

## Field Contact Report

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**Event Date:** 2023-02-02

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**Target Entity:** People's Republic of China

**Classification Level:** Restricted

**Mission Priority:** 3

**Originating Division:** Signals Intelligence

### Summary:

On 2023-02-02, our Signals Intelligence team intercepted a series of encrypted communications between a suspected Chinese agent and a high-ranking military officer. This report compares and contrasts these findings with previous cases of PRC espionage, highlighting unique features and differences.

### Encounter Details:

At 14:47 UTC, our signals analysts detected a burst transmission from a suspected Chinese agent (codename: Phoenix-4) to a high-ranking military officer (codename: Starlight-1). The transmission consisted of 17 encrypted packets, transmitted over a previously unknown frequency (HF 7.35 MHz).

### Comparison with Similar Cases:

This encounter bears some resemblance to the **Operation Golden Phoenix** case (2018-12-10), where a suspected PRC agent (codename: Nightshade-3) transmitted encrypted messages to a military officer (codename: Dawnbreak-2) using a similar frequency. However, the current case differs in several key aspects:

1. **Encryption Method:** The encryption used in this case (AES-256) is more advanced than the RC4 algorithm employed in Operation Golden Phoenix.
2. **Frequency:** While both cases use HF frequencies, the current case employs a previously unknown frequency, suggesting possible Chinese adaptation of NATO protocols.
3. **Message Content:** The transmission in this case appears to be a routine briefing, whereas the Operation Golden Phoenix transmission contained tactical instructions for a suspected military operation.

### Unique Features:

This case highlights several unique features that warrant further investigation:

1. **Unidentified Frequency:** The use of a previously unknown frequency indicates possible Chinese innovation or adaptation of NATO protocols, requiring further analysis to understand its implications.
2. **Advanced Encryption:** The use of AES-256 encryption suggests a high level of sophistication, potentially indicating Chinese investment in advanced cryptography.
3. **Routine Briefing:** The transmission's routine briefing nature may indicate a shift in PRC espionage tactics, focusing on gathering intelligence rather than conducting direct action.

#### **Recommendations:**

1. **Further Analysis:** Conduct in-depth analysis of the encrypted transmission to better understand the encryption method and its potential implications for NATO's communication security.
2. **Frequency Identification:** Identify and monitor the previously unknown frequency to determine its usage and potential connections to other PRC espionage operations.
3. **Asset Development:** Consider developing assets within the PRC military to gather more information on the encryption method and potential Chinese espionage tactics.

#### **Distribution:**

This report will be distributed to the Signals Intelligence Division, Research & Analysis, and Division Operational Reports.

#### **Classification:**

This report is classified as Restricted due to the sensitive nature of the information and potential implications for NATO's communication security.

#### **Document Control:**

This report is stored in the Signals Intelligence Archive, accessible through Document Control System DCS-9.

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#### **Review:**

This report has been reviewed and approved by:

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