Problem Statement and Goals Software Engineering

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Table 1: Revision History

Date	Developer(s)	Change
09/19/2022	Catherine Chen, Yasmine Jolly, Jeffrey Wang, Jack Theriault, Alex Moica, Justina Srebrnjak	Initial Document

1 Problem Statement

1.1 Problem

Malnutrition is an often overlooked health issue that is becoming more prevalent in today's society. In fact, malnourished individuals may not know they are not consuming the proper amount of nutrients to keep them healthy. As a result, undernourished individuals will have a weaker immune system and stunted growth, while overnourished individuals will have cardiovascular diseases and diabetes. All of these factors lead to a lower life expectancy. There are nutrition apps that help users track the progress to their nutritional goals, but all of them require the user to manually input each component used for their meal. Searching for each component can be overwhelming and tedious for users. Therefore, users end up never using their downloaded app even though they had an interest in taking care of their nutritional health. Without an easier solution, our population will continue to eat poorly, which will lead to health issues and earlier death rates.

1.2 Inputs and Outputs

• Inputs:

The user will be able to upload either one or multiple images of one individual food item.

• Outputs:

The application will accurately identify what food or foods the user has uploaded an image of.

The application, upon identifying what food the user has uploaded, will generate the nutrition facts and calories of this item.

Once nutrition facts have been fetched, the application will save the nutritional facts of the user's meal. This allows for the user identify trends in their eating habits and count their calories from all items consumed.

1.3 Stakeholders

• Primary Stakeholders

Health Conscious Individuals: The primary stakeholder for this web application will be health conscious individuals that wish to improve their daily eating habits. Assuming the user does not have the knowledge of nutritional values of foods, they are estimated to utilize the app whenever they want to eat a meal approximately three to four times a day.

• Secondary Stakeholders

Individuals Employed in the Health and Fitness Sector and Active Gym Users: Rather than relying on the application, it will be used more as a helpful tool to be used on occasion. The user is estimated to have a certain level of knowledge of nutrition. Rather than utilizing the application every meal, it will be used when the user is unsure or has forgotten the foods nutrition facts.

• Tertiary Stakeholders

Grocery Stores: Grocery stores stock may be affected as a response to users changing food patterns. There may be a preference towards certain healthier foods.

Restaurants: They may expect a decrease in customers as there may be a preference to cook from home. Since Utrition gives guidance as to how many calories the user is consuming, users may prefer to eat at home where they know exactly what they are consuming. The customers who still decide to go to restaurants may prefer going for a healthier option on the menu, affecting the restaurants projected order preferences.

Gyms: Upon gaining the knowledge of how many calories they are consuming, users of Utrition may attend the gym more often to burn off extra calories that may exceed their recommended caloric intake.

1.4 Environment

Utrition will be software that can be used on any device (ex. cell phone or computer) that contains a web browser. Utrition will be hosted locally as a web app. This means devices will also require installation of Python3 and NodeJS.

2 Goals

This section contains the project goals integral to the development of Utrition. These goals outline the primary reasons for the product's existence, and are critical in contributing to its completeness.

2.1 Collection of Images

Utrition outputs the nutritional properties of food found in pictures provided by the user. Users will be allowed to upload pictures to the system, where they will be saved for further processing and analysis. This feature serves as the core user input interaction that users will experience when they want to log their diet.

2.2 Accurate Food Detection

Utrition will use computer vision to identify the food items present in user-provided images. These food recognition services will analyze pictures, and highlight individual food objects found in the image. The set of identified foods are listed and recorded, and will be used for further processing. This feature leverages food recognition technology to streamline the process of logging one's diet. Instead of having the user list a breakdown of their meal, Utrition will determine what the user is eating from the provided image.

2.3 Retrieval of Nutritional Information

Utrition will calculate the nutritional details of the food item identified in the user-provided image. The macronutrients, micronutrients, and caloric information will be fetched for further analysis and processing.

2.4 Display Nutritional Data

Utrition will display the fetched nutritional data on an interactive user interface. Nutritional data patterns and the history of tracked data will be displayed as well. The data will be displayed in different statistical views.

2.5 Record User's Consumed Nutrients

Utrition will save the nutritional information of the user's past meals. This data will be compiled and organized by the date the food was consumed. This data will be used to track overall progress and trends of consumed nutrients.

2.6 Access Previous Meal Data

Previously tracked food and nutritional data will be able to be accessed. The relevant data will be retrieved based on the search parameters.

3 Stretch Goals

This section contains project goals that are not integral to the development of Utrition, but would be valuable extensions to develop once the aforementioned goals are met.

3.1 Web Hosting

Users will be able to access the Utrition application online through a website hosted on the internet. This will increase the user base of Utrition by making Utrition more accessible and convenient to use. Once hosted online, the delay between passing an input to Utrition and receiving an output will be similar in length to the local implementation of Utrition within a small margin of error.

3.2 Logging Preset Meals

Users will be able to create presets of their commonly eaten meals on Utrition and save them for future use. Once a preset is created, a user will be able to select it to log the information of the meal without needing to manually reupload images. This feature will allow users to customize Utrition to fit their eating habits, while also reducing the amount of time it takes to log a meal and access its information.

3.3 Identifying Complex Food Items

Once our system is able to identify basic food items, the next step is to improve upon the product's food identification implementation. Now that Utrition can identify foods consisting of one part (ex. apple, cheese, chicken), Utrition will identify increasingly complex items and its individual parts (ex. hamburger with bun, beef, tomoato, lettuce, and cheese). This feature allows the user to simply input one image of their meal instead of uploading pictures of its individual parts. The result is a significant reduction in time needed for the user to determine their nutritional facts for their meal, increasing the efficiency and usability of the system.

3.4 Providing Insights into User's Eating Habits

Utrition will provide insights into the eating habits of the user. For example, some insights the system might give include informing the user that their calorie count is too low or that they are deficient in a specific nutrient such as fibre. With this additional functionality, the application becomes more informative and useful for users. Instead of simply tracking their food intake, users will now receive suggestions to improve their eating habits.