

# Neural Networks on Processed Images

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This notebook will follow a similar structure to 013, however we will be refining and optimising the models for a patch size of 256 - trying to improve upon the benchmark both in terms of Mean IoU score, as well as appearance.

Our best models will then be used to generate videos - to show the predictions on other data - including test data!

Please ensure the following folders containing images exist:

drive > MyDrive > COMP700\_Images > COMP700\_Processed\_Training\_GT

drive > MyDrive > COMP700\_Images > COMP700\_Processed\_Training\_ST

drive > MyDrive > COMP700\_Images > COMP700\_Raw\_Training\_GT

drive > MyDrive > COMP700\_Images > COMP700\_Raw\_Training\_ST

drive > MyDrive > COMP700\_Images > COMP700\_Patchify\_Images\_128\_GT

drive > MyDrive > COMP700\_Images > COMP700\_Patchify\_Images\_256\_GT

drive > MyDrive > COMP700\_Images > COMP700\_Patchify\_Images\_512\_GT

drive > MyDrive > COMP700\_Images > COMP700\_Patchify\_Images\_128\_ST

drive > MyDrive > COMP700\_Images > COMP700\_Patchify\_Images\_256\_ST

drive > MyDrive > COMP700\_Images > COMP700\_Patchify\_Images\_512\_ST

drive > MyDrive > COMP700\_Images > COMP700\_Patchify\_Images\_Processed\_Images\_GT

drive > MyDrive > COMP700\_Images > COMP700\_Patchify\_Images\_Processed\_Images\_ST

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Then, please ensure a separate folder with the notebooks and text files exists:

drive > MyDrive > COMP700\_Neural\_Network\_Code

---

The first 4 image folders were generated offline by the other notebooks and then uploaded to Google Drive, whereas the next 6 were generated by the notebook 011. The final 2 were generated by 015

## Installs

```
In [5]: !pip install pyyaml h5py # Required to save models in HDF5 format
```

Looking in indexes: <https://pypi.org/simple>, <https://us-python.pkg.dev/colab-wheels/public/simple/>  
Requirement already satisfied: pyyaml in /usr/local/lib/python3.7/dist-packages (6.0)  
Requirement already satisfied: h5py in /usr/local/lib/python3.7/dist-packages (3.1.0)  
Requirement already satisfied: cached-property in /usr/local/lib/python3.7/dist-packages (from h5py) (1.5.2)  
Requirement already satisfied: numpy>=1.14.5 in /usr/local/lib/python3.7/dist-packages (from h5py) (1.21.6)

## Imports

```
In [6]: from os import getcwd, walk, mkdir, stat, remove
        from os import sep # used later on, in a function, to print directory contents
        from os.path import exists, basename, join

        from shutil import copyfile

        from PIL.Image import fromarray
        import cv2

        import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
        import numpy as np

        import tensorflow as tf
        from tensorflow import keras
        from keras.layers import Conv2D, Dropout, MaxPooling2D, Conv2DTranspose, concatenate, In
        from keras.metrics import MeanIoU

        from sklearn.preprocessing import MinMaxScaler, StandardScaler

        from IPython.display import clear_output
```

```
In [7]: print(tf.version.VERSION)

2.9.2
```

## Mount Drive

```
In [8]: from google.colab import drive
        drive.mount('/content/drive')
```

Drive already mounted at /content/drive; to attempt to forcibly remount, call drive.mount("/content/drive", force\_remount=True).

```
In [9]: google_drive_path = "/drive/MyDrive"
        training_data_directory = getcwd() + google_drive_path + "/COMP700_Images/"
```

## Functions to load images into variables

```
In [10]: def readImagesViaMatplotlib(array):
          answer = []
          length = len(array)
          for i in range(length):
              answer.append( plt.imread(array[i]))

          if (i % 100 == 0):
              print("Processed", i, "images out of", length)
```

```

print("Complete")
return np.array(answer)
###

```

```

In [11]: def getImagePaths(path):
        temp = []
        collection = []

        for root, dirs, files in walk(path):
            # print(root)

            if (len(files) != 0):
                for image in files:
                    collection.append(root + "/" + image)

                temp.append(collection)
                collection = []

        return temp
###

```

```

In [12]: from tensorflow import keras
        from keras.utils import array_to_img

        def display(display_list, title=[], figsize=(15, 15)):
            plt.figure(figsize=figsize)

            # update if title not provided
            if (len(title) == 0):
                title = ['Input Image', 'True Mask', 'Predicted Mask']

            for i in range(len(display_list)):
                plt.subplot(1, len(display_list), i+1)
                plt.title(title[i], wrap=True)

                # handle 2D and 3D images
                if (len(display_list[i].shape) == 3 ):
                    plt.imshow( array_to_img(display_list[i]), cmap="gray")
                else:
                    plt.imshow( display_list[i], cmap="gray")

                plt.axis('off')
            plt.tight_layout() # prevents overlap
            plt.show()
###

```

```

In [13]: # global variables used for the model training to visualise results
        # this will be updated before we train each model

        sample_image = None
        sample_mask = None

```

```

In [14]: class DisplayCb(tf.keras.callbacks.Callback):
        def on_epoch_end(self, epoch, logs=None):
            clear_output(wait=True)
            show_predictions(self.model)
            print ('\nSample Prediction after epoch {}'.format(epoch+1))

        class LearningRateReducerCb(tf.keras.callbacks.Callback):
            def on_epoch_end(self, epoch, logs={}):
                old_lr = self.model.optimizer.lr.read_value()
                new_lr = old_lr * 0.99
                print("\nEpoch: {}. Reducing Learning Rate from {} to {}".format(epoch, old_lr, new_lr))
                self.model.optimizer.lr.assign(new_lr)

```

```
In [15]: def show_predictions(model, dataset=None):
    if dataset:
        for image, mask in dataset:
            pred_mask = model.predict(image[tf.newaxis, ...])
            display([image, mask, create_mask(pred_mask)])
    else:
        # sample_image, sample_mask are global variables
        display([sample_image, sample_mask,
                 create_mask(model.predict(sample_image[tf.newaxis, ...]))])

    ###

def create_mask(pred_mask):
    pred_mask = tf.math.argmax(pred_mask, axis=-1)
    pred_mask = pred_mask[..., tf.newaxis]
    return pred_mask[0]

    ###
```

The Mean IoU score is written here as well:

```
In [16]: #IOU
def calculateMeanIoUScore(model, x_test, y_test, pred_y):
    # pred_y = model.predict(x_test)
    # pred_y_thresholded = pred_y > 0.5

    intersection = np.logical_and(y_test, pred_y)
    union = np.logical_or(y_test, pred_y)

    iou_score = np.sum(intersection) / np.sum(union)

    # print("IoU score is: ", iou_score)

    return iou_score

    ###
```

```
In [17]: def showTrainingMetrics(history, title):
    acc = history.history['accuracy']
    loss = history.history['loss']
    val_acc = history.history['val_accuracy']
    val_loss = history.history['val_loss']

    plt.figure(figsize=(12, 6))
    plt.suptitle(title)

    plt.subplot(1, 2, 1)
    # plt.title(title)

    plt.plot(loss, 'b', label='Training loss')
    plt.plot(acc, 'r', label='Training accuracy')
    plt.xlabel("Epochs")
    plt.ylabel("Value")

    plt.legend()
    plt.grid()

    # only ptogress if val_accuracy part of history
    history_dict = history.history
    # print(history_dict.keys())
    if (len(history_dict.keys()) > 2):
        plt.subplot(1, 2, 2)

        plt.plot(val_loss, 'b', label='Validation loss')
        plt.plot(val_acc, 'r', label='Validation accuracy')
        plt.xlabel("Epochs")
```

```

plt.ylabel("Value")

plt.legend()
plt.grid()

plt.show()
###

```

```

In [18]: def extractRhsString(string, symbol):
        index = string.rfind(symbol)
        return string[ index + len(symbol) : ]
        ###

```

```

In [19]: # create directories for work we create
def tryMakeDirectories(current_directory, myList):
    path = ""
    for item in myList:
        # initialize
        if (path == ""):
            path = item
        else:
            path = path + "/" + item

    try:
        # join comes from os.path
        mkdir( join(current_directory, path) )
    except FileExistsError:
        # print("Folder already exists!")
        pass
    except:
        print("Unknown Error Encountered...")

    ###

```

## UNet Model Definition

```

In [20]: from keras.models import Model
        from keras.layers import Input, Conv2D, MaxPooling2D, UpSampling2D, concatenate, Conv2DT

        '''
        Original Author: Dr. Sreenivas Bhattiprolu
        Source code: https://github.com/bnsreenu/python\_for\_microscopists/blob/master/204-207sim
        Github Repo: https://github.com/bnsreenu/python\_for\_microscopists
        Accessed: 2022/10/28
        '''

        #####
def simple_unet_model(IMG_HEIGHT, IMG_WIDTH, INPUT_CHANNELS, OUTPUT_CHANNELS, name=""):
    #Build the model
    inputs = Input((IMG_HEIGHT, IMG_WIDTH, INPUT_CHANNELS), name="Input")
    #s = Lambda(lambda x: x / 255)(inputs)    #No need for this if we normalize our input
    s = inputs

    #Contraction path
    c1 = Conv2D(16, (3, 3), activation='relu', kernel_initializer='he_normal', padding='')
    c1 = Dropout(0.1, name="c1_b")(c1)
    c1 = Conv2D(16, (3, 3), activation='relu', kernel_initializer='he_normal', padding='')
    p1 = MaxPooling2D((2, 2), name="p1")(c1)

    c2 = Conv2D(32, (3, 3), activation='relu', kernel_initializer='he_normal', padding='')
    c2 = Dropout(0.1, name="c2_b")(c2)
    c2 = Conv2D(32, (3, 3), activation='relu', kernel_initializer='he_normal', padding='')
    p2 = MaxPooling2D((2, 2), name="p2")(c2)

```

```

c3 = Conv2D(64, (3, 3), activation='relu', kernel_initializer='he_normal', padding='
c3 = Dropout(0.2, name="c3_b")(c3)
c3 = Conv2D(64, (3, 3), activation='relu', kernel_initializer='he_normal', padding='
p3 = MaxPooling2D((2, 2), name="p3")(c3)

c4 = Conv2D(128, (3, 3), activation='relu', kernel_initializer='he_normal', padding=
c4 = Dropout(0.2, name="c4_b")(c4)
c4 = Conv2D(128, (3, 3), activation='relu', kernel_initializer='he_normal', padding=
p4 = MaxPooling2D((2, 2), name="p4")(c4)

c5 = Conv2D(256, (3, 3), activation='relu', kernel_initializer='he_normal', padding=
c5 = Dropout(0.3, name="c5_b")(c5)
c5 = Conv2D(256, (3, 3), activation='relu', kernel_initializer='he_normal', padding=

#Expansive path
u6 = Conv2DTranspose(128, (2, 2), strides=(2, 2), padding='same', name="u6_a")(c5)
u6 = concatenate([u6, c4], name="u6_b")
c6 = Conv2D(128, (3, 3), activation='relu', kernel_initializer='he_normal', padding=
c6 = Dropout(0.2, name="c6_b")(c6)
c6 = Conv2D(128, (3, 3), activation='relu', kernel_initializer='he_normal', padding=

u7 = Conv2DTranspose(64, (2, 2), strides=(2, 2), padding='same', name="u7_a")(c6)
u7 = concatenate([u7, c3], name="u7_b")
c7 = Conv2D(64, (3, 3), activation='relu', kernel_initializer='he_normal', padding='
c7 = Dropout(0.2, name="c7_b")(c7)
c7 = Conv2D(64, (3, 3), activation='relu', kernel_initializer='he_normal', padding='

u8 = Conv2DTranspose(32, (2, 2), strides=(2, 2), padding='same', name="u8_a")(c7)
u8 = concatenate([u8, c2], name="u8_b")
c8 = Conv2D(32, (3, 3), activation='relu', kernel_initializer='he_normal', padding='
c8 = Dropout(0.1, name="c8_b")(c8)
c8 = Conv2D(32, (3, 3), activation='relu', kernel_initializer='he_normal', padding='

u9 = Conv2DTranspose(16, (2, 2), strides=(2, 2), padding='same', name="u9_a")(c8)
u9 = concatenate([u9, c1], axis=3, name="u9_b") # why axis=3 here?
c9 = Conv2D(16, (3, 3), activation='relu', kernel_initializer='he_normal', padding='
c9 = Dropout(0.1, name="c9_b")(c9)
c9 = Conv2D(16, (3, 3), activation='relu', kernel_initializer='he_normal', padding='

outputs = Conv2D(OUTPUT_CHANNELS, (1, 1), activation='sigmoid', name="Output")(c9) #
# outputs = Conv2D(1, (1, 1), activation='sigmoid')(c9) # original

# modified
# update name if provided
if (len(name) > 0):
    model = Model(inputs=[inputs], outputs=[outputs], name=name)
else:
    model = Model(inputs=[inputs], outputs=[outputs])

# modified
# model.compile(optimizer='adam', loss='binary_crossentropy', metrics=['accuracy'])
# model.summary()

return model
#####

```

# Unet GT 256 Model

## Load images

Can take 20 minutes to load on a new runtime...

```

In [21]: temp_path = getImagePaths(training_data_directory + "COMP700_Patchify_Images_Processed_I
collection = []
labels = ["", "", "", ""]

for i in range(len(temp_path)):
    temp = temp_path[i][0]

    collection = temp_path[i]
    collection.sort()

    if ("Training/X" in temp):
        training_x = readImagesViaMatplotlib(collection)
        labels[0] = collection
    elif ("Training/Y" in temp):
        training_y = readImagesViaMatplotlib(collection)
        labels[1] = collection
    elif ("Test/X" in temp):
        test_x = readImagesViaMatplotlib(collection)
        labels[2] = collection
    elif ("Test/Y" in temp):
        test_y = readImagesViaMatplotlib(collection)
        labels[3] = collection
    else:
        print("Unknown path specified")

```

```

Processed 0 images out of 2143
Processed 100 images out of 2143
Processed 200 images out of 2143
Processed 300 images out of 2143
Processed 400 images out of 2143
Processed 500 images out of 2143
Processed 600 images out of 2143
Processed 700 images out of 2143
Processed 800 images out of 2143
Processed 900 images out of 2143
Processed 1000 images out of 2143
Processed 1100 images out of 2143
Processed 1200 images out of 2143
Processed 1300 images out of 2143
Processed 1400 images out of 2143
Processed 1500 images out of 2143
Processed 1600 images out of 2143
Processed 1700 images out of 2143
Processed 1800 images out of 2143
Processed 1900 images out of 2143
Processed 2000 images out of 2143
Processed 2100 images out of 2143
Complete
Processed 0 images out of 2143
Processed 100 images out of 2143
Processed 200 images out of 2143
Processed 300 images out of 2143
Processed 400 images out of 2143
Processed 500 images out of 2143
Processed 600 images out of 2143
Processed 700 images out of 2143
Processed 800 images out of 2143
Processed 900 images out of 2143
Processed 1000 images out of 2143
Processed 1100 images out of 2143
Processed 1200 images out of 2143
Processed 1300 images out of 2143
Processed 1400 images out of 2143
Processed 1500 images out of 2143
Processed 1600 images out of 2143

```

```
Processed 1700 images out of 2143
Processed 1800 images out of 2143
Processed 1900 images out of 2143
Processed 2000 images out of 2143
Processed 2100 images out of 2143
Complete
Processed 0 images out of 1056
Processed 100 images out of 1056
Processed 200 images out of 1056
Processed 300 images out of 1056
Processed 400 images out of 1056
Processed 500 images out of 1056
Processed 600 images out of 1056
Processed 700 images out of 1056
Processed 800 images out of 1056
Processed 900 images out of 1056
Processed 1000 images out of 1056
Complete
Processed 0 images out of 1056
Processed 100 images out of 1056
Processed 200 images out of 1056
Processed 300 images out of 1056
Processed 400 images out of 1056
Processed 500 images out of 1056
Processed 600 images out of 1056
Processed 700 images out of 1056
Processed 800 images out of 1056
Processed 900 images out of 1056
Processed 1000 images out of 1056
Complete
```

```
In [22]: print(len(training_x), ":", len(training_y))
        print(len(test_x), ":", len(test_y))
```

```
2143 :: 2143
1056 :: 1056
```

Verify images match:

```
In [23]: for i in range(5):
        print( extractRhsString(labels[0][i], "/"), ":", extractRhsString(labels[1][i], "/")
```

```
training_image_0001.png :: training_mask_0001.png
training_image_0002.png :: training_mask_0002.png
training_image_0003.png :: training_mask_0003.png
training_image_0004.png :: training_mask_0004.png
training_image_0005.png :: training_mask_0005.png
```

```
In [24]: count = 0

        for i in range(len(training_x)):
            if ( extractRhsString(labels[0][i], "_") != extractRhsString(labels[1][i], "_") ):
                count += 1

        print(count, "image(s) do not match")
```

```
0 image(s) do not match
```

## Verify data corresponds

Let us load some images to see the training data we have available to us

```
In [25]: from random import randint
        array, labels = [], []
```



```

for i in range(3):
    index = randint(0, len(training_x)-1)
    print("Index used:", index)

    array.append( training_x[index] )
    array.append( training_y[index] )
    labels.append( "X" )
    labels.append( "Y" )

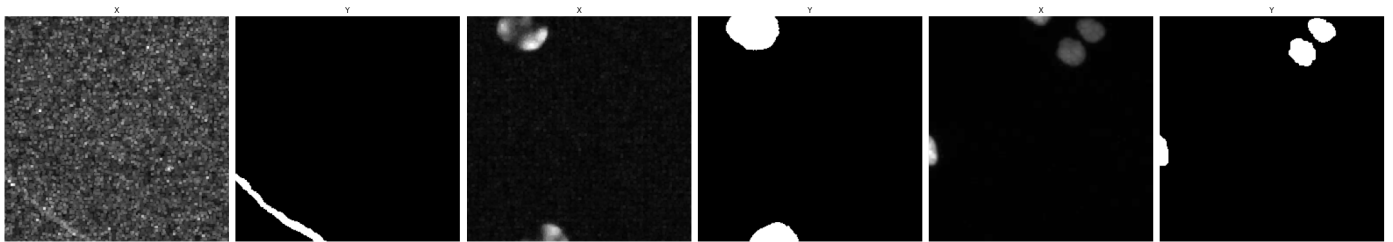
display(array, labels, figsize=(30, 30))

```

Index used: 1712

Index used: 894

Index used: 267



```

In [26]: from random import randint
array, labels = [], []

for i in range(3):
    index = randint(0, len(training_x)-1)
    print("Index used:", index)

    array.append( training_x[index] )
    array.append( training_y[index] )
    labels.append( "X" )
    labels.append( "Y" )

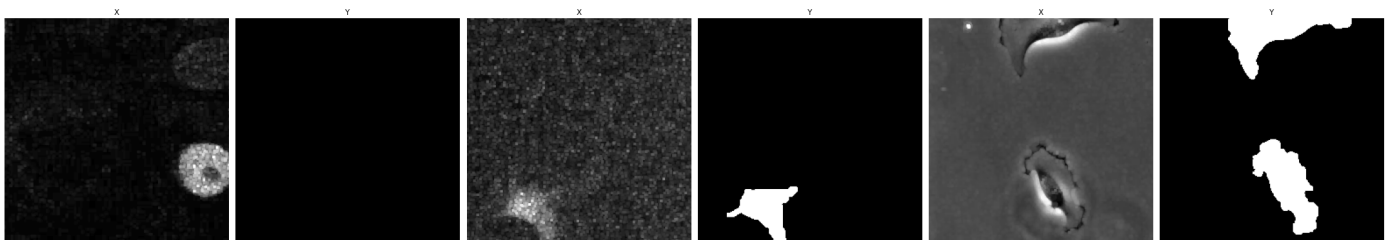
display(array, labels, figsize=(30, 30))

```

Index used: 2119

Index used: 250

Index used: 1105



Now, we can define a Sample Image and Sample Mask in case we with the visualize the training results. The author may disable this callback being used for training as it adds to the RAM usage in Google Colab

## Sample Images

```

In [27]: # global variables used for the model training to visualise results
# this will be updated before we train each model

from random import randint

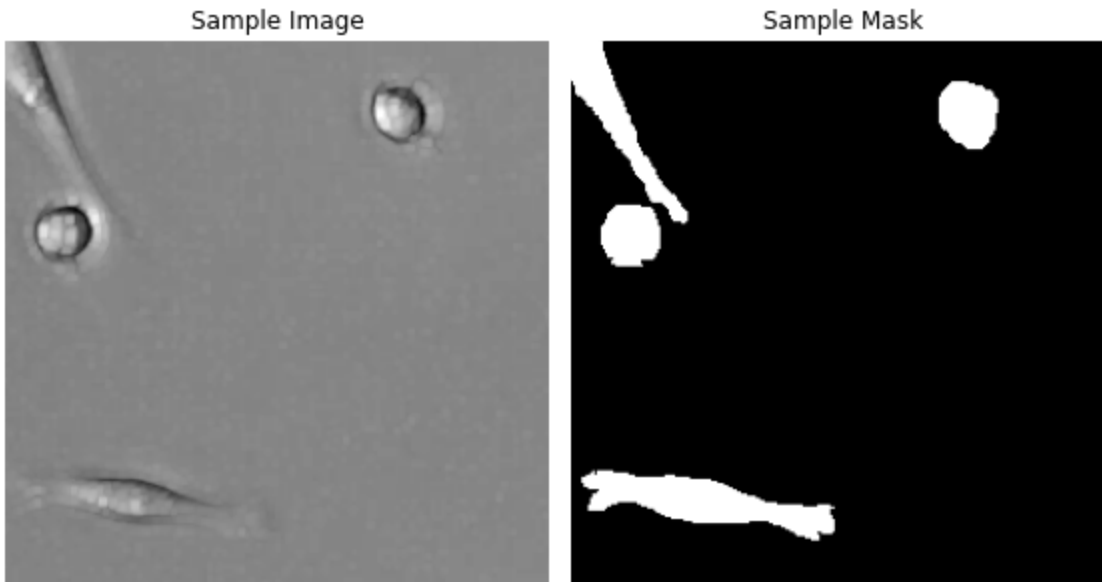
# index = randint(0, len(training_x) - 1)
index = 1241 # useful example, or 528
print(index)

```

```
sample_image = training_x[index]
sample_mask = training_y[index]

display( [sample_image, sample_mask], ["Sample Image", "Sample Mask"] , figsize=(8,8))
```

1241



## Model 1 - 30 epochs, Batch Size of 4

We are attempting to use 2143 images and 1056 masks. This consumes a lot of RAM and is causing Colab to crash. So, instead, let's try use 800 images and 200 masks?

We will also start with 30 epochs just to see if it improves upon the Raw Dataset benchmarks

```
In [ ]: patch_size = 256
input_dimensions, output_dimensions = 3, 3
model_name = "UNET_Model_Processed_Images_256_1"

UNET_256_Model_1 = simple_unet_model(patch_size,
                                      patch_size,
                                      input_dimensions,
                                      output_dimensions,
                                      model_name
                                      )

UNET_256_Model_1.compile(optimizer='adam', loss='binary_crossentropy', metrics=['accuracy'])

TRAIN_LENGTH = len(training_x)
BATCH_SIZE = 4
VAL_SUBSPLITS = 5

EPOCHS = 30
STEPS_PER_EPOCH = TRAIN_LENGTH // BATCH_SIZE
VALIDATION_STEPS = STEPS_PER_EPOCH // VAL_SUBSPLITS

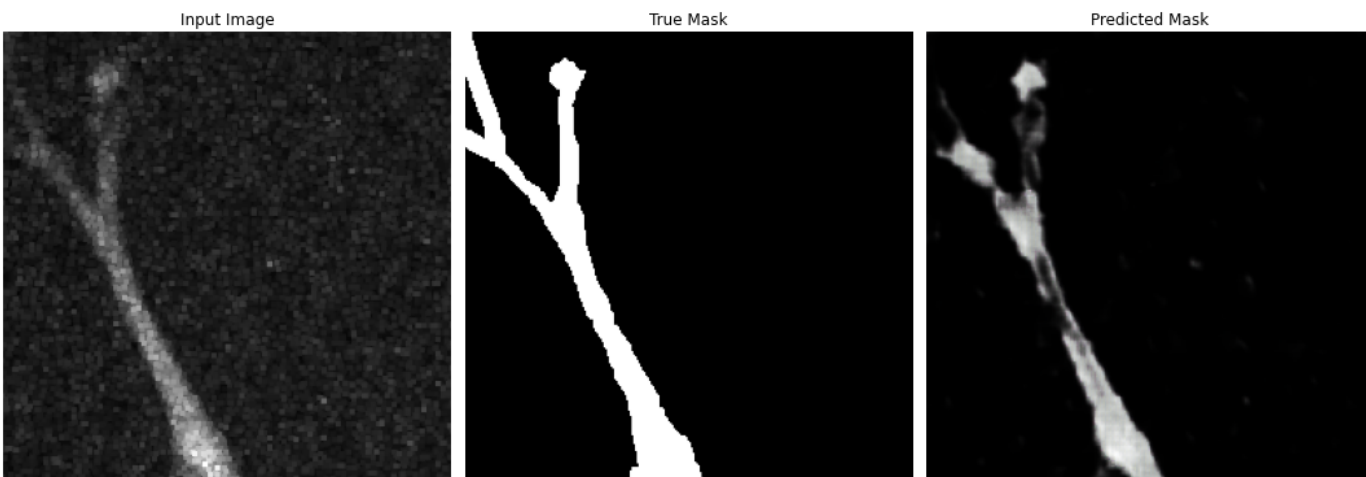
UNET_256_Model_1_history = UNET_256_Model_1.fit(
    training_x[0:800],
    training_y[0:800],
    epochs=EPOCHS,
    callbacks=[DisplayCallback()],
    steps_per_epoch=STEPS_PER_EPOCH,
    validation_steps=VALIDATION_STEPS,
    validation_data=(test_x[0:200], test_y[0:200])
)
```

```
In [ ]: showTrainingMetrics(unet_256_model_1_history, "Graph showing the Loss and Accuracy for G
```

```
In [28]: pred_y = unet_256_model_1.predict(test_x[0:200])  
7/7 [=====] - 11s 200ms/step
```

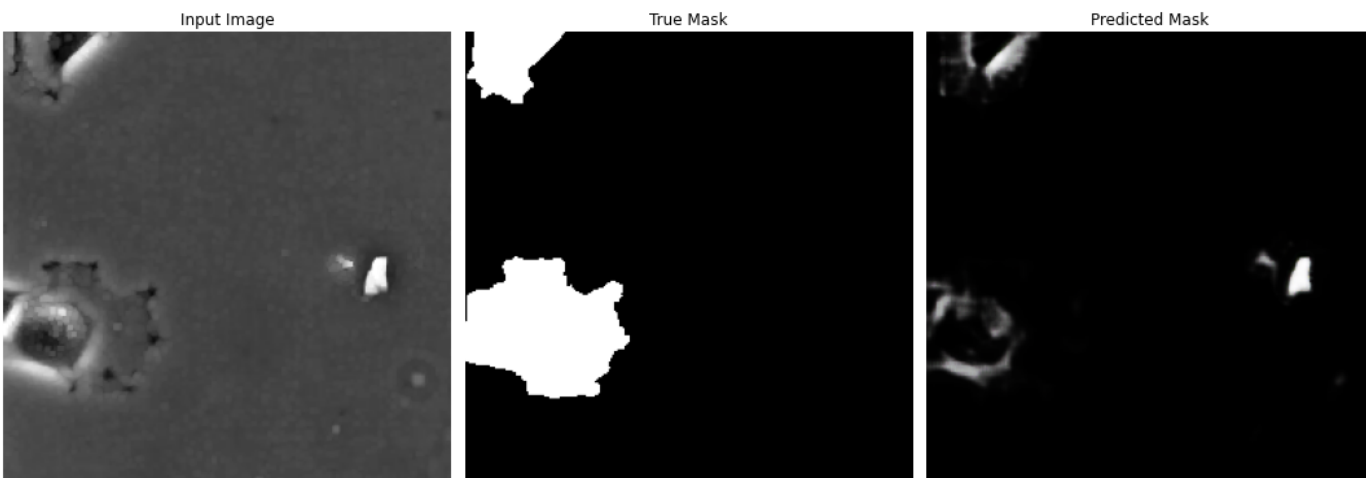
```
In [29]: # index = randint(0, len(test_x[200])-1)  
index = 97  
print(index)  
  
display( display_list=[test_x[index], test_y[index], pred_y[index]] )
```

97



```
In [30]: index = 170  
print(index)  
  
display( display_list=[test_x[index], test_y[index], pred_y[index]] )
```

170



Score:

```
In [31]: print("Max Value:", np.max(pred_y))  
print("Min Value:", np.min(pred_y))  
print("Average value:", np.average(pred_y))
```

```
Max Value: 1.0  
Min Value: 1.6073697e-09  
Average value: 0.032850828
```

```
In [32]: # Next, we can compute the Mean IoU score to see how the model did:  
threshold = 0.5
```

```
pred_y_thresh = pred_y >= threshold
```

```
unet_256_model_score = calculateMeanIoUScore(unet_256_model_1, test_x[0:200], test_y[0:200])  
print(unet_256_model_score)
```

```
0.3064749984064553
```

## Save Model 1

```
In [ ]: training_data_code = getcwd() + google_drive_path + "/COMP700_Neural_Network_Code/"  
tryMakeDirectories(training_data_code, ["COMP700_UNet_Models", "Processed_GT_256"])  
  
path = training_data_code + "COMP700_UNet_Models/Processed_GT_256/"  
unet_256_model_1.save(path + "processed_gt_images_256_model_1")
```

```
In [ ]: from keras.models import load_model  
  
new_model = load_model(path + "processed_gt_images_256_model_1")  
  
# Check its architecture  
new_model.summary()
```

## Model 2 - 100 epochs, Batch Size of 4

We are attempting to use 2143 images and 1056 masks. This consumes a lot of RAM and is causing Colab to crash. So, instead, let's try use 800 images and 200 masks?

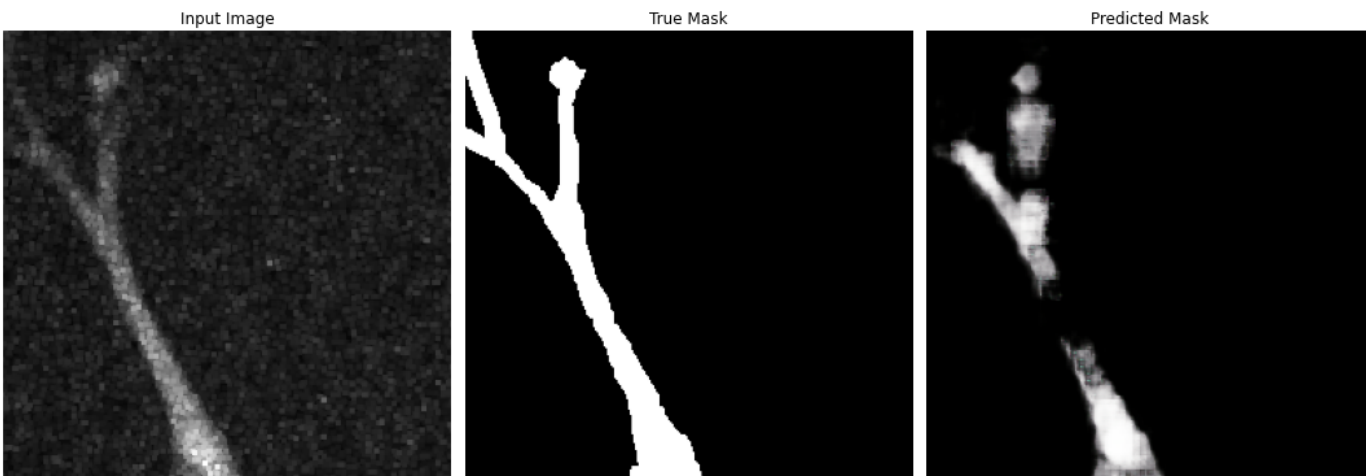
We will also start with 30 epochs just to see if it improves upon the Raw Dataset benchmarks

```
In [ ]: patch_size = 256  
input_dimensions, output_dimensions = 3, 3  
model_name = "UNET_Model_Processed_Images_256_2"  
  
unet_256_model_2 = simple_unet_model(patch_size,  
                                     patch_size,  
                                     input_dimensions,  
                                     output_dimensions,  
                                     model_name  
                                     )  
  
unet_256_model_2.compile(optimizer='adam', loss='binary_crossentropy', metrics=['accuracy'])  
  
TRAIN_LENGTH = len(training_x)  
BATCH_SIZE = 4  
VAL_SUBSPLITS = 5  
  
EPOCHS = 100  
STEPS_PER_EPOCH = TRAIN_LENGTH // BATCH_SIZE  
VALIDATION_STEPS = STEPS_PER_EPOCH // VAL_SUBSPLITS  
  
unet_256_model_2_history = unet_256_model_2.fit(  
    training_x[0:800],  
    training_y[0:800],  
    epochs=EPOCHS,  
    callbacks=[DisplayCallback()],  
    steps_per_epoch=STEPS_PER_EPOCH,  
    validation_steps=VALIDATION_STEPS,  
    validation_data=(test_x[0:200], test_y[0:200])  
)
```

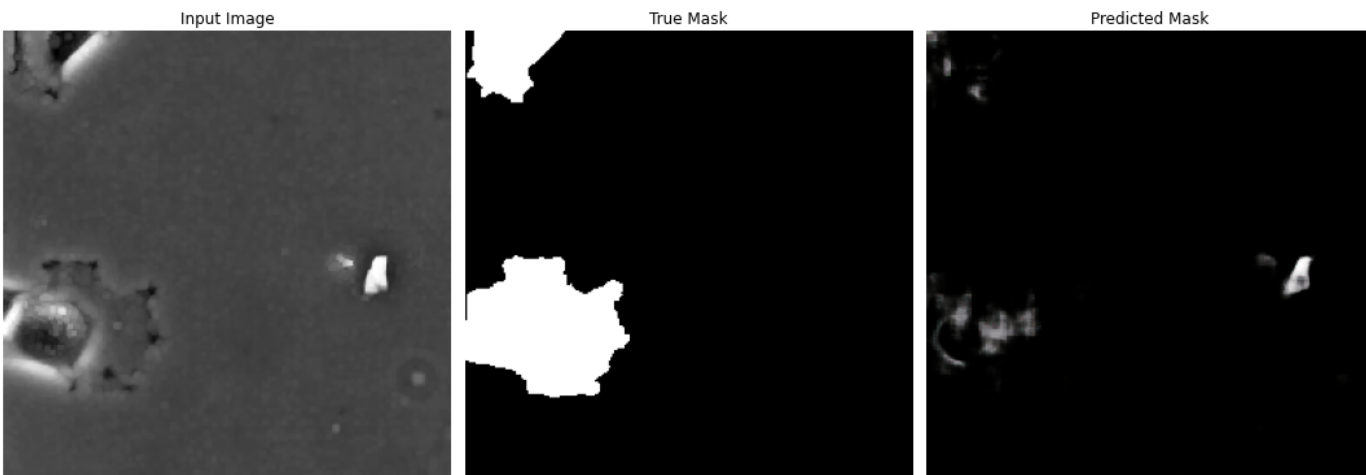
```
In [ ]: showTrainingMetrics(unet_256_model_2_history, "Graph showing the Loss and Accuracy for G
```

```
In [34]: pred_y = unet_256_model_2.predict(test_x[0:200])  
7/7 [=====] - 1s 99ms/step
```

```
In [35]: # index = randint(0, len(test_x)-1)  
index = 97  
print(index)  
  
display( display_list=[test_x[index], test_y[index], pred_y[index]] )  
  
97
```



```
In [36]: index = 170  
print(index)  
  
display( display_list=[test_x[index], test_y[index], pred_y[index]] )  
  
170
```



Score:

```
In [37]: print("Max Value:", np.max(pred_y))  
print("Min Value:", np.min(pred_y))  
print("Average value:", np.average(pred_y))  
  
Max Value: 1.0  
Min Value: 0.0  
Average value: 0.02961004
```

```
In [39]: # Next, we can compute the Mean IoU score to see how the model did:  
threshold = 0.5  
  
pred_y_thresh = pred_y >= threshold
```

```
unet_256_model_score = calculateMeanIoUScore(unet_256_model_2, test_x[0:200], test_y[0:200])
print(unet_256_model_score)
```

0.2853407364434964

## Save Model 2

```
In [ ]: training_data_code = getcwd() + google_drive_path + "/COMP700_Neural_Network_Code/"
tryMakeDirectories(training_data_code, ["COMP700_UNet_Models", "Processed_GT_256"])

path = training_data_code + "COMP700_UNet_Models/Processed_GT_256/"
unet_256_model_2.save(path + "processed_gt_images_256_model_2")
```

```
In [ ]: from keras.models import load_model

new_model = load_model(path + "processed_gt_images_256_model_2")

# Check its architecture
new_model.summary()
```

## Model 3 - 100 epochs, Batch Size of 8

We are attempting to use 2143 images and 1056 masks. This consumes a lot of RAM and is causing Colab to crash. So, instead, let's try use 800 images and 200 masks?

We will also start with 30 epochs just to see if it improves upon the Raw Dataset benchmarks

```
In [ ]: patch_size = 256
input_dimensions, output_dimensions = 3, 3
model_name = "UNET_Model_Processed_Images_256_3"

unet_256_model_3 = simple_unet_model(patch_size,
                                     patch_size,
                                     input_dimensions,
                                     output_dimensions,
                                     model_name
                                     )

unet_256_model_3.compile(optimizer='adam', loss='binary_crossentropy', metrics=['accuracy'])

TRAIN_LENGTH = len(training_x)
BATCH_SIZE = 8
VAL_SUBSPLITS = 5

EPOCHS = 100
STEPS_PER_EPOCH = TRAIN_LENGTH // BATCH_SIZE
VALIDATION_STEPS = STEPS_PER_EPOCH // VAL_SUBSPLITS

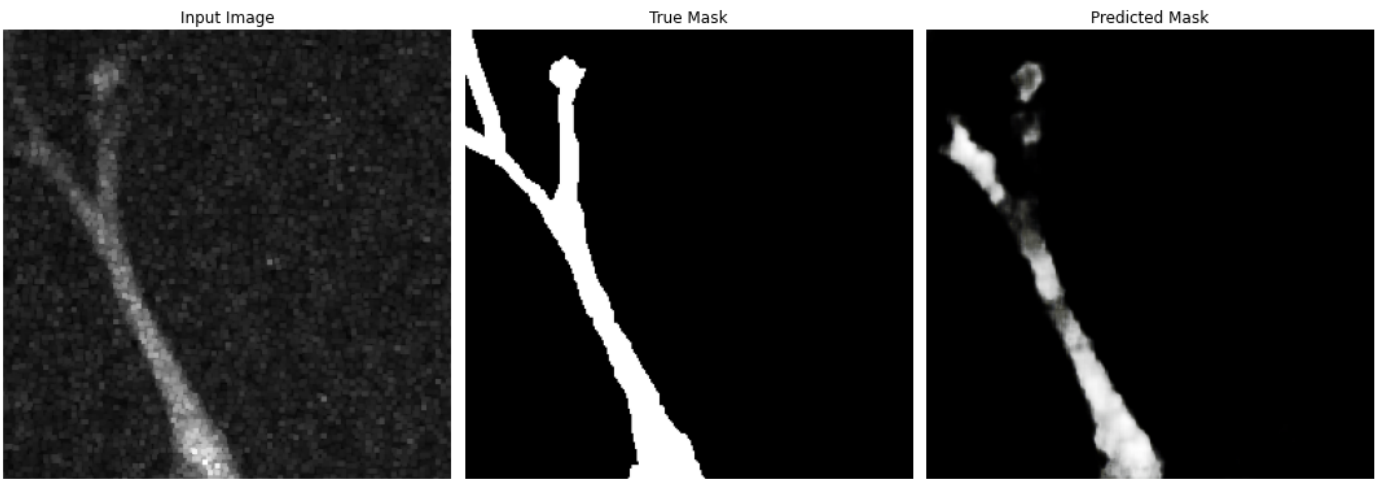
unet_256_model_3_history = unet_256_model_3.fit(
    training_x[0:800],
    training_y[0:800],
    epochs=EPOCHS,
    callbacks=[DisplayCallback()],
    steps_per_epoch=STEPS_PER_EPOCH,
    validation_steps=VALIDATION_STEPS,
    validation_data=(test_x[0:200], test_y[0:200])
)
```

```
In [ ]: showTrainingMetrics(unet_256_model_3_history, "Graph showing the Loss and Accuracy for G
```

```
In [43]: pred_y = unet_256_model_3.predict(test_x[0:200])  
7/7 [=====] - 1s 97ms/step
```

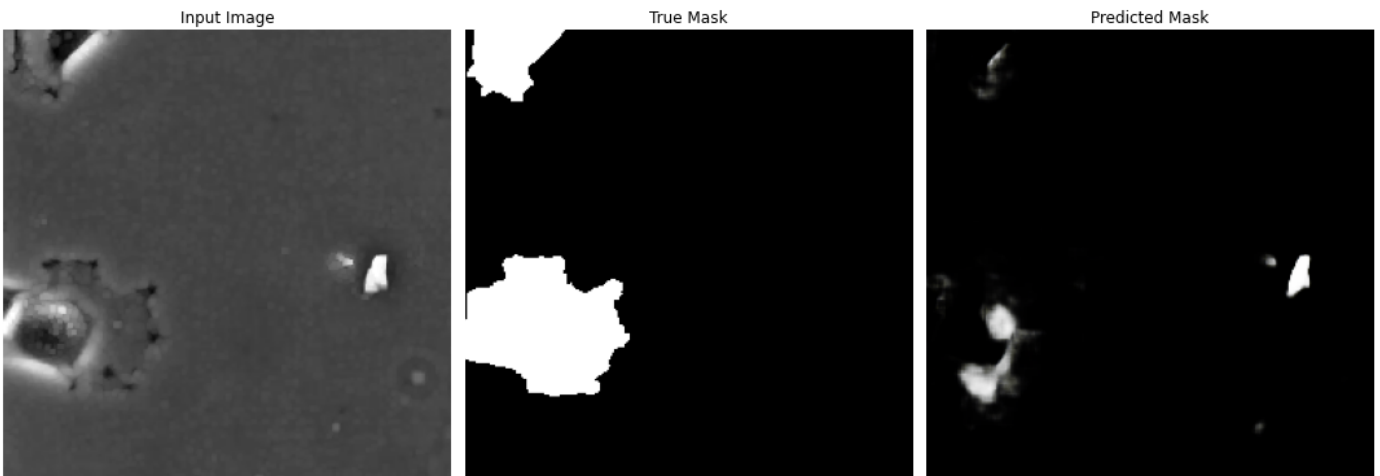
```
In [44]: # index = randint(0, len(test_x)-1)  
index = 97  
print(index)  
  
display( display_list=[test_x[index], test_y[index], pred_y[index]] )
```

97



```
In [45]: index = 170  
print(index)  
  
display( display_list=[test_x[index], test_y[index], pred_y[index]] )
```

170



Score:

```
In [46]: print("Max Value:", np.max(pred_y))  
print("Min Value:", np.min(pred_y))  
print("Average value:", np.average(pred_y))
```

```
Max Value: 1.0  
Min Value: 2.1827225e-26  
Average value: 0.03457331
```

```
In [47]: # Next, we can compute the Mean IoU score to see how the model did:  
threshold = 0.5  
  
pred_y_thresh = pred_y >= threshold
```

```
unet_256_model_score = calculateMeanIoUScore(unet_256_model_3, test_x[0:200], test_y[0:200])
print(unet_256_model_score)
```

0.3434694023324123

## Save Model 3

```
In [ ]: training_data_code = getcwd() + google_drive_path + "/COMP700_Neural_Network_Code/"
tryMakeDirectories(training_data_code, ["COMP700_UNet_Models", "Processed_GT_256"])

path = training_data_code + "COMP700_UNet_Models/Processed_GT_256/"
unet_256_model_3.save(path + "processed_gt_images_256_model_3")
```

```
In [ ]: from keras.models import load_model

new_model = load_model(path + "processed_gt_images_256_model_3")

# Check its architecture
new_model.summary()
```

# Unet ST 256 Model

## Load images

Can take 20 minutes to load on a new runtime...

```
In [ ]: temp_path = getImagePaths(training_data_directory + "COMP700_Patchify_Images_Processed_I
collection = []
labels = ["", "", "", ""]

for i in range(len(temp_path)):
    temp = temp_path[i][0]

    collection = temp_path[i]
    collection.sort()

    if ("Training/X" in temp):
        training_x = readImagesViaMatplotlib(collection)
        labels[0] = collection
    elif ("Training/Y" in temp):
        training_y = readImagesViaMatplotlib(collection)
        labels[1] = collection
    elif ("Test/X" in temp):
        test_x = readImagesViaMatplotlib(collection)
        labels[2] = collection
    elif ("Test/Y" in temp):
        test_y = readImagesViaMatplotlib(collection)
        labels[3] = collection
    else:
        print("Unknown path specified")
```

Processed 0 images out of 2190  
Processed 100 images out of 2190  
Processed 200 images out of 2190  
Processed 300 images out of 2190  
Processed 400 images out of 2190  
Processed 500 images out of 2190  
Processed 600 images out of 2190  
Processed 700 images out of 2190  
Processed 800 images out of 2190



```
Processed 900 images out of 2190
Processed 1000 images out of 2190
Processed 1100 images out of 2190
Processed 1200 images out of 2190
Processed 1300 images out of 2190
Processed 1400 images out of 2190
Processed 1500 images out of 2190
Processed 1600 images out of 2190
Processed 1700 images out of 2190
Processed 1800 images out of 2190
Processed 1900 images out of 2190
Processed 2000 images out of 2190
Processed 2100 images out of 2190
Complete
Processed 0 images out of 2190
Processed 100 images out of 2190
Processed 200 images out of 2190
Processed 300 images out of 2190
Processed 400 images out of 2190
Processed 500 images out of 2190
Processed 600 images out of 2190
Processed 700 images out of 2190
Processed 800 images out of 2190
Processed 900 images out of 2190
Processed 1000 images out of 2190
Processed 1100 images out of 2190
Processed 1200 images out of 2190
Processed 1300 images out of 2190
Processed 1400 images out of 2190
Processed 1500 images out of 2190
Processed 1600 images out of 2190
Processed 1700 images out of 2190
Processed 1800 images out of 2190
Processed 1900 images out of 2190
Processed 2000 images out of 2190
Processed 2100 images out of 2190
Complete
Processed 0 images out of 1080
Processed 100 images out of 1080
Processed 200 images out of 1080
Processed 300 images out of 1080
Processed 400 images out of 1080
Processed 500 images out of 1080
Processed 600 images out of 1080
Processed 700 images out of 1080
Processed 800 images out of 1080
Processed 900 images out of 1080
Processed 1000 images out of 1080
Complete
Processed 0 images out of 1080
Processed 100 images out of 1080
Processed 200 images out of 1080
Processed 300 images out of 1080
Processed 400 images out of 1080
Processed 500 images out of 1080
Processed 600 images out of 1080
Processed 700 images out of 1080
Processed 800 images out of 1080
Processed 900 images out of 1080
Processed 1000 images out of 1080
Complete
```

```
In [ ]: print(len(training_x), ":", len(training_y))
        print(len(test_x), ":", len(test_y))
```

```
2190 : 2190
```

1080 ::: 1080

Verify images match:

```
In [ ]: for i in range(5):
        print( extractRhsString(labels[0][i], "/"), ":", extractRhsString(labels[1][i], "/"

training_image_0001.png :: training_mask_0001.png
training_image_0002.png :: training_mask_0002.png
training_image_0003.png :: training_mask_0003.png
training_image_0004.png :: training_mask_0004.png
training_image_0005.png :: training_mask_0005.png
```

```
In [ ]: count = 0

for i in range(len(training_x)):
    if ( extractRhsString(labels[0][i], "_") != extractRhsString(labels[1][i], "_") ):
        count += 1

print(count, "image(s) do not match")

0 image(s) do not match
```

## Verify data corresponds

Let us load some images to see the training data we have available to us

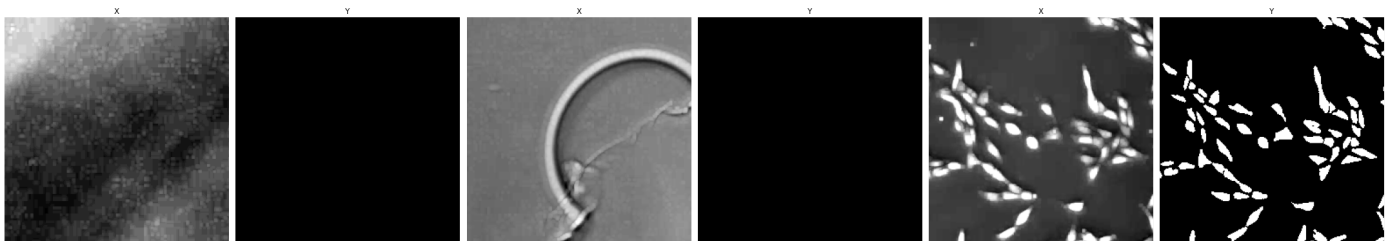
```
In [ ]: from random import randint
        array, labels = [], []

        for i in range(3):
            index = randint(0, len(training_x)-1)
            print("Index used:", index)

            array.append( training_x[index] )
            array.append( training_y[index] )
            labels.append( "X" )
            labels.append( "Y" )

        display(array, labels, figsize=(30, 30))
```

Index used: 128  
Index used: 366  
Index used: 2164



```
In [ ]: from random import randint
        array, labels = [], []

        for i in range(3):
            index = randint(0, len(training_x)-1)
            print("Index used:", index)

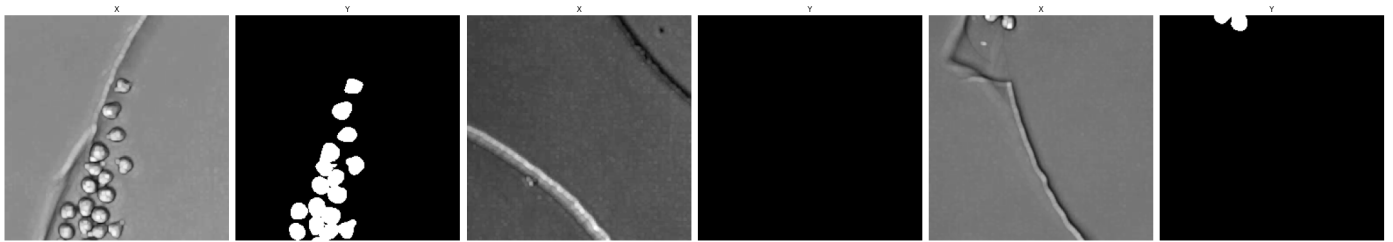
            array.append( training_x[index] )
            array.append( training_y[index] )
            labels.append( "X" )
            labels.append( "Y" )
```

```
display(array, labels, figsize=(30, 30))
```

Index used: 486

Index used: 1473

Index used: 531



Now, we can define a Sample Image and Sample Mask in case we wish to visualize the training results. The author may disable this callback being used for training as it adds to the RAM usage in Google Colab

## Sample Images

```
In [ ]: # global variables used for the model training to visualise results
# this will be updated before we train each model

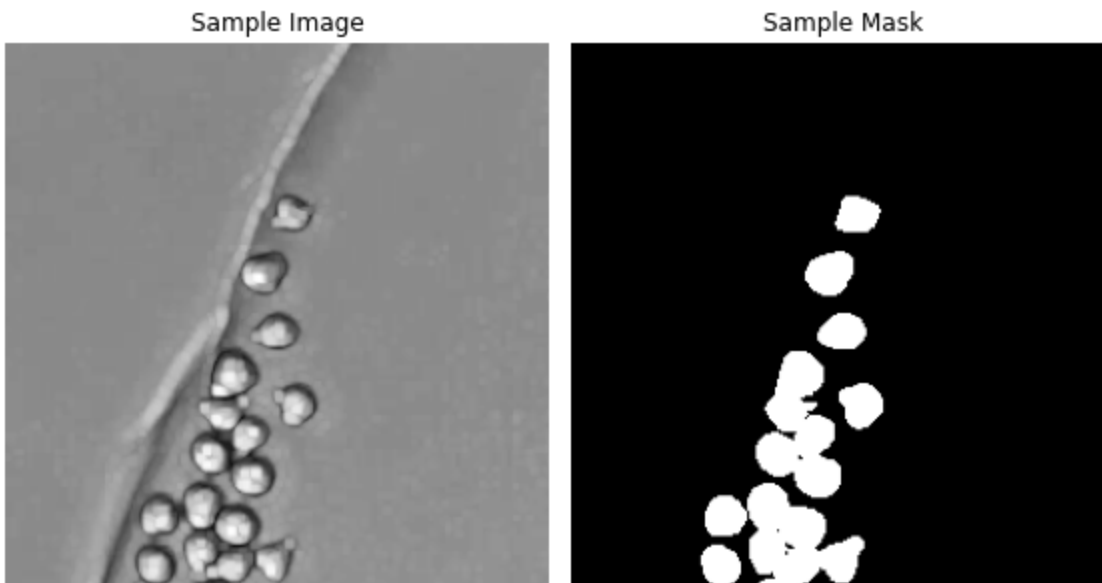
from random import randint

# index = randint(0, len(training_x) - 1)
index = 486 # useful example, or 2164
print(index)

sample_image = training_x[index]
sample_mask = training_y[index]

display([sample_image, sample_mask], ["Sample Image", "Sample Mask"], figsize=(8,8))
```

486



## Model 1 - 30 epochs, Batch Size of 4

We are attempting to use 2143 images and 1056 masks. This consumes a lot of RAM and is causing Colab to crash. So, instead, let's try use 800 images and 200 masks?

We will also start with 30 epochs just to see if it improves upon the Raw Dataset benchmarks

```

In [ ]: patch_size = 256
input_dimensions, output_dimensions = 3, 3
model_name = "UNET_Model_Processed_Images_256_1"

UNET_256_Model_1 = simple_unet_model(patch_size,
                                      patch_size,
                                      input_dimensions,
                                      output_dimensions,
                                      model_name
                                      )

UNET_256_Model_1.compile(optimizer='adam', loss='binary_crossentropy', metrics=['accuracy'])

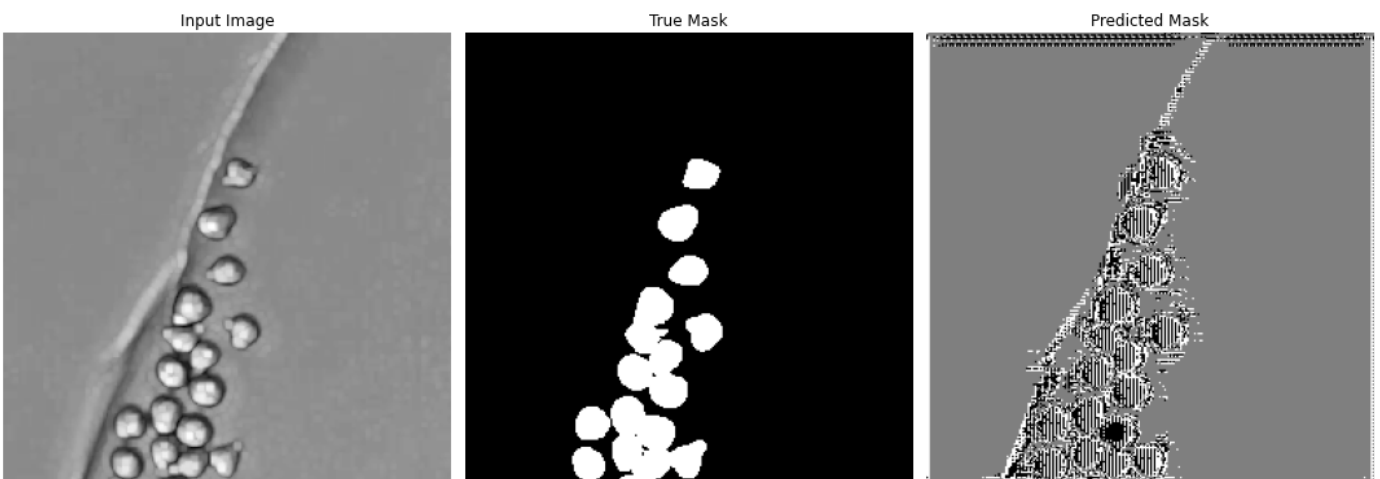
TRAIN_LENGTH = len(training_x)
BATCH_SIZE = 4
VAL_SUBSPLITS = 5

EPOCHS = 30
STEPS_PER_EPOCH = TRAIN_LENGTH // BATCH_SIZE
VALIDATION_STEPS = STEPS_PER_EPOCH // VAL_SUBSPLITS

UNET_256_Model_1_history = UNET_256_Model_1.fit(
    training_x[0:800],
    training_y[0:800],
    epochs=EPOCHS,
    callbacks=[DisplayCallback()],
    steps_per_epoch=STEPS_PER_EPOCH,
    validation_steps=VALIDATION_STEPS,
    validation_data=(test_x[0:200], test_y[0:200])
)

```

1/1 [=====] - 0s 17ms/step



Sample Prediction after epoch 22

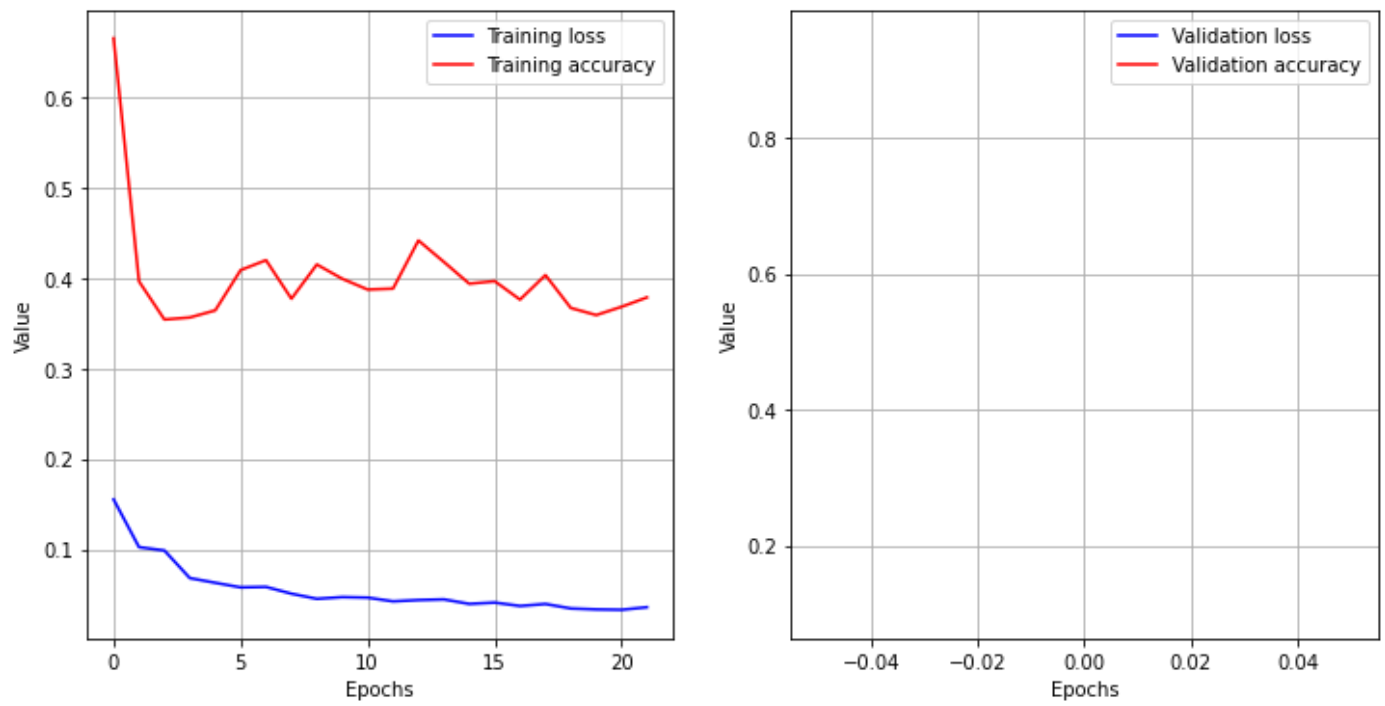
547/547 [=====] - 12s 23ms/step - loss: 0.0359 - accuracy: 0.3785

```

In [ ]: showTrainingMetrics(UNET_256_Model_1_history, "Graph showing the Loss and Accuracy for S

```

Graph showing the Loss and Accuracy for ST 256 patch images

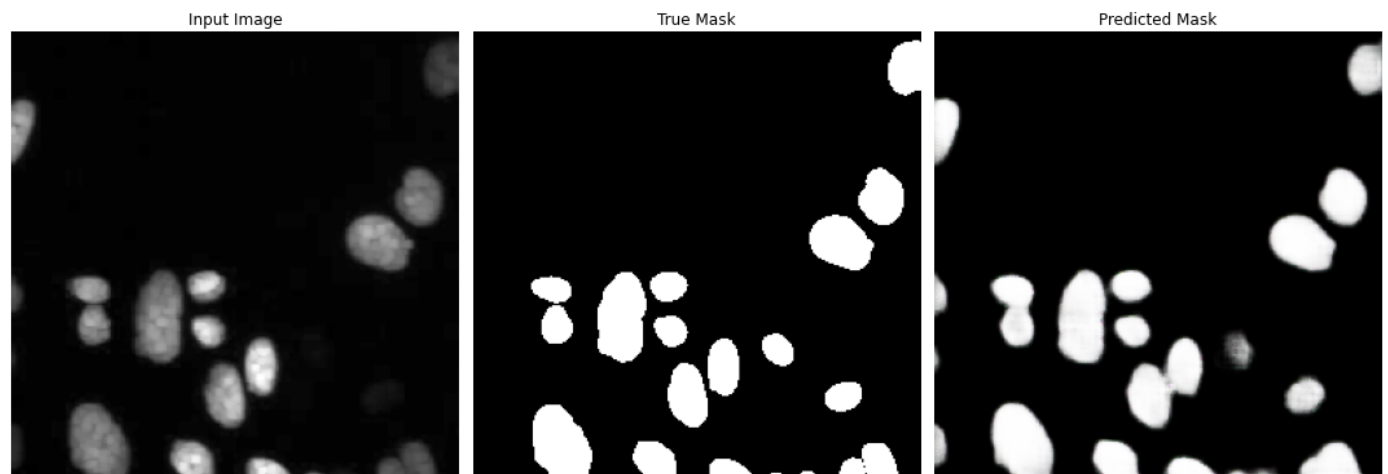


```
In [ ]: pred_y = unet_256_model_1.predict(test_x[0:200])
7/7 [=====] - 3s 193ms/step
```

```
In [ ]: # index = randint(0, len(test_x[0:200])-1)
index = 169 # 84
print(index)

display( display_list=[test_x[index], test_y[index], pred_y[index]] )
```

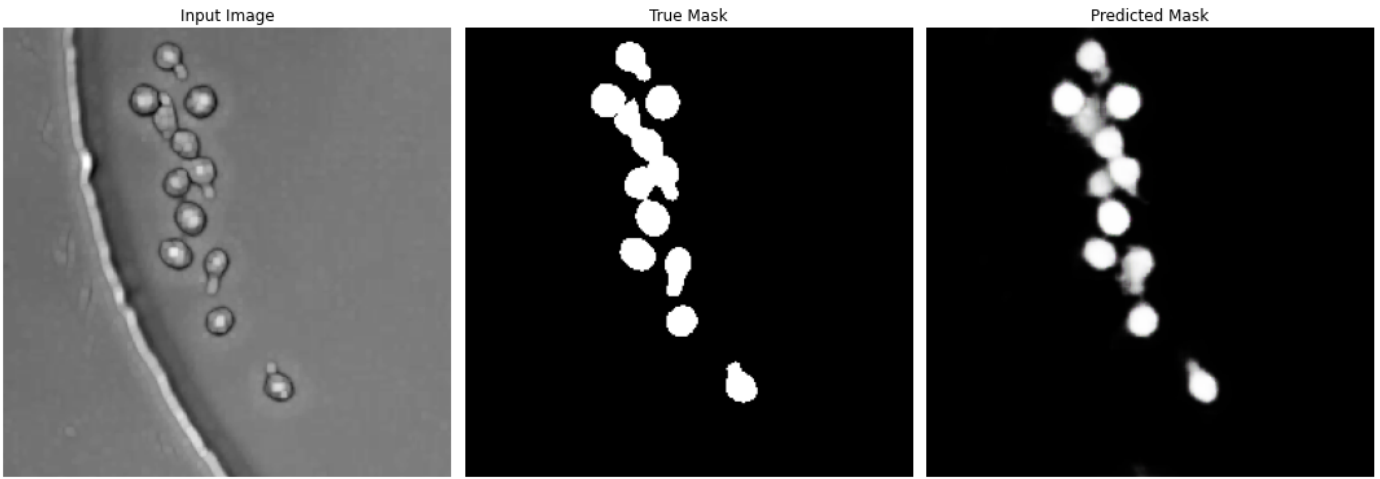
169



```
In [ ]: index = 84
print(index)

display( display_list=[test_x[index], test_y[index], pred_y[index]] )
```

84



Score:

```
In [ ]: print("Max Value:", np.max(pred_y))
        print("Min Value:", np.min(pred_y))
        print("Average value:", np.average(pred_y))
```

```
Max Value: 1.0
Min Value: 3.3984152e-10
Average value: 0.017737137
```

```
In [ ]: # Next, we can compute the Mean IoU score to see how the model did:
        threshold = 0.5

        pred_y_thresh = pred_y >= threshold

        unet_256_model_score = calculateMeanIoUScore(unet_256_model_1, test_x[0:200], test_y[0:200])
        print(unet_256_model_score)

0.6410619121647416
```

## Save Model 1

```
In [ ]: training_data_code = getcwd() + google_drive_path + "/COMP700_Neural_Network_Code/"
        tryMakeDirectories(training_data_code, ["COMP700_UNet_Models", "Processed_ST_256"])

        path = training_data_code + "COMP700_UNet_Models/Processed_ST_256/"
        unet_256_model_1.save(path + "processed_st_images_256_model_1")
```

```
WARNING:absl:Function `_wrapped_model` contains input name(s) Input with unsupported characters which will be renamed to input in the SavedModel.
WARNING:absl:Found untraced functions such as _jit_compiled_convolution_op, _jit_compiled_convolution_op, _jit_compiled_convolution_op, _jit_compiled_convolution_op while saving (showing 5 of 23). These functions will not be directly callable after loading.
```

```
In [ ]: from keras.models import load_model

        new_model = load_model(path + "processed_st_images_256_model_1")

        # Check its architecture
        new_model.summary()
```

```
Model: "UNET_Model_Processed_Images_256_1"
```

Layer (type)	Output Shape	Param #	Connected to
=====			

=====

Input (InputLayer)	[(None, 256, 256, 3 0	[]
	)]	
c1_a (Conv2D)	(None, 256, 256, 16 448	['Input[0][0]']
	)	
c1_b (Dropout)	(None, 256, 256, 16 0	['c1_a[0][0]']
	)	
c1_c (Conv2D)	(None, 256, 256, 16 2320	['c1_b[0][0]']
	)	
p1 (MaxPooling2D)	(None, 128, 128, 16 0	['c1_c[0][0]']
	)	
c2_a (Conv2D)	(None, 128, 128, 32 4640	['p1[0][0]']
	)	
c2_b (Dropout)	(None, 128, 128, 32 0	['c2_a[0][0]']
	)	
c2_c (Conv2D)	(None, 128, 128, 32 9248	['c2_b[0][0]']
	)	
p2 (MaxPooling2D)	(None, 64, 64, 32) 0	['c2_c[0][0]']
c3_a (Conv2D)	(None, 64, 64, 64) 18496	['p2[0][0]']
c3_b (Dropout)	(None, 64, 64, 64) 0	['c3_a[0][0]']
c3_c (Conv2D)	(None, 64, 64, 64) 36928	['c3_b[0][0]']
p3 (MaxPooling2D)	(None, 32, 32, 64) 0	['c3_c[0][0]']

c4_a (Conv2D)	(None, 32, 32, 128)	73856	['p3[0][0]']
c4_b (Dropout)	(None, 32, 32, 128)	0	['c4_a[0][0]']
c4_c (Conv2D)	(None, 32, 32, 128)	147584	['c4_b[0][0]']
p4 (MaxPooling2D)	(None, 16, 16, 128)	0	['c4_c[0][0]']
c5_a (Conv2D)	(None, 16, 16, 256)	295168	['p4[0][0]']
c5_b (Dropout)	(None, 16, 16, 256)	0	['c5_a[0][0]']
c5_c (Conv2D)	(None, 16, 16, 256)	590080	['c5_b[0][0]']
u6_a (Conv2DTranspose)	(None, 32, 32, 128)	131200	['c5_c[0][0]']
u6_b (Concatenate)	(None, 32, 32, 256)	0	['u6_a[0][0]', 'c4_c[0][0]']
c6_a (Conv2D)	(None, 32, 32, 128)	295040	['u6_b[0][0]']
c6_b (Dropout)	(None, 32, 32, 128)	0	['c6_a[0][0]']
c6_c (Conv2D)	(None, 32, 32, 128)	147584	['c6_b[0][0]']
u7_a (Conv2DTranspose)	(None, 64, 64, 64)	32832	['c6_c[0][0]']
u7_b (Concatenate)	(None, 64, 64, 128)	0	['u7_a[0][0]', 'c3_c[0][0]']
c7_a (Conv2D)	(None, 64, 64, 64)	73792	['u7_b[0][0]']



c7_b (Dropout)	(None, 64, 64, 64)	0	['c7_a[0][0]']
c7_c (Conv2D)	(None, 64, 64, 64)	36928	['c7_b[0][0]']
u8_a (Conv2DTranspose)	(None, 128, 128, 32	8224	['c7_c[0][0]']
	)		
u8_b (Concatenate)	(None, 128, 128, 64	0	['u8_a[0][0]',
	)		'c2_c[0][0]']
c8_a (Conv2D)	(None, 128, 128, 32	18464	['u8_b[0][0]']
	)		
c8_b (Dropout)	(None, 128, 128, 32	0	['c8_a[0][0]']
	)		
c8_c (Conv2D)	(None, 128, 128, 32	9248	['c8_b[0][0]']
	)		
u9_a (Conv2DTranspose)	(None, 256, 256, 16	2064	['c8_c[0][0]']
	)		
u9_b (Concatenate)	(None, 256, 256, 32	0	['u9_a[0][0]',
	)		'c1_c[0][0]']
c9_a (Conv2D)	(None, 256, 256, 16	4624	['u9_b[0][0]']
	)		
c9_b (Dropout)	(None, 256, 256, 16	0	['c9_a[0][0]']
	)		
c9_c (Conv2D)	(None, 256, 256, 16	2320	['c9_b[0][0]']
	)		

Output (Conv2D)

(None, 256, 256, 3) 51

['c9\_c[0][0]']

```
=====
Total params: 1,941,139
Trainable params: 1,941,139
Non-trainable params: 0
```

---

## Model 2 - 100 epochs, Batch Size of 4

We are attempting to use 2143 images and 1056 masks. This consumes a lot of RAM and is causing Colab to crash. So, instead, let's try use 800 images and 200 masks?

We will also start with 30 epochs just to see if it improves upon the Raw Dataset benchmarks

```
In [ ]: patch_size = 256
input_dimensions, output_dimensions = 3, 3
model_name = "UNET_Model_Processed_Images_256_2"

UNET_256_Model_2 = simple_unet_model(patch_size,
                                      patch_size,
                                      input_dimensions,
                                      output_dimensions,
                                      model_name
                                      )

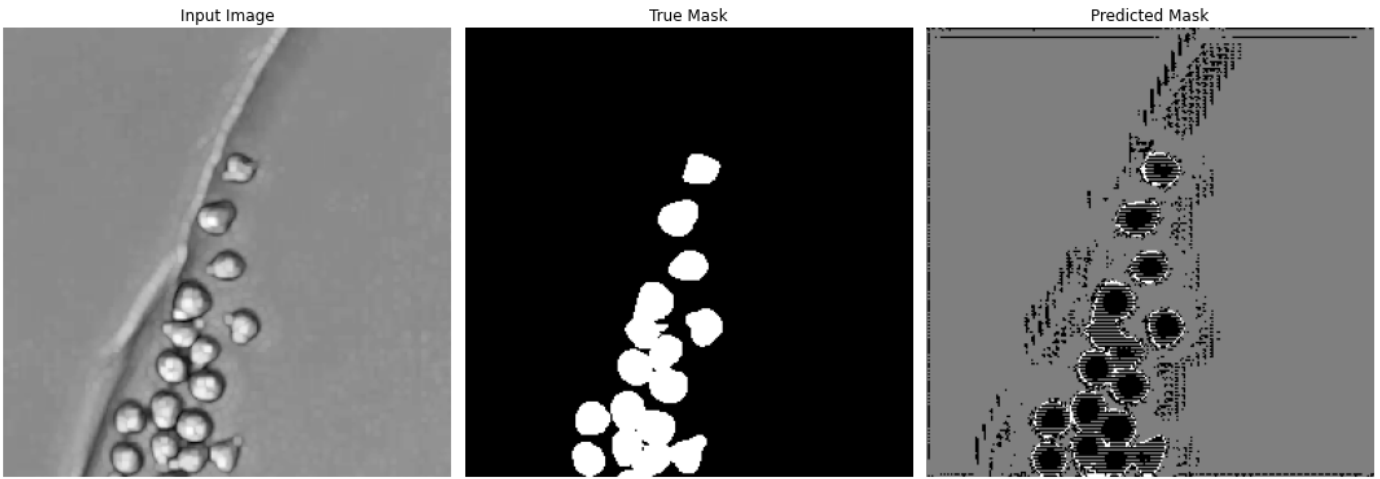
UNET_256_Model_2.compile(optimizer='adam', loss='binary_crossentropy', metrics=['accuracy'])

TRAIN_LENGTH = len(training_x)
BATCH_SIZE = 4
VAL_SUBSPLITS = 5

EPOCHS = 100
STEPS_PER_EPOCH = TRAIN_LENGTH // BATCH_SIZE
VALIDATION_STEPS = STEPS_PER_EPOCH // VAL_SUBSPLITS

UNET_256_Model_2_history = UNET_256_Model_2.fit(
    training_x[0:800],
    training_y[0:800],
    epochs=EPOCHS,
    callbacks=[DisplayCallback()],
    steps_per_epoch=STEPS_PER_EPOCH,
    validation_steps=VALIDATION_STEPS,
    validation_data=(test_x[0:200], test_y[0:200])
)
```

1/1 [=====] - 0s 20ms/step

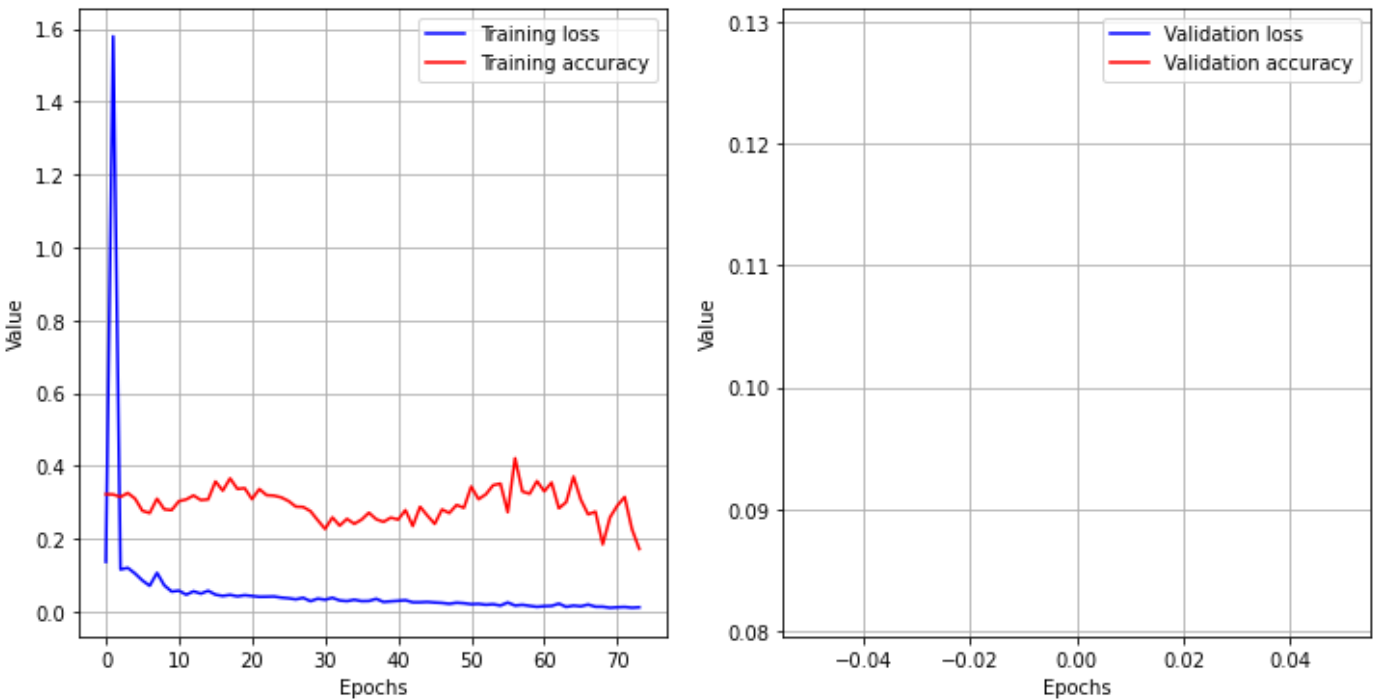


Sample Prediction after epoch 74

547/547 [=====] - 2s 4ms/step - loss: 0.0123 - accuracy: 0.1724

In [ ]: `showTrainingMetrics(unet_256_model_2_history, "Graph showing the Loss and Accuracy for S`

Graph showing the Loss and Accuracy for ST 256 patch images



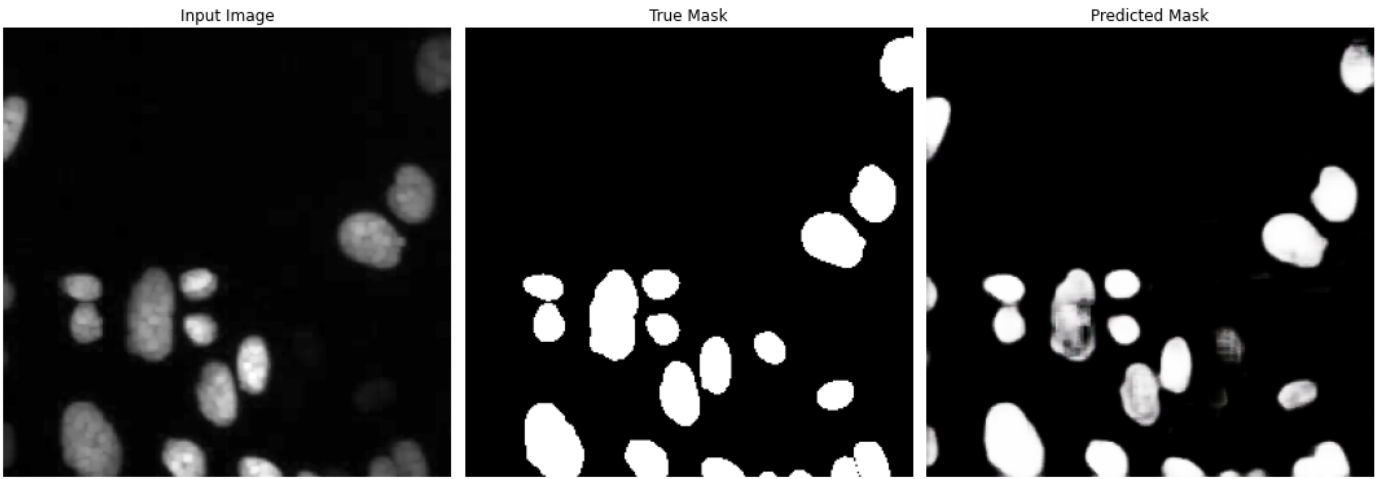
In [ ]: `pred_y = unet_256_model_2.predict(test_x[0:200])`

7/7 [=====] - 3s 191ms/step

In [ ]: `# index = randint(0, len(test_x[0:200])-1)  
index = 169 # 84  
print(index)`

`display( display_list=[test_x[index], test_y[index], pred_y[index]] )`

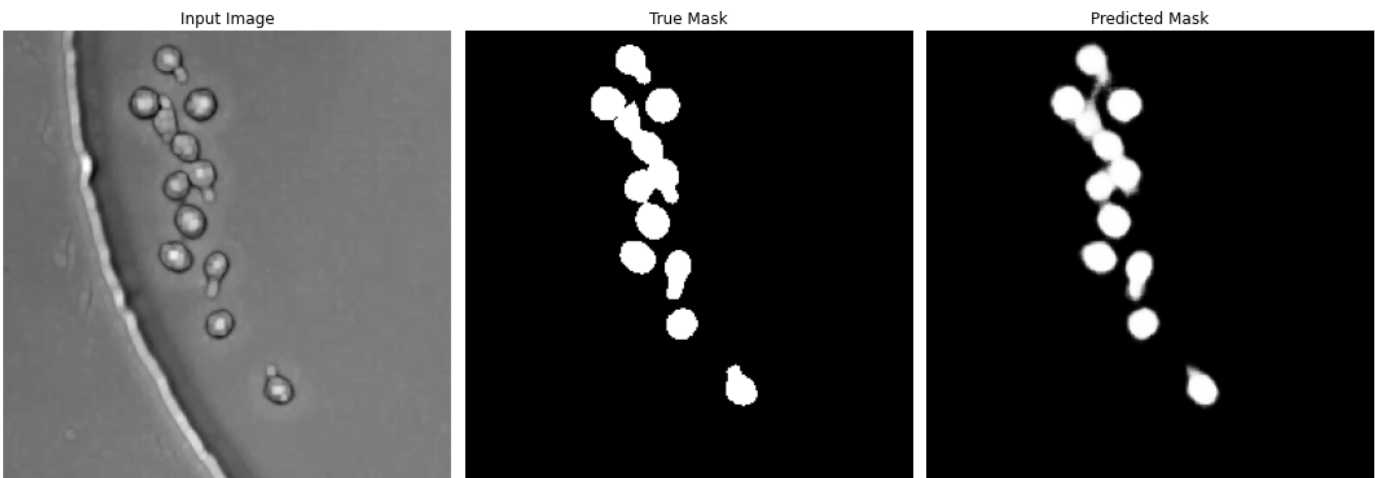
169



```
In [ ]: index = 84
print(index)

display( display_list=[test_x[index], test_y[index], pred_y[index]] )
```

84



Score:

```
In [ ]: print("Max Value:", np.max(pred_y))
print("Min Value:", np.min(pred_y))
print("Average value:", np.average(pred_y))
```

```
Max Value: 1.0
Min Value: 0.0
Average value: 0.016215092
```

```
In [ ]: # Next, we can compute the Mean IoU score to see how the model did:
threshold = 0.5

pred_y_thresh = pred_y >= threshold

UNET_256_model_score = calculateMeanIoUScore(unet_256_model_2, test_x[0:200], test_y[0:200])
print(UNET_256_model_score)
```

0.7066294110692964

## Save Model 2

```
In [ ]: training_data_code = getcwd() + google_drive_path + "/COMP700_Neural_Network_Code/"
tryMakeDirectories(training_data_code, ["COMP700_UNet_Models", "Processed_ST_256"])
```

```
path = training_data_code + "COMP700_UNet_Models/Processed_ST_256/"
UNET_256_model_2.save(path + "processed_st_images_256_model_2")
```

```
WARNING:absl:Function `_wrapped_model` contains input name(s) Input with unsupported characters which will be renamed to input in the SavedModel.
WARNING:absl:Found untraced functions such as _jit_compiled_convolution_op, _jit_compile_d_convolution_op, _jit_compiled_convolution_op, _jit_compiled_convolution_op, _jit_compiled_convolution_op while saving (showing 5 of 23). These functions will not be directly callable after loading.
```

```
In [ ]: from keras.models import load_model

new_model = load_model(path + "processed_st_images_256_model_2")

# Check its architecture
new_model.summary()
```

Model: "UNET\_Model\_Processed\_Images\_256\_2"

Layer (type)	Output Shape	Param #	Connected to
=====			
Input (InputLayer)	(None, 256, 256, 3)	0	[]
	)]		
c1_a (Conv2D)	(None, 256, 256, 16)	448	['Input[0][0]']
	)		
c1_b (Dropout)	(None, 256, 256, 16)	0	['c1_a[0][0]']
	)		
c1_c (Conv2D)	(None, 256, 256, 16)	2320	['c1_b[0][0]']
	)		
p1 (MaxPooling2D)	(None, 128, 128, 16)	0	['c1_c[0][0]']
	)		
c2_a (Conv2D)	(None, 128, 128, 32)	4640	['p1[0][0]']
	)		
c2_b (Dropout)	(None, 128, 128, 32)	0	['c2_a[0][0]']
	)		

c2_c (Conv2D)	(None, 128, 128, 32)	9248	['c2_b[0][0]']
	)		
p2 (MaxPooling2D)	(None, 64, 64, 32)	0	['c2_c[0][0]']
c3_a (Conv2D)	(None, 64, 64, 64)	18496	['p2[0][0]']
c3_b (Dropout)	(None, 64, 64, 64)	0	['c3_a[0][0]']
c3_c (Conv2D)	(None, 64, 64, 64)	36928	['c3_b[0][0]']
p3 (MaxPooling2D)	(None, 32, 32, 64)	0	['c3_c[0][0]']
c4_a (Conv2D)	(None, 32, 32, 128)	73856	['p3[0][0]']
c4_b (Dropout)	(None, 32, 32, 128)	0	['c4_a[0][0]']
c4_c (Conv2D)	(None, 32, 32, 128)	147584	['c4_b[0][0]']
p4 (MaxPooling2D)	(None, 16, 16, 128)	0	['c4_c[0][0]']
c5_a (Conv2D)	(None, 16, 16, 256)	295168	['p4[0][0]']
c5_b (Dropout)	(None, 16, 16, 256)	0	['c5_a[0][0]']
c5_c (Conv2D)	(None, 16, 16, 256)	590080	['c5_b[0][0]']
u6_a (Conv2DTranspose)	(None, 32, 32, 128)	131200	['c5_c[0][0]']
u6_b (Concatenate)	(None, 32, 32, 256)	0	['u6_a[0][0]', 'c4_c[0][0]']
c6_a (Conv2D)	(None, 32, 32, 128)	295040	['u6_b[0][0]']

c6_b (Dropout)	(None, 32, 32, 128)	0	['c6_a[0][0]']
c6_c (Conv2D)	(None, 32, 32, 128)	147584	['c6_b[0][0]']
u7_a (Conv2DTranspose)	(None, 64, 64, 64)	32832	['c6_c[0][0]']
u7_b (Concatenate)	(None, 64, 64, 128)	0	['u7_a[0][0]', 'c3_c[0][0]']
c7_a (Conv2D)	(None, 64, 64, 64)	73792	['u7_b[0][0]']
c7_b (Dropout)	(None, 64, 64, 64)	0	['c7_a[0][0]']
c7_c (Conv2D)	(None, 64, 64, 64)	36928	['c7_b[0][0]']
u8_a (Conv2DTranspose)	(None, 128, 128, 32	8224	['c7_c[0][0]']
	)		
u8_b (Concatenate)	(None, 128, 128, 64	0	['u8_a[0][0]', 'c2_c[0][0]']
	)		
c8_a (Conv2D)	(None, 128, 128, 32	18464	['u8_b[0][0]']
	)		
c8_b (Dropout)	(None, 128, 128, 32	0	['c8_a[0][0]']
	)		
c8_c (Conv2D)	(None, 128, 128, 32	9248	['c8_b[0][0]']
	)		
u9_a (Conv2DTranspose)	(None, 256, 256, 16	2064	['c8_c[0][0]']
	)		

```

u9_b (Concatenate)          (None, 256, 256, 32) 0      ['u9_a[0][0]',
                             )      'c1_c[0][0]']

c9_a (Conv2D)                (None, 256, 256, 16) 4624   ['u9_b[0][0]']
                             )

c9_b (Dropout)               (None, 256, 256, 16) 0      ['c9_a[0][0]']
                             )

c9_c (Conv2D)                (None, 256, 256, 16) 2320   ['c9_b[0][0]']
                             )

Output (Conv2D)              (None, 256, 256, 3) 51      ['c9_c[0][0]']

```

```

=====
=====
Total params: 1,941,139
Trainable params: 1,941,139
Non-trainable params: 0

```

## Model 3 - 100 epochs, Batch Size of 8

We are attempting to use 2143 images and 1056 masks. This consumes a lot of RAM and is causing Colab to crash. So, instead, let's try use 800 images and 200 masks?

We will also start with 30 epochs just to see if it improves upon the Raw Dataset benchmarks

```

In [ ]: patch_size = 256
input_dimensions, output_dimensions = 3, 3
model_name = "UNET_Model_Processed_Images_256_3"

UNET_256_model_3 = simple_unet_model(patch_size,
                                     patch_size,
                                     input_dimensions,
                                     output_dimensions,
                                     model_name
                                     )

UNET_256_model_3.compile(optimizer='adam', loss='binary_crossentropy', metrics=['accuracy'])

TRAIN_LENGTH = len(training_x)
BATCH_SIZE = 8
VAL_SUBSPLITS = 5

EPOCHS = 100

```



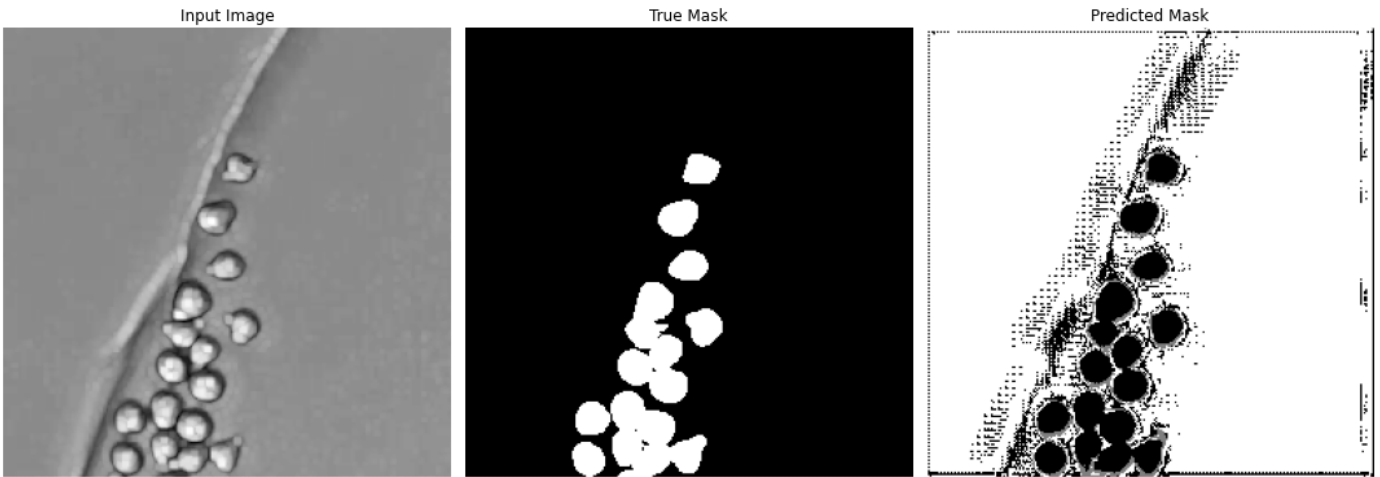
```

STEPS_PER_EPOCH = TRAIN_LENGTH // BATCH_SIZE
VALIDATION_STEPS = STEPS_PER_EPOCH // VAL_SUBSPLITS

UNET_256_MODEL_3_HISTORY = UNET_256_MODEL_3.fit(
    training_x[0:800],
    training_y[0:800],
    epochs=EPOCHS,
    callbacks=[DisplayCb()],
    steps_per_epoch=STEPS_PER_EPOCH,
    validation_steps=VALIDATION_STEPS,
    validation_data=(test_x[0:200], test_y[0:200])
)

```

1/1 [=====] - 0s 22ms/step

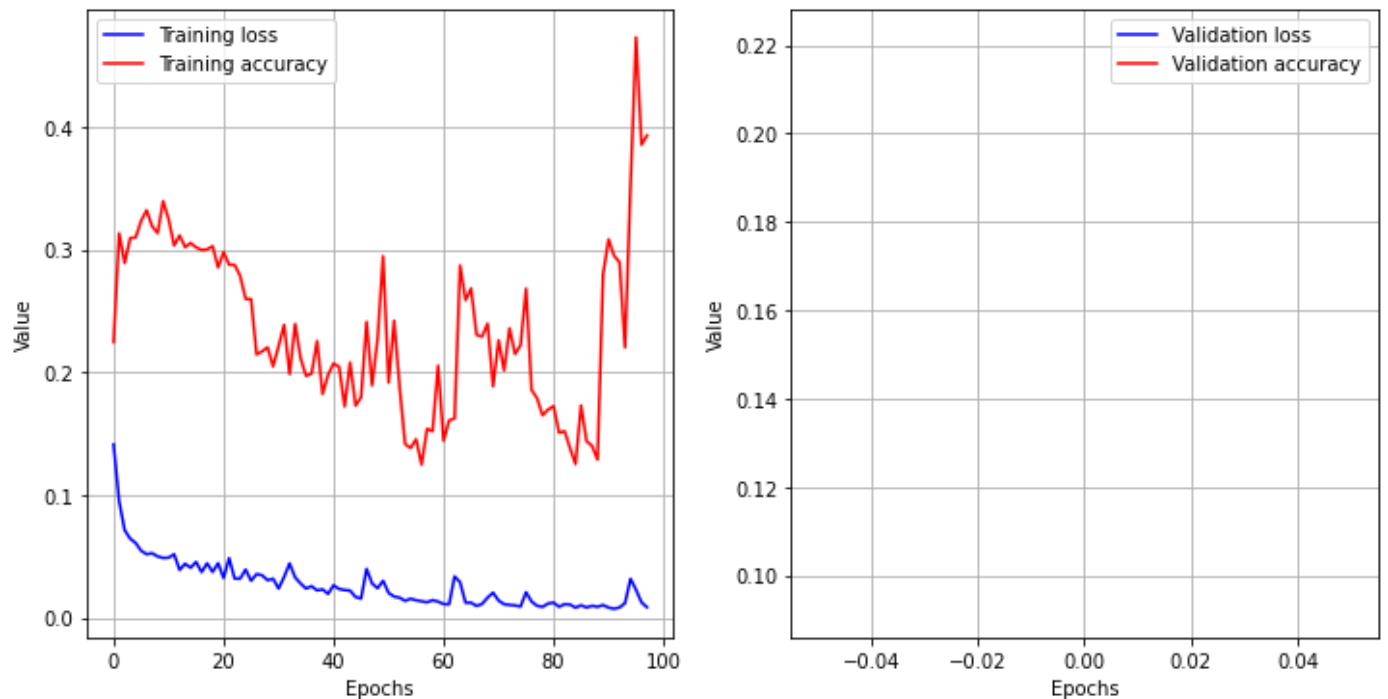


Sample Prediction after epoch 98

273/273 [=====] - 8s 29ms/step - loss: 0.0084 - accuracy: 0.3932

In [ ]: showTrainingMetrics(UNET\_256\_MODEL\_3\_HISTORY, "Graph showing the Loss and Accuracy for S

Graph showing the Loss and Accuracy for ST 256 patch images



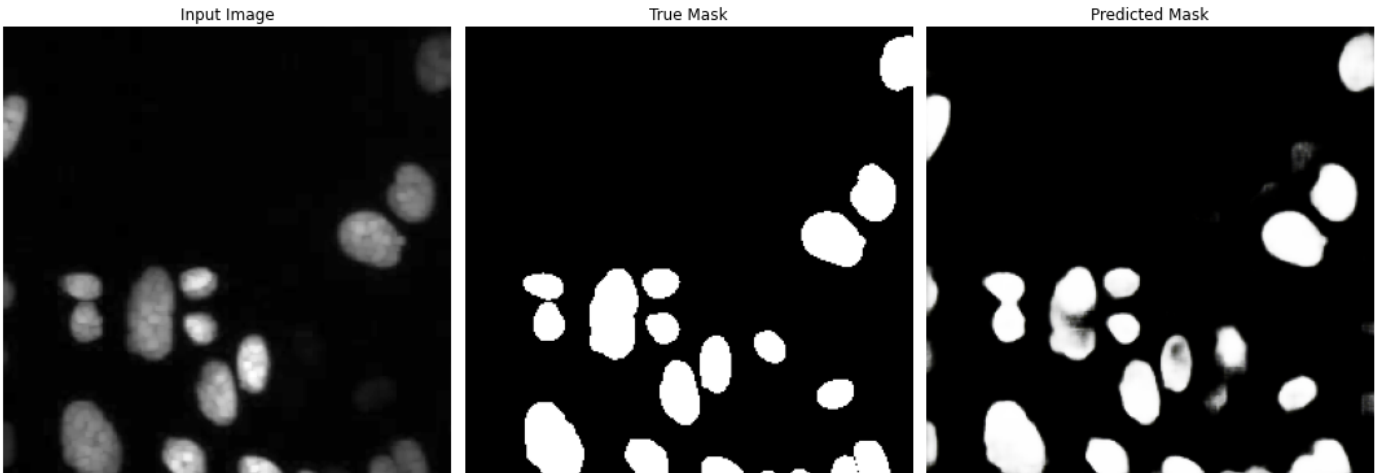
In [ ]: pred\_y = UNET\_256\_MODEL\_3.predict(test\_x[0:200])

7/7 [=====] - 3s 193ms/step

```
In [ ]: # index = randint(0, len(test_x[0:200])-1)
        index = 169 # 84
        print(index)

        display( display_list=[test_x[index], test_y[index], pred_y[index]] )
```

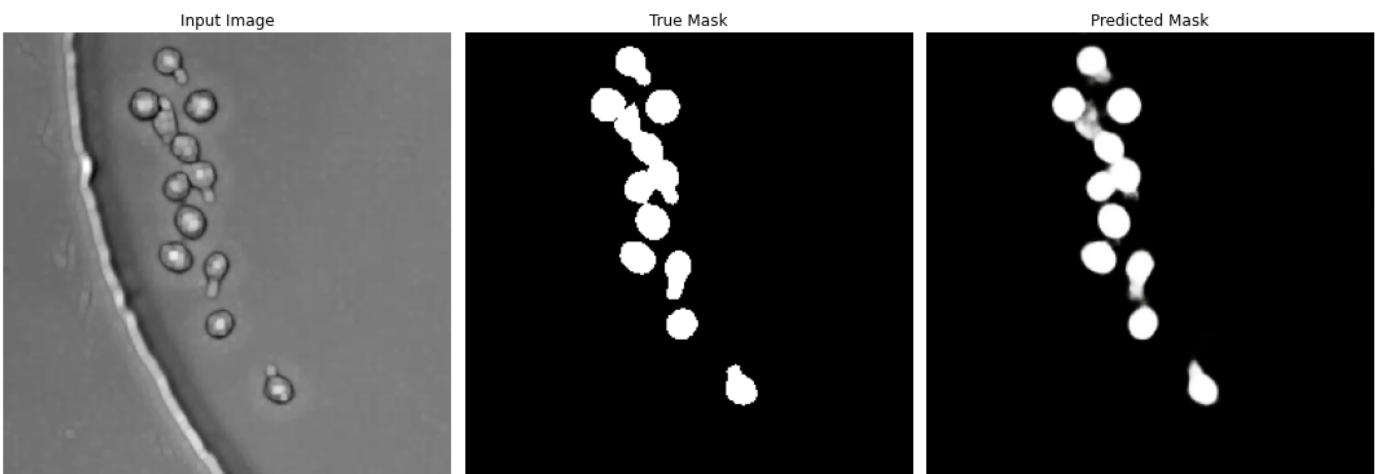
169



```
In [ ]: index = 84
        print(index)

        display( display_list=[test_x[index], test_y[index], pred_y[index]] )
```

84



Score:

```
In [ ]: print("Max Value:", np.max(pred_y))
        print("Min Value:", np.min(pred_y))
        print("Average value:", np.average(pred_y))
```

```
Max Value: 1.0
Min Value: 4.0121418e-28
Average value: 0.016704345
```

```
In [ ]: # Next, we can compute the Mean IoU score to see how the model did:
        threshold = 0.5

        pred_y_thresh = pred_y >= threshold

        unet_256_model_score = calculateMeanIoUScore(unet_256_model_3, test_x[0:200], test_y[0:200])
        print(unet_256_model_score)
```

0.7099286658116433

# Save Model 3

```
In [ ]: training_data_code = getcwd() + google_drive_path + "/COMP700_Neural_Network_Code/"
tryMakeDirectories(training_data_code, ["COMP700_UNet_Models", "Processed_ST_256"])

path = training_data_code + "COMP700_UNet_Models/Processed_ST_256/"
UNET_256_Model_3.save(path + "processed_st_images_256_model_3")

WARNING:absl:Function `_wrapped_model` contains input name(s) Input with unsupported characters which will be renamed to input in the SavedModel.
WARNING:absl:Found untraced functions such as _jit_compiled_convolution_op, _jit_compiled_convolution_op, _jit_compiled_convolution_op, _jit_compiled_convolution_op while saving (showing 5 of 23). These functions will not be directly callable after loading.
```

```
In [ ]: from keras.models import load_model

new_model = load_model(path + "processed_st_images_256_model_3")

# Check its architecture
new_model.summary()

Model: "UNET_Model_Processed_Images_256_3"
```

Layer (type)	Output Shape	Param #	Connected to
=====			
Input (InputLayer)	(None, 256, 256, 3)	0	[]
)			
c1_a (Conv2D)	(None, 256, 256, 16)	448	['Input[0][0]']
)			
c1_b (Dropout)	(None, 256, 256, 16)	0	['c1_a[0][0]']
)			
c1_c (Conv2D)	(None, 256, 256, 16)	2320	['c1_b[0][0]']
)			
p1 (MaxPooling2D)	(None, 128, 128, 16)	0	['c1_c[0][0]']
)			
c2_a (Conv2D)	(None, 128, 128, 32)	4640	['p1[0][0]']
)			

c2_b (Dropout)	(None, 128, 128, 32	0	['c2_a[0][0]']
	)		
c2_c (Conv2D)	(None, 128, 128, 32	9248	['c2_b[0][0]']
	)		
p2 (MaxPooling2D)	(None, 64, 64, 32)	0	['c2_c[0][0]']
c3_a (Conv2D)	(None, 64, 64, 64)	18496	['p2[0][0]']
c3_b (Dropout)	(None, 64, 64, 64)	0	['c3_a[0][0]']
c3_c (Conv2D)	(None, 64, 64, 64)	36928	['c3_b[0][0]']
p3 (MaxPooling2D)	(None, 32, 32, 64)	0	['c3_c[0][0]']
c4_a (Conv2D)	(None, 32, 32, 128)	73856	['p3[0][0]']
c4_b (Dropout)	(None, 32, 32, 128)	0	['c4_a[0][0]']
c4_c (Conv2D)	(None, 32, 32, 128)	147584	['c4_b[0][0]']
p4 (MaxPooling2D)	(None, 16, 16, 128)	0	['c4_c[0][0]']
c5_a (Conv2D)	(None, 16, 16, 256)	295168	['p4[0][0]']
c5_b (Dropout)	(None, 16, 16, 256)	0	['c5_a[0][0]']
c5_c (Conv2D)	(None, 16, 16, 256)	590080	['c5_b[0][0]']
u6_a (Conv2DTranspose)	(None, 32, 32, 128)	131200	['c5_c[0][0]']
u6_b (Concatenate)	(None, 32, 32, 256)	0	['u6_a[0][0]',

			'c4_c[0][0]'
c6_a (Conv2D)	(None, 32, 32, 128)	295040	['u6_b[0][0]']
c6_b (Dropout)	(None, 32, 32, 128)	0	['c6_a[0][0]']
c6_c (Conv2D)	(None, 32, 32, 128)	147584	['c6_b[0][0]']
u7_a (Conv2DTranspose)	(None, 64, 64, 64)	32832	['c6_c[0][0]']
u7_b (Concatenate)	(None, 64, 64, 128)	0	['u7_a[0][0]', 'c3_c[0][0]']
c7_a (Conv2D)	(None, 64, 64, 64)	73792	['u7_b[0][0]']
c7_b (Dropout)	(None, 64, 64, 64)	0	['c7_a[0][0]']
c7_c (Conv2D)	(None, 64, 64, 64)	36928	['c7_b[0][0]']
u8_a (Conv2DTranspose)	(None, 128, 128, 32)	8224	['c7_c[0][0]']
u8_b (Concatenate)	(None, 128, 128, 64)	0	['u8_a[0][0]', 'c2_c[0][0]']
c8_a (Conv2D)	(None, 128, 128, 32)	18464	['u8_b[0][0]']
c8_b (Dropout)	(None, 128, 128, 32)	0	['c8_a[0][0]']
c8_c (Conv2D)	(None, 128, 128, 32)	9248	['c8_b[0][0]']

```

u9_a (Conv2DTranspose)      (None, 256, 256, 16) 2064      ['c8_c[0][0]']
                             )

u9_b (Concatenate)         (None, 256, 256, 32) 0        ['u9_a[0][0]',
                             )                                'c1_c[0][0]']

c9_a (Conv2D)               (None, 256, 256, 16) 4624      ['u9_b[0][0]']
                             )

c9_b (Dropout)             (None, 256, 256, 16) 0        ['c9_a[0][0]']
                             )

c9_c (Conv2D)              (None, 256, 256, 16) 2320      ['c9_b[0][0]']
                             )

Output (Conv2D)            (None, 256, 256, 3) 51        ['c9_c[0][0]']

```

```

=====
=====
Total params: 1,941,139
Trainable params: 1,941,139
Non-trainable params: 0

```

---

## Conclusion

Due to usage restrictions - I am no longer able to use a GPU on the free tier of Google Drive. So, I will instead use the 3 models I just trained to investigate the success of the images and compare information