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#include <avr/io.h>
#include <avr/interrupt.h>

#define LED_MASK ((1 << PB1) | (1 << PB2) | (1 << PB3)) // for pins 9,
10, and 11
//A bitmask or LEDmask is just a number you use to turn specific bits
on or off.

// Three modulation speeds (Timer1 prescaler = 1024)
const uint16_t OCR_SLOW = 7812; // 2 Hz
const uint16_t OCR_MED = 781; // 20 Hz
const uint16_t OCR_FAST = 155; // 100 Hz

volatile uint8_t mode = 0; // 0 = all blink, 1 = chase, 2 =
binary
volatile uint8_t stepIndex = 0; // step for chase/binary, step index
is used as a frame counter

// ----- Timer1 Compare A Interrupt -----
ISR(TIMER1_COMPA_vect) { // Runs automatically every time Timer1
reaches OCR1A (OCR1A = Timer1 compare register)
    switch (mode) {
        case 0: // Mode 0: ALL THREE BLINK TOGETHER (in assembly)
            asm volatile(
                "in r16, %[port] \n\t" // load current PORTB value
into register r16.
                "ldi r17, %[mask] \n\t" // load mask for PB1, PB2, PB3
into r17
                "eor r16, r17 \n\t" // flip those bits- if they
were 0 → become 1, if they were 1 → become 0
                "out %[port], r16 \n\t" // write updated bits back to
PORTB.
                :
                : [port] "I" (_SFR_IO_ADDR(PORTB)),
                [mask] "I" (LED_MASK)
                : "r16", "r17"
            );
            break;

        case 1: { // Mode 1: chasing pattern 9 → 10 → 11
            uint8_t newPort = PORTB & ~LED_MASK; // Clears the LED bits
(PB1–PB3) while leaving other PORTB bits untouched

            if (stepIndex == 0) { // If stepIndex is 0 → turn on PB1
                newPort |= (1 << PB1);
            } else if (stepIndex == 1) { // If stepIndex is 1 → turn on PB2
                newPort |= (1 << PB2);
            } else { // stepIndex == 2 // If stepIndex is 2 → turn on PB3
                newPort |= (1 << PB3);
            }
        }
    }
}

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        stepIndex = (stepIndex + 1) % 3;
        PORTB = newPort; // updates the port
        break;
    }

    case 2: { // Mode 2: 3-bit binary counter on LEDs
        uint8_t newPort = PORTB & ~LED_MASK; // clear LED bits
        uint8_t pattern = stepIndex & 0x07; // 0..7

        if (pattern & 0x01) newPort |= (1 << PB1);
        if (pattern & 0x02) newPort |= (1 << PB2);
        if (pattern & 0x04) newPort |= (1 << PB3);

        stepIndex = (stepIndex + 1) & 0x07; // increments and wraps at
0 - 7
        PORTB = newPort; //Result: LEDs display the binary count pattern
000, 001, 010, ..., 111 over and over.
        break;
    }
}
}

// ----- setup -----
void setup() {
    // LEDs: PB1, PB2, PB3 (pins 9,10,11) as outputs
    DDRB |= (1 << DDB1) | (1 << DDB2) | (1 << DDB3); //DDRB controls
direction of Port B pins
    // Setting bits DDB1, DDB2, DDB3 = 1 → pins 9, 10, 11 are outputs

    // Button: PD2 (pin 2) as input with pull-up
    DDRD &= ~(1 << DDD2); // input
    PORTD |= (1 << PORTD2); // enable internal pull-up

    // Reset Timer1
    TCCR1A = 0; // TCCR1A, TCCR1B = 0 → off and in normal mode initially
    TCCR1B = 0;
    TCNT1 = 0; //TCNT1 = 0 resets count to zero.

    // CTC mode
    TCCR1B |= (1 << WGM12); // Sets WGM12 = 1 → Timer1 in CTC mode
    ("Clear Timer on Compare Match")
    // Timer counts up from 0 to OCR1A, then:
    // triggers interrupt
    // resets back to 0.

    // Start in slow mode (mode 0)
    OCR1A = OCR_SLOW;

    // Enable Timer1 Compare A interrupt

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TIMSK1 |= (1 << OCIE1A);

// Start Timer1 with prescaler 1024
TCCR1B |= (1 << CS12) | (1 << CS10);

// Enable global interrupts
sei();
}

// ----- loop -----
void loop() {
    // Button edge detect (HIGH -> LOW = press) with simple debounce
    static uint8_t lastState = 1; // 1 = HIGH (not pressed)
    uint8_t reading = (PIND & (1 << PIND2)) ? 1 : 0;

    if (reading != lastState) {
        delay(10); // debounce
        reading = (PIND & (1 << PIND2)) ? 1 : 0;

        if (lastState == 1 && reading == 0) {
            // Button press: cycle mode
            mode = (mode + 1) % 3;
            stepIndex = 0; // restart pattern

            uint16_t newOCR;
            if (mode == 0) {
                newOCR = OCR_SLOW; // all blink slowly
            } else if (mode == 1) {
                newOCR = OCR_MED; // chase medium speed
            } else {
                newOCR = OCR_FAST; // binary fast
            }

            cli();
            OCR1A = newOCR;
            sei();
        }
        lastState = reading;
    }
}

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