# PREDICTING HEALTH OUTCOMES USING MACHINE LEARNING SUMMER ML COURSE

### Overview

This project involves applying machine learning techniques to predict health outcomes using a relevant health dataset of your choice. You will preprocess the data, perform exploratory data analysis (EDA), build and evaluate machine learning models, and interpret the results while considering ethical implications.

# **Objectives**

- 1. Preprocess and explore the dataset.
- 2. Implement and evaluate supervised machine learning models.
- 3. Interpret the results and identify significant predictors.
- 4. Discuss ethical considerations in machine learning for public health.

## **Project Steps**

#### 1. Select a Dataset

Choose a publicly available health dataset containing predictor variables (features) and an outcome variable (target). Examples include datasets related to chronic diseases, patient readmissions, or other health conditions.

#### 2. Data Preprocessing

**Goal:** Prepare the data for analysis and modeling.

- Load the dataset: Creating a tidy dataset in R.
- Explore the dataset: Print the first few rows and summary statistics to understand the data structure.
- Handle missing values: Identify and impute missing values using appropriate techniques (e.g., imputation).
- Scale the data: Normalize the feature variables to ensure consistent scale across features.

#### 3. Exploratory Data Analysis (EDA)

Goal: Understand the data and identify patterns.

• Visualize the data: Create histograms, box plots, and scatter plots to examine distributions and relationships between variables.

• Correlation analysis: Compute and visualize the correlation matrix using a heatmap to identify relationships between features and the target variable.

#### 4. Build and Evaluate Machine Learning Models

Goal: Develop and assess models to predict health outcomes.

- Split the data: Divide the dataset into training (e.g., 80%) and testing (e.g., 20%) sets, or use cross-validation.
- Implement models: Build at least two supervised learning models (e.g., logistic regression, decision trees, random forests, support vector machines).
- Evaluate models: Use metrics such as prediction error, sensitivity, ROC-AUC, etc.

#### 5. Interpret the Results

Goal: Understand and communicate the significance of your findings.

- **Feature importance:** Identify which features are the most significant predictors of the health outcome.
- Model comparison: Compare the performance of different models and discuss why one might perform better than another.
- **Discussion:** Interpret the implications of your findings for public health.

## **Deliverables**

#### 1. Project Report:

- Document your analysis, including data preprocessing steps, EDA, model building and evaluation, interpretation of results, and ethical considerations.
- Include visualizations, tables, and code snippets where appropriate.

#### 2. Presentation:

• Summarize your findings and conclusions in a short presentation. Be prepared to discuss your approach and results.

## **Evaluation Criteria**

- 1. Data Preprocessing and EDA (30%)
- 2. Model Implementation and Evaluation (40%)
- 3. Interpretation of Results (20%)
- 4. Report and Presentation Quality (10%)

By completing this project, you will gain practical experience in applying biostatistical machine-learning techniques to a real-world public health problem, enhancing both your technical skills and your understanding of the ethical dimensions of data analysis.