NEUROSCIENCE IV

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LAST TIME

- * cortex
- * cortical cell types
- * methods
 - * lesions

TODAY

- * methods
 - * lesions
 - * neurophysiology
- * cortical maps
- * receptive fields

METHODS

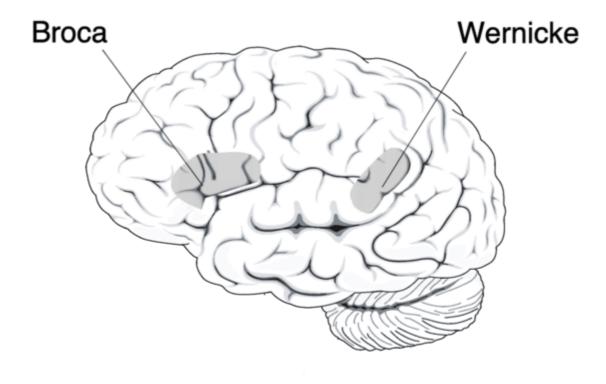
- * Break it
- * Measure it

LESIONS

- * First scientific way to study human brain function
- * Led to idea of localization of function
 - * The brain is divided into parts or areas
 - * What is the function of each area?

LESIONS

* Broca's aphasia: the inability to produce fluent speech





Paul Broca (1824-1880)

Example: https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=JWC-cVQmEmY

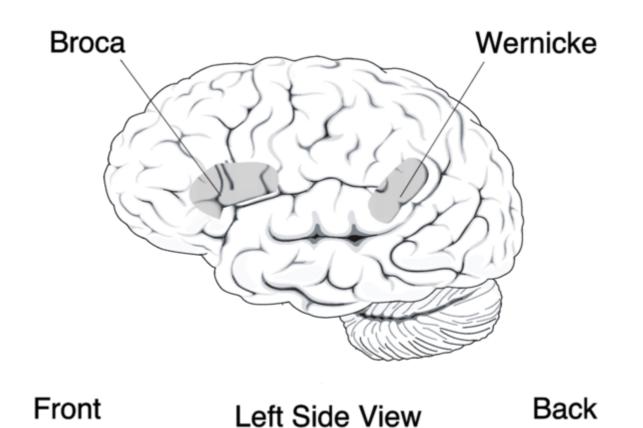
Front

Left Side View

Back

LESIONS

* Wernicke's aphasia: the inability to understand speech

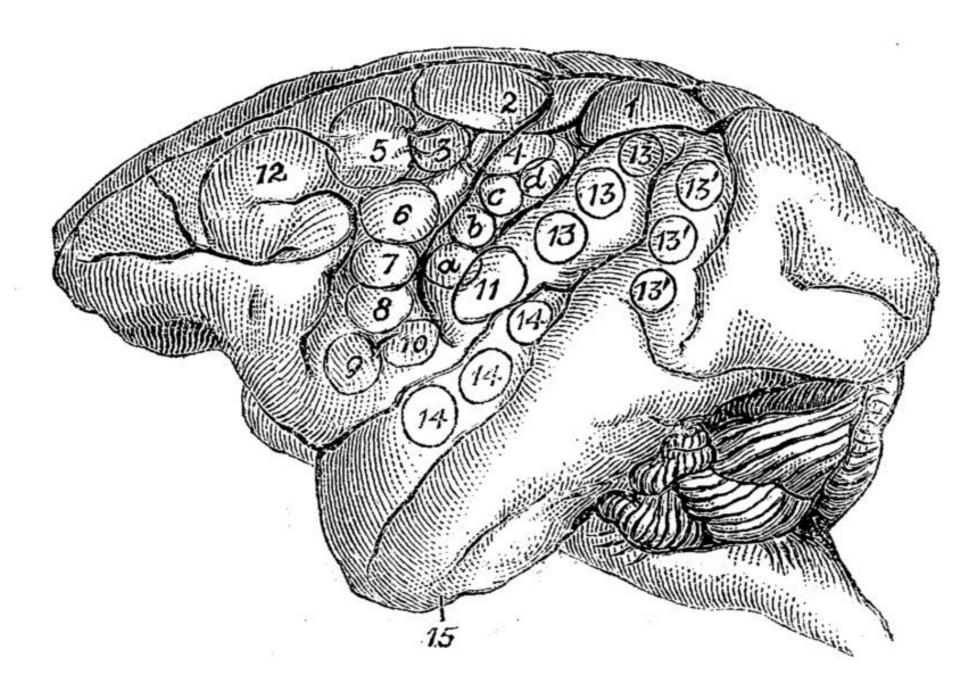




Carl Wernicke (1848-1905)

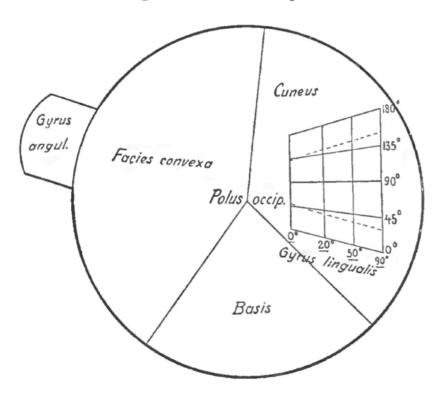
Example: https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=3oef68YabD0

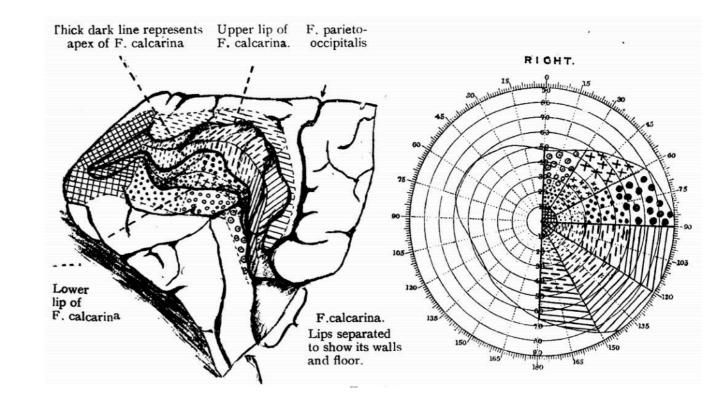
SOMATOTOPIC MAPS



RETINOTOPIC MAPS

Fig. 39. Flächentreue Darstellung der linken Haupt- und Nebensehsphäre.





RETINOTOPIC MAPS

* https://gallantlab.org/pycortex/ retinotopy demo/

LESION DISCUSSION

- * There are many problems with using lesions to interpret & understand brain function
- * Can you think of some? Discuss with your neighbors for 2 minutes

METHODS

- * Break it
- * Measure it

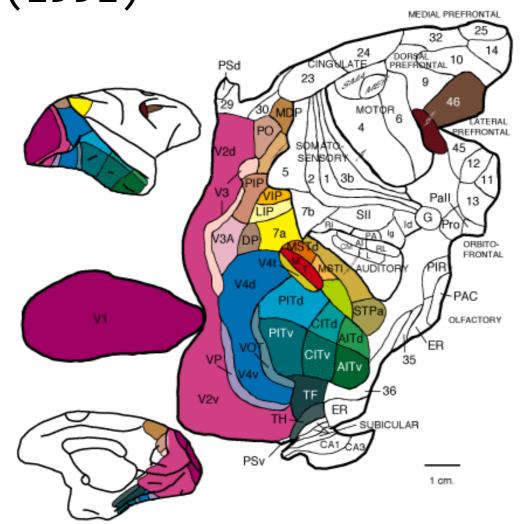
MEASURE WHAT?

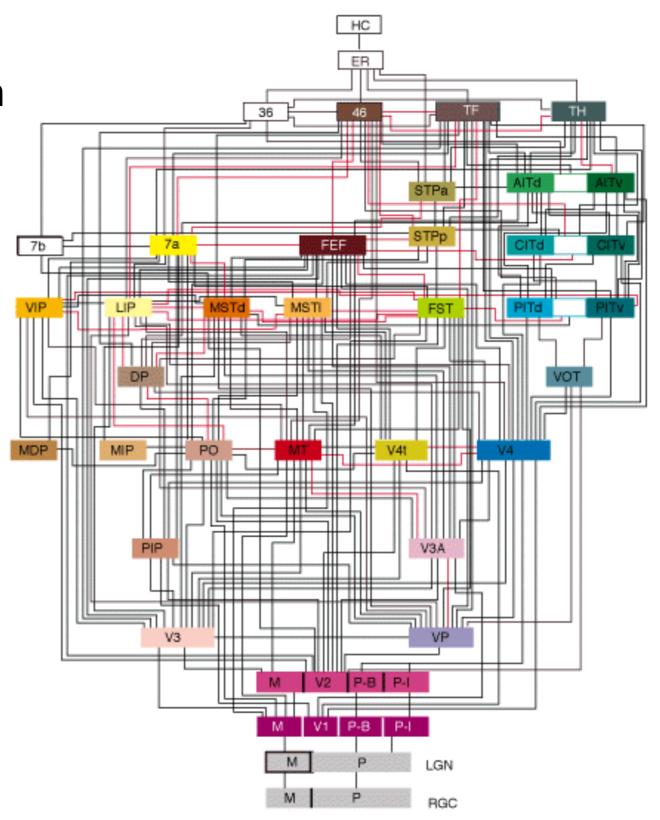
- * Anatomy
- * Connectivity
- * Function

CONNECTIVITY

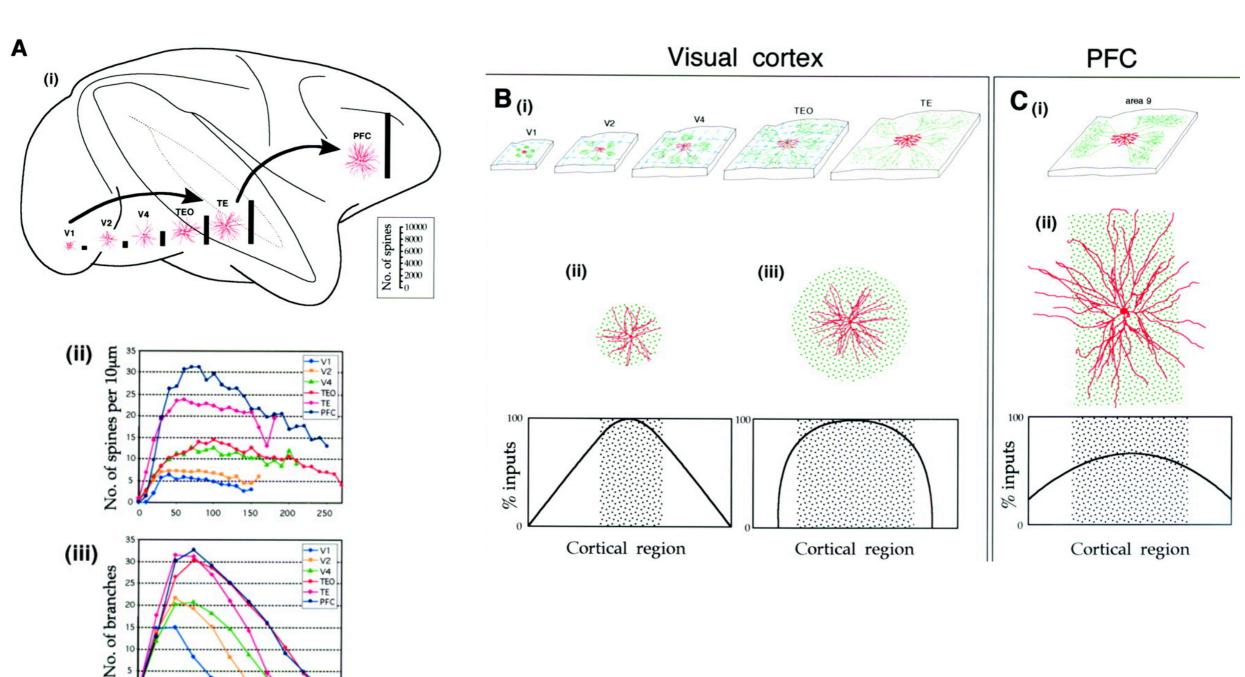
* Connectivity of areas in macaque visual cortex

* Felleman & Van Essen (1991)





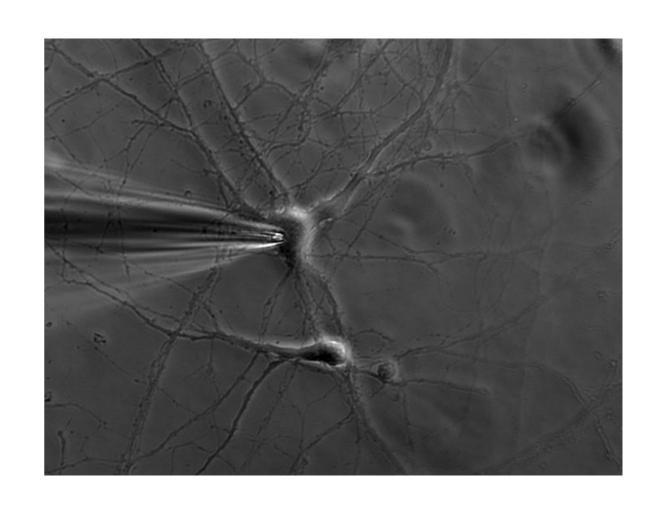
(MORPHOLOGY AGAIN)

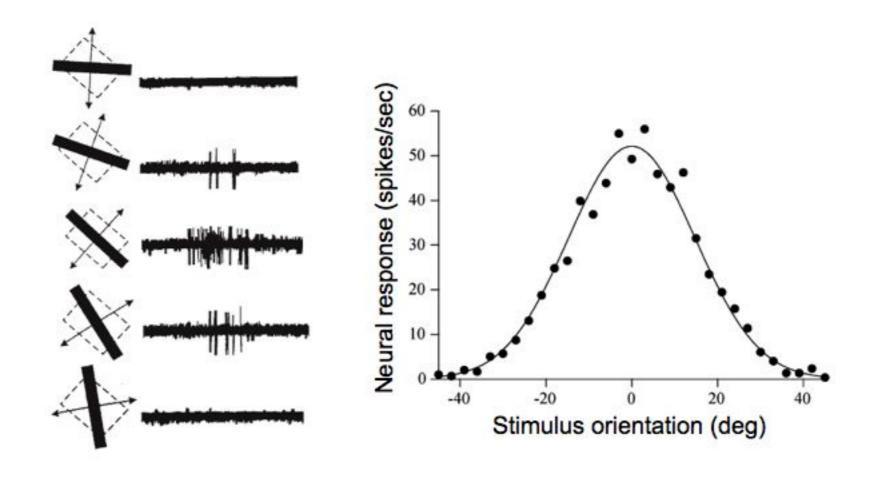


100

150 Distance from soma (µm)

* It's possible to measure the activity of a single neuron using an **electrode**

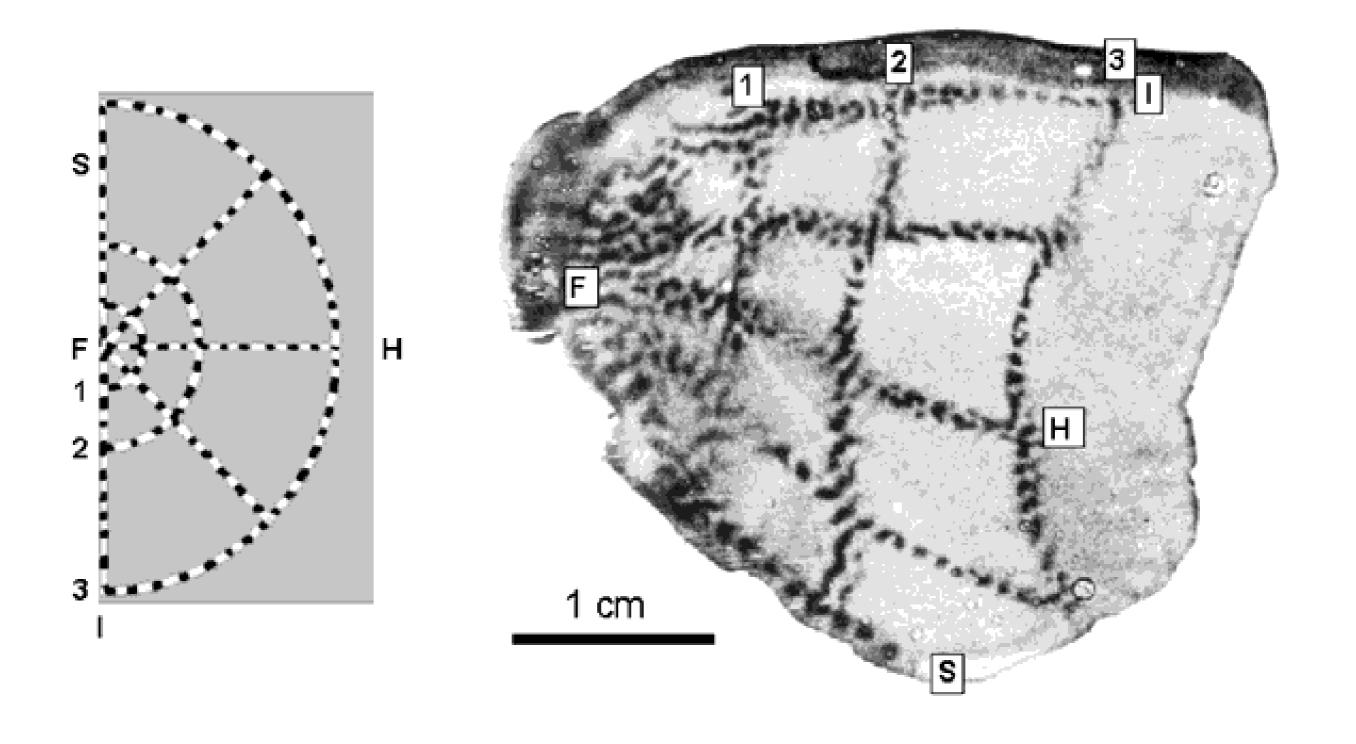




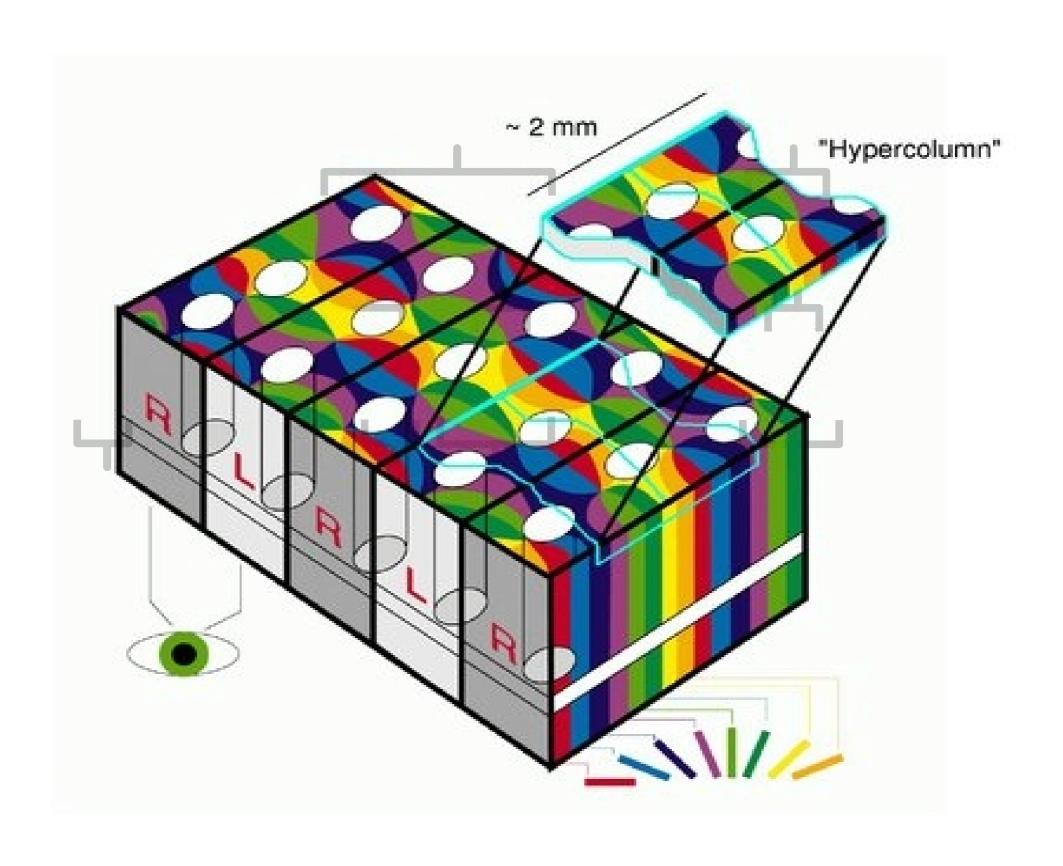
- * Individual neurons can be characterized as having receptive fields
 - * A receptive field is the **stimulus subspace** that **elicits activity** in a neuron

- * Neurophysiology can also be used to reveal cortical maps
 - * Nearby neurons have similar receptive fields

Retinotopic map in primary visual cortex



Many dimensions are coded at each position



RECAP

- * methods
 - * lesions
 - * neurophysiology
- * cortical maps
- * receptive fields

NEXT TIME

* neuroscience methods & limitations