REQ_CHARGES_MATCH_STS) then send payment to Posting service.
- 6. Posting:
 - a. Debit incoming payment debit account (P_DBT_ACCT_NB already derived)
 - b. Credit the P&L accounts (from step 1 and 2)

2.2.4 Workflow Management Rules

Table 8: Handling Request for Charges - Workflow Management Rules

Rule	Condition	Action (msg sts)
MT191 no match found	MT191 AND	
Matching Service Monitor in (W, N)	Pending Charges (PNDCHRG)	

2.3 Manual Handling

Unmatched Request for Charges or those that failed validation (severity <> 01) are sent to the Pending Charges queue for manual handling. From this queue, the user can perform the following actions:

Table 9: Manual Handling Actions

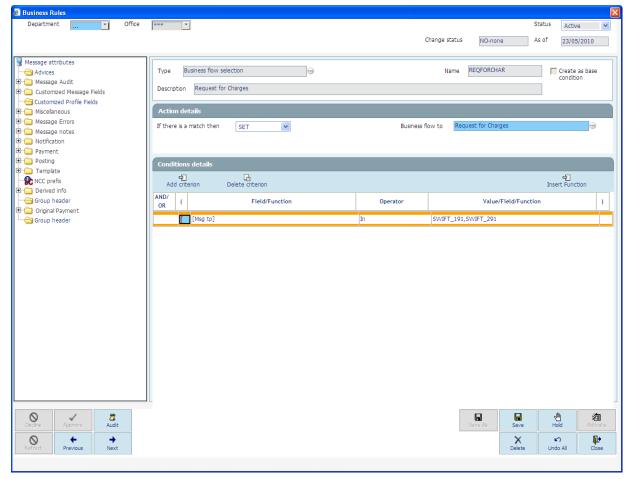
Action	Description
Submit	The user can amend the payment fields and submit it back to the flow.
Force Charges	The user can force the payment out of the queue. In this case the matching and validation steps will be skipped.
Cancel	
Send to Repair	

Note: The Force Charges action button will set the user monitor MU_REQ_FOR_CHARGES_FORCE_STS to @@@ .

3 Recommended Setup

3.1 Incoming Request for Charges

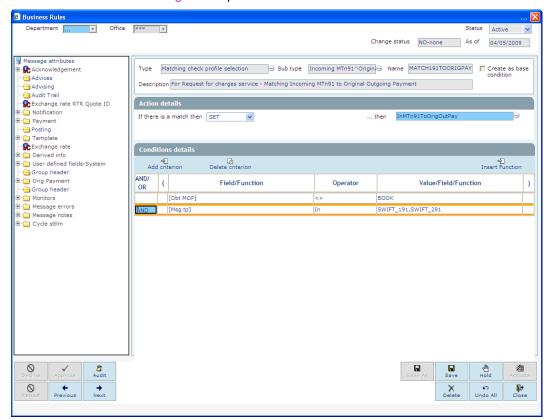
3.1.1 Business Flow Selection



Incoming Request for Charges - Business Flow Selection

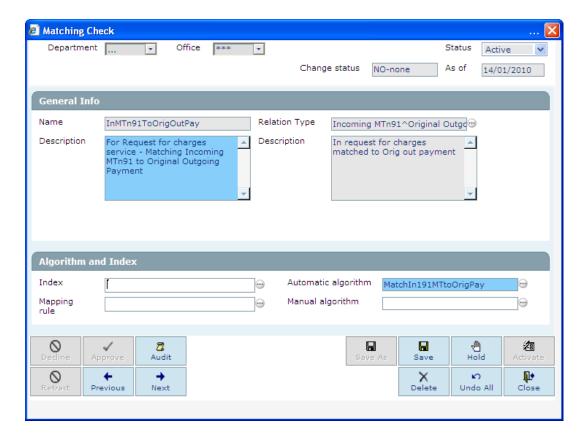
3.1.2 Matching

- Matching Check profile selection rule for incoming MT191 vs. Original sent message
- Rule action is a Matching Check profile



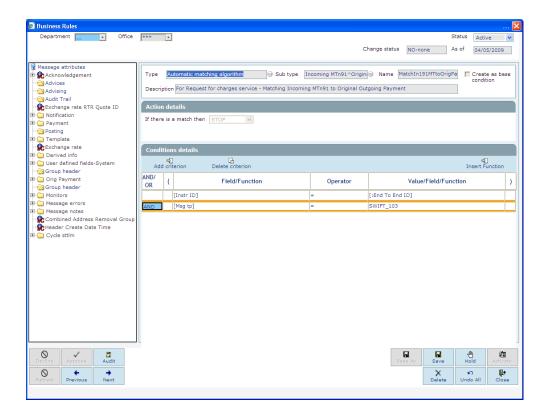
Matching Check Rule

• Selected Matching Check profile



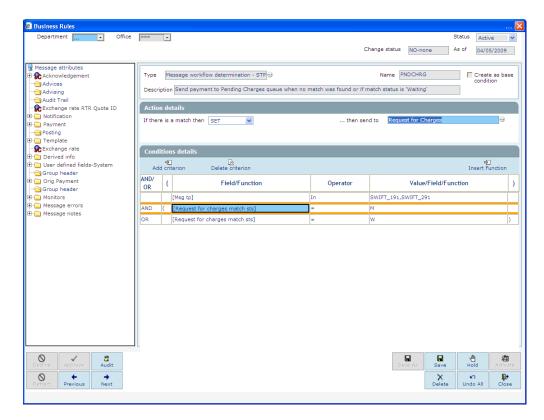
Matching Check Profile

Matching Check automatic algorithm system rule



Matching Check Algorithm

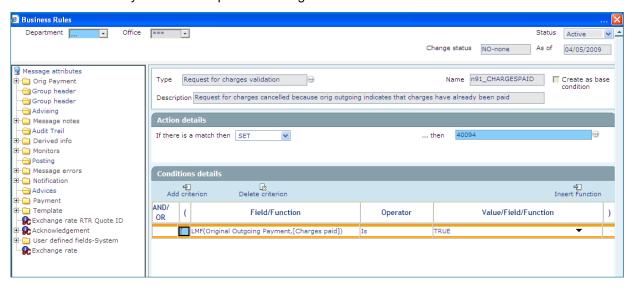
Message workflow system rule for decision making (i.e. when to place the incoming n91 in the pending charges queue)



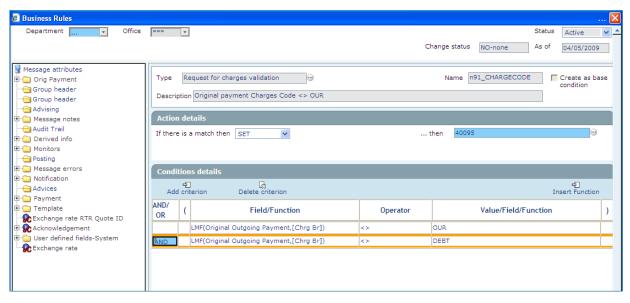
STP System Rule

3.1.3 Validation

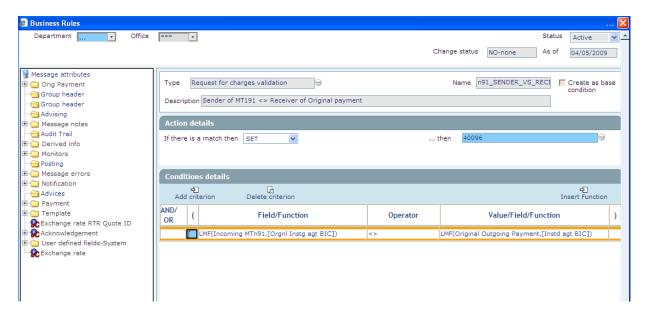
Assessment of system rule Request for Charges validation



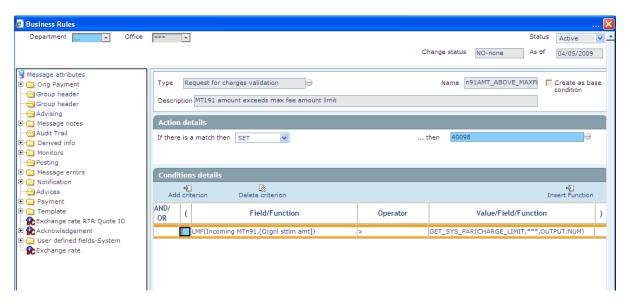
Request for Charges Validation



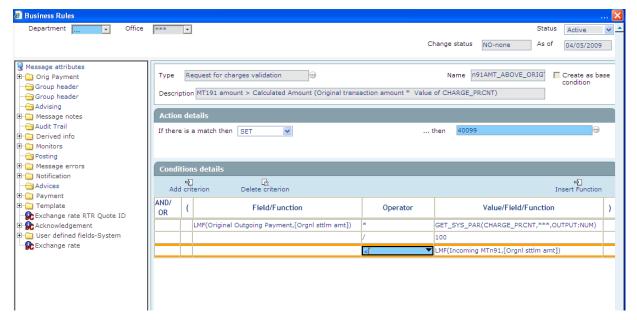
Request for Charges Validation 2



Request for Charges Validation 3



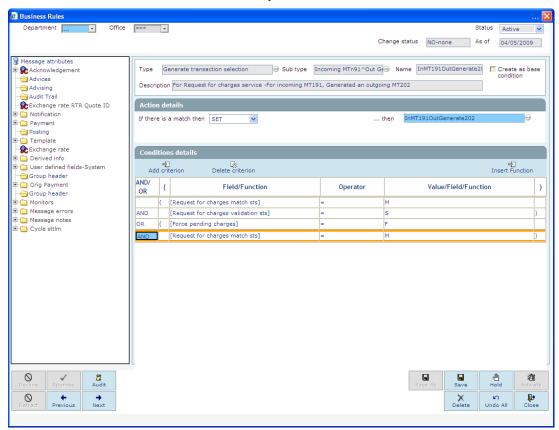
Request for Charges Validation 4



Request for Charges Validation 5

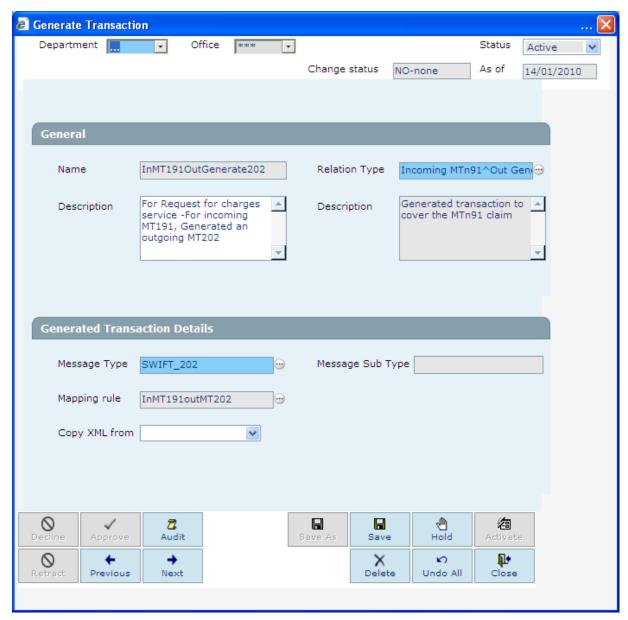
3.1.4 Generate Transaction

- Incoming payment from our GBP correspondent for 1000 GBP (AIBKIE2DXXX)
- Assess Generate transaction selection system rules.



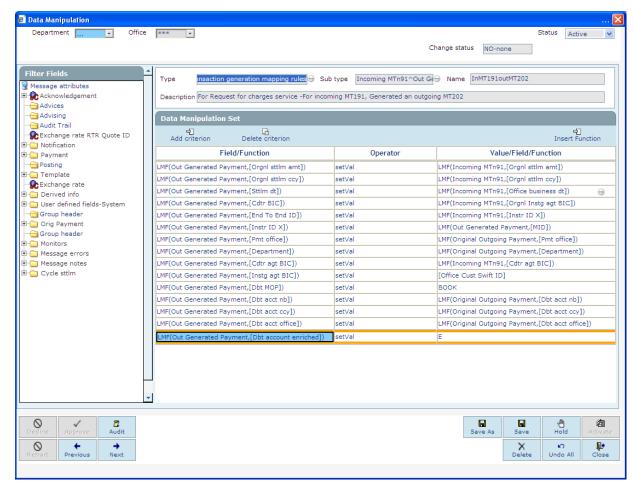
Generate Transaction System Rule

 Rule action is a Generate Transaction profile (where the message type is defined and where mapping rules are defined)



Generate Transaction Profile

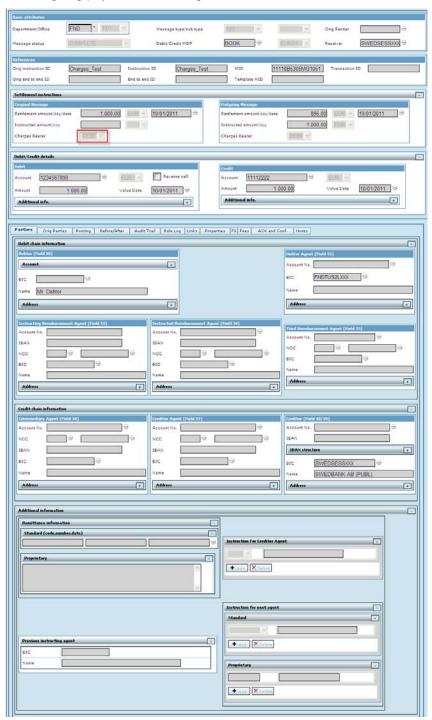
• Mapping rules (data manipulation profile) are defined



Data Manipulation

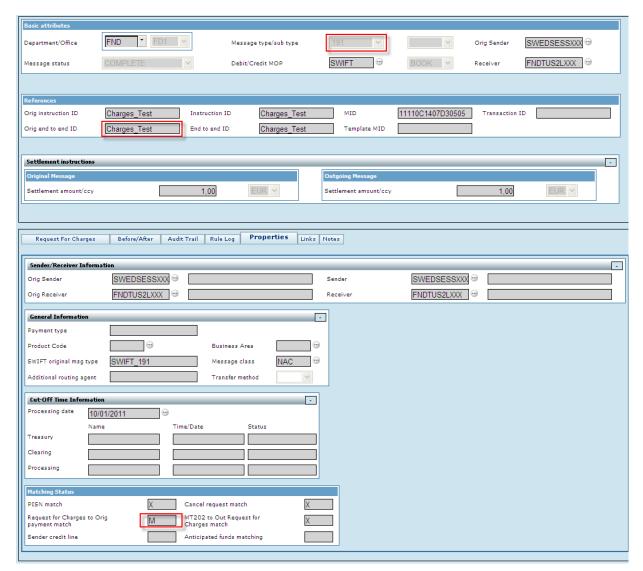
3.1.5 Examples

Outgoing payment with charge bearer set to 'DEBT'



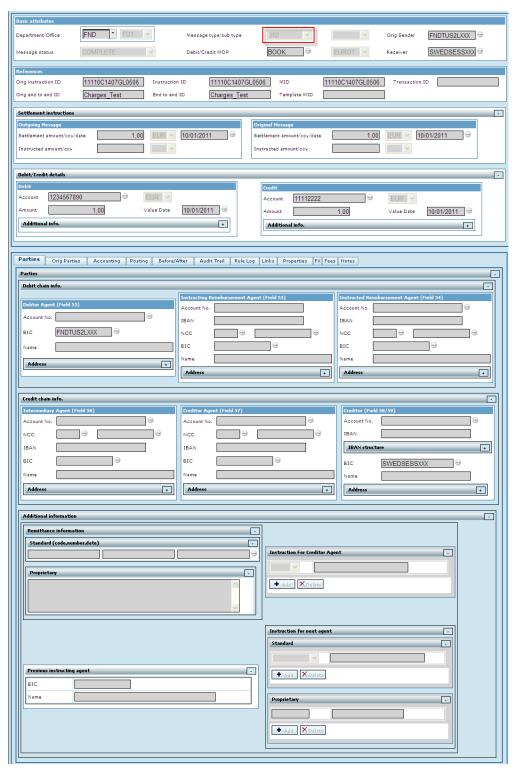
Outgoing payment with charge bearer set to 'DEBT'

- For the outgoing payment that was sent by GPP-SP, an incoming MT191-Request for Charges message is received
- System matches the incoming Request for Charges with an outgoing payment request for charges to orig payment match status is 'M' for 'Match'



Incoming MT 191 Payment

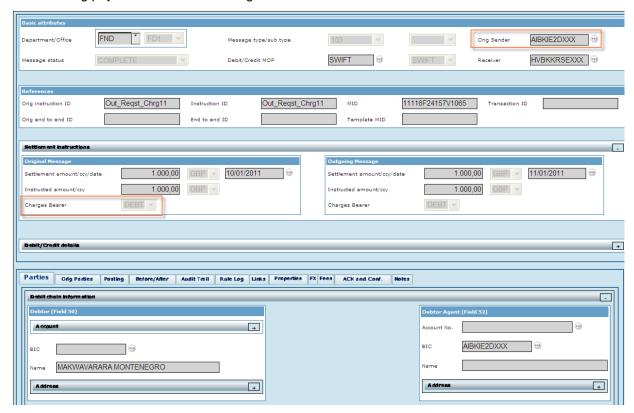
• The incoming request for charges passes system validation and an outgoing MT-202 is created.



Outgoing MT-202

3.2 Outgoing request for charges

• Incoming payment in GBP with charge bearer 'DEBT' from AIBKIE2DXXX

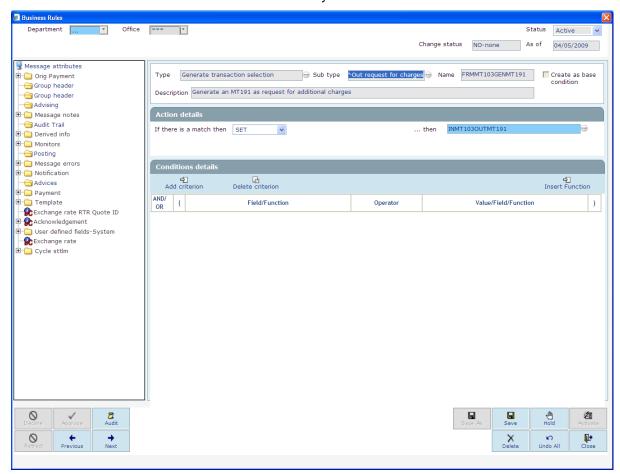


Incoming payment in GBP with charge bearer 'DEBT'

- The Debit party is eligible for charges
- The Dr party Dr account is an asset account and no other fee accounts found.
- Generate MT191 for the missing charges

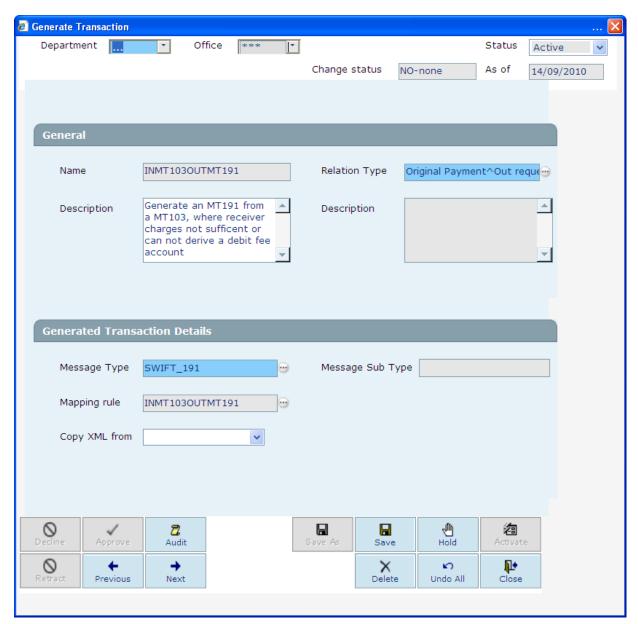
3.2.1 Generate Request for Charges (191)

· Assessment of 'Generate transaction selection' system rule



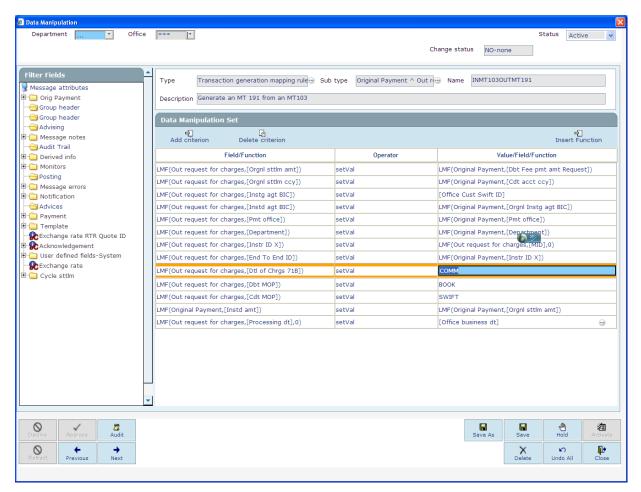
Assessment of 'Generate Transaction Selection' System Rule

Generate Transaction profile



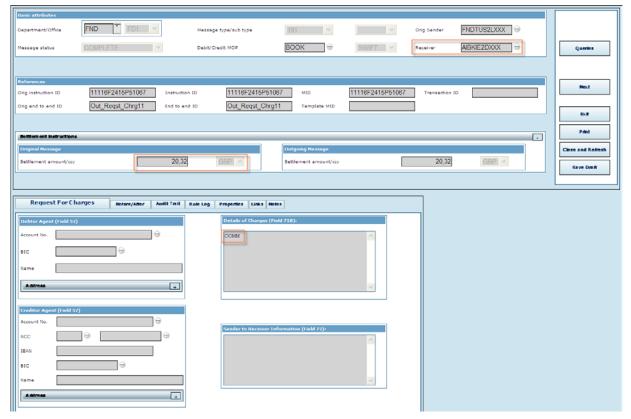
Generate Transaction Profile

- The profile defines the outgoing message type and the required mapping
- The mapping rule is a data manipulation type of rule



Transaction Generate Mapping Rule

Outgoing MT191



Outgoing MT191

3.2.2 Incoming MT202 for the Request for Charges Message

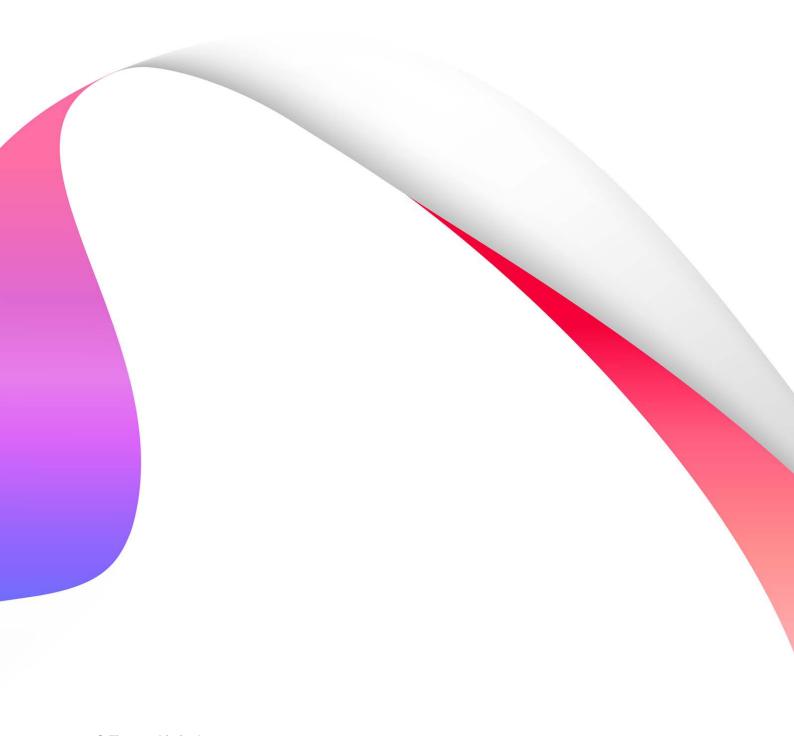
- An incoming MT202 payment is received
 - The payment is linked to the Notice to receive MT210 (incoming end to end ID vs. outgoing Instruction ID)
 - Use the original incoming payment P&L account as the MT202 credit account for posting

Appendix A: Glossary

Term	Description
Cr	Credit
Dr	Debit
DEBT	Debtor
CRED	Creditor
GPP-SP	GlobalPayplus Services Platform
Nostro	A bank's own foreign bank account, usually in the <u>currency</u> of the foreign country. http://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Nostro and vostro accounts
P&L	Profit and Loss Account
SWIFT	Society for Worldwide Interbank Financial Telecommunication, an organization owned by banks that operates a network to facilitate the exchange of messages between financial institutions (including broker-dealers and securities companies).
	A SWIFT payment message is an instruction to transfer funds. Settlement takes place via a payment system or through correspondent banking relationships. http://www.swift.com/
Vostro	An account that a correspondent bank maintains on behalf of a foreign bank, also called a Loro account.
	http://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Nostro_and_vostro_accounts

Appendix B: Document References

Document name	Version
Business Flow Fees Core Processing.docx	1.0
Business Flow Fees Sender Receiver Charges.docx	1.0



© Finastra Limited All rights reserved

Registered in England & Wales No. 01360027

Registered Office 4 Kingdom Street Paddington London W2 6BD

