

Abstract Data Types

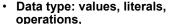
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Lecture 8

March 7, 2016

Computational Concepts Toolbox



- Expressions, Call expression
- Variables
- Assignment Statement
- · Sequences: tuple, list
- · Data structures
- Tuple assignment
- Call Expressions
- Function Definition Statement

Conditional Statement Iteration: list comp, for, while

- Higher Order Functions
 - Functions as Values
 - Functions with functions as argument
 - Assignment of function values
- Higher order function patterns
 - Map, Filter, Reduce
- Function factories create and return functions
- Recursion
 - Linear, Tail, Tree



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Universality

- Everything that can be computed, can be computed with what you know now.
- Well
- or poorly







Administrative Issues



- Midterm went well (results on gradescope)
- March 15 12:30 3:00 Study session for repeat
- Lab05 today gets you started on ADTs
- · Maps project goes out in lieu of homework
 - Due before break
 - Two-week project

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Compute







Perform useful computations treating objects abstractly as whole values and operating on

Provide operations on the **Operations** abstract components that allow ease of use - independent of concrete representation.

Constructors and selectors that Representation provide an abstract interface to a concrete representation

Execution on a computing Evaluation machine

Abstraction Barrier

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Examples You have seen



Abstract Data Type

```
- Constructors:
    » list( ... )
```

» [<exps>,...] » [<exp> for <var> in <list> [if <exp>]] - Selectors: <list> [<index or slice>]

- Operations: in, not in, +, *, len, min, max » Mutable ones too (but not yet)

Tuples

- Constructors:

» tuple(...) » (<exps>,...)

- Selectors: <tuple> [<index or slice>]

- Operations: in, not in, +, *, len, min, max

Creating an Abtract Data Type

- Operations
 - Express the behavior of objects, invariants, etc
 - Implemented (abstractly) in terms of Constructors and Selectors for the object
- Representation
 - Constructors & Selectors
 - Implement the structure of the object
- An abstraction barrier violation occurs when a part of the program that can use the higher level functions uses lower level ones instead
 - At either layer of abstraction
- Abstraction barriers make programs easier to get right, maintain, and modify
 - Few changes when representation changes

Examples You have seen

- Lists
- Tuples
- Strings

```
- Constructors:
   » str( ... )
   » "<chars>", '<chars>'
- Selectors: <str> [ <index or slice> ]
- Operations: in, not in, +, *, len, min, max
```

- Range
 - Constructors:

```
» range(<end>), range(<start>,<end>),
     range(<start>,<end>,<step>)
- Selectors: <range> [ <index or slice> ]
- Operations: in, not in, len, min, max
```

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Example ADT: lookup table (lut)

- Unordered collection of unique key => value bindings
 - "lookup, i.e., get, the value associated with a key"
- Where does this occur?
 - Phonebook
 - Facebook friends
 - Movie listings
 - Restaurant ratings
 - Roster
 - ...

application

lut operations

lut representation

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lut ADT

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- Constructors
 - lut(), lut add(lut, key, value), lut del(lut, key)

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- Selectors
 - lut_get(lut, key), lut_keys(lut), lut_values(lut),
 lut_items(lut)
- Operations
 - lut with bindings (bindings) Return a lut of bindings
 - lut len(lut) Return the number of bindings in lut.
 - lut print(lut) Print a representation of bindings in lut.
 - lut_map_values(lut, fun)
 - lut sorted(lut, fun)
 - lut update(lut, key, value)
 - lut fuzzy get(lut, fuzz key, dist fun)
 - » Return (key, value) for the key closest to fuzz_key under dist_fun.

lut ADT



- Constructors
 - lut() Return an empty lut
 - lut_add(lut, key, value) Return a lut with new key => value binding
 - lut del(lut, key) Return a lut without a binding for key
- Selectors
 - lut_get(lut, key) Return value in lut bound to key or None if none exists.
 - lut keys(lut) Return a list of keys for bindings in lut
 - lut_values(lut) Return a list of values for bindings in lut
 - lut_items(lut) Return a list of (key, value) for bindings in lut
- Operations

The Layered Design Process



- Build the application based entirely on the ADT interface
 - Operations, Constructors and Selectors
- Build the operations entirely in ADT Constructors and Selectors
 - Not the implementation of the representation
- Build the constructors and selectors on some concrete representation

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An lut application (lut_app.py)

```
from lut import *
   phone_book_data = [
       ("Christine Strauch", "510-842-9235"),
       ("Frances Catal Buloan", "932-567-3241"),
       ("Jack Chow", "617-547-0923"),
       ("Joy De Rosario", "310-912-6483"),
       ("Casey Casem", "415-432-9292"),
       ("Lydia Lu", "707-341-1254")]
   phone_book = lut_with_bindings(phone_book_data)
   lut print(phone book)
   print("Jack Chows's Number: ", lut get(phone book, "Jack
   Chow"))
   print("Area codes")
   area_codes = lut_map_values(phone_book, lambda x:x[0:3])
   lut print(area codes)
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```

Apps (cont)



```
New_book = lut_update(phone_book, "Jack Chow", "805-962-0936")
lut_sorted(new_phone_book, lambda k,v:v)
```

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Apps (cont)

```
def name dist(name1, name2):
```

return count

lut_fuzzy_get(phone_book, "Jack", name_dist))

Friends App



```
friend_data = [
    ("Christine Strauch", "Jack Chow"),
    ("Christine Strauch", "Lydia Lu"),
    ("Jack Chow", "Christine Strauch"),
    ("Casey Casem", "Christine Strauch"),
    ("Casey Casem", "Jack Chow"),
    ("Casey Casem", "Frances Catal Buloan"),
    ("Casey Casem", "Joy De Rosario"),
    ("Casey Casem", "Casey Casem"),
    ("Frances Catal Buloan", "Jack Chow"),
    ("Jack Chow", "Frances Catal Buloan"),
    ("Joy De Rosario", "Lydia Lu"),
    ("Joy De Lydia", "Jack Chow")
]
```

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```
Above Abstraction Barrier – lut.py
```

new lut = lut add(new lut, k, v)

"""Construct lookup table with (key, val) bindings."""

def lut_with_bindings(bindings):

new lut = lut()

return new lut

for k, v in bindings:



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Aside: lambda

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- Function expression
 - "anonymous" function creation
 - Expression, not a statement, no return or any other statement

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lambda <arg or arg_tuple> : <expression using args>

Lambda Examples



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```
>>> def inc_maker(i):
...     return lambda x:x+i
...
>>> inc_maker(3)
<function inc_maker.<locals>.<lambda> at 0x10073c510>
>>> inc_maker(3)(4)
7
>>> map(lambda x:x*x, [1,2,3,4])
<map object at 0x1020950b8>
>>> list(map(lambda x:x*x, [1,2,3,4]))
[1, 4, 9, 16]
>>>
```

Above Abstraction Barrier – lut.py



```
def lut_with_bindings(bindings):

def lut_sorted(lut, fun):
    """Return a list of (k,v) for bindings in lut
    sorted by <= over fun(k, v)."""

return msort(lut_items(lut), lambda b: fun(b[0],b[1]))</pre>
```

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Above Abstraction Barrier – lut.py

```
def lut_with_bindings(bindings):

def lut_sorted(lut, fun):

def lut_print(lut):
    """Print a representaion of bindings in lut."""
    for k,v in lut_sorted(lut, lambda k,v:k):
        print(k,"=>",v)
```

Above Abstraction Barrier – lut.py



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```
def lut_with_bindings(bindings):
    def lut_sorted(lut, fun):
    def lut_print(lut):
    def lut_map_values(lut_to_map, fun):
        """Return lut of bindings (k, fun(v))
            for k => v bindings in lut_to_map."""
    return lut_with_bindings([(k,fun(v)) for k,v in lut_items(lut_to_map)])
```

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Above Abstraction Barrier – lut.py

```
rrier – lut.py
```

```
def lut_with_bindings(bindings):
    def lut_sorted(lut, fun):
    def lut_print(lut):
    def lut_map_values(lut_to_map, fun):
    def lut_update(lut, key, value):
        """Return a new lut with new or updated
        key=>value binding."""
        if lut_get(lut, key) is None:
            return lut_add(lut, key, value)
        else:
            return lut_add(lut_del(lut, key), key, value)
```

Beneath the Abstraction Barrier



How to represent a lookup table?

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Representation: list of tuples

```
# Constructors

def lut():
    """Construct a lookup table."""
    return []

def lut_add(lut, key, value):
    """Return a new lut with (key,value) binding added."""
    assert key not in lut_keys(lut), "Duplicate key"
    return [(key, value)] + lut

def lut_del(lut, key):
    """Return a new lut with (key, *) binding removed."""
    assert key in lut_keys(lut), "Missing key"
    return [(k, v) for k,v in lut if k != key]
```

Repr: list of tuples (lut_list.py)



```
# Constructors
def lut():
    return []
def lut add(lut, key, value):
def lut_del(lut, key):
# Selectors
def lut_get(lut, key):
    for k, val in lut:
      if k == kev:
            return val
    return None
def lut keys(lut):
    """Return a list of keys in lookup table lut."""
    return map(lambda x:x[0], lut)
def lut values(lut):
def lut items(lut):
```

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Repr: tuple of lists – lut_lists.py

```
# Constructors

def lut():
    """Construct a lookup table."""
    return ([], [])

def lut_add(lut, key, value):
    """Return a new lut with (key,value) binding added."""
    assert key not in lut_keys(lut), "Duplicate key"
    return ([key] + lut_keys(lut), [value] + lut_values(lut))

def lut_del(lut, key):
    """Return a new lut with (key, *) binding removed."""
    assert key in lut_keys(lut), "Missing key"
    keys, values = lut
```

return (keys[0:key index] + keys[key index+1:],

values[0:key index] + values[key index+1:])

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Repr: list of tuples (lut_list.py)

key index = keys.index(key)

```
# Constructors
def lut():
    return ([], [])
def lut_add(lut, key, value):
def lut_del(lut, key):

# Selectors

def lut_get(lut, key):
def lut_keys(lut):
def lut_values(lut):
    """Return a list of values in lookup table lut."""
    return lut[1]

def lut_items(lut):
    """Return a list of (key,value) items in lut."""
    return list(zip(lut[0],lut[1]))
```

Repr: list of tuples (lut_list.py)



```
# Constructors
def lut():
    return ([], [])
def lut_add(lut, key, value):
def lut_del(lut, key):

# Selectors

def lut_get(lut, key):
    for k,val in zip(lut[0],lut[1]):
        if k == key:
            return val
    return None

def lut_keys(lut):
    """Return a list of keys in lookup table lut."""
    return lut[0]
```

Dictionaries



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- Lists, Tuples, Strings, Range
- Dictionaries

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Dictionary Example

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```
In [1]: text = "Once upon a time"
        d = {word : len(word) for word in text.split()}
Out[1]: {'Once': 4, 'a': 1, 'time': 4, 'upon': 4}
In [2]: d['Once']
Out[2]: 4
In [3]: d.items()
Out[3]: [('a', 1), ('time', 4), ('upon', 4), ('Once', 4)]
In [4]: for (k,v) in d.items():
            print(k, "=>", v)
         ('a', '=>', 1)
         ('time', '=>', 4)
        ('upon', '=>', 4)
('Once', '=>', 4)
In [5]: d.keys()
Out[5]: ['a', 'time', 'upon', 'Once']
In [6]: d.values()
Out[6]: [1, 4, 4, 4]
```



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Repr: list of tuples (lut list.py)

```
# Constructors
def lut():
    return {}
def lut add(lut, key, value):
def lut del(lut, key):
# Selectors
def lut_get(lut, key):
    """Return the value bound to key in lut or None."""
    return lut.get(key, None)
                                   # see lut[key]
def lut keys(lut):
    """Return a list of keys in lookup table lut."""
    return list(lut.keys())
def lut values(lut):
    """Return a list of values in lookup table lut."""
    return list(lut.values())
def lut items(lut):
    """Return a list of (key, value) items in lut."""
    return list(lut.items())
```

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Repr: dictionary - lut_dict.py

```
# Constructors
def lut():
    """Construct a lookup table."""
    return {}
def lut add(lut, key, value):
    """Return a new lut with (key, value) binding added."""
    assert key not in lut keys(lut), "Duplicate key"
    new lut = lut.copy()
    new_lut[key] = value
    return new lut
def lut del(lut, key):
    """Return a new lut with (key, *) binding removed."""
    assert key in lut_keys(lut), "Missing key"
    new lut = lut.copy()
    del new lut[key]
    return new lut
```

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