

CSC420 Assignment 3

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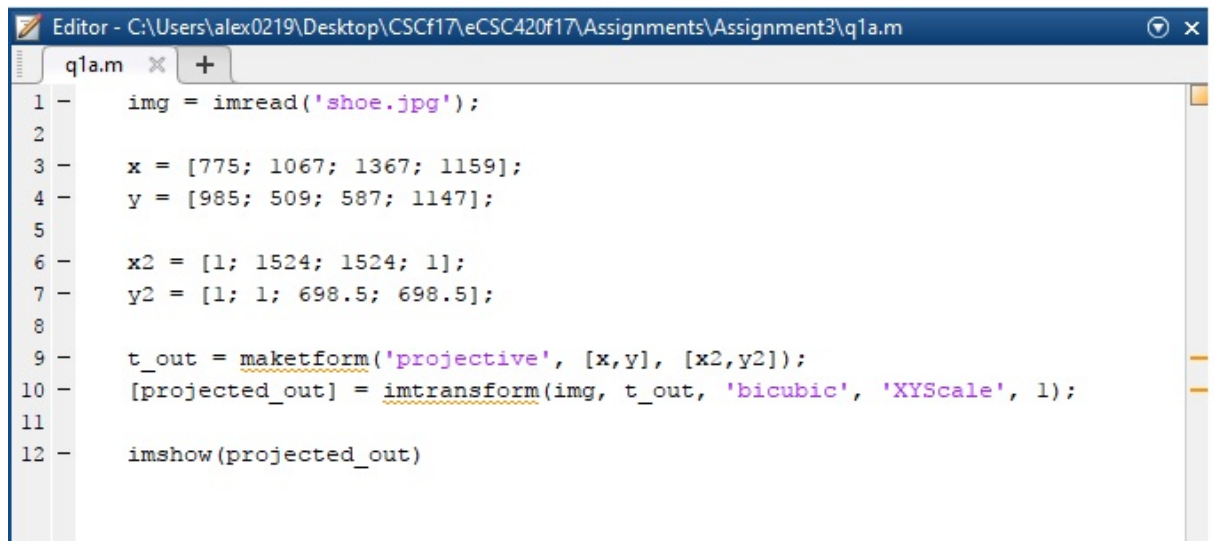
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1

From wikipedia: Size of the 5 dollar canadian bill is height: 69.85 mm and width: 152.4 mm

We round to 700 x 1524 pixels, 1 per 1/10 of a mm.

From the output of q1, we can see that the bill is roughly 45% of the shoe in length. We can also so that it is roughly 80% of the shoe in width. Measuring the pixels, we can see that the estimated shoe size is roughly 26cm in length 10.5cm in width

A screenshot of a MATLAB editor window. The title bar reads "Editor - C:\Users\alex0219\Desktop\CSCf17\csc420f17\Assignments\Assignment3\q1a.m". The code is as follows:

```
1 - img = imread('shoe.jpg');
2
3 - x = [775; 1067; 1367; 1159];
4 - y = [985; 509; 587; 1147];
5
6 - x2 = [1; 1524; 1524; 1];
7 - y2 = [1; 1; 698.5; 698.5];
8
9 - t_out = maketform('projective', [x,y], [x2,y2]);
10 - [projected_out] = imtransform(img, t_out, 'bicubic', 'XYScale', 1);
11
12 - imshow(projected_out)
```

Figure 1: Projection matlab code for q1



Figure 2: Output

2

(a + b)

```

1 function [ransac_pts, ransac_affine] = affineX(i1, i2, ~)
2
3
4 %run('/h/u9/g6/00/changkao/Downloads/vlfeat-0.9.20/toolbox/vl_setup')
5
6 %img1 = imread('/h/u9/g6/00/changkao/csc420/assignments/Assignment2/book.jpg');
7 %img2 = imread('/h/u9/g6/00/changkao/csc420/assignments/Assignment2/findBook.JPG');
8 threshold = 0.5;
9
10 img1 = single(rgb2gray(i1));
11 img2 = single(rgb2gray(i2));
12
13
14 [f,d] = vl_sift(img1) ;
15
16 [f2, d2] = vl_sift(img2) ;
17
18
19 e_dist= pdist2(double(d)', double(d2)', 'euclidean');
20 ascending_l = sort(e_dist, 2);
21 r=ascending_l(:,1)./ascending_l(:,2);
22
23 t_index = find(threshold>r);
24 num_matches = zeros(size(t_index,1), 3);
25
26
27 for i = 1:size(e_dist, 1)
28
29     if threshold > r(i)
30
31         num_matches(i,1) = r(i);
32         num_matches(i,2)= i;
33         t_matches = (e_dist(i,:)==ascending_l(i,1));
34         num_matches(i,3)=find(t_matches);
35     end
36 end
37
38 ttemp = any(num_matches, 2);
39 num_matches( ~ttemp, : ) = [];
40 mscores = zeros(size(num_matches,1), 1);
41 x_coordinates = zeros(size(num_matches,1),2);
42 y_coordinates = zeros(size(num_matches,1),2);
43
44 for i = 1:size(num_matches,1)
45
46     mscores(i) = num_matches(i,1);
47     x_coordinates(i,1:2) = [f(1,num_matches(i,2)) f2(1,num_matches(i,3))];
48     y_coordinates(i,1:2) = [f(2,num_matches(i,2)) f2(2,num_matches(i,3))];
49
50 end
51

```

Figure 3: main function - RANSAC code matlab part 1

```

43
44 - for i = 1:size(num_matches,1)
45
46     mscores(i) = num_matches(i,1);
47     x_coordinates(i,1:2) = [f(1,num_matches(i,2)) f2(1,num_matches(i,3))];
48     y_coordinates(i,1:2) = [f(2,num_matches(i,2)) f2(2,num_matches(i,3))];
49
50 - end
51
52     k = size(mscores,1)
53
54     %helper to get k top matches and their coordinates
55     top = topmatches(mscores, x_coordinates, y_coordinates, k);
56     trials = 100;
57     num_perm = 3;
58     threshold2 = 2.21;
59
60     %RANSAC ( matches, num of trials, num or pairs )
61     [ransac_index, ransac_affine] = RANSAC(top, trials, num_perm, threshold2);
62     ransac_pts = top(ransac_index,:);
63
64 - end

```

Figure 4: main function - RANSAC code matlab part 2

```

1 function [indexs, max_affine] = RANSAC(top_pts, trials, num_perm, threshold)
2
3     indexs = [];
4     max_matches = 0;
5
6
7     P = [];
8     Pa = [];
9     for i = 1:size(top_pts, 1);
10
11         x1 = top_pts(i,2);
12         y1 = top_pts(i,4);
13
14
15         x2 = top_pts(i,3);
16         y2 = top_pts(i,5);
17
18         P(size(P,1)+1,:) = [x1 y1 0 0 1 0];
19         P(size(P,1)+1,:) = [0 0 x1 y1 0 1];
20
21         Pa(size(Pa,1)+1,:) = x2;
22         Pa(size(Pa,1)+1,:) = y2;
23     end
24
25
26
27     while trials > 0
28
29         random_choices = randperm(size(top_pts,1), num_perm);
30         random_pts = top_pts(random_choices,:);
31
32         trials = trials-1;
33         Rp = [];
34         Rpa = [];
35
36         for i = 1:3
37
38             % random points from img 1
39             x1 = random_pts(i,2);
40             y1 = random_pts(i,4);
41
42             % random points from img 2
43             x2 = random_pts(i,3);
44             y2 = random_pts(i,5);
45
46             Rp(size(Rp,1)+1,:) = [x1 y1 0 0 1 0];
47             Rp(size(Rp,1)+1,:) = [0 0 x1 y1 0 1];
48
49             Rpa(size(Rpa,1)+1,:) = x2;
50             Rpa(size(Rpa,1)+1,:) = y2;

```

Figure 5: RANSAC code matlab part 1

```

51
52 -     end
53
54
55     %affine = P'*inv(P*P')*Pa;
56 -     random_affine = inv(Rp'*Rp)*Rp'*Rpa;
57
58 -     transform = P*random_affine;
59
60 -     T_x = transform(1:2:length(transform));
61 -     T_y = transform(2:2:length(transform));
62 -     Pa_x = Pa(1:2:length(Pa));
63 -     Pa_y = Pa(2:2:length(Pa));
64
65 -     diff_x = abs(Pa_x - T_x);
66 -     diff_y = abs(Pa_y - T_y);
67 -     diff_total = abs(diff_x+diff_y);
68 -     closest = find(diff_total < threshold);
69
70 -     if max_matches < size(closest, 1);
71 -         max_matches = size(closest,1);
72 -         max_affine = random_affine;
73 -         indexs = closest;
74 -     end
75 - end
76 - end

```

Figure 6: RANSAC code matlab part 2

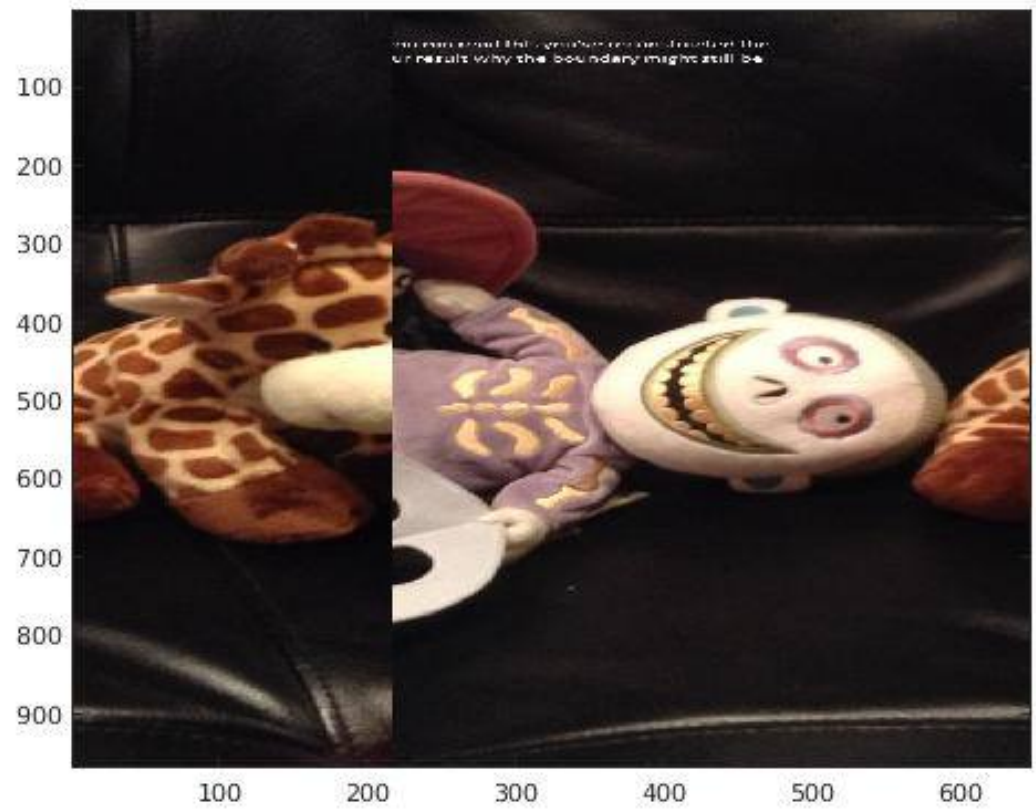


Figure 7: Output - 100 trials, 0.68 threshold