

## Algorithm for file updates in Python

### Project description

This project is intended to help me learn how to create functions from algorithms in python. The main theme of this project is using an algorithm to update a file containing a list of allowed IP addresses.

### Open the file that contains the allow list

```
# Assign `import_file` to the name of the file
import_file = "allow_list.txt"

# Assign `remove_list` to a list of IP addresses that are no longer allowed to access restricted information.
remove_list = ["192.168.97.225", "192.168.158.170", "192.168.201.40", "192.168.58.57"]

# Build `with` statement to read in the initial contents of the file
with open(import_file, "r") as file:
    # Use `.read()` to read the imported file and store it in a variable named `ip_addresses`
    ip_addresses = file.read()
```

First, I had to import the file using the ‘With’ statement, which then allowed me to read, write or append the file I opened with it.

## Read the file contents

```
with open(import_file, "r") as file:  
    # Use `read()` to read the imported file and store it in a variable named `ip_addresses`  
    ip_addresses = file.read()  
  
    # Display `ip_addresses`  
  
    print(ip_addresses)  
  
ip_address  
192.168.25.60  
192.168.205.12  
192.168.97.225  
192.168.6.9  
192.168.52.90  
192.168.158.170  
192.168.90.124  
192.168.186.176  
192.168.133.188  
192.168.203.198  
192.168.201.40  
192.168.218.219  
192.168.52.37  
192.168.156.224  
192.168.60.153  
192.168.58.57  
192.168.69.116
```

---

To read the file, I just had to make a new variable and assign it to the .read() statement so that when it came to printing it, it had the information inside of the file in it.

## Convert the string into a list

```
ip_addresses = file.read()  
  
# Use `split()` to convert `ip_addresses` from a string to a list  
ip_addresses = ip_addresses.split()  
  
# Display `ip_addresses`  
  
print(ip_addresses)  
  
['ip_address', '192.168.25.60', '192.168.205.12', '192.168.97.225', '192.168.6.9', '192.168.52.90', '192.168.158.170', '192.168.90.124', '192.168.186.176', '192.168.133.188', '192.168.203.198', '192.168.201.40', '192.168.218.219', '192.168.52.37', '192.168.156.224', '192.168.60.153', '192.168.58.57', '192.168.69.116']
```

To convert the list into a string and make it more usable in python, I used the .split() which turns a string into a list.

## Iterate through the remove list

```
ip_addresses = ip_addresses.split()

# Build iterative statement
# Name Loop variable `element`
# Loop through `ip_addresses`

for element in ip_addresses:
    if element in remove_list:
        ip_addresses.remove(element)
    else:
        continue

    # Display `element` in every iteration

    print(element)
```

```
192.168.97.225
192.168.158.170
192.168.201.40
192.168.58.57
```

The next step is to filter the results based on who is on the remove list so that I can remove them in the next step. This is where the ‘for’ algorithm comes in.

## Remove IP addresses that are on the remove list

```
for element in ip_addresses:
    if element in remove_list:
        ip_addresses.remove(element)
    else:
        continue

    # Display `ip_addresses`

print(ip_addresses)

['ip_address', '192.168.25.60', '192.168.205.12', '192.168.6.9', '192.168.52.90', '192.168.90.124', '192.168.186.176', '192.168.133.188', '192.168.203.198', '192.168.218.219', '192.168.52.37', '192.168.156.224', '192.168.60.153', '192.168.69.116']
```

This code includes the remove element too, so the printed list no longer contains the remove list IP addresses.

## Update the file with the revised list of IP addresses

```
# Convert `ip_addresses` back to a string so that it can be written into the text file
ip_addresses = " ".join(ip_addresses)

# Build `with` statement to rewrite the original file

with open(import_file, "w") as file:

    # Rewrite the file, replacing its contents with `ip_addresses`

    file.write(ip_addresses)

# Call `update_file()` and pass in "allow_list.txt" and a list of IP addresses to be removed
update_file### YOUR CODE HERE ###

# Build `with` statement to read in the updated file

with open("allow_list.txt", "r") as file:

    # Read in the updated file and store the contents in `text`

    text = file.read()

    # Display the contents of `text`

    print(text)

update_file("allow_list.txt", ["192.168.25.60", "192.168.140.81", "192.168.203.198"])

ip_address 192.168.25.60 192.168.205.12 192.168.6.9 192.168.52.90 192.168.90.124 192.168.186.176 192.168.133.188 192.168.20
3.198 192.168.218.219 192.168.52.37 192.168.156.224 192.168.60.153 192.168.69.116
```

This shows the process of updating the original file. I also turned this algorithm into a single function to streamline it for the future.

## Summary

I learned a lot about how python can be applied, especially when used for cybersecurity. I feel like the things I learned in this module will help me a lot in progressing my knowledge of security and how tools like python are applied in the industry.