

TPHYS 122 Workshop Week 3

Exercise 1

A point charge $+q = 2.0 \times 10^{-6} \text{ C}$ is placed at the center of a spherical Gaussian surface of radius $r = 0.10 \text{ m}$

- What is the net electric flux through the spherical surface?
- Does your answer change if the radius of the sphere is doubled? Why or why not?

Exercise 2

A long, uniformly charged line of charge with a linear charge density $\lambda = 1.0 \times 10^{-6} \text{ C/m}$ is initially located at a distance $r_1 = 0.50 \text{ m}$ from the wire. It is moved radially outward to $r_2 = 1.00 \text{ m}$.

- Use Gauss's Law to find the magnitude of the electric field a distance r from the wire. (find E as a function of r . $E(r)$)
- Compare the electric field strength at r_1 and r_2 . Which is stronger and by what factor?

Exercise 3

A solid insulating sphere of radius $R = 0.10 \text{ m}$ has a uniform charge density $\rho = 3.0 \times 10^{-6} \text{ C/m}^3$. Use Gauss's Law to find the electric field in different regions of space.

- Find the electric field $E(r)$ inside the sphere, for $r < R$.
- Find the electric field $E(r)$ outside the sphere, for $r > R$.
- Sketch the electric field as a function of r from $r = 0$ to $r = 2R$.

Additional Resources

- Flipping Physics on youtube: <https://www.youtube.com/user/flippingphysics>