Milestone 4

Singularity Software

April 27, 2012

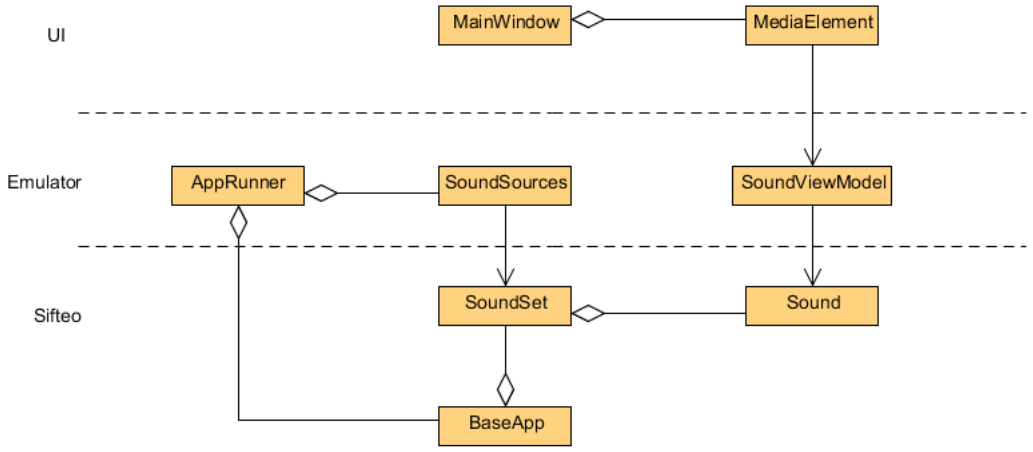
A Non-Trivial Technical Change

With images functioning correctly in the emulator, the next element that needed to be incorporated into the functioning system was the concept of a sound. For the purposes of an application or game, sounds prove to be a useful mechanism of indicating success and/or failure or setting the mood with a little background music.

In the Sifteo level at least, what we decided still needed to be our own implementation there are two entities that deal with sounds: Sound and SoundSet. The former is representative of one sound object, and the latter is an aggregation of all of the available sounds for the application running in the emulator.

Much like with loading images, when an application is loaded, all of its available sound assets are loaded as well (located in that applications assets/sounds directory). Then, from within the application, a sound can be created and played using intuitive methods Play, Pause, Resume, and Stop (along with other bits of functionality like setting the volume level). The interface is obvious, but the implementation to funnel these method calls up to our application and view layers is not so immediately obvious.

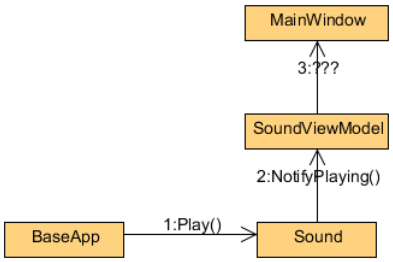
The primary technical issue comes with utilizing the capabilities of Silverlight to do what we need without overstepping our needs. Images did not present such an issue because for the purposes of the emulator, an image is drawn to the screen and then is lost to the user forever. However, sounds have a state and can be changed after being drawn to the window. This presents a problem, because our current design does not facilitate communication from the domain (Sifteo) layer to the UI layer, as shown in the following partial class diagram:



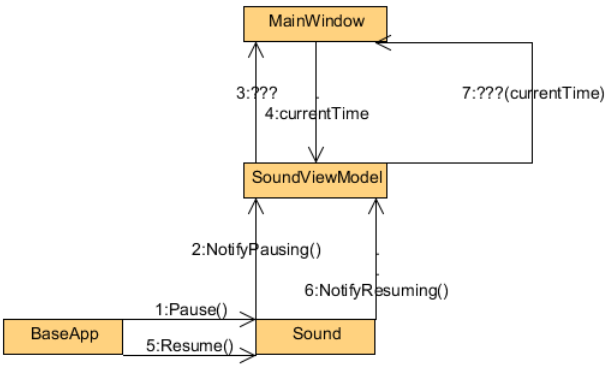
For the purposes of our emulator, we have a MainWindow view which encompasses the emulator as a whole, but all we need to analyze this issue is to realize that within that

MainWindow there is an ItemsControl bound to the collection of SoundViewModels in MainWindowViewModel. Each SoundViewModel is the data context of a MediaElement, Silverlights readily-available entity for playing sounds (and videos too!).

However, note the issue of direction of flow, which is in some ways slightly opposite of what may be expected in a typical MVVM application. The MediaElement is bound to a SoundViewModel, which has access to a Sound object. We know from implementing the imaging functionality that we can effectively communicate back-and-forth between the viewmodels and Sifteo-level objects, so that is not an issue. But how do we link up the following communications without breaking the rules of MVVM?



(Basic playing communication)



(Pause and resume communication)

The solution we decided upon was to maintain separate collections. When a sound is created/paused/stopped, it is placed in the InactiveSounds collection. When it is played or resumed, it is subsequently added to the ActiveSounds collection, and this is what the MediaElements are bound to. This allows us to successfully keep track of which sounds we know about and can use without having to break the rules and make calls to the MediaElements interface.

Now we have solved the issue of being able to keep the emulator in the loop about which sounds should be playing, but one more incident arises. When we pause a sound, we need to have the ability to resume the sound at the same point in its track sometime in the future. This is easy enough with a straight-up Silverlight implementation because the MediaElement has Pause and Resume methods built in. However, because we want to avoid that unnecessary dependency on the MediaElement by the SoundViewModel, we have to take a slightly more complicated approach to maintain a sounds playback position.

The naive solution is to just add a property to the SoundViewModel which is the direct binding of the MediaElements Position attribute. And this is on the right track, but unfortunately it wont quite work. The viewmodel will always get the right data, and when Pause is called the viewmodel knows the point at which it needs to resume. However, when Resume is called, there is no intuitive way to let the view know where it needs to start. The viewmodel does not directly know about the MediaElement, and the MediaElement will update its own position to be the beginning of the track before even considering the viewmodels opinion of where it should begin.

To solve this one last problem, we need only exploit one more built-in feature of the MediaElement as well as the libraries available to us. When the MediaElement is initialized, its natural instinct is to set its starting position to be the beginning of the sound. Instead, we indicate to the MediaElement that we want to take control as soon as it is loaded. By converting the MediaOpened event to a command we can call on the data context (in our case the viewmodel), we take control without giving any notion to the viewmodel of the entity which it is serving. The XAML code ends up quite simply looking like

```
<DataTemplate>
    <MediaElement Source="{Binding Path, Mode=TwoWay}" AutoPlay="True" Volume="{Binding VolumeLeft, Mode=TwoWay}"
                  Position="{Binding Position, Mode=TwoWay}">
        <i:Interaction.Triggers>
            <i:EventTrigger EventName="MediaOpened">
                <cmd:EventToCommand Command="{Binding Path=SetPosition}" />
            </i:EventTrigger>
        </i:Interaction.Triggers>
    </MediaElement>
</DataTemplate>
```

and we add a short command call to the SoundViewModel to force-update the sounds position to the value before pausing (which will propagate to the MediaElement via the binding):

```
SetPosition = new ActionCommand(() => Position = _resumeSpot);
```

Though it took some time to traverse the options, the final design solves the problem while also maintaining the proper MVVM structure we sought out in the beginning. If in the future we decide to implement the UI portion of the emulator in a different way, we would have very little trouble porting out our Sifteo and application layers to use alongside a different framework. Lower coupling is maintained between layers while entities strongly preserve their individual responsibilities with respect to domain level calls and interface level updates.

Sprint 3 Backlog

The following pages show the backlog for the previous sprint. The two unfinished tasks from this sprint will be finished up over the coming weekend, and the next sprint's progress will begin following the completion of these unfinished tasks.

This sprint's completed tasks list is larger than usual because of our decompilation and subsequent Silverlight recompilation of parts of Sifteo.dll. Any task referencing a Sifteo.MathExt or Sifteo.Util class (e.g. StateMachine) falls under this category.

Sprint: Weeks 6 - 7 Reports: Standup Dashboard

Taskboard

1 - 13 of 13 Highlight Owner: (All) Refresh

Filter Show Closed Items:

Backlog	(None)	In Progress	Completed	Summary
S-01005 UI: Cube drag-and-drop with displacement Future Alex 8.00			Modify drag-and-drop behavior Alex 0.00	Test Results: To Do: 0.00
S-01012 Emulation: Implement public Color methods (see Sifteo API) Accepted Ethan 4.00			Write tests for Color class Ethan 0.00 Implement Color class methods Ethan 0.00	Test Results: To Do: 0.00
S-01014 Emulation: Implement Sound class Done Kurtis 8.00			Write Sound tests Kurtis 0.00 Write code for Sound class Kurtis 0.00	Test Results: To Do: 0.00
S-01015 Emulation: Implement MathExt structs Accepted Richard 4.00			Write tests for MathExt class 0.00 Implement MathExt struct 0.00	Test Results: To Do: 0.00
S-01016 Emulation: Implement Mathf class Accepted Ethan 4.00			Write tests for Mathf class Ethan 0.00 Write code for Mathf class Ethan 0.00	Test Results: To Do: 0.00
S-01018			Test Bucket Alex 0.00	

~~Emulation: Implement StateMachine class~~ Accepted Kurtis 10.00			~~Implement StateMachine Class~~ Alex 0.00 ~~Implement Transitions~~ Alex 0.00 ~~Implement Locking~~ Alex 0.00	Test Results: To Do: 0.00
~~S-01020~~ ~~Application: Test Cube Actions~~ Accepted Richard 8.00			~~Brainstorm Application Ideas~~ Richard 0.00 ~~Create Application Solution and Outline~~ Richard 0.00 ~~Develop Application~~ Richard 0.00 ~~Test Application~~ Richard 0.00	Test Results: To Do: 0.00
~~S-01021~~ ~~Documentation: Milestone 4~~ Accepted Alex, Kurtis, Ethan, Richard 6.00			~~Write Milestone~~ Alex, Kurtis, Ethan, Richard 0.00	Test Results: To Do: 0.00
~~S-01022~~ ~~Prepare Project for Shipping~~ Done Alex 2.00			~~Create Deployment Plan~~ Alex 0.00	Test Results: To Do: 0.00
S-01023 Example game: Fractions Richard 6.00		Implement Fractions Richard 6.00		Test Results: To Do: 6.00
S-01024 Example game: Reflex game Ethan		Implement Reflex game Ethan 6.00		

6.00				Test Results: To Do: 6.00
~~S-01025~~ ~~UI: Shake~~ Accepted Alex 2.00			~~Implement Shake~~ Alex 0.00	Test Results: To Do: 0.00
~~S-01026~~ ~~UI: Press~~ Accepted Alex 2.00			~~Implement Press/Click~~ Alex 0.00	Test Results: To Do: 0.00

Sprint 4 Backlog

We are opting not to do TDD for this sprint.

Backlog	(None)	In Progress	Completed	Summary
S-01027 Documentation: Code Maintenance Plan Richard 3.00	Write Code Maintenance Plan Richard 3.00			Test Results: To Do: 3.00
S-01028 Documentation: All Deliverables -> ANGEL Alex, Kurtis, Ethan, Richard 0.50	Submit Documentation Alex, Kurtis, Ethan, Richard 0.50			Test Results: To Do: 0.50
S-01030 Emulation: Pause/Resume Application Kurtis 5.00	Add UI Pause/Resume Button Kurtis 1.00 Implement Pause/Resume Model Events/Functionality Kurtis 4.00			Test Results: To Do: 5.00
S-01031 Development: Continuous Integration Server Alex 5.00	Install CI Server Alex 2.00 Configure CI Builds 1.00 Configure CI Test Runs 2.00			Test Results: To Do: 5.00
S-01032 Documentation: Example Application Ethan 5.00	Build Application Ethan 4.00 Test Application Ethan 1.00			Test Results: To Do: 5.00
S-01033	Add UI Exception Reporting Element			