

Wave Index Table

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Preamble

This document provides a table of all of the implemented waveforms for use in the *plebitp* wavetable. Wave names that end in W utilize the wave parameter to change how that wave sounds. Wave names that contain Pulse[TYPE] utilize the pulse parameter to produce a pulse effect of that type. At the end of the Wave Index Table is some information on the pulse and wave parameters and how they affect the waveforms.

Wave Index Table

Basic Waves (00-1F)

00	Silence	01	Square	02	Triangle	03	Saw
04	Sine	05	Random	06	Square Pulse	07	Triangle Pulse
08	Saw Pulse	09	Sine Pulse	0A	Square NES W	0B	Square NES Pulse W
0C	Square VTX	0D	Square VTX Pulse	0E	Square Pulse2	0F	Square PulseH
10		11		12		13	
14	Triangle Pulse2	15	Triangle PulseH	16	Sine Pulse2	17	Sine PulseH
18	Half-Sine	19	Half-Sine Pulse	1A	N Sine W	1B	N Sine Pulse W
1C	N Sine Pulse2 W	1D	N Sine PulseH W	1E	N Half-Sine W	1F	N Half-Sine W

Multiplexed Waves (20-3F)

20	Mux Wave	21		22		23	
24		25		26		27	
28		29		2A	_	2B	_
2C	_	2D	_	2E	_	2F	_
30	_	31	_	32	_	33	_
34	_	35	_	36	_	37	_
38	_	39	_	3A	_	3B	_
3C	_	3D	_	3E	_	3F	_

Untitled Section

40	_	41	_	42	_	43	_
44	_	45	_	46	_	47	_
48	_	49	_	4A	_	4B	_
4C	_	4D	_	4E	_	4F	_
50	_	51	_	52	_	53	_
54	_	55	_	56	_	57	_
58	_	59	_	5A	_	5B	_
5C	_	5D	_	5E	_	5F	_

Percussion and Noise (60-7F)

60	Noise0	61	Noise1	62	Noise2	63	Bongo
64	—	65	—	66	—	67	—
68	—	69	—	6A	—	6B	—
6C	—	6D	—	6E	—	6F	—
70	—	71	—	72	—	73	—
74	—	75	—	76	—	77	—
78	—	79	—	7A	—	7B	—
7C	—	7D	—	7E	—	7F	—

Untitled Section

80	—	81	—	82	—	83	—
84	—	85	—	86	—	87	—
88	—	89	—	8A	—	8B	—
8C	—	8D	—	8E	—	8F	—
90	—	91	—	92	—	93	—
94	—	95	—	96	—	97	—
98	—	99	—	9A	—	9B	—
9C	—	9D	—	9E	—	9F	—

Untitled Section

A0	—	A1	—	A2	—	A3	—
A4	—	A5	—	A6	—	A7	—
A8	—	A9	—	AA	—	AB	—
AC	—	AD	—	AE	—	AF	—
B0	—	B1	—	B2	—	B3	—
B4	—	B5	—	B6	—	B7	—
B8	—	B9	—	BA	—	BB	—
BC	—	BD	—	BE	—	BF	—

Untitled Section

C0	—	C1	—	C2	—	C3	—
C4	—	C5	—	C6	—	C7	—
C8	—	C9	—	CA	—	CB	—
CC	—	CD	—	CE	—	CF	—
D0	—	D1	—	D2	—	D3	—
D4	—	D5	—	D6	—	D7	—
D8	—	D9	—	DA	—	DB	—
DC	—	DD	—	DE	—	DF	—

Untitled Section

<i>E0</i>	—	<i>E1</i>	—	<i>E2</i>	—	<i>E3</i>	—
<i>E4</i>	—	<i>E5</i>	—	<i>E6</i>	—	<i>E7</i>	—
<i>E8</i>	—	<i>E9</i>	—	<i>EA</i>	—	<i>EB</i>	—
<i>EC</i>	—	<i>ED</i>	—	<i>EE</i>	—	<i>EF</i>	—

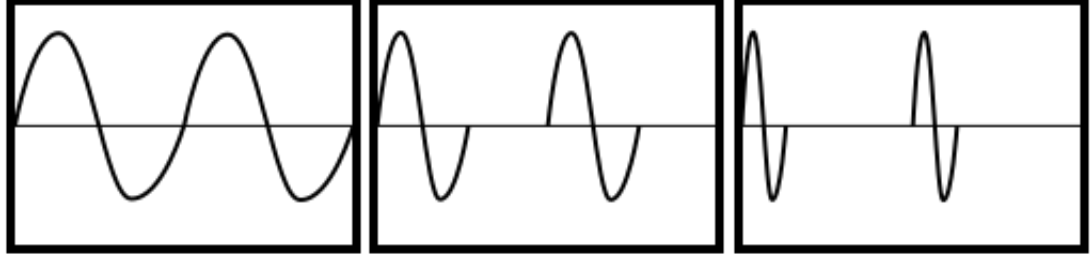
Wave Functions

<i>F0</i>	Set Pulse	<i>F1</i>	Add Pulse	<i>F2</i>	Set Wave1	<i>F3</i>	Set Wave2
<i>F4</i>	Set Mux Gen 1	<i>F5</i>	Set Mux Gen 2	<i>F6</i>	Note Fine Tune	<i>F7</i>	Set Pulse 2(H)
<i>F8</i>	Add Pulse 2(H)	<i>F9</i>	—	<i>FA</i>	—	<i>FB</i>	Set Loop Counter
<i>FC</i>	Set Loop Counter	<i>FD</i>	Dec Loop Counter/Jump if not 0	<i>FE</i>	S	<i>FF</i>	Jump to Index

The Pulse Parameter

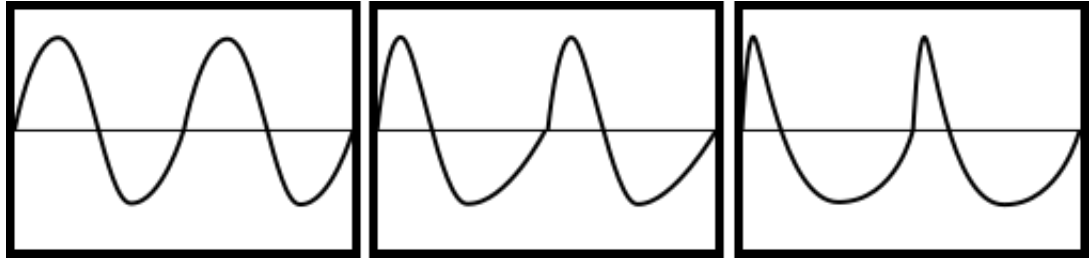
Pulse1 waveforms modulate by contracting their frequencies toward the beginning of pulses, leaving the rest of what the pulse would be (had it not been modulated), as silence. Imagine the example pictures are of actual sine waves.

Sine Pulse 1 [00..80..E0]



Pulse2 is the same idea, but instead of leaving the end for silence, it stretches the “down-valley” (or trough, whatever you want to call it) of the sound to be longer or shorter. This pulse effect pulls off a similar sound to Pulse1, but I speculate has additional lower frequencies.

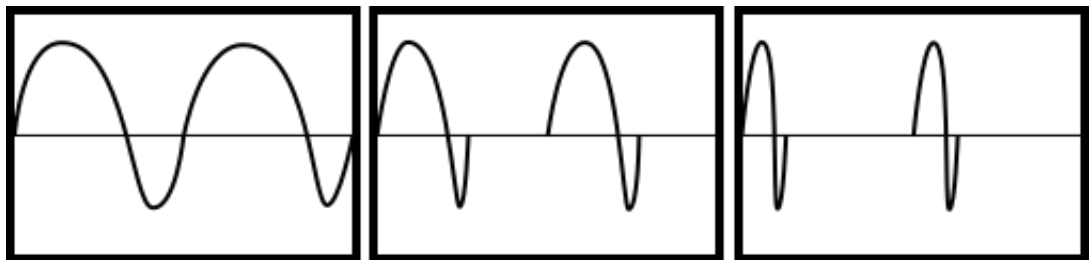
Sine Pulse 2 [80..C0..F0]



Pulse 2 is only implemented by certain waveforms that have troughs. For example: Square, Sine, and Triangle.

PulseH, Pulse Hybrid, Combines these effects. It applies Pulse1, then Pulse2 inside of the range of the already modulated waveform.

Sine Pulse Hybrid 2[20..20..20] 1[FF..80..10]



The Wave Parameter

Some waveforms utilize the wave parameter, but the effect that the wave parameter has on a waveform is dependant on that waveform.

Index	Wave name	Description
0A-0B	Square NES W	Changes how strong the effect of making the square wave similar to a gameboy/
0C-0D	Square VTX W	Innefectually changes how strong the effect of making the square wave similar to
1A-1D	N Sine W	N Sine duplicates a number of sine waves and shrinks them into the space of 1 n
1E-1F	N Half-Sine W	Does the same as N Sine W, but with only the top half of a sine wave in a sort
20	Multiplexed Waves	The wave parameter defines a ratio of phase between the two waves. This funct
00	—	
00	—	
00	—	
00	—	