# Compute Shapiro-Wilk statistics

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#### 2024-07-26

The program calculates and returns the test statistics W used in a Shapiro–Wilk test used to determine if the sample is normally distributed

Github link: Github

```
#' Compute Shapiro-Wilk Test Statistic
#' This function calculates the Shapiro-Wilk W statistic to determine
#' if a sample is normally distributed.
#' Oparam data A numeric vector of data.
#' @param plot_qq A logical value indicating whether to plot the QQ plot. Default is FALSE.
#'
#' @return The Shapiro-Wilk W statistic.
#' @export
# '
#' @examples
#' set.seed(42)
#' data <- rnorm(1000)
#' compute_shapiro_wilk_test(data, plot_qq = TRUE)
compute_shapiro_wilk_test <- function(data, plot_qq = FALSE) {</pre>
    #input validation
    if (!is.vector(data, mode = "numeric")) stop("Data must be a numeric vector.")
    if (any(is.na(data))) stop("Data contains NA values.")
    if (any(is.infinite(data))) stop("Data contains infinite values.")
    if (length(data) < 3) stop("Data must contain at least 3 observations.")
    if (!is.logical(plot_qq)) stop("plot_qq argument must be of type logical.")
    n <- length(data)</pre>
    sorted_data <- sort(data)</pre>
    # Calculate mean and standard deviation of the data
    mean_data <- mean(sorted_data)</pre>
    sd_data <- sd(sorted_data)</pre>
    # Calculate expected normal order statistics
    m \leftarrow qnorm((1:n - 0.375) / (n + 0.25))
    # Calculate weights
    c <- cov(sorted_data, m)</pre>
    a <- c / sqrt(sum(c^2))
```

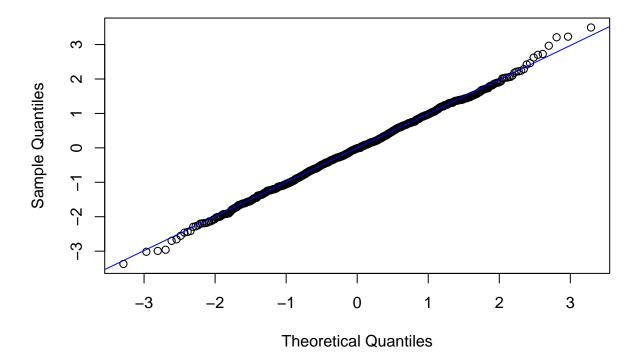
```
# Calculate Shapiro-Wilk W statistic
W <- (sum(a * sorted_data) ^ 2) / sum((sorted_data - mean_data) ^ 2)

if (plot_qq) {
         qqnorm(data, main="QQ Plot")
         qqline(data, col = "blue")
}

return(W)
}

# Example usage
set.seed(42) # Set seed for reproducibility
data <- rnorm(1000)
compute_shapiro_wilk_test(data, plot_qq = TRUE)</pre>
```

## **QQ Plot**



## [1] 0.6642151

### Unit tests

 $To ensure the function works correctly, several test cases have been implemented using the {\tt testthat}\ package.$ 

### Test 1: Handling incorrect input format

This test checks if the function correctly handles inputs that are not in the expected format, such as a data frame.

```
test_that("compute_shapiro_wilk_test() handles wrong format (data frame) as input", {
  invalid_data <- data.frame(a = 1:10)
  expect_error(compute_shapiro_wilk_test(invalid_data), "Data must be a numeric vector.")
})</pre>
```

## Test passed

### Test 2: Handling invalid optional argument

This test checks if the function correctly handles invalid values for the optional plot\_qq argument.

## Test passed