

Computational Structures in Data Science



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Lecture #4: Recursion II and Higher Order Functions

Hackers steal medical data of US Olympic stars

 $\underline{http://money.cnn.com/2016/09/13/news/wada-hacked-russian-spies/index.html?}\\ \underline{iid=surge-story-summary}$

This was: September 16, 2016

February 9th, 2018

http://inst.eecs.berkeley.edu/~cs88

Administrative issues



- · Waitlist should be cleared.
- Based on your feedback: I will record optional lectures going deeper on data, code, algorithms, information, recursion, decision trees, run"time" complexity and other stuff.
- · Speaking of recording: ETS will start capturing.

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Computational Concepts today



- · More on Recursion
- · Runtime (preliminary)
- · Higher Order Functions
- · Functions as Values
- · Functions with functions as argument
- Assignment of function values
- Higher order function patterns
 Map. Filter, Reduce
- Function factories create and return functions



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Remember: Sanity Check...



- Recursion is Iteration (i.e., loops)
 - a) more powerful than
 - b) just as powerful asc) less powerful than
- I GATHER EVERYONE AROUND
 A TABLE. 1 HAVE THE ELVES
 START MAINTLING DICE, AND
 GET OLD SOME PARCHENT
 FOR CHARACTER SHEETS.

 HEY, NO RECURSING.

YOUR PARTY ENTERS THE TAVERN.

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Why Recursion?



- "After Abstraction, Recursion is probably the 2nd biggest idea in this course"
- "It's tremendously useful when the problem is self-similar"
- "It's no more powerful than iteration, but often leads to more concise & better code"
- "It's more 'mathematical""
- "It embodies the beauty and joy of computing"

• ...

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Why Recursion? More Reasons

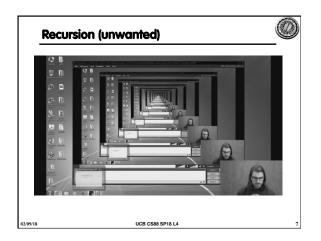


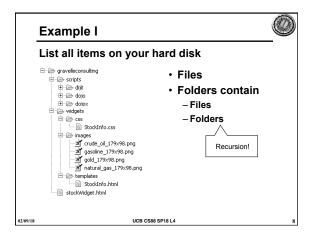
- Recursive structures exist (sometimes hidden) in nature and therefore in data!
- It's mentally and sometimes computationally more efficient to process recursive structures using recursion.

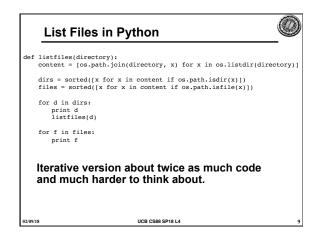


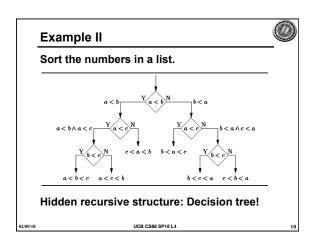
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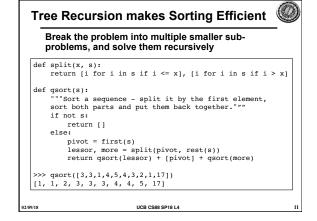


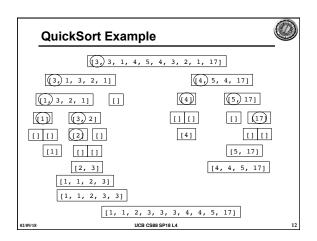


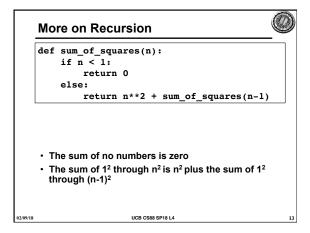


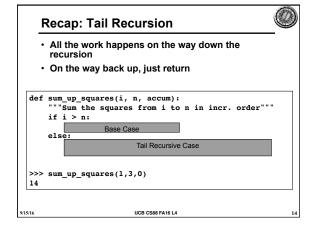


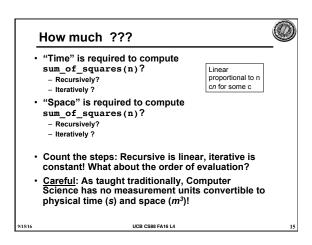


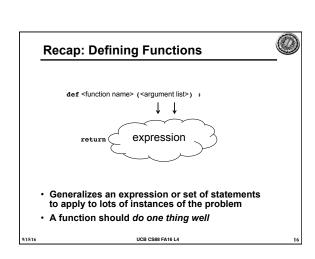


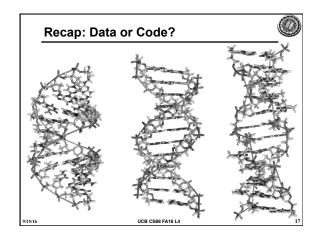


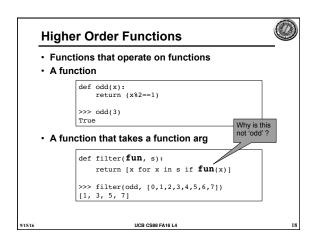




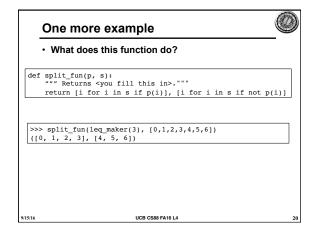




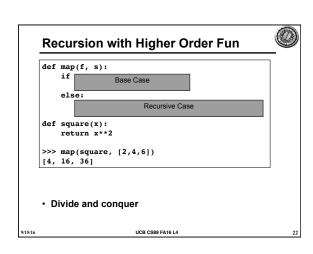




Higher Order Functions (cont) • A function that returns (makes) a function def leq_maker(c): def leq(val): return val <= c return leq >>> leq_maker(3) <function leq_maker.<locals>.leq at 0x1019d8c80> >>> leq_maker(3)(4) False >>> filter(leq_maker(3), [0,1,2,3,4,5,6,7]) [0, 1, 2, 3] >>>



Three super important HOFS map(function_to_apply, list_of_inputs) Applies function to each element of the list filter(condition, list_of_inputs) Returns a list of elements for which the condition is true reduce(function, list_of_inputs) Reduces the list to a result, given the function



Using HOF to preserve interface def sum_of_squares(n): idef sum_upper(i, accum): if i > n: return accum else: return sum_upper(i+1, accum + i*i) return sum_upper(1,0) • What are the globals and locals in a call to sum_upper? - Try python tutor • Lexical (static) nesting of function def within def - vs • Dynamic nesting of function call within call

```
Recap: Quicksort

• Break the problem into multiple smaller subproblems, and Solve them recursively

def split(x, s):
    return [i for i in s if i <= x], [i for i in s if i > x]

def qsort(s):
    """Sort a sequence - split it by the first element, sort both parts and put them back together."""
    if not s:
        return []
    else:
        pivot = first(s)
        lessor, more = split(pivot, rest(s))
        return qsort(lessor) + [pivot] + qsort(more)

>>> qsort([3,3,1,4,5,4,3,2,1,17])
[1, 1, 2, 3, 3, 3, 4, 4, 5, 17]
```

Quicksort with HOF



```
def qsort(s):
    """Sort a sequence - split it by the first element,
    sort both parts and put them back together."""
         if not s:
         return [] else:
                e:
    pivot = first(s)
    lessor, more = split_fun(leq_maker(pivot), rest(s))
    return qsort(lessor) + [pivot] + qsort(more)
>>> qsort([3,3,1,4,5,4,3,2,1,17])
[1, 1, 2, 3, 3, 3, 4, 4, 5, 17]
```

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How much ???



- "Time" is required to compute quicksort(s)?
- · "Space" is required?

Logarithmic to len(s) c*log(len(s)) for some c

- · Name of this recursion scheme?
 - Tree recursion

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Questions?

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5