```
data air pol;
input ID Height Age INI Height INI Age Log FEV1;
L Height = log(Height);
L INI Height = log(INI Height);
L Age = log(Age);
L INI Age = log(INI_Age);
datalines;
   1
       1.20
               9.3415
                          1.20 9.3415 0.21511
      1.63 17.8645 1.44 11.9617 1.16938
  300
  run;
*Start with the fixed effect analysis. This analysis is greatly simplified using
the absorb term;
proc glm data=air_pol;
absorb ID;
model Log FEV1 = L Age Height/solution;
run;
quit;
                             The GLM Procedure
```

Dependent Variable: Log_FEV1

Source	DF	Sum of Squares	Mean Square	F Value	Pr > F
Model	300	208.6461864	0.6954873	172.21	<.0001
Error	1692	6.8333959	0.0040387		
Corrected Total	1992	215.4795823			

R-Square	Coeff Var	Root MSE	Log_FEV1 Mean
0.968288	7.788000	0.063550	0.816004

Source	DF	Type I SS	Mean Square	F Value	Pr > F
ID	298	65.0614168	0.2183269	54.06	<.0001
L_Age	1	138.3949317	138.3949317	34267.6	<.0001
Height	1	5.1898380	5.1898380	1285.04	<.0001

Source	DF	Type III SS	Mean Square	F Value	Pr > F
L_Age	1	0.86651269	0.86651269	214.56	<.0001

Source	DF	=	Type I	II SS	Mear	n Squa	re	F Val	ue	Pr >	>
Height	,	1	5.1898	3798	5.1898379		98	98 1285.		<.00	0
Parameter			Estin	nate	Standard Error		t	Value	Pr	' > t	
L_Age		0.	0.311246221		0.02124882			14.65		0001	
Height		1.467778605 0.0409450		94508		35.85	<.(0001			
			Solution	on fo	r Fixe	d Effec	ts				ľ
Effect	ı	Est	timate		ndard Error	DF	t۷	Value	Pr	> t	
Intercep	t	-2	2.1339	0.08428		297	-	25.32	<.(0001	
Height		1	1.4506	0.0)4039	1691		35.91	<.(0001	
L_Age		(0.3192	0.0	2098	1691		15.21	<.(0001	

*Now we'll center the covariates and fit them to a longitudinal and cross sectional model;

```
proc means data=air_pol_trans nway;
class id;
var age;
output out=two mean=mage;
run;
```

	Analysis Variable : Age								
ID	N Obs	N	Mean	Std Dev	Minimum	Maximum			
1	7	7	12.7016571	2.5792330	9.3415000	16.3723000			
2	8	8	13.1957500	4.0681923	6.5873000	17.6318000			
3	9	9	11.4652222	3.2554368	6.9131000	16.0164000			
299	6	6	15.4528833	1.8728064	12.9555000	17.9904000			
300	7	7	14.9482714	2.1421772	11.9617000	17.8645000			

```
proc sort data=air pol trans;
by ID;
proc sort data=two;
by ID;
data three;
merge air_pol_trans two;
by ID;
cage = age - mage;
run;
*We'll analyze a version of the outcome that has already been corrected for height;
proc mixed data = three;
class ID;
model Log FEV1 HT = cage mage/ solution;
random intercept /subject=ID g;
contrast 'Longitudinal vs. Cross sectional' cage 1 mage -1;
run;
```

Model Information					
Data Set	WORK.THREE				
Dependent Variable	Log_FEV1_HT				
Covariance Structure	Variance Components				
Subject Effect	ID				
Estimation Method	REML				
Residual Variance Method	Profile				

Model Information				
Fixed Effects SE Method	Model-Based			
Degrees of Freedom Method	Containment			

	Class Level Information					
Class	Levels	Values				
ID	299	1 2 3 4 5300				

Dimensions			
Covariance Parameters	2		
Columns in X	3		
Columns in Z per Subject	1		
Subjects	299		
Max Obs per Subject	12		

Number of Observations				
Number of Observations Read	1993			
Number of Observations Used	1993			
Number of Observations Not Used	0			

Iteration History						
Iteration	Evaluations	-2 Res Log Like	Criterion			
0	1	-2921.88193214				
1	2	-4468.05875634	0.00001361			
2	1	-4468.11540864	0.00000002			
3	1	-4468.11549096	0.00000000			

Covariance Parameter Estimates			
Cov Parm	Subject	Estimate	
Intercept	ID	0.009336	
Residual		0.004190	

Fit Statistics		
-2 Res Log Likelihood	-4468.1	
AIC (Smaller is Better)	-4464.1	
AICC (Smaller is Better)	-4464.1	
BIC (Smaller is Better)	-4456.7	

Solution for Fixed Effects					
Effect	Estimate	Standard Error	DF	t Value	Pr > t
Intercept	-0.3483	0.03517	297	-9.90	<.0001
cage	0.02982	0.000480	1693	62.18	<.0001
mage	0.02923	0.002901	1693	10.08	<.0001

Type 3 Tests of Fixed Effects				
Effect	Num DF		F Value	Pr > F
cage	1	1693	3865.92	<.0001
mage	1	1693	101.52	<.0001

Contrasts					
Label	Num DF		F Value	Pr > F	
Longitudinal vs. Cross sectional		1693	0.04		

Now we'll refit the model with a single covariate:

```
proc mixed data = three;
class ID;
model Log_FEV1_HT = age/ solution;
random intercept /subject=ID g;
run;
```

Model Information			
Data Set WORK.THREE			
Dependent Variable	Log_FEV1_HT		
Covariance Structure	Variance Components		

Model Information			
Subject Effect	ID		
Estimation Method	REML		
Residual Variance Method	Profile		
Fixed Effects SE Method	Model-Based		
Degrees of Freedom Method	Containment		

Class Level Information			
Class	Levels	Values	
ID	299	1 2 3 4 300	

Fit Statistics		
-2 Res Log Likelihood	-4477.9	
AIC (Smaller is Better)	-4473.9	
AICC (Smaller is Better)	-4473.9	
BIC (Smaller is Better)	-4466.5	

Solution for Fixed Effects					
Effect Estimate Standard DF t Value Pr					Pr > t
Intercept	-0.3552	0.008179	298	-43.42	<.0001
Age	0.02981	0.000473	1693	62.99	<.0001