

# Libchart

*Simple PHP chart drawing library*

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## 1. How to Create a vertical bar chart

### 1.1 Create a bar chart object

We first include the chart library in our project, and then create a chart object of dimensions 500 x 250 pixels. If not specified, the image dimensions will be defaulted to sensible values. There are currently 4 types of charts : *VerticalBarChart*, *HorizontalBarChart*, *LineChart* and *PieChart*.

```
include "libchart/libchart.php";

$chart = new VerticalBarChart(500, 250);
```

### 1.2 Create some bars

We add 4 bars to our chart. For that we create a *data set* and add some bars to it. Each bar is a (*label*, *value*) couple, that we call here a *Point*.

```
$dataSet = new XYDataSet();
$dataSet->addPoint(new Point("Jan 2005", 273));
$dataSet->addPoint(new Point("Feb 2005", 321));
$dataSet->addPoint(new Point("March 2005", 442));
$dataSet->addPoint(new Point("April 2005", 711));
```

Then we link the data set to the chart:

```
$chart->setDataSet($dataSet);
```

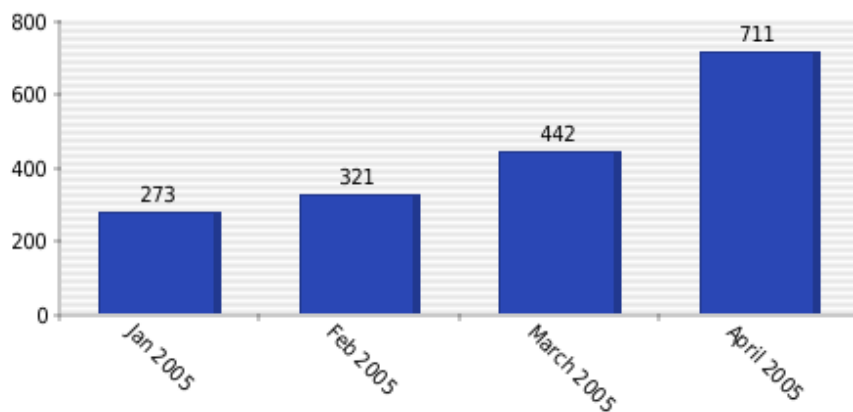
### 1.3 Display the chart

We set the title and then render the chart to a PNG image.

```
$chart->setTitle("Monthly usage for www.example.com");
$chart->render("generated/demo1.png");
```



Monthly usage for www.example.com



...et voilà!

## 2. How to create a horizontal bar chart

Creating a horizontal bar chart is similar to the previous example.

Here is the source code and the corresponding result.

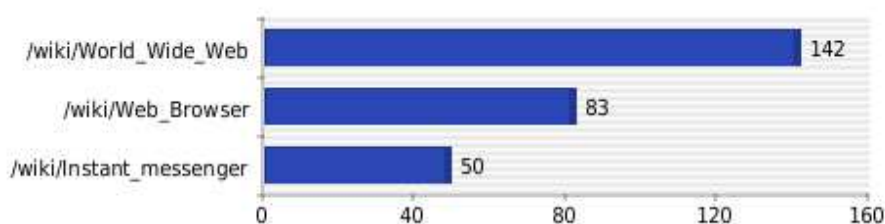
```
$chart = new HorizontalBarChart(500, 170);

$dataSet = new XYDataSet();
$dataSet->addPoint(new Point("/wiki/Instant_messenger", 50));
$dataSet->addPoint(new Point("/wiki/Web_Browser", 83));
$dataSet->addPoint(new Point("/wiki/World_Wide_Web", 142));
$chart->setDataSet($dataSet);

$chart->setTitle("Most visited pages for www.example.com");
$chart->render("generated/demo2.png");
```



Most visited pages for www.example.com



## 3. How to create a pie chart

In order to create a pie chart, we enter 3 points and their associated absolute values. Corresponding percentages are computed automatically.

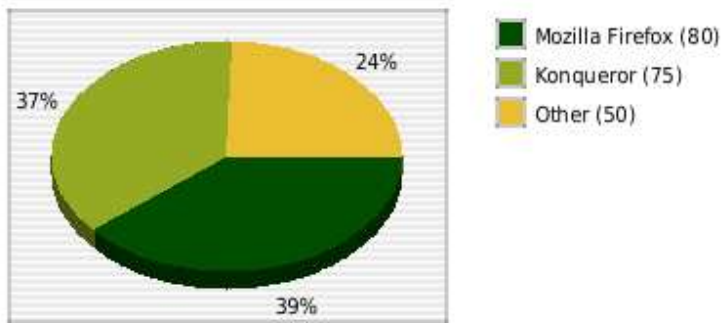
```
$chart = new PieChart(500, 250);

$dataSet = new XYDataSet();
$dataSet->addPoint(new Point("Mozilla Firefox (80)", 80));
$dataSet->addPoint(new Point("Konqueror (75)", 75));
$dataSet->addPoint(new Point("Other (50)", 50));
$chart->setDataSet($dataSet);

$chart->setTitle("User agents for www.example.com");
$chart->render("generated/demo3.png");
```



User agents for www.example.com



## 4. How to create a multiple line chart

We already saw how to create a *XYDataSet*. There is another kind of dataset, *XYSeriesDataSet*, which allows for several lines/bars concurrently. A *XYSeriesDataSet* is really a container for several *XYDataSet*. Here is how it goes:

### 4.1 Create some series

We create several *XYDataSets* as earlier.

```
include "../libchart/classes/libchart.php";

$chart = new LineChart(500, 250);

$serie1 = new XYDataSet();
$serie1->addPoint(new Point("06-01", 273));
$serie1->addPoint(new Point("06-02", 421));
$serie1->addPoint(new Point("06-03", 642));
$serie1->addPoint(new Point("06-04", 799));
$serie1->addPoint(new Point("06-05", 1009));
$serie1->addPoint(new Point("06-06", 1106));

$serie2 = new XYDataSet();
$serie2->addPoint(new Point("06-01", 280));
$serie2->addPoint(new Point("06-02", 300));
$serie2->addPoint(new Point("06-03", 212));
$serie2->addPoint(new Point("06-04", 542));
$serie2->addPoint(new Point("06-05", 600));
$serie2->addPoint(new Point("06-06", 850));
```

### 4.2 Create a XYSeriesDataSet

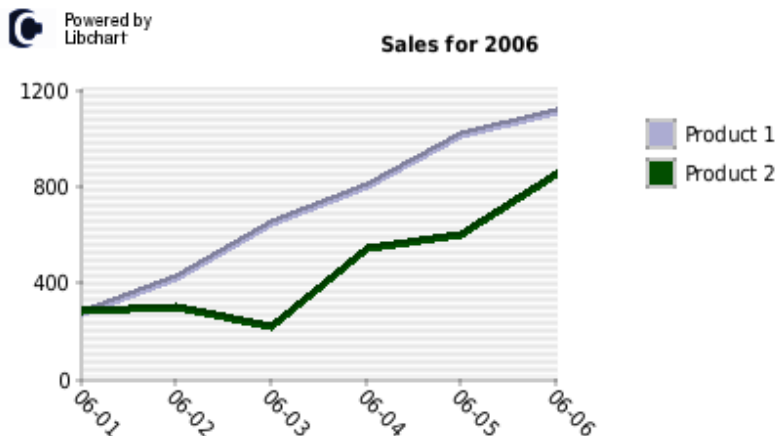
Then we create a *XYSeriesDataSet* and add our two series to it. Then we link our main data set to the chart.

```
$dataSet = new XYSeriesDataSet();
$dataSet->addSerie("Product 1", $serie1);
$dataSet->addSerie("Product 2", $serie2);
$chart->setDataSet($dataSet);
```

### 4.3 Render the chart

We render the chart as usual:

```
$chart->setTitle("Sales for 2006");
$chart->render("generated/demo4.png");
```



You can try out *XYSeriesDataSet* in conjunction with *HorizontalBarChart* and *VerticalBarChart* too!

## 5. How to customize

### 5.1 Changing the colors

We can change the colors for each type of chart via the *Palette* object.

Let's go back to the previous Pie Chart code, and tweak it a bit!

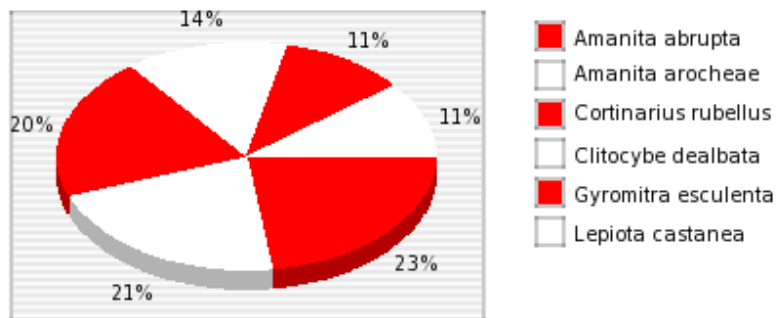
```
$chart = new PieChart(500, 250);

$chart->getPlot()->getPalette()->setPieColor(array(
    new Color(255, 0, 0),
    new Color(255, 255, 255)
));

$dataSet = new XYDataSet();
$dataSet->addPoint(new Point("Amanita abrupta", 80));
$dataSet->addPoint(new Point("Amanita arocheae", 75));
$dataSet->addPoint(new Point("Clitocybe dealbata", 50));
$dataSet->addPoint(new Point("Cortinarius rubellus", 70));
$dataSet->addPoint(new Point("Gyromitra esculenta", 37));
$dataSet->addPoint(new Point("Lepiota castanea", 37));
$chart->setDataSet($dataSet);

$chart->setTitle("Deadly mushrooms");
$chart->render("generated/demo5.png");
```

We can add as many (or as few) colors as we like. Notice how the colors cycle if we have more items than the number of colors defined.

**Deadly mushrooms**

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Site last modified *October 16th, 2010* by [Jean-Marc Trémeaux](#)