

ZIP/LISTS/TUPLES

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TUPLES

- * Tuples are almost exactly like lists, but they can't be changed (no append, insert, or delete)
- * iow, tuples are “immutable”
- * (1,2,3) is a tuple
- * 1,2,3 is also a tuple (the parentheses are implicit)

ZIP

* given (for example) two lists:

`[1,2,3]` and `['a', 'b', 'c']`

zip returns three tuples:

`[(1,'a'), (2,'b'), (3,'c')]`

* *(ok that's a lie it actually returns a generator but that's complicated and we're not going to talk deeply about it yet or maybe ever)*

ZIP

* `list(zip("zpi mzn", "i saaig")) => ???`

ZIP

- * zip can operate on an arbitrary number of inputs:
- * `list(zip([1,2,3], [4,5,6], [7,8,9], [10,11,12]))`
- * `=> [(1, 4, 7, 10), (2, 5, 8, 11), (3, 6, 9, 12)]`

ENUMERATE

- * Given a list (e.g. ["occipital", "parietal", "frontal", "temporal"]),

`enumerate` returns four tuples:

```
[(0, "occipital"), (1, "parietal"), (2, "frontal"), (3, "temporal")]
```

- * *(again, kind of a lie but deal with it)*

ENUMERATE

- * This is very useful if you need access to both an element of a list and to its index. For example:
- *

```
filenames = ["file1.txt", ...]  
for fi, fname in enumerate(filenames):  
    print("loading file " + str(fi))  
...
```

TUPLE UNPACKING

- * `l = ["adora", "bow", "catra"]`

- * *What does this do?*

- * `a, b, c = l`

TUPLE UNPACKING

- * `l = ["adora", "bow", "catra"]`

- * *What about:*

- * `a, b, c, d = l`

- * `a, b = l`

LIST COMPREHENSIONS

- * List comprehensions let you cram an entire for loop into one line of code (while staying really understandable!)
- * e.g. `[x**2 for x in [1,2,3,4,5]]`

LIST COMPREHENSIONS

- * List comprehensions can be nested
- *

```
list1 = [1,2,3]  
list2 = [4,5,6]  
[[a*b for a in list1] for b in list2]
```
- * => ?

LIST COMPREHENSIONS

- * List comprehensions can be nested
- *
`list1 = [1,2,3]`
`list2 = [4,5,6]`
`[[a*b for a in list1] for b in list2]`
- * `=> [[4, 8, 12], [5, 10, 15], [6, 12, 18]]`

LIST COMPREHENSION

```
* ''.join([''.join(s) for s in  
          zip("zpi mzn", "i saaig")])
```

PUTTING IT ALL TOGETHER

- * when zip, list comprehensions, and unpacking combine, they make *magic*

PUTTING IT ALL TOGETHER

- * `list1 = [2,4,6,8,10]`
`list2 = [1,3,5,7,9]`
- * How do we compute the product of each pair of elements (e.g. `list1[0]*list2[0]`, etc.)?

PUTTING IT ALL TOGETHER

```
* list1 = [2,4,6,8,10]  
list2 = [1,3,5,7,9]
```

```
[x*y for x,y in zip(list1, list2)]  
=> [2, 12, 30, 56, 90]
```


END