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Archaeology of Intelligent Machines: Comparing Romanian Language Usage in Romania with Romanian Usage in the Diaspora

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Abstract

This study focuses on observing the linguistic contact between Romanian and the majority language in various diaspora regions. By employing advanced natural language processing techniques such as tokenization, vectorization, and statistical analysis, the project identified nuanced patterns reflecting how Romanian interacts and adapts to the linguistic environments of host countries. The findings highlight sociocultural dynamics and offer insights into the evolving linguistic identity of Romanian speakers abroad.

1 Introduction

The relationship between Romanian as written in Romania and in the diaspora represents a fascinating linguistic and cultural study. Sharing a common language base, these variations evolve under distinct cultural, geographical, and social influences. This project aims to capture and analyze these differences systematically.

This study aims to:

- Observe the linguistic contact between Romanian and the majority language in each region.
- Identify unique linguistic features and adaptations across contexts.
- Quantify stylistic and semantic differences using advanced NLP techniques.
- Analyze socio-cultural influences that shape language use in the diaspora.

We developed a comprehensive NLP pipeline for this analysis, incorporating text normalization, tokenization, diacritic restoration, and advanced statistical evaluations. The analysis is enriched by comparisons with previous studies and detailed corpus evaluations.

We chose this subject because we found the context of Romanian elections intriguing and wanted

to explore whether significant differences exist in how these events are covered in diaspora articles compared to those in Romania.

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Contributions

- Alex: Developed the NLP pipeline, including data preprocessing, tokenization, and statistical analysis.
- Medeea: Focused on data collection and visualization. Curated the corpus from diverse regional sources and generated graphs to highlight linguistic patterns.
- Sara: Conducted the interpretive analysis and comparative study. Analyzed the sociocultural implications of linguistic patterns and drafted the findings and conclusions sections.

2 Approach

Approach

To complete this project, we employed a series of statistical and natural language processing (NLP) techniques to analyze regional variations in written Romanian. Below, I detail the approach and methods used.

Data Collection and Corpus Details

The code and dataset are hosted in a Git repository. https://github.com/mariamedeea/ Romanian-in-Different-Regions

Software Tools Used

- Programming Language: Python
- **Libraries:** pandas, NumPy, NLTK, scikit-learn, spaCy, and matplotlib
- Environment: Google Colab for computational processing and visualization

Training and Processing Time

The processing time varied by task:

- Text preprocessing: 1.5 hour per region
- Feature extraction (bigram, trigram computation, TF-IDF): 30 minutes
- Generating visualizations: 15 minutes
- total NLP Pipeline execution: 15 minutes

Machine Learning and Optimization Techniques

While this project was predominantly statistical, we employed TF-IDF (term frequency-inverse document frequency) for lexical analysis and cosine similarity for identifying characteristic words for regions (Figure 2). Preprocessing included stop-word removal, stemming, and lemmatization to improve text standardization.

Evaluation Report

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The evaluation focused on comparing linguistic patterns across regions. Key findings included:

- **Distribution of POS Tags:** Regions demonstrated distinct usage patterns, e.g., one region favored verbs while another favored nouns.
- Anagram Analysis: Highlighted unique morphological traits by region.
- Bigram/Trigram Analysis: Identified commonly co-occurring phrases and syntactic structures.
- Characteristic Words for Regions: Derived using TF-IDF, showing lexical uniqueness.
- **Loanwords:** Assessed for frequency and type, indicating cultural influences.
- Average Text Length: Regions with richer descriptions or narratives had longer texts.

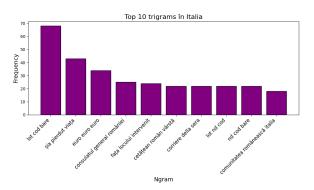
Visualisation

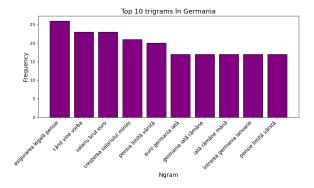
Below is a visualisation illustrating the findings:

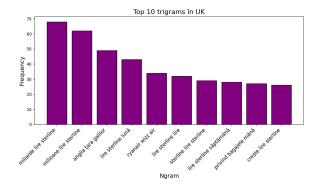
3 Findings and Insights

Regional Linguistic Patterns

- Germany:
 - Strong influence of geography, culture, and politics (e.g., *Renania*, *Bundestag*).







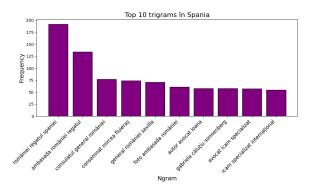


Figure 1: Trigrams

10	- Administrative topics are prominent,	4 Limitations	150
11	such as <i>Kindergeld</i> (child benefits).	While the findings are robust, several limitations	151
12	• Romania:	were noted:	152
13	- Dominance of media and news-related	• Dependence on word-level features, limiting	153
14	terms (e.g., <i>DCNews</i> , <i>Blinken</i>).	contextual depth.	154
15	 Focus on global and local events. 	 Corpus diversity was constrained by the avail- 	155
16	• Italy:	ability of textual data from specific regions.	156
17	- Influence of local culture and administra-	 Advanced models such as transformers were 	157
18	tion (e.g., Modena, Carabinieri).	not utilized, which could provide richer in-	158
19	 Social and work-related topics are evi- 	sights.	159
20	dent.	Future work will address these limitations by	160
21	• Spain:	expanding corpus diversity and incorporating state-	161
22	- Geographic and cultural connection (e.g.,	of-the-art NLP techniques.	162
23	Canare, Picasso).	5 Conclusions and Future Work	163
24	 Translation and integration topics high- 	This project successfully examined the linguistic	164
25	lighted.	adaptations of Romanian in diaspora contexts, high-	165
26	• UK:	lighting the socio-cultural dynamics influencing	166
27	 Economic and administrative focus (e.g., 	language use. Key takeaways include:	167
28	GBP, HMRC).	• Romanian exhibits significant adaptability, in-	168
29	- References to health services (NHS) and	fluenced by the majority language in host	169
30	geography.	countries.	170
31	General Observations	Regional variations offer a window into cul-	171
32	• Distinct cultural and administrative terms re-	tural integration and identity.	172
33	flect local adaptation.	 NLP pipelines are effective in quantifying and 	173
34	• Media and online influence are significant	visualizing linguistic patterns.	174
35	across all regions.	Future directions include:	175
36	• Romanian diaspora integrates into local issues	• Incorporating social media data for more dy-	176
37	while maintaining ties to Romania.	namic analyses.	177
38	Regional Linguistic Insights	• Using transformers and contextual embed-	178
39	• Romania: Diverse vocabulary; focus on local	dings for deeper insights.	179
40	and global news.	 Expanding the study to spoken language anal- 	180
41	• Germany & UK: Practical terms related to	ysis.	181
42	economy and administration dominate.	References	182
43	• Italy & Spain: Balance of cultural and social	• Susan Sanders, Tom Dotz, Tom Hoobyar	
44	integration with Romanian identity.	(2013). "NLP: The Essential Guide"	183 184
45	Overall Patterns		

• Linguistic adaptation is visible through local

• Romanian identity remains strong across all

influences in diaspora regions.

analyzed texts.

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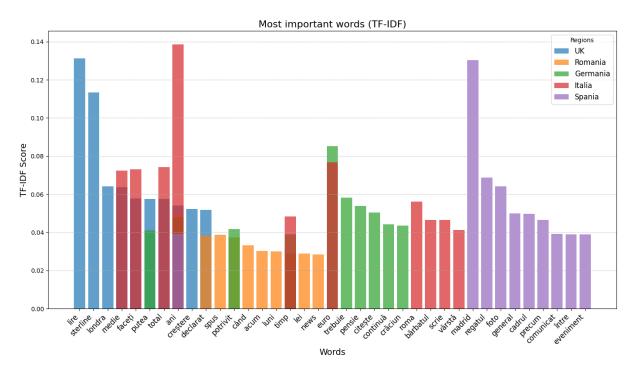


Figure 2: TF-IDF

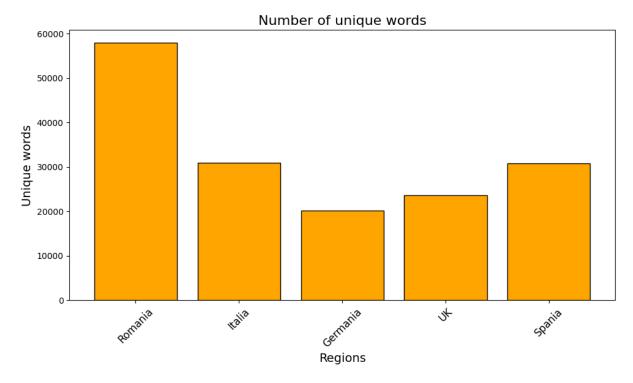


Figure 3: Unique Words