

NBA TopShot

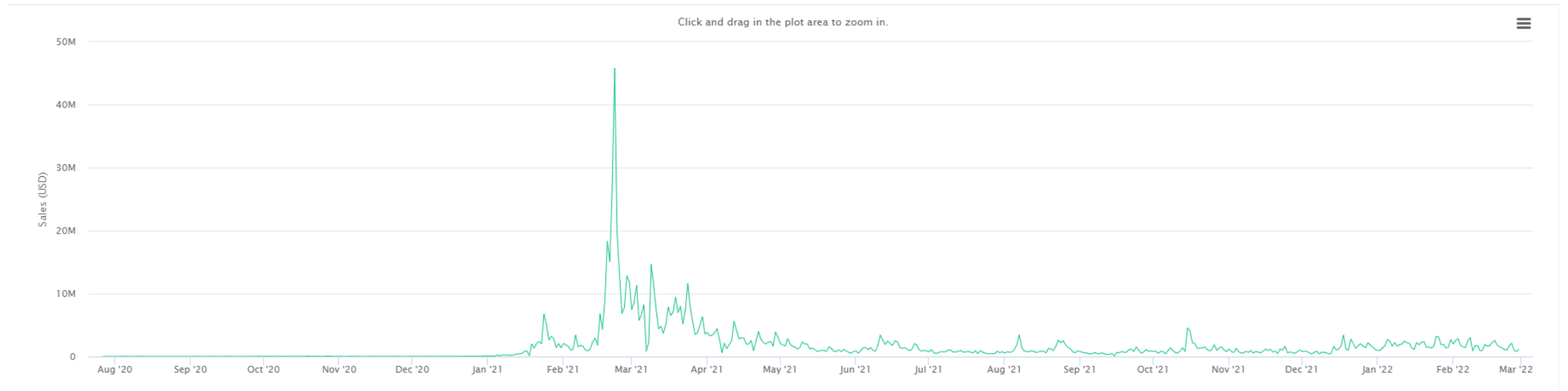
# NFTs

- Cryptocurrency:
  - BTC (digit money)
  - ETH (money + applications)
  - NFTs (why not art?)
- What are NFTs?
  - Asset stored on a blockchain.

# Differences

- 1 BTC = 1 BTC = 1 BTC
- 1 ETH = 1 ETH = 1 ETH
- 1 Keldon Johnson Dunk  $\neq$  1 Keldon Johnson Dunk
  - Serial Numbers!

# NBA TopShot Market Dynamics



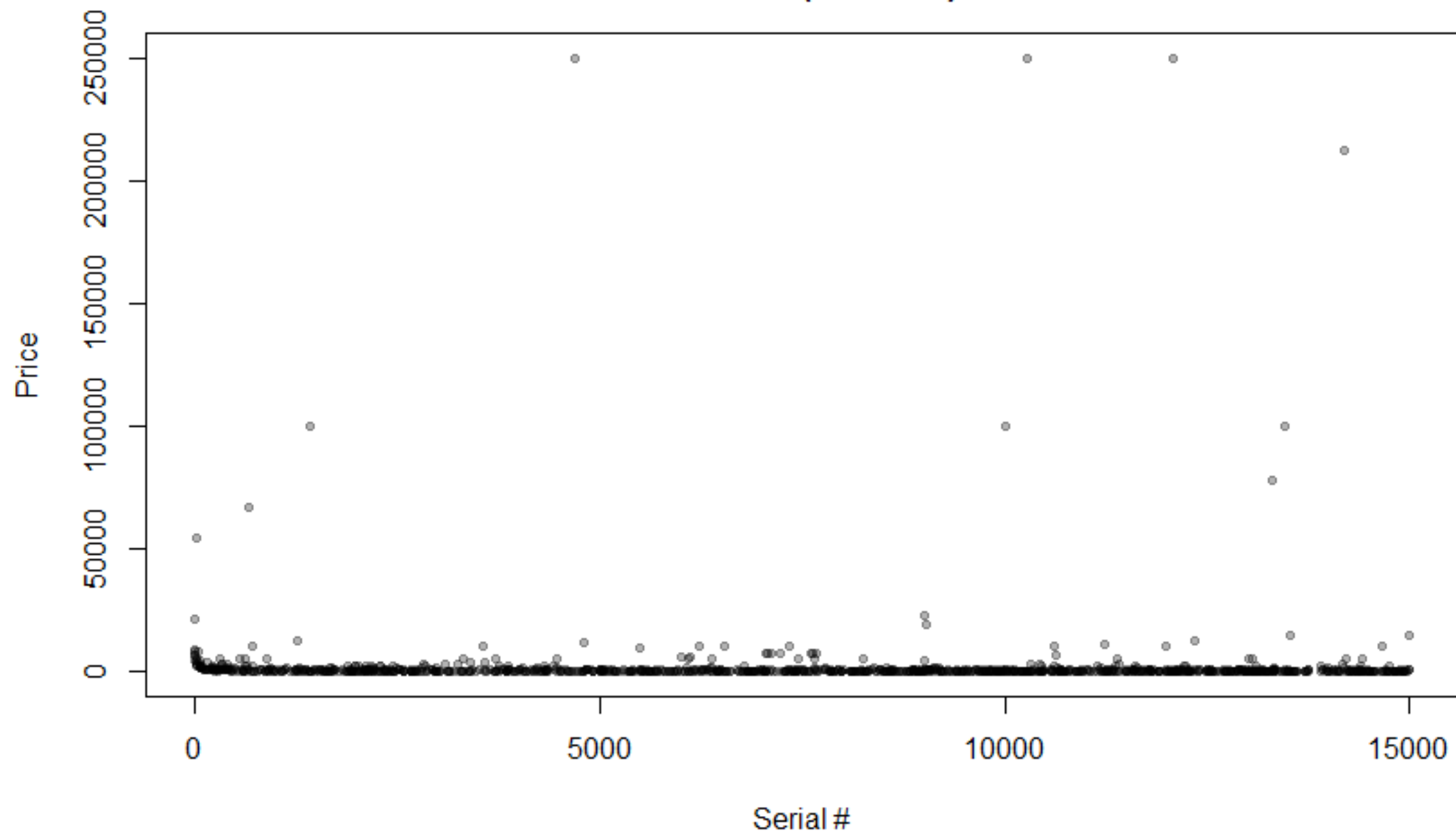
# How Should One Trade These?

- Like (Physical) Trading Cards?
- Target good players, rookies, etc.?
- Buy “low” serial numbers?
  - What is “low”?
  - Should I spend an extra \$10 for a marginally better serial number?

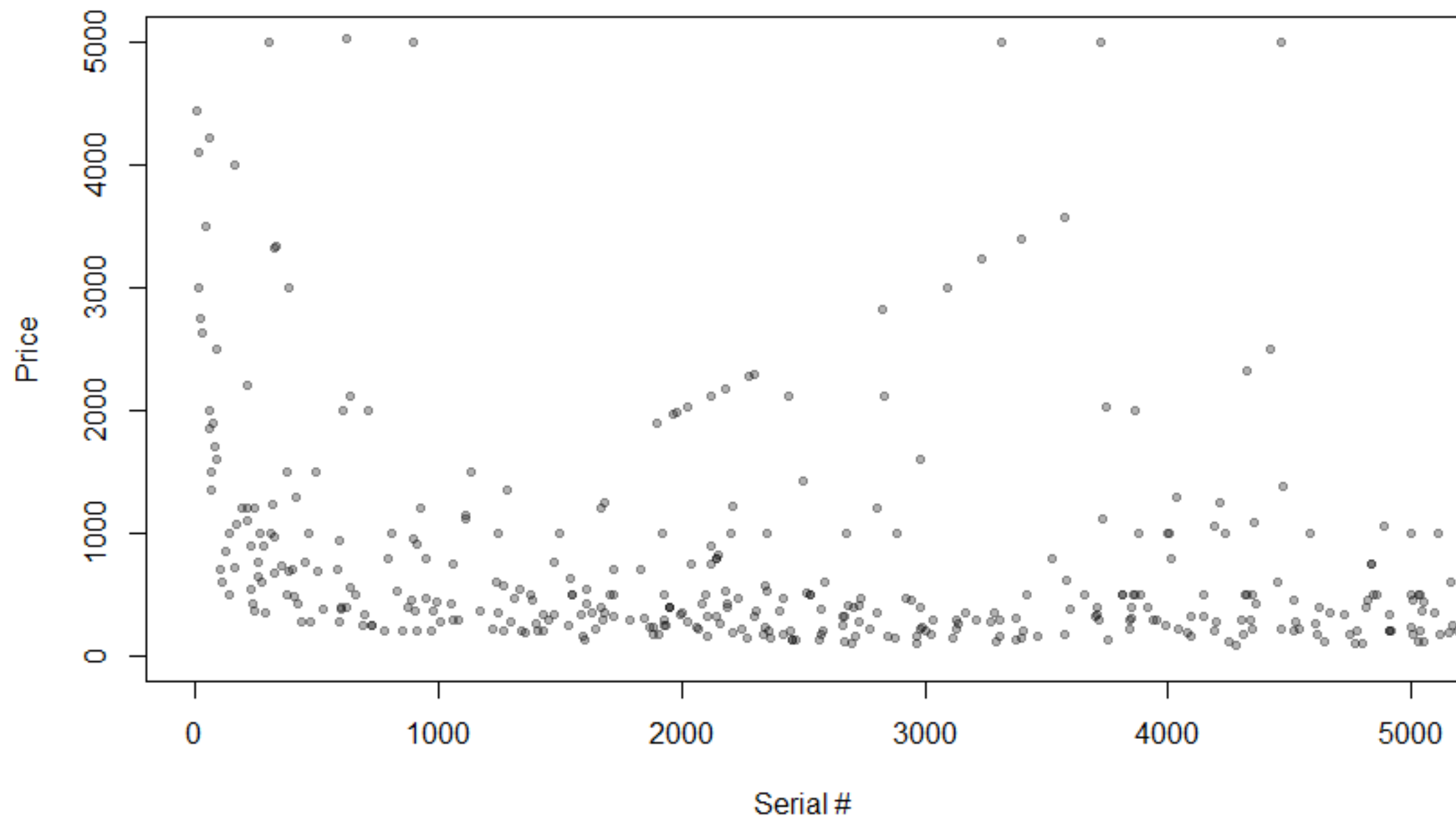
# Example: Joel Embiid

- [Link](#) ([usable](#))

# Joel Embiid Base Set (Series 2)



**Joel Embiid**  
**Base Set (Series 2)**





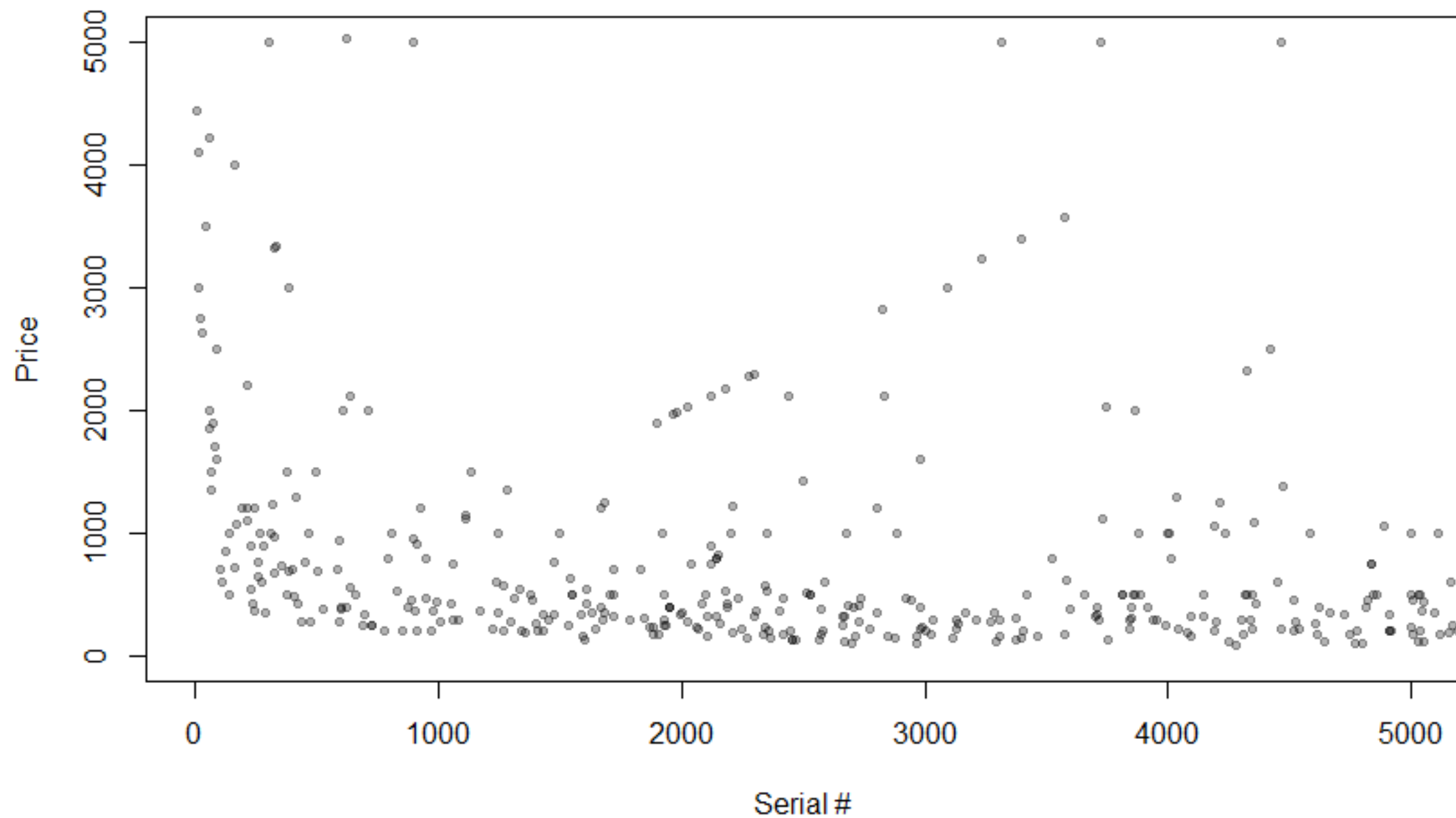
# Step 1

Never buy an NFT with serial number  $s$  for price  $p$ , if there is a serial number  $s-m$  for price  $p-n$ , where  $m, n \geq 0$ .

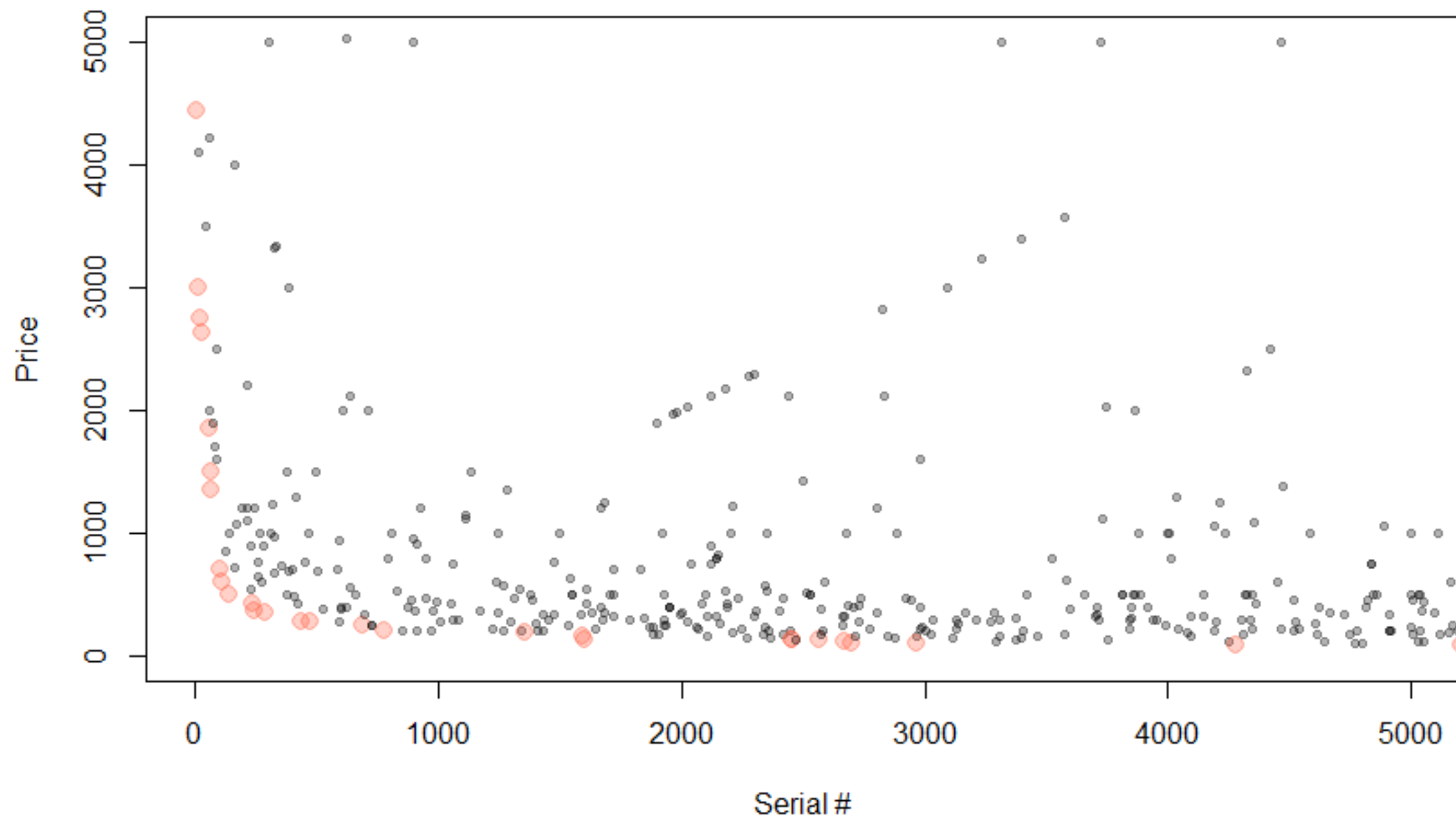
Example: You would not buy serial number 1400 for \$10 if serial number 1200 is available for \$10.

- Would you buy it for \$11, though?

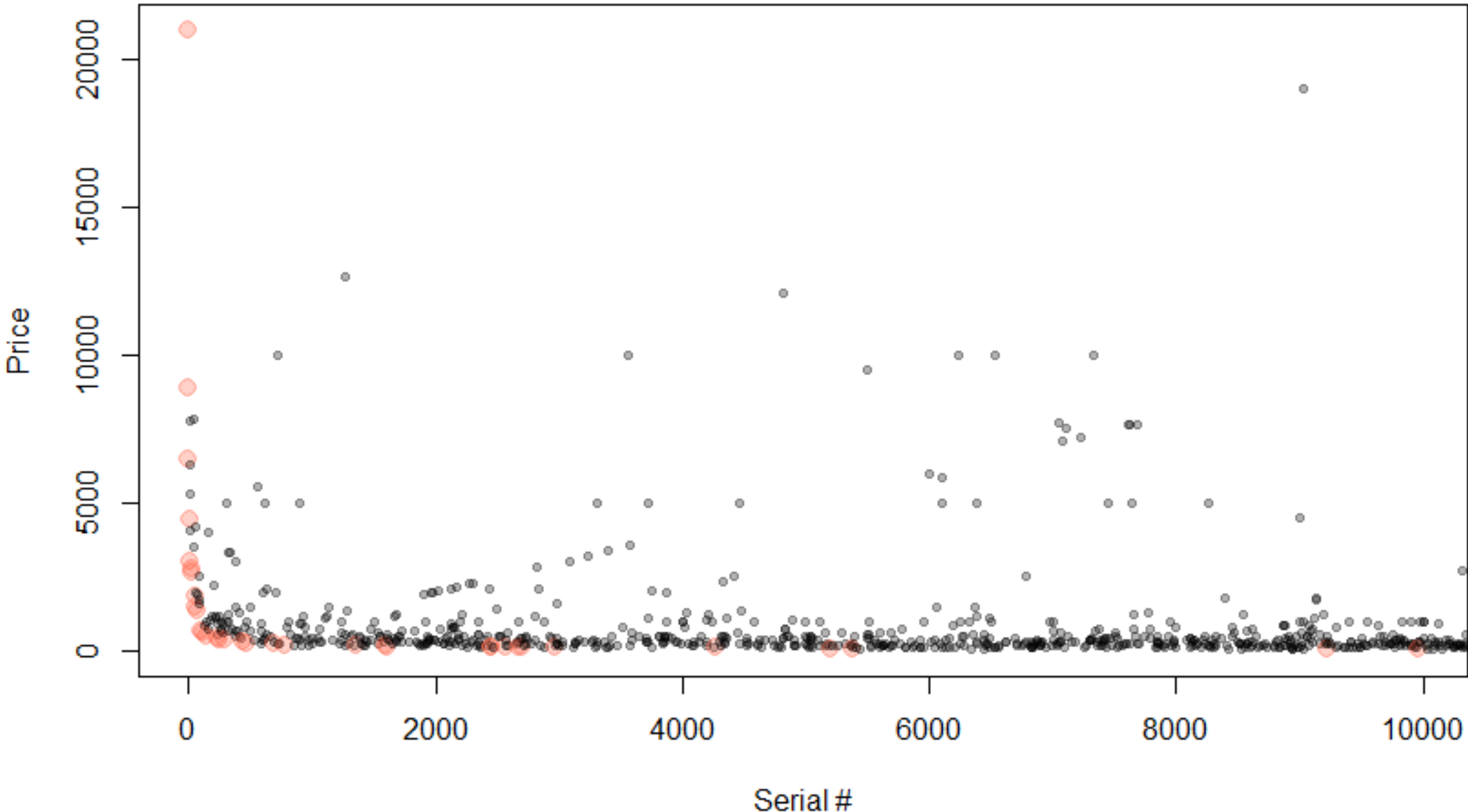
**Joel Embiid**  
**Base Set (Series 2)**



Joel Embiid  
Base Set (Series 2)



**Joel Embiid**  
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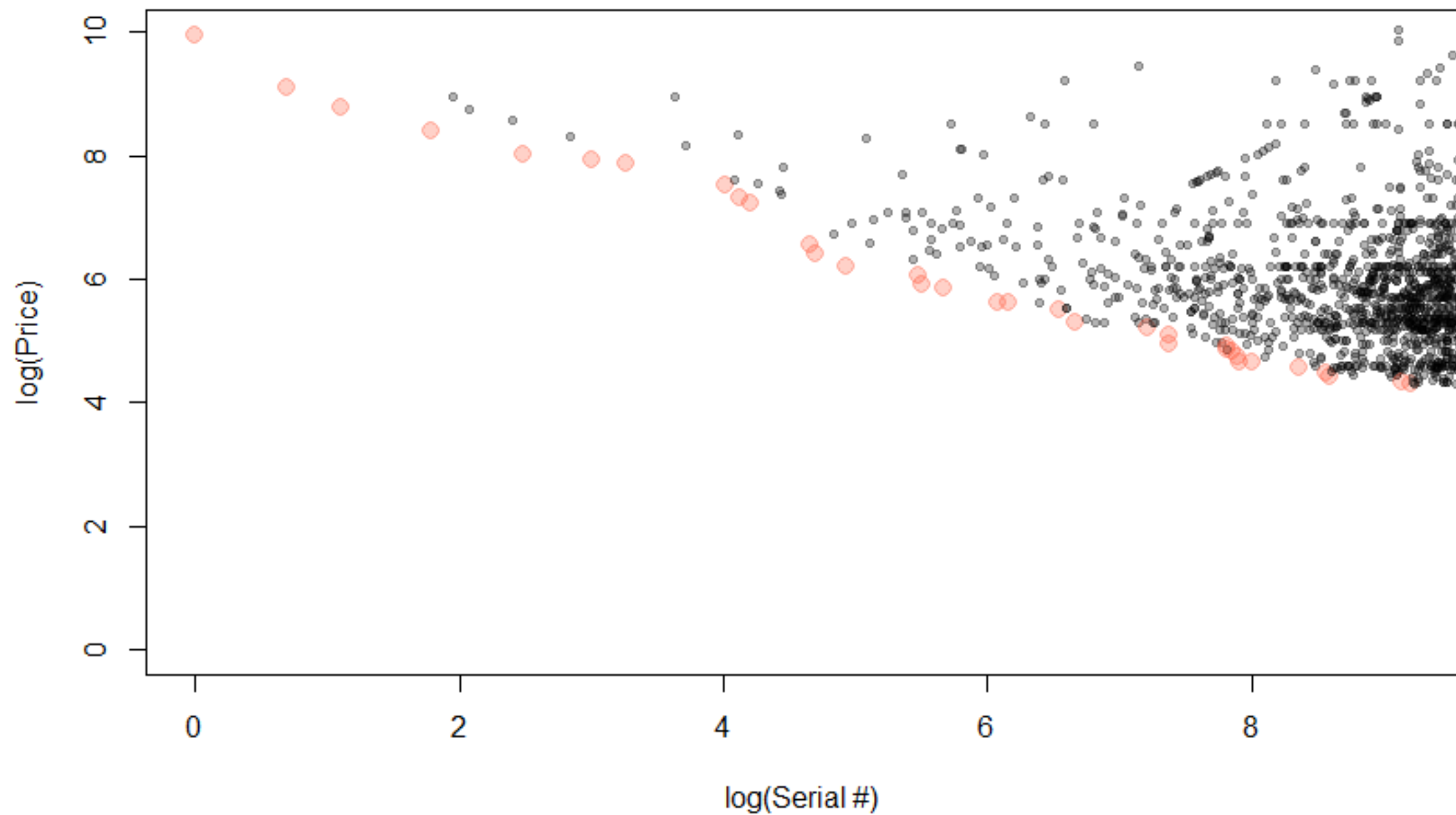


## Step 2

Apply a transformation to linearize the data.

- Use logarithms

**Joel Embiid**  
**Base Set (Series 2)**



## Step 3

Now we can see an equilibrium emerging, or a tradeoff between serial number and price.

Let's estimate this equilibrium!

# Regression Estimate

Coefficients:

	Estimate	Std. Error	t value	Pr(> t )	
(Intercept)	9.56886	0.09096	105.20	<2e-16	***
log(serial)	-0.60957	0.01459	-41.78	<2e-16	***

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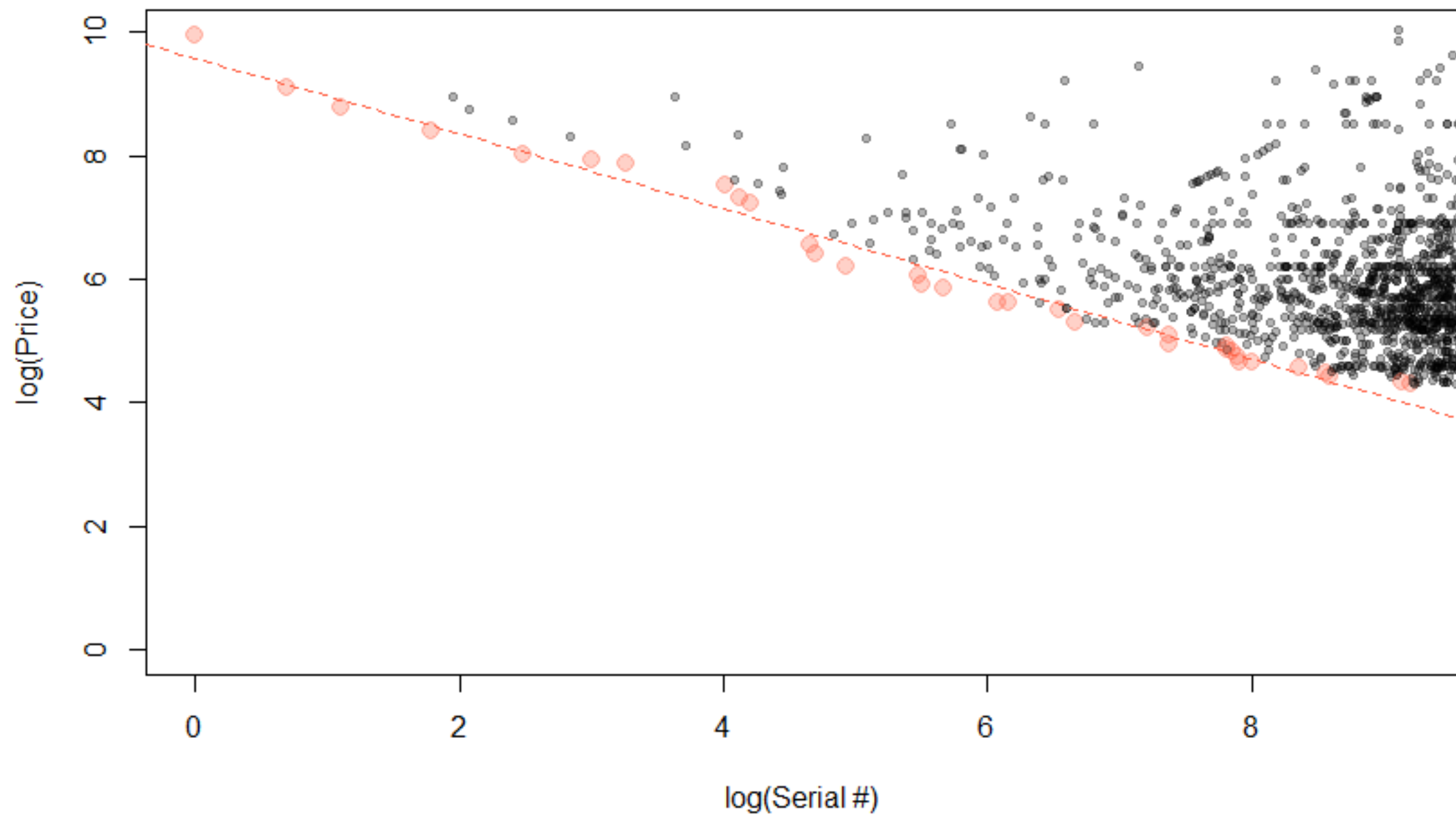
Residual standard error: 0.2134 on 32 degrees of freedom

Multiple R-squared: 0.982, Adjusted R-squared:  
0.9814

F-statistic: 1746 on 1 and 32 DF, p-value: < 2.2e-16



**Joel Embiid**  
**Base Set (Series 2)**

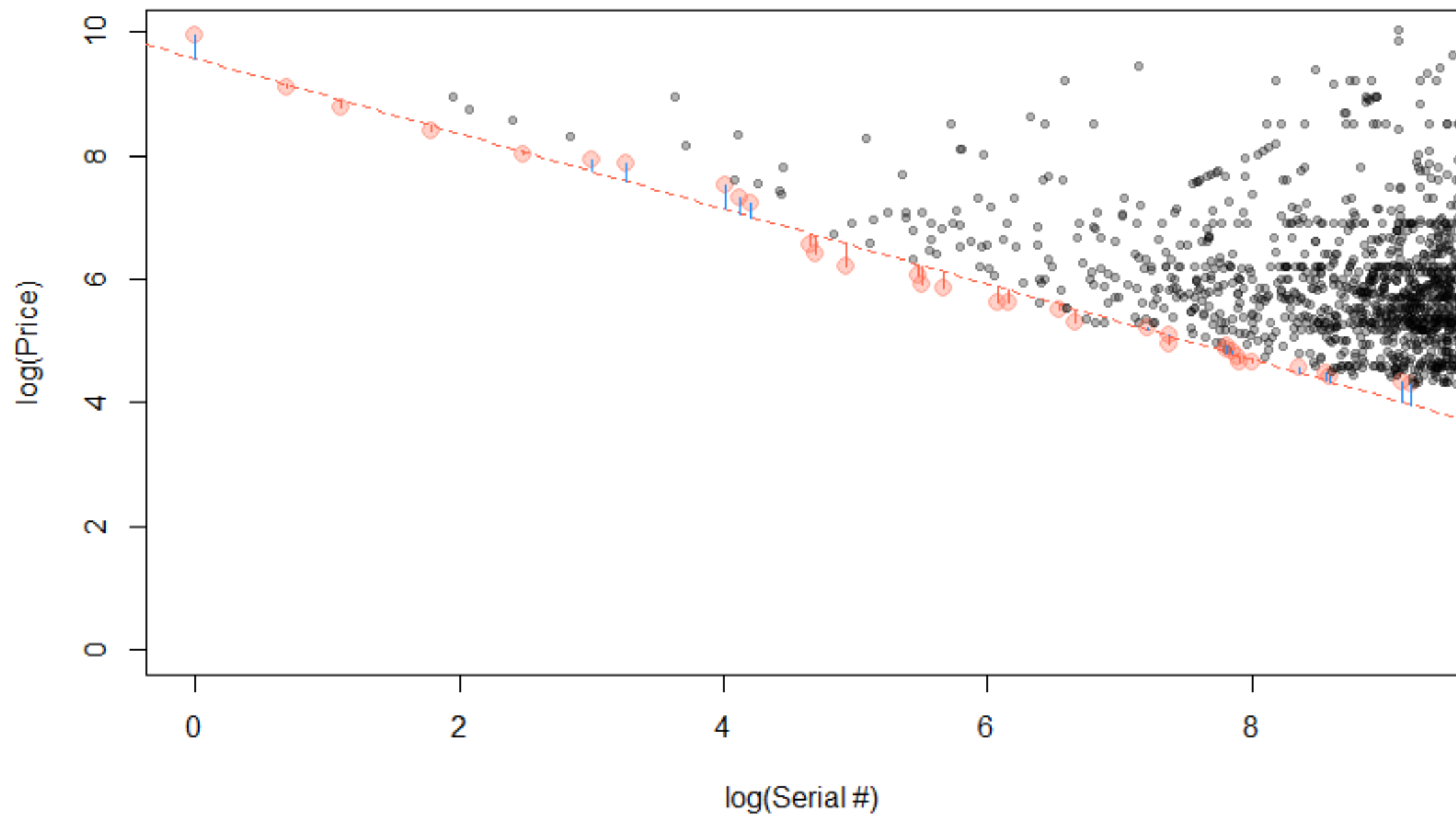


## Step 4

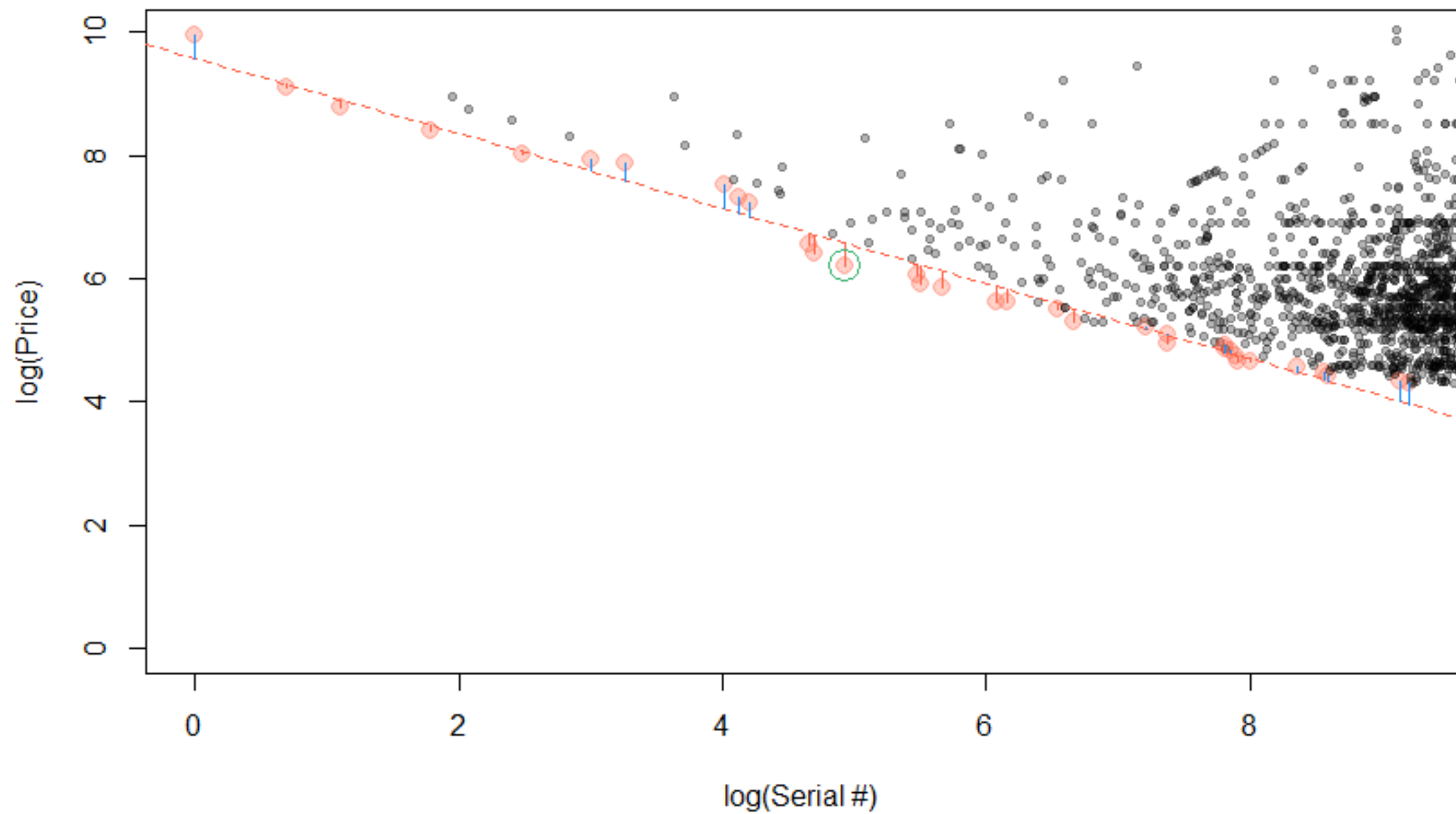
Given the equilibrium, which one of these is the “best deal”?

We are looking for the lowest price, of course, for the serial number. We can calculate this with our model’s residuals (how far away from the equilibrium).

**Joel Embiid**  
**Base Set (Series 2)**



**Joel Embiid**  
**Base Set (Series 2)**



# Step 5

Now we know which is the best deal:

- Serial = 138; Price = 498

What should it be priced at? The equilibrium line!

- Serial = 138; Price = \$710.06

# Discussion

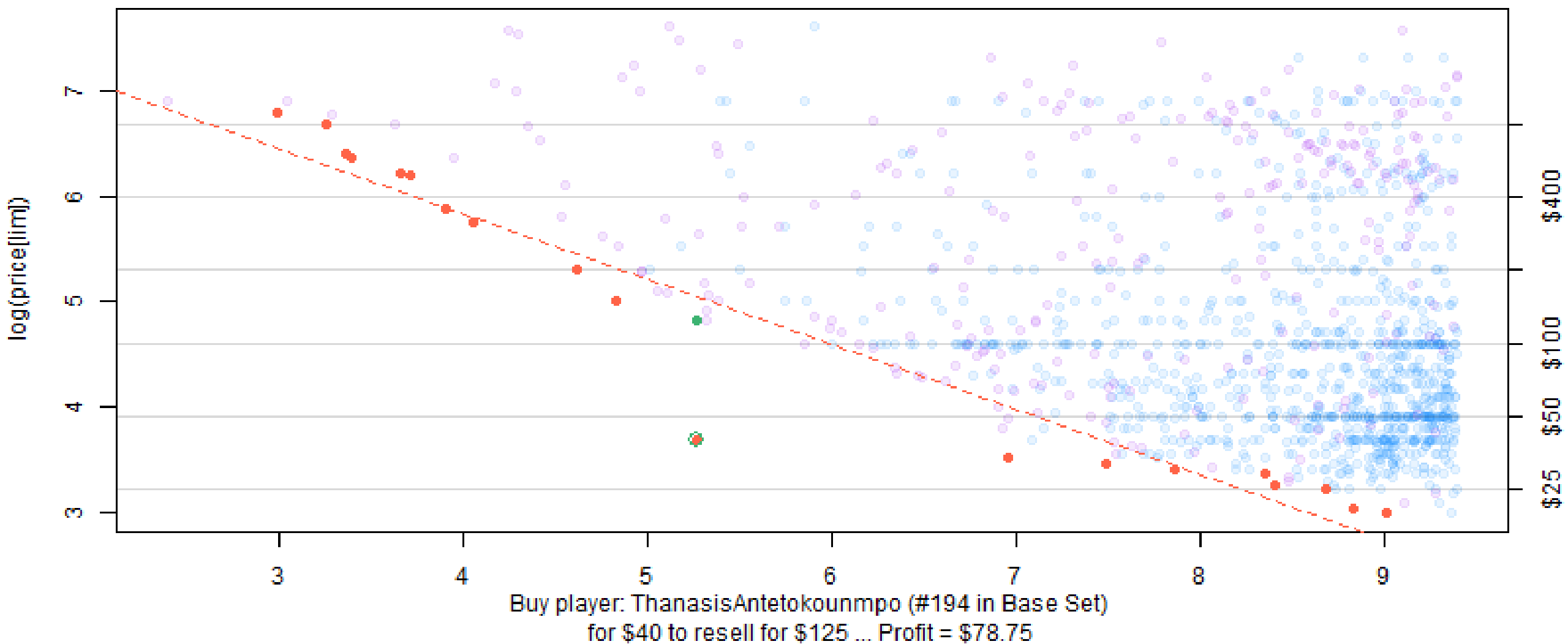
## Strengths

- Flexible – model is re-calibrated each time you grab data
- Scalable – model can be applied to any NFT with serial numbers
- It works!

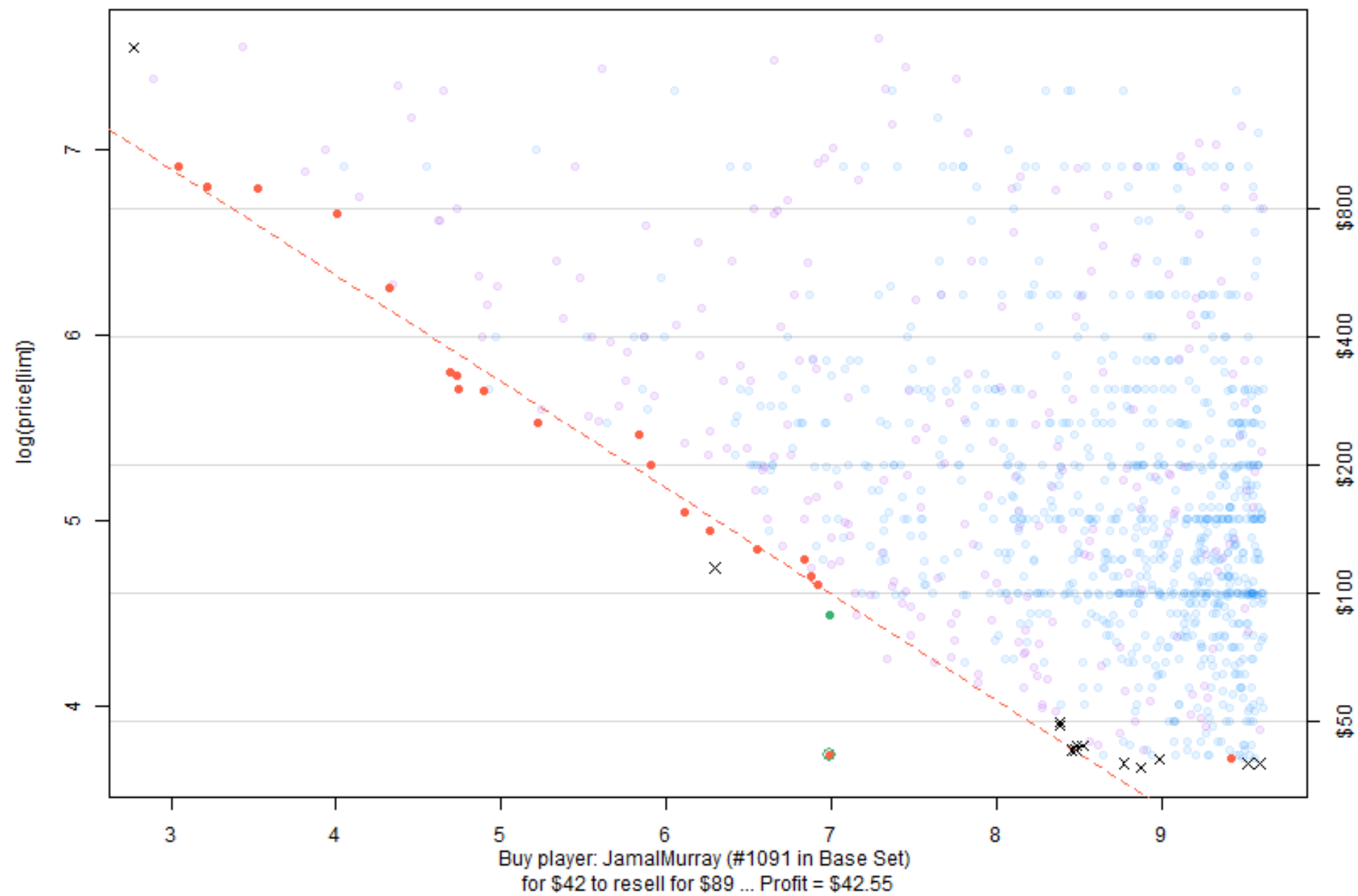
## Weaknesses

- This algo assumes liquidity
- I usually did not buy things >400
- I usually required either an \$X or Y% return

## ThanasisAntetokounmpo

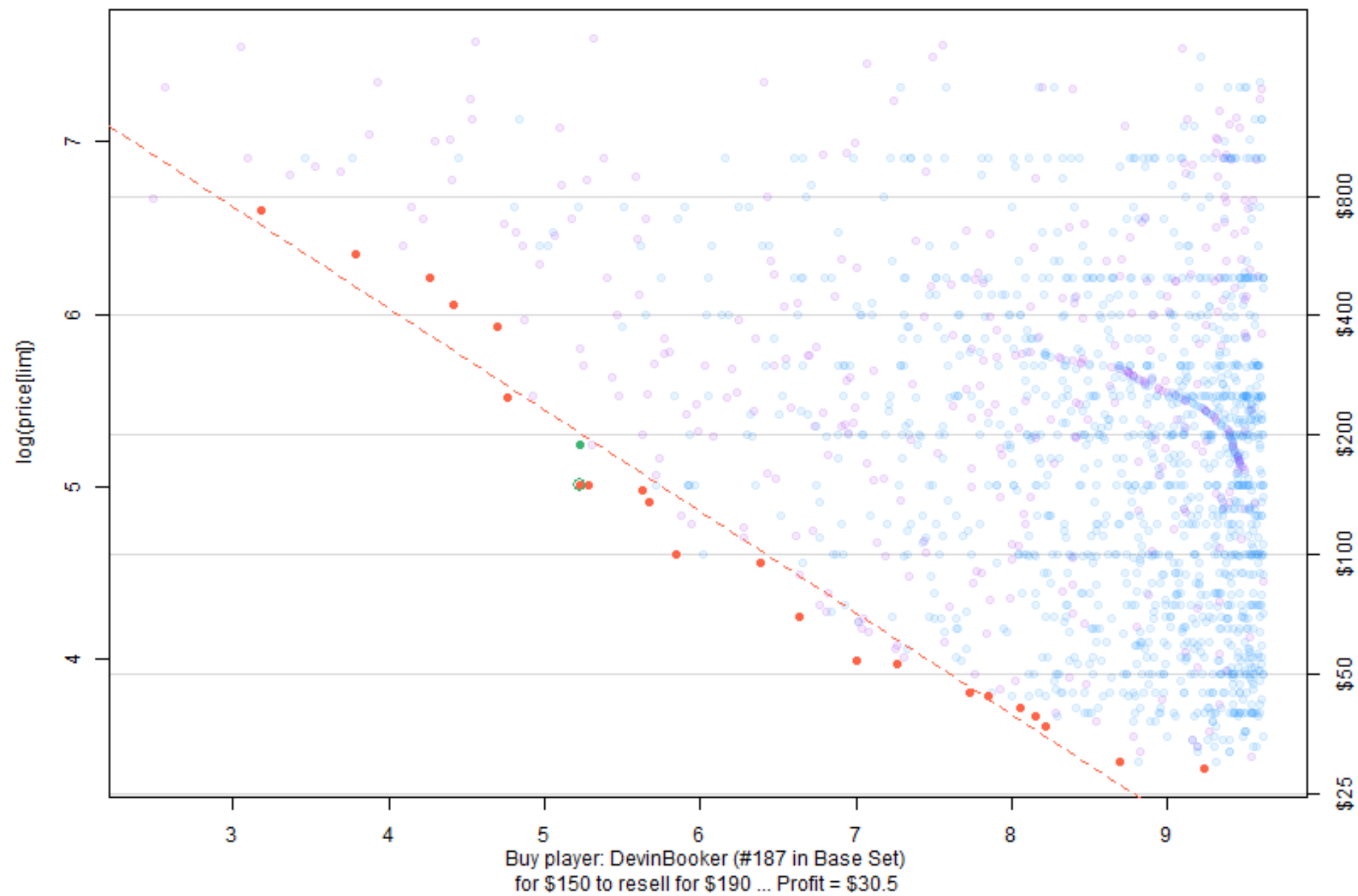


# JamalMurray

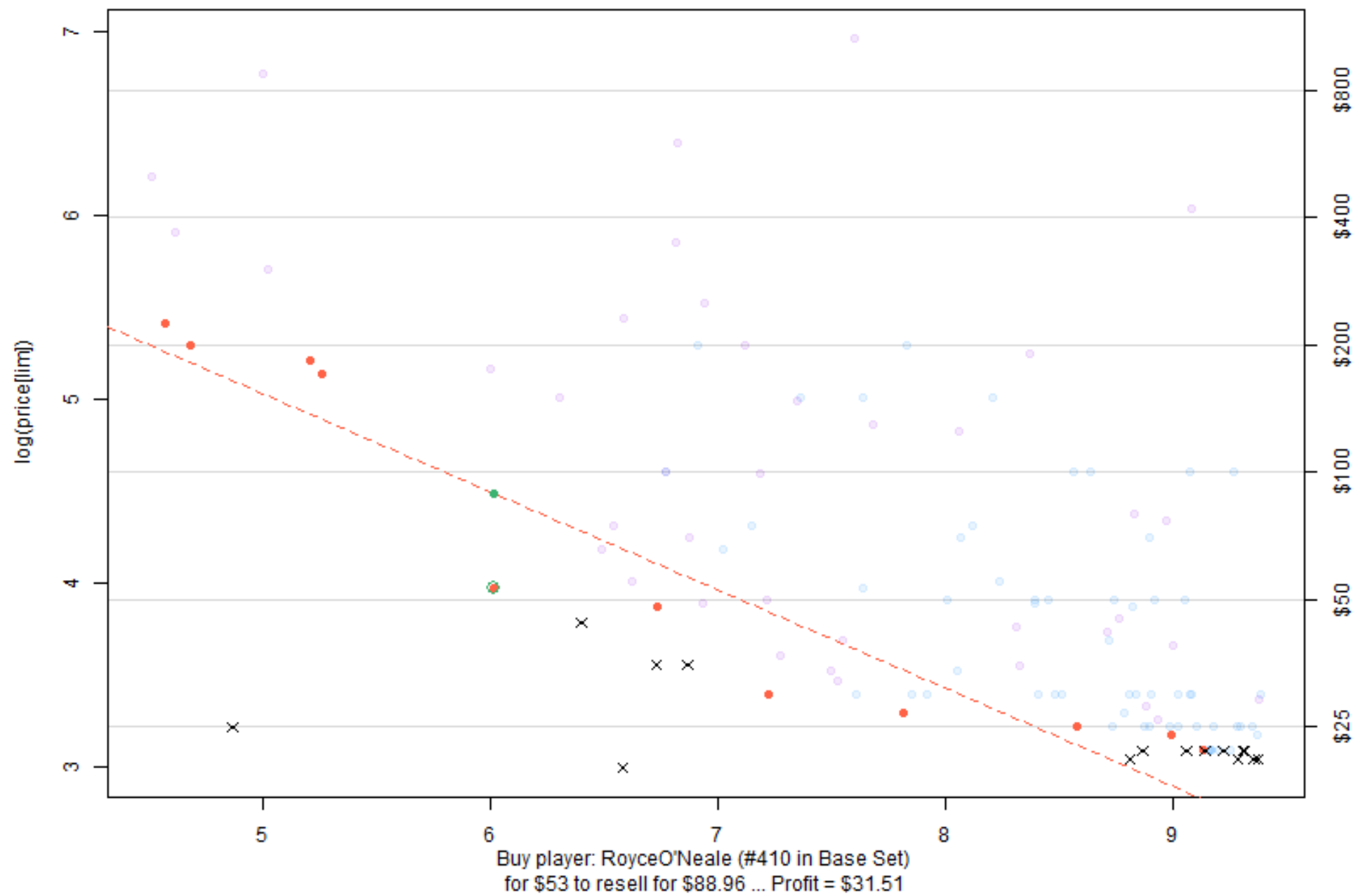




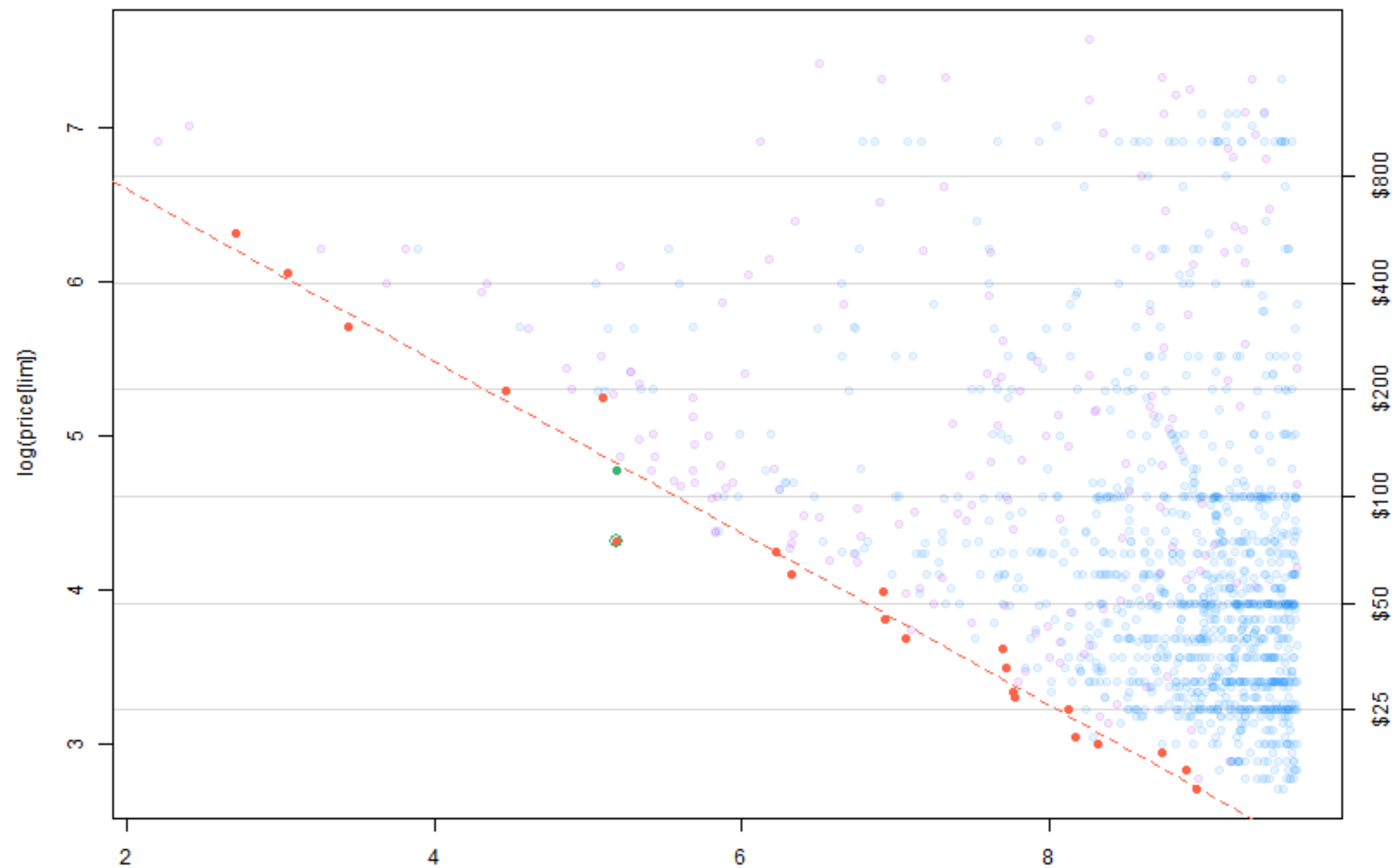
# DevinBooker



# RoyceO'Neale

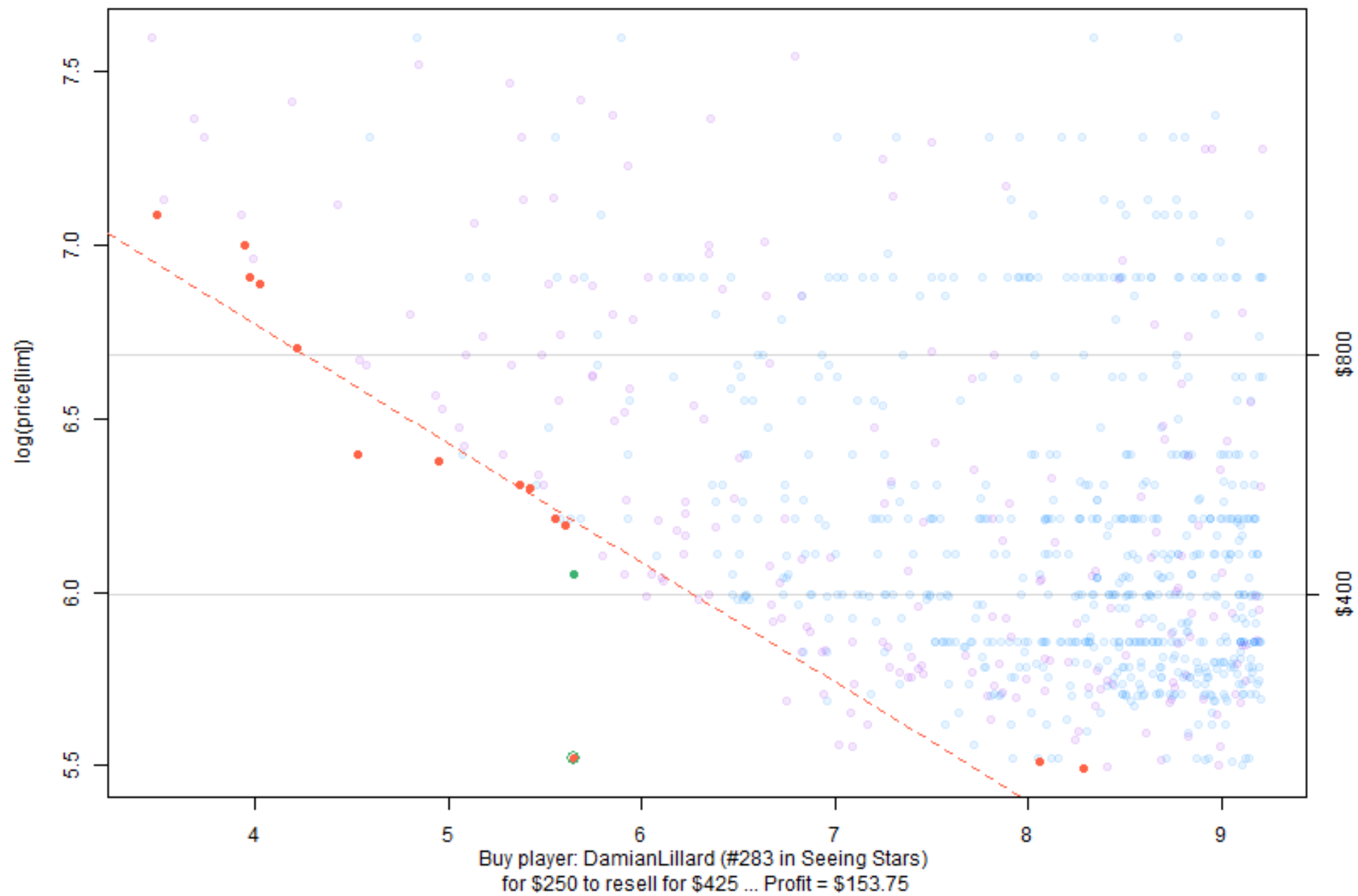


# MarkelleFultz

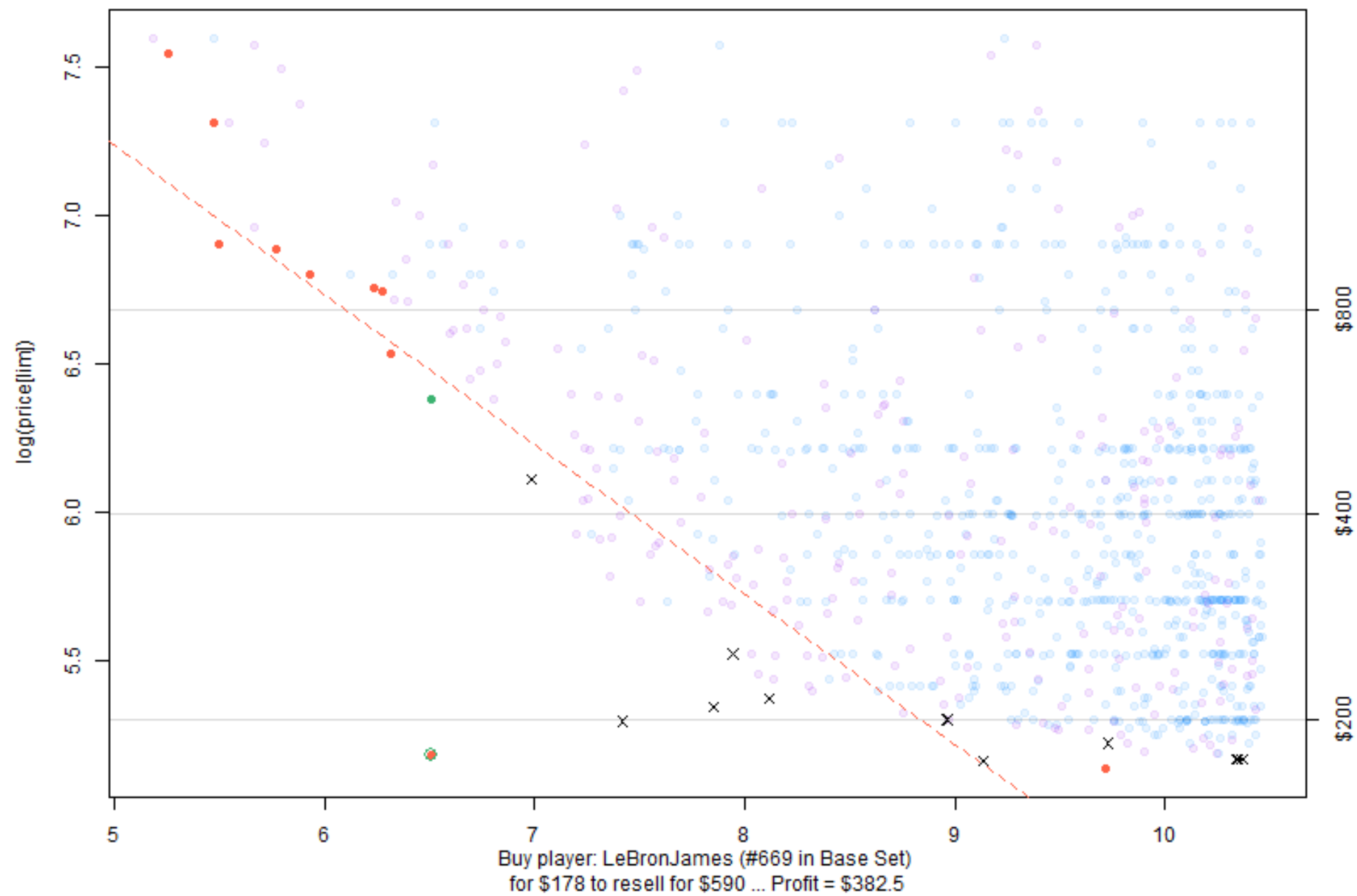


Buy player: MarkelleFultz (#178 in Base Set)  
for \$75 to resell for \$119 ... Profit = \$38.05

# DamianLillard

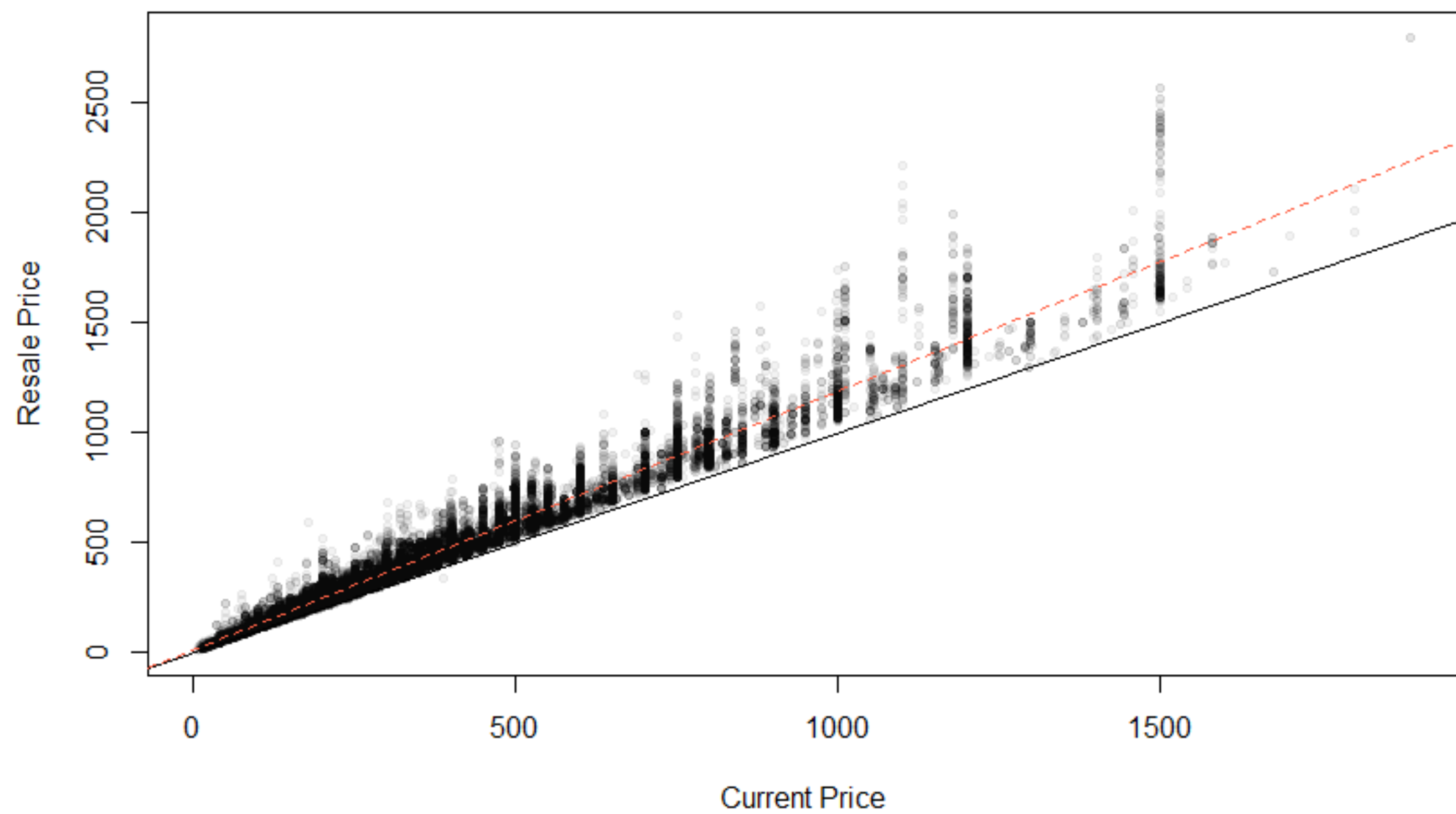


# LeBronJames



# Model Summary

- First buy: 2/25/2021
- Last buy: 3/24/2021



# Average Model Returns

Coefficients:

	Estimate	Std. Error	t value	Pr(> t )	
(Intercept)	5.005149	0.452009	11.07	<2e-16	***
Price	1.178704	0.001031	1143.54	<2e-16	***

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Residual standard error: 55.15 on 42778 degrees of freedom

Multiple R-squared: 0.9683, Adjusted R-squared: 0.9683

F-statistic: 1.308e+06 on 1 and 42778 DF, p-value: < 2.2e-16