

## NUCL 40200 Engineering of Nuclear Power Systems

### Assignment 6

(Problems are from Todreas and Kazimi book Edition 2)

- (1) A typical primary system pump in a three loop PWR operates at a head of 100 m and flow rate of 7500 kg/s. How much power is required for the pump in steady state if the pump efficiency  $\eta$  is 85%. What percent is pump power with respect to power produced by plant? Assume plant power of 1000 MWe.

*Ans :*  
 $8.7 \times 10^6 \text{ W}$

- (2) Minimum CPR in BWR:

Calculate the minimum CPR for atypical 1062 MWe BWR operating at 100% power using data in Appendix K. Assume that:

1. Axial linear power shape can be expressed as

$$q'(z) = q'_{ref} \exp(-\alpha z/L) \sin \pi z/L$$

where  $\alpha = 1.96$ . determine  $q'_{ref}$  such that  $q'_{max} = 47.24 \text{ kW/m}$

2. The critical bundle power is 9319 kW.

*Ans:*  
 $q'_{ref} = 104.75 \text{ kW/m}$   
 $MCPR = 1.28$

- (3) Primary system cooling for a PWR reactor:

Calculate the pumping power under steady state operating conditions for typical PWR reactor coolant system using only the following operating conditions:

Core power = 3411 MW th

$\Delta T_{core} = 33.7 \text{ C}$

$T_{IN} = 293 \text{ C}$

$P = 15.5 \text{ MPa}$

Reactor coolant system pressure drop = 778 kPa

Pump efficiency = 85%.

*Ans:*  
 $\text{Pumping power} = 21.8 \text{ MWe}$

- (4) Using Equation 3.70c or 3.70d, evaluate the energy generated in a 3411 MWth PWR after the reactor shuts down. The reactor operated for 1 year at the equivalent of 75% of total power.

Consider the following time periods after shutdown:

- (a) 1 h, (b) 1 day, (c) 1 month and (d) 1 year

*Ans:*  
(a)  $0.128 \text{ TJ}$  ( $1 \text{ TJ} = 10^{12} \text{ J}$ ), (b)  $1.42 \text{ TJ}$ , (c)  $14.8 \text{ TJ}$ .