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Discrete model of circular plate

According to given initial conditions structure is circle width some amount of distributed load in center. Due to the symmetry of our structure, has to be studied only half of structure(fig.1).

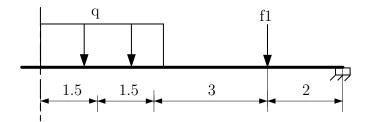


Figure 1: Schematic representation for half of structure

Developed discrete model of given structure consist 4 finite elements(fig.2), local displacements and moments of each element shown on figure 3, while global ones are on figure 4.



Figure 2: Coordinate scheme o finite elements

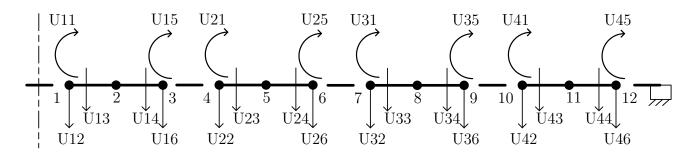


Figure 3: Local displacements and moments of each element

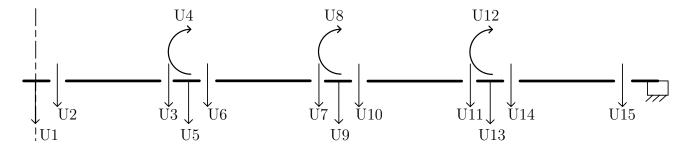


Figure 4: Global displacements and moments of each element

Compatibility matrix of displacements

It's based on the discrete model. It represents a relationship among the local and global displacements. We used 4 finite elements for each one has 6 local displacement and 5 nodes have total number of global displacements m=16. The final compatibility matrix of displacements are shown on figure 5, where rows are global displacements and columns are local displacements.

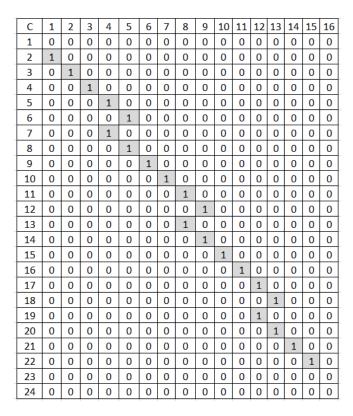


Figure 5: Compatibility matrix of displacements

Coefficient matrix of equilibrium equations

The matrix of the coefficients of the equilibrium equations for a ring element of a round plate is given in the table.

$$[\overline{A}_{k}] = 2\pi \begin{bmatrix} \rho_{k,1} & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 1.5 \frac{\rho_{k,1}}{b_{k}} - 1 & 1 & -2 \frac{\rho_{k,1}}{b_{k}} & 0 & \frac{\rho_{k,1}}{2b_{k}} & 0 \\ -\frac{\rho_{k,2}}{b_{k}} + 2 & -\frac{5}{6} & 2 \frac{\rho_{k,2}}{b_{k}} - 2 & \frac{2}{3} & -\frac{\rho_{k,2}}{b_{k}} & \frac{1}{6} \\ -\frac{\rho_{k,2}}{b_{k}} & -\frac{1}{6} & 2 \frac{\rho_{k,2}}{b_{k}} 2 & -\frac{2}{3} & -\frac{\rho_{k,2}}{b_{k}} - 2 & \frac{5}{6} \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & -\rho_{k,3} & 0 \\ \frac{\rho_{k,3}}{2b_{k}} & 0 & -2 \frac{\rho_{k,3}}{b_{k}} & 0 & 1 + 1.5 \frac{\rho_{k,3}}{b_{k}} & -1 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$(1)$$

 $A = [C]^T [\overline{A}]$ - equilibrium equation matrix, where:

 $[C]^T$ - is transpose of compatibility matrix of displacements [C]

[A] - is the matrix above in table

Calculation of the equilibrium equation matrix from Matlab

A =									
Columns 1	through 9								
-6.2832	6.2832	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
6.2832	-5.2360	0	4.1888	-6.2832	1.0472	0	0	0	
-6.2832	-1.0472	25.1327	-4.1888	-18.8496	5.2360	0	0	0	
0	0	0	0	-9.4248	0	9.4248	0	0	
6.2832	0	-25.1327	0	25.1327	-6.2832	12.5664	6.2832	-25.1327	
0	0	0	0	0	0	-6.2832	-5.2360	25.1327	
0	0	0	0	0	0	-18.8496	-1.0472	50.2655	
0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
0	0	0	0	0	0	12.5664	0	-50.2655	
0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
Columns 1	0 through	18							
0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
0	6.2832	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
4.1888	-18.8496	1.0472	0	0	0	0	0	0	
-4.1888	-31.4159	5.2360	0	0	0	0	0	0	
0	-18.8496	0	18.8496	0	0	0	0	0	
0	43.9823	-6.2832	12.5664	6.2832	-25.1327	0	6.2832	0	
0	0	0	-6.2832	-5.2360	25.1327	4.1888	-18.8496	1.0472	
0	0	0	-18.8496	-1.0472	50.2655	-4.1888	-31.4159	5.2360	
0	0	0	0	0	0	0	-37.6991	0	
0	0	0	12.5664	0	-50.2655	0	43.9823	-6.2832	
0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	

0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Columns 19	through	24						
0	0	0	0	0	0			
0	0	0	0	0	0			
0	0	0	0	0	0			
0	0	0	0	0	0			
0	0	0	0	0	0			
0	0	0	0	0	0			
0	0	0	0	0	0			
0	0	0	0	0	0			
0	0	0	0	0	0			
0	0	0	0	0	0			
0	0	0	0	0	0			
37.6991	0	0	0	0	0			
50.2655	6.2832	-75.3982	0	18.8496	0			
-31.4159	-5.2360	75.3982	4.1888	-43.9823	1.0472			
-43.9823	-1.0472	100.5310	-4.1888	-56.5487	5.2360			
0	0	0	0	0	0			

Flexibility matrix

To reduce the size of the matrix and ease of placing it in the report, the equations were replaced by j1, j2, j3, j4.

$$[D_{k}] = \frac{2\pi b_{k}}{15K_{k}(1-\nu_{k}^{2})} \begin{bmatrix} j_{2} & -\nu_{k}j_{2} & 2j_{1} & -2\nu_{k}j_{1} & -\rho_{k,2} & \nu_{k}\rho_{k,2} \\ j_{2} & -2\nu_{k}j_{1} & 2j_{1} & \nu_{k}\rho_{k,2} & -\rho_{k,2} \\ & & 16\rho_{k,2} & -16\nu_{k}\rho_{k,2} & 2j_{3} & -2\nu_{k}j_{3} \\ & & & 16\rho_{k,2} & -2\nu_{k}j_{3} & 2j_{3} \\ & & & & j_{4} & -\nu_{k}j_{4} \\ symm. & & & & j_{4} \end{bmatrix}$$

$$(2)$$

Where:

$$K_k = \frac{E_k t_k^3}{12(1-\nu_k^2)} \ j_1 = \rho_{k,2} - b_k$$

$$j_2 = 4\rho_{k,2} - 3b_k$$

$$j_3 = \rho_{k,2} + b_k$$

$$j_4 = 4\rho_{k,2} + 3b_k$$

Calculation of the flexibility matrix from Matlab

D =								
Columns 1	through 9							
0.0001	-0.0000	0	0	-0.0001	0.0000	0	0	0
-0.0000	0.0001	0	0	0.0000	-0.0001	0	0	0
0	0	0.0017	-0.0005	0.0004	-0.0001	0	0	0
0	0	-0.0005	0.0017	-0.0001	0.0004	0	0	0
-0.0001	0.0000	0.0004	-0.0001	0.0008	-0.0002	0	0	0
0.0000	-0.0001	-0.0001	0.0004	-0.0002	0.0008	0	0	0
0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0010	-0.0003	0.0004
0	0	0	0	0	0	-0.0003	0.0010	-0.0001
0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0004	-0.0001	0.0052
0	0	0	0	0	0	-0.0001	0.0004	-0.0016
0	0	0	0	0	0	-0.0003	0.0001	0.0009
0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0001	-0.0003	-0.0003
0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Columns 10	0 through 1	18						
0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0

•	0	^	^	•	•	0	^	^
0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
-0.0001	-0.0003	0.0001	0	0	0	0	0	0
0.0004	0.0001	-0.0003	0	0	0	0	0	0
-0.0016	0.0009	-0.0003	0	0	0	0	0	0
0.0052	-0.0003	0.0009	0	0	0	0	0	0
-0.0003	0.0016	-0.0005	0	0	0	0	0	0
0.0009	-0.0005	0.0016	0	0	0	0	0	0
0	0	0	0.0039	-0.0012	0.0017	-0.0005	-0.0013	0.0004
0	0	0	-0.0012	0.0039	-0.0005	0.0017	0.0004	-0.0013
0	0	0	0.0017	-0.0005	0.0207	-0.0062	0.0034	-0.0010
0	0	0	-0.0005	0.0017	-0.0062	0.0207	-0.0010	0.0034
0	0	0	-0.0013	0.0004	0.0034	-0.0010	0.0065	-0.0019
0	0	0	0.0004	-0.0013	-0.0010	0.0034	-0.0019	0.0065
0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Columns 19	through	24						
0	0	0	0	0	0			
0	0	0	0	0	0			
0	0	0	0	0	0			
0	0	0	0	0	0			
0	0	0	0	0	0			
0	0	0	0	0	0			
0	0	0	0	0	0			
0	0	0	0	0	0			
0	0	0	0	0	0			
0	0	0	0	0	0			
0	0	0	0	0	0			
0	0	0	0	0	0			
0	0	0	0	0	0			
0	0	0	0	0	0			
0	0	0	0	0	0			
0	0	0	0	0	0			
0	0	0	0	0	0			
0	0	0	0	0	0			
0.0048	-0.0014	0.0023	-0.0007	-0.0013	0.0004			
-0.0014	0.0048	-0.0007	0.0023	0.0004	-0.0013			
0.0023	-0.0007	0.0214	-0.0064	0.0031	-0.0009			
-0.0007	0.0023	-0.0064	0.0214	-0.0009	0.0031			
-0.0013	0.0004	0.0031	-0.0009	0.0059	-0.0018			
0.0004	-0.0013	-0.0009	0.0031	-0.0018	0.0059			

External load vector

Vector of external forces for node described as:

$$\{F_k\} = \frac{2\pi b_k \rho_k}{3} \begin{Bmatrix} 3\rho_{k,2} - b_k \\ 3\rho_{k,2} + b_k \end{Bmatrix} = \{\eta_k\} \rho_k \tag{3}$$

$$[F] = [F_o] + [C]^T [F_p], \text{ where:}$$

 $[F_o] = f_1 2\pi R_{f1}$

 f_1 – value of external force which correspond u_1

 R_{f_1} - coordinate where is m_1

 $[F_p]$ - represent the equivalent of distributed loads.

 $[C]^T$ - is transpose of compatibility matrix of displacements [C]

The results of global displacements are shown as following:

$$[U] = \{ [A][D]^{-1} \}^{-1} [A]^T [F]$$
(4)

Where:

A - coefficient matrix of equilibrium equations

 $[A]^T$ - transpose coefficient matrix of equilibrium equations

[D]: flexibility matrix

[F] - External load vector

Uglob = 0.9698

0.9776

0.9305

-0.0618

0.9228

0.9294

0.7959

-0.1130

0.7897

0.7993

0.3667

-0.1702

0.3509 0.3488

0.0026

-0.1743

The results of internal forces are shown as following:

$$[S] = [D]^{-1}[A]^{T}[U]$$
(5)

Where:

[D] - flexibility matrix

 $[A]^T$ - transpose coefficient matrix of equilibrium equations

 $\left[U\right]$ - global displacements

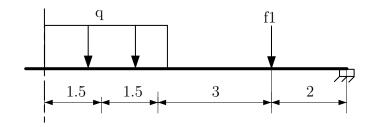
Results of internal forces (S) consists of M_{ρ} and moments M_{φ} . Schema have 24 values of internal forces (S) it's divided into: 12 values of moment M_{ρ} and 12 values of moments M_{φ} . In the matlab command $M_{\rho} = S(1:2:end)$ means to take the 1st value of (S), 3rd, 5th, 7 th till end. All those values belong to moment M_{ρ} . For $M_{\varphi} = S(2:2:end)$ means to take the 2nd value of (S), 4th, 6th.....till end.

M_Ro =
132.3830
130.0626
123.1017
123.1017
111.5001
95.2580
95.2580
67.9050
49.2954
49.2954
22.2194
0.0000

M_fi =
132.3830
131.0470
127.0392
127.0392
120.3595
111.0080
121.8088
88.9612
82.3435
82.2697
59.6855
51.6711

Internal forces and displacements

The equilibrium of finite element method used to solve the mentioned annular plate. The results were obtained from a MATLAB commands. Based on these calculations, the results shows the internal forces and the a distribution of global displacements along our structure. The results shows that the maximum displacement was $U=969.8~\mathrm{mm}$ in the direction gravity. The allowable displacement was $U=L/250=64~\mathrm{mm}$ so, the verification was correct based on the current geometry and material properties. Some parametric analysis were done for plate thickness as a very important parameter to reduce the displacement values.



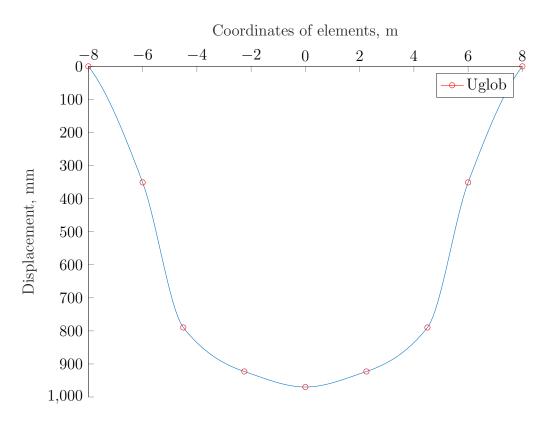


Figure 6: Global displacement across plate

um_mm = 969.7797 922.7799 789.6782 350.9039

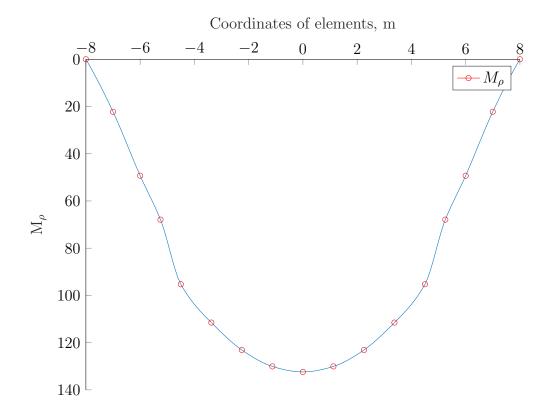


Figure 7: M_{ρ} across plate

M_Ro =
132.3830
130.0626
123.1017
123.1017
111.5001
95.2580
95.2580
67.9050
49.2954
49.2954
22.2194
0.0000

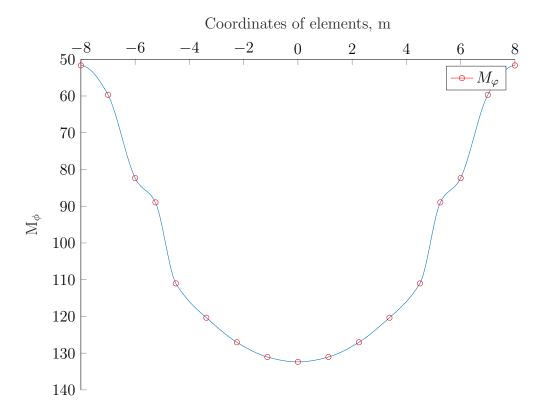


Figure 8: M_{φ} across plate

M_fi =
132.3830
131.0470
127.0392
127.0392
120.3595
111.0080
121.8088
88.9612
82.3435
82.2697
59.6855
51.6711

Code listing

Main function

```
1 close all; clc; clear;
2 format compact;
3 addpath('../matlab2tikz/');
4\% initial data
5 \text{ q.LOAD } =20; \% \text{ KN/m}
6 f = 20; \% KN
7 L=16; % span length m
8 h=0.05; \% thickness of plate
9 E=210e6; \% modulus of elastisty kPa
10 \text{ v} = .3; \% \text{ poisson 's ratio}
11 %
12 r=L/2; % radius of plate
13 B=[1.5 1.5 3 2]; %vector of elements lengths, meters
14 no_FE=length(B); % Number of plate finite elements, as length of vector with
      elements lengths
15 b=B/2; % half of elements lengths
16 coords = zeros(no_FE,3); %filling matrix (number of elements by 3) by zeros
17 coords (1,2)=B(1)/2;% coordinate of half of first element
18 coords (1,3)=B(1); % coordinate of end of first element
19 for i=2:no_FE% loop over coordinates matrix, "i" is current element, "i-1" is
      previous element
20
       coords (i,1)=coords (i-1,3); %start coordinate as end coordinate of previous
           element
21
       coords (i,2)=coords (i - 1,3) + B(i)/2; %half coordinate as end coordinate of
           previous element plus half length of current element
22
       coords (i,3) = coords (i - 1,3) + B(i); %end coordinate as end coordinate of
           previous element plus length of current element
23 end
24 saveAsFileDairy('coords', coords);
25 no-of-local-dis=6; % Number of local displacements
26 no_of_global_dis=16; % Number of global displacements
27 % 2. Compatibality matrix C
28 % for the first FE
29 c_1stcompatipality_matrix=zeros(no_of_local_dis,no_of_global_dis);
30 c_1stcompatipality_matrix (2:6,1:5)=eye(5);
31 % for the Second FE
32 c_2ndcompatipality_matrix=zeros(no_of_local_dis,no_of_global_dis);
33 c_2ndcompatipality_matrix (1:6,4:9)=eye(6);
34 \% for the third FE
35 c_3rdcompatipality_matrix=zeros(no_of_local_dis,no_of_global_dis);
36 \text{ c}_3 \text{rdcompatipality\_matrix} (1:6,8:13) = \text{eye}(6);
37 % for the 4th FE
38 c_4thcompatipality_matrix=zeros(no_of_local_dis,no_of_global_dis);
39 c_4thcompatipality_matrix (1:5, 12:16) = eye(5);
40 % the total compatibality matrix of displacements
41 C=[c_1stcompatipality_matrix; c_2ndcompatipality_matrix; c_3rdcompatipality_matrix;
      c_4thcompatipality_matrix];
42 \% saveAsFileDairy('C', C);
43 %4. Matrix of equilibrium equantions A
44 for k=1:no<sub>-</sub>FE
45 \text{ A_matrix} = \text{getAmtx}(\text{coords}(k,1), \text{coords}(k,2), \text{coords}(k,3), \text{b}(k));
46 A_{-}(k*6-5:k*6,k*6-5:k*6) = 2*pi*A_{-}matrix;
47 end
48 A=C'*A_-;
```

```
49 saveAsFileDairy('A', A);
50 % % 5. Flexibility MATRIX OF D
51 for k=1:no<sub>-</sub>FE
52 \text{ Rok2=coords}(k,2);
53 \text{ bk=b(k)};
54 \text{ D-matrix} = \text{getDmtx}(\text{coords}(k,2), b(k), v);
55 K. k=E*h^3/(12*(1-v^2));
56 D_{(k*6-5:k*6,k*6-5:k*6)} = (2*pi*bk/(15*K.k*(1-v^2)))*D_{matrix};
57 end
58 saveAsFileDairy('D', D_);
59~\%~\%~6. EXTERNAL LOAD VICTOR F
60 Fo=zeros (no_of_global_dis ,1);
61 \text{ Rof} = 6:
62 Fo (13) = f *2*pi*Rof;
63 % Rof coordinate where f
64 % Fkp is nodal external load vector which is equivilant to distributed load of
         the kth element
65
    q_Load_vector = [20 \ 20 \ 0 \ 0];
    for k=1:no_FE
67
         bk=b(k);
68
         q=q_Load_vector(k);
69
         Rok2 = coords(k, 2);
70
         Fk = (2 * pi * bk / 3) * q * [3 * Rok2 - bk; 3 * Rok2 + bk];
71
         Fp = [0; 0; Fk; 0; 0];
72
         Fp_{-}(6*k-5:k*6,1)=Fp;
73 end
74 F=Fo+C'* Fp_;
75 saveAsFileDairy('F', F);
77 Uglob=\mathbf{inv}(A*\mathbf{inv}(D_{-})*A')*F;
78 saveAsFileDairy('Uglob', Uglob);
80 S=\mathbf{inv}(D_{-})*A'*Uglob;
81 saveAsFileDairy('S', S);
83 M_Ro=S(1:2:end);
84 saveAsFileDairy('M_Ro', M_Ro);
86 M_fi=S(2:2:end);
87 saveAsFileDairy('M_fi', M_fi);
89 um_mm = 1000*[Uglob(1:4:end);0];
90 saveAsFileDairy('um_mm', um_mm);
91 \% \ xcoord = [0; coords(1:end,3)];
92 % figure (1);
93 % plot(xcoord, um_mm, 'DisplayName', 'Uglob');
94 % xlabel ('Coordinates of elements, m')
95 % ylabel ('Displacement, m')
96 % set (gca, 'XAxisLocation', 'top', 'YAxisLocation', 'left', 'ydir', 'reverse');
97 % matlab2tikz('um_mm.tex', 'showInfo', false);
98 u_allowable=16/250*1000;
99 saveAsFile('u_allowable', u_allowable);
100 fullCoord = [-8; -6; -4.5; -2.25; 0; 2.25; 4.5; 6; 8];
101 plotU(fullCoord, um_mm, 1, true);
102 plotMfi(fullCoord, M_fi,3, true);
103 plotMro(fullCoord, M_Ro, 2, true);
```

getAmtx function

```
1 function A<sub>matrix</sub> = getAmtx(Rok1, Rok2, Rok3, bk)
            A_{\text{matrix}} = \mathbf{zeros}(6,6);
 3
            A_{\text{-}}matrix (1,1) = \text{Rok}1;
 4
            A_{\text{matrix}}(2,1) = 1.5 * \text{Rok}1/\text{bk}-1;
 5
            A_{\text{matrix}}(2,2) = 1;
 6
            A_{\text{matrix}}(2,3) = -2*\text{Rok}1/\text{bk};
 7
            A_{\text{matrix}}(2,5) = \text{Rok}1/(2*bk);
 8
            A_{\text{matrix}}(3,1) = -\text{Rok}2/\text{bk}+2;
 9
            A_{\text{-}}matrix (3,2) = -5/6;
            A_{\text{matrix}}(3,3) = 2*\text{Rok}2/\text{bk}-2;
10
11
            A_{\text{matrix}}(3,4) = 2/3;
12
            A_{\text{matrix}}(3,5) = -\text{Rok}2/\text{bk};
13
            A_{\text{-}}matrix (3,6) = 1/6;
            A_{\text{matrix}}(4,1) = -\text{Rok}2/\text{bk};
14
15
            A_{\text{-}}matrix (4,2) = -1/6;
16
            A_{\text{matrix}}(4,3) = 2*\text{Rok}2/\text{bk}+2;
17
            A_{\text{-}}matrix (4,4) = -2/3;
            A_{\text{matrix}}(4,5) = -\text{Rok}2/\text{bk}-2;
18
19
            A_{\text{matrix}}(4,6) = 5/6;
20
            A_{\text{matrix}}(5,5) = -\text{Rok}3;
21
            A_{\text{matrix}}(6,1) = \text{Rok}3/(2*bk);
22
            A_{\text{matrix}}(6,3) = -2*\text{Rok}3/\text{bk};
23
            A_{\text{matrix}}(6,5) = 1 + 1.5 * \text{Rok} 3 / \text{bk};
24
            A_{\text{-}}matrix (6,6)=-1;
25 end
```

getDmtx function

```
1 function D_matrix = getDmtx(Rok2, bk, v)
          j1=Rok2-bk;
 3
          j2=4*Rok2-3*bk;
 4
          j3=Rok2+bk;
 5
          j4 = 4*Rok2 + 3*bk;
 6
          D_{\text{matrix}}(1,1)=j2;
 7
          D_{\text{matrix}}(1,2) = v * j2;
 8
          D_{\text{matrix}}(1,3) = 2*i1;
          D_{\text{matrix}}(1,4) = -2*v*j1;
 9
          D_{\text{-}}matrix (1,5) = -\text{Rok}2;
10
11
          D_{\text{matrix}}(1,6) = v * \text{Rok}2;
12
          D_{\text{matrix}}(2,1)=D_{\text{matrix}}(1,2);
13
          D_{\text{matrix}}(2,2)=j2;
          D_{\text{matrix}}(2,3) = -2*v*j1;
14
15
          D_{\text{matrix}}(2,4) = 2*j1;
16
          D_{\text{matrix}}(2,5) = v * \text{Rok}2;
17
          D_{\text{matrix}}(2,6) = -\text{Rok}2;
          D_{\text{matrix}}(3,1) = D_{\text{matrix}}(1,3);
18
19
          D_{\text{matrix}}(3,2) = D_{\text{matrix}}(2,3);
20
          D_{\text{matrix}}(3,3) = 16*Rok2;
21
          D_{\text{-}}matrix(3,4) = -16*v*Rok2;
22
          D_{\text{matrix}}(3,5) = 2*j3;
23
          D_{\text{matrix}}(3,6) = -2 * v * j3;
24
          D_{\text{matrix}}(4,1) = D_{\text{matrix}}(1,4);
25
          D_{\text{matrix}}(4,2) = D_{\text{matrix}}(2,4);
26
          D_{\text{matrix}}(4,3) = D_{\text{matrix}}(3,4);
27
          D_{\text{matrix}}(4,4) = 16 * \text{Rok}2;
28
          D_{\text{matrix}}(4,5) = -2*v*j3;
29
          D_{\text{matrix}}(4,6) = 2*j3;
30
          D_{\text{matrix}}(5,1) = D_{\text{matrix}}(1,5);
31
          D_{\text{matrix}}(5,2) = D_{\text{matrix}}(2,5);
32
          D_{\text{matrix}}(5,3) = D_{\text{matrix}}(3,5);
33
          D_{\text{matrix}}(5,4) = D_{\text{matrix}}(4,5);
34
          D_{\text{matrix}}(5,5)=j4;
35
          D_{\text{-}}matrix(5,6) = -v * j4;
36
          D_{\text{matrix}}(6,1)=D_{\text{matrix}}(1,6);
37
          D_{\text{matrix}}(6,2) = D_{\text{matrix}}(2,6);
38
          D_{\text{matrix}}(6,3) = D_{\text{matrix}}(3,6);
39
          D_{\text{matrix}}(6,4) = D_{\text{matrix}}(4,6);
40
          D_{\text{matrix}}(6,5) = D_{\text{matrix}}(5,6);
41
          D_{\text{matrix}}(6,6) = j4;
42 end
```