Scope, Closures

Scope

Scope: where to look for things

Understanding Scope

A scope in JavaScript defines what variables you have access to. There are two kinds of scope – **global scope** and **local scope**.

Global scope

If a variable is declared outside all functions or curly braces ({}), it is said to be defined in the global scope.

```
const hello = 'Hello Reader!'

function sayHello () {
   console.log(hello)
}

console.log(hello)
sayHello()
```

Local Scope

Variables that are usable only in a specific part of your code are considered to be in a local scope. These variables are also called local variables.

Function Scope

When you declare a variable in a function, you can access this variable only within the function.

```
function person() {
   var name = "Maria";
   console.log(name);
}
console.log(name);
```

Block Scope

When you declare a variable with const or let within a curly brace ({}), you can access this variable only within that curly brace.

```
let stars = null;
   stars = getStars();
   console.log( stars );
console.log( stars );
for (let i=0; i<10; i++) {
   console.log( i );
```

Lexical Scope

When a function is defined in another function, the inner function has access to the outer function's variables.

```
function foo(a) {
    var b = a * 2;
    function bar(c) {
        console.log(a, b, c);
    }
    bar(b * 3);
}
foo( 2 ); // 2, 4, 12
```

```
Notice we don't pass
                                           msg as argument of
var outerScope = function(){
                                           the function
     var msg = "Hello World";
     var innerScope = function(){
           console.log(msg);
                                              Inner Context
     return innerScope;
```

Hoisting

Hoisting

variable and function declarations are physically moved to the top of your code

Variable hoisting

Only declarations are hoisted

```
console.log(num); // Returns undefined
var num; // Declaration
num = 6; // Initialization
console.log(num); // Throws ReferenceError
num = 6; // Initialization
a = 1; // initialization.
let a; // Throws SyntaxError
```

Function hoisting

A function declaration are always hoisted to the top of the current scope

```
sayHello()

function sayHello () {
    console.log('Hello!')
}

sayHello()
```

Functions First

Both function declarations and variable declarations are hoisted but functions are hoisted first, and then variables.

```
sayHello()
var sayHello = "Hello"

function sayHello () {
   console.log('Hello!')
}
sayHello()
```

Closures

What is Closure

Closure is when a function "remembers" its lexical scope even when the function is executing outside that lexical scope.

```
function counter(step = 1) {
  var count = 0;
  return function increaseCount() {
    count = count + step;
    return count;
 };
var incBy1 = counter(1);
var incBy3 = counter(3);
incBy1();
incBy1();
incBy3();
incBy3();
incBy3();
```

Private variables with closures

```
function secret (secretCode) {
    return {
        saySecretCode () {
            console.log(secretCode)
        }
    }
}
const theSecret = secret('JS is amazing')
theSecret.saySecretCode()
```

Controlling side effects with closures

```
function loadData(url) {
  return function () {
    return fetch(url).toJson();
  };
}

const loadDataLater = loadData("https://...");

renderTableHead();
const data = loadDataLater()
renderTableBody(data)
```

Operators

What are Operators

Operators are "symbols" that are used to operate with the data we're dealing with

Arithmetic

- + sum
- difference
- / division
- * multiplication
- ++ increment
- -- decrement

Logic

- && and
- || or
- ! negation

What are Operators

Operators are "symbols" that are used to operate with the data we're dealing with

Comparisons

===

! =

==

!==

>=

<=

What are Operators

Operators are "symbols" that are used to operate with the data we're dealing with

Attribution

+

_

*

/

+=

_=

/=

*=

Flow control

Flow control

Flow control, debugger

if / else
for loop
while / do while
switch

Quiz

Quiz

https://create.kahoot.it/creator/7 2c97c8e-7243-45b0-ab08a940aabb937e

Assignment

Assignment - 1

Go through exercises JS Variables
– JS Functions from W3 Schools

https://www.w3schools.com/js/exercise_js.a sp?filename=exercise_js_variables1