

## TMATH 126 Week 5 Workshop

A particle moves along a path in space described by the vector-valued function

$$\vec{r}(t) = \langle 3\cos t, 3\sin t, t^2 \rangle, \quad 0 \leq t \leq 2\pi$$

- a Describe the motion of the particle in words. What shape does the projection of the path make in the  $xy$ -plane?
- b Find the tangent vector  $\vec{r}'(t)$  and compute the arc length of the curve from  $t = 0$  to  $t = 3\pi$  (set up the integral and evaluate with technology)
- c Compute the curvature  $\kappa(t)$  of the curve. What happens to the curvature as  $t$  increases?
- d Now let  $z = f(x, y) = x^2 + y^2$ , and imagine the movement of the particle. What does this look like geometrically.
- e Find the tangent plane to the surface  $z = f(x, y) = x^2 + y^2$  at the point where  $t = 0$ .
- f Use a linear approximation to estimate the value of  $f(x, y) = x^2 + y^2$  near  $(x, y) = (2.9, 0.1)$ . (use the tangent plane found previously)