Omics Data Analysis (KI course 3102)

Introduction to R

Alexander Ploner

Medical Epidemiology & Biostatistics https://ki.se/en/people/aleplo

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Karolinska Institutet

Intended learning outcome

Understand items below as relevant for exercises

- R & RStudio: what are they?
- Working with R interactively
- Expressions, functions, objects
- Data types and -structures
- Importing data into R
- Basic tests & plots
- Loading, installing, finding add-on packages
- Writing R scripts
- Getting help & extra information on R

Content arranged as follows:

Background

Working at the command prompt

Working with data

A simple analysis flow

Adding functionality with R packages

A simple scripted analysis flow

Going forth: next steps

Resources: slides, handout, data files, scripts at https://github.com/alexploner/QuickIntro2R

What is R?

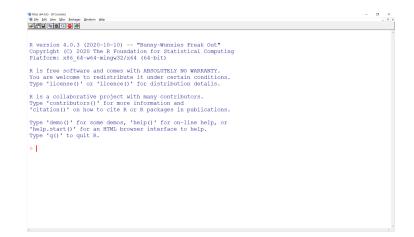
Start

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- 1. A program for statistical data analysis
 - ► Similar to SAS, Stata, SPSS etc.
 - Interactive use, but scriptable
- 2. A general-purpose programming language
 - Similar to Python, Perl
 - Interpreted (not compiled)
- Infrastructure for large number of add-on packages statistics, data processing, bioinformatics, machine learning etc.
- 4. Open source, community-developed

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What R looks like



What is RStudio?

Start

- ► An integrated development environment (IDE) on top of R
- Graphical user interface around the R console code editor, file browser, help viewer, data management etc.
- All (?) functionality also available within R via commands, packages, utilities
- Open source, developed by commercial entity RStudio. PBC
- Strong focus on software development git integration, javascript-integration via shiny

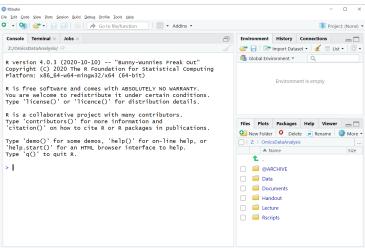
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What RStudio looks like

Tabbed panes

Start

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Working interactively

- Start RStudio
- 2. At the console (command prompt), a continuous loop:
 - ► User types **expression** (see below), hits return
 - R evaluates input and displays result (text output, plot)
 - ▶ Based on results, user provides new input/expression
- 3. Quit (and save, if necessary)

Note: input can be navigated via arrow keys & re-used

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Simple expressions

- A valid combination of constants, operators as input
- R returns the result of evaluating the expression
- Example: simple numerical expressions
 - ► Constant: numbers (note: decimal point)
 - Operators: +, -, *, /, (), ^ etc.

```
> 3
[1] 3
> 3.1 + 4*2
[1] 11.1
```

Other data types: character, logical, etc.

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Functions

- A function in R has
 - a name: sqrt, abs, t.test, read.table etc.,
 - parenthesis after the name,
 - > zero, one or more arguments: data/input for the function.
- Function returns value(s) and/or has side effect (plot, create file etc.)
- ► Help available via ?<function name>
- Tab-expansion: start typing, wait/hit tabulator key for
 - ► for list of functions, with help (at prompt)
 - ► for list of arguments, with help (within parenthesis)

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Objects

- Values can be stored as an object under a name:
 - refers to stored value (unless changed, deleted)
 - can contain letters, numbers, dot, underscore, cannot start with number
- Creating an object aka assignment:

```
<name> <- <value>
```

- Objects
 - stay in memory until end of session,
 - vanish at end of session unless saved.
- ► Tab-expansion works for objects, too
- ▶ Environment pane lists, manages current objects

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Freely combine objects, functions and constants:

```
> a <- 3
> b <- 4
> hypo <- sqrt( a*a + b^2)</pre>
> hypo
[1] 5
```

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Elementary data types

Name	Example	Scale	Use
numeric	2.13	interval	quantitative data
character	"ctrl"	nominal	labels, grouping variables
factor	factor("ctrl")	nominal	grouping variables
logical	TRUE, FALSE	binary	flags, binary data

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Data structures

Arranging multiple observations

Pattern	Data type	Name	Example
Linear	single	vector	x<-c(1.2, 4.2, 6.3)
			x[3]
	mixed	list	x<-list("a", 2.5)
			x[[2]]
Rectangle	single	matrix	x<-matrix(1:4,nrow=2)
			x[1,2] or x[1,] or x[,2]
	mixed	data frame	see below
			as matrix and x\$name

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Getting data into R

- ► Generic: delimited text file (tab, whitespace, CSV etc.)
 - ▶ Function: read.table
 - Arguments: file name, (specifications)
 - Returns a data frame
- Other file formats read via add-on packages e.g. packages foreign, readxl, rio
- Shortcuts to add-on packages via Import Dataset in Environment pane

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Example 1: qPCR

PMC1395339

- ► 24 A. thaliana plants, 12 treated vs 12 controls (3 replicates at four concentrations)
- Outcome DeltaCt, relative expression of target gene
- Read file, use first row as variable names, use factors:

```
> ex1 <- read.table("qPCR.txt", header = TRUE,
+ stringsAsFactors = TRUE)</pre>
```

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Inspecting data

- Look at the data, e.g. the first few rows
 - > head(ex1)

Sample Con DeltaCt

1 Control 10 3.3687

2 Control 10 3.4063

- Look at the structure of the data:
 - > str(ex1)

'data.frame': 24 obs. of 3 variables:

\$ Sample : Factor w/ 2 levels "Control", "Treatme

\$ Con : num 10 10 10 2 2 2 0.4 0.4 0.4 0.08 \$ DeltaCt: num 3.37 3.41 3.51 4.6 3.77 ...

Also available in the **Environment**-pane

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Extracting from data frames

For Example 1

```
> ex1[1,3]
[1] 3.3687
> ex1[1. ]
   Sample Con DeltaCt
 Control
            10
                3.3687
> ex1[,2]
     10.00
            10.00 10.00
                          2.00
                                 2.00
                                        2.00
                                               0.40
                                                     0.40
 [9]
      0.40
             0.08
                          0.08
                    0.08
                                10.00
                                       10.00
                                              10.00
                                                     2.00
      2.00
             2.00
                    0.40
                           0.40
                                 0.40
                                        0.08
                                               0.08
                                                     0.08
> ex1$Con
     10.00
            10.00
                  10.00
                          2.00
                                 2.00
                                        2.00
                                               0.40
                                                     0.40
 [9]
             0.08
                    0.08
      0.40
                           0.08
                                10.00
                                       10.00
                                              10.00
                                                     2.00
[17]
      2.00
             2.00
                    0.40
                           0.40
                                 0.40
                                        0.08
                                               0.08
                                                     0.08
```

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Find & load data

- By default: files are read from working directory alt. specify full path to file, using slash / as separator
- getwd/setwd to read/change working dir in console
- Tab-expansion for files: between quotation marks ""
- File pane to navigate, More to change working dir

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Basic descriptives

ex1 as before

```
> summary(ex1)
```

Sample	Con	Deltact
Control :12	Min. : 0.08	Min. :2.540
Treatment:12	1st Qu.: 0.32	1st Qu.:2.919
	Median : 1.20	Median :3.335
	Mean : 3.12	Mean :3.298
	3rd Qu.: 4.00	3rd Qu.:3.516
	Max. :10.00	Max. :4.596

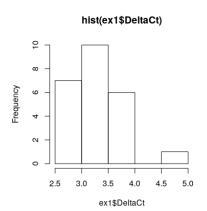
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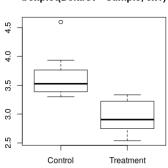
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Basic plots

ex1 as before



boxplot(DeltaCt ~ Sample, ex1)



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Basic inference

```
> t.test(DeltaCt ~ Sample, data = ex1)
Welch Two Sample t-test
```

Note: apropos ("test") at prompt to list more tests

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Exporting results

For starters: manually

- copy & paste relevant text results
- Export menu in Plot tab for figures

Not recommended in the long run:

- Awkward
- Breaks connection between code and results

Preferred solution builds on scripts!

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Shutting down

- R always asks for save on quit (by default)
- Save on quit stores all currently defined objects in file
 RData in current working dir
- Quit without saving dumps all objects, results, plots! RStudio (not R) always saves commands to .Rhistory
- Save witout quitting: Environment tab, save.image

Note: .RData in starting directory is loaded automatically!

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R packages

Extending base functionality

- R package: a (user-contributed) collection of functions, data, documentation
- Provide & expand R functionality
- Need to be
 - installed: copied to hard disk once
 e.g. install.packages("fortunes")
 - ► loaded: made available at prompt once per session e.g. library(fortune)
- Packages pane can also install, load

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Repositories

Curated collections of R packages

- 1. Default: CRAN https://cran.r-project.org/
 - Comprehensive R Archive Network
 - ► 16,000+ packages, all areas
 - ▶ Installation via install.packages, Packages pane
 - Themed collections: Task views
- 2. Bioconductor: https://www.bioconductor.org/
 - ▶ 1,900+ packages for bioinf / omics
 - ▶ Installation via BiocManager::install
 - Collections: BiocViews

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Building a script

Easiest: based on an interactive analysis as above Re-use commands via **History** tab: select commands and

- ► To Console: copy to prompt
- ► To Console: copy to text file

...for editing & execution.

Source pane: multi-tabbed text editor

- syntax coloring
- command completion via tab
- direct execution of code at console via Ctrl-Return

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Why scripts?

Replicability:

- data + code can replicate analysis
- data + results generally canNOT

Modifiability, documentation, nice output...: yes, that too Make life easy for yourself & others:

- Use comments (everything after # until end of line)
- Add header (aka meta-data, aka what, who, when)

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Turning a script into a draft report

"Compile report"

- 1. Write script in source pane (save file)
- 2. Click Compile report icon



- 3. Choose output format (HTML, PDF, Word)
- 4. R will
 - run the script, capture output,
 - combine code and output,
 - convert to desired format

Draft output can be edited for full report

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Example 2: protein data

Very basics omics, synthetic data

We have:

- protein levels, collected from chip (text)
- phenotypic data: case-control, age, sex, quality control flag (Excel)

We want to:

- read in and check the data.
- run some descriptives (numerical, graphical)
- commit some inference: which proteins differ between cases / controls?

Script: omicsExample2.R

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Using a BioConductor package

We have:

protein identifiers

We want to:

add some biological information

Script: omicsExample2b.R

Examples of useful & popular packages

- ggplot2: complete modern plotting system
- dplyr: powerful data manipulation
- data.table: alternative to data frame for large data sets
- rmarkdown: advanced mixing of code / results
- ▶ limma: linear models for many features
- biomaRt: interfaces to online repositories

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Resources

CRAN contributed documentation

https://cran.r-project.org/other-docs.html

StackOverflow for program questions

https://stackoverflow.com/questions/tagged/r

CrossValidated for statistics questions

https://stats.stackexchange.com/?tags=r

BioC common workflows

https://bioconductor.org/packages/release/workflows

BioC contributed documentation

https://bioconductor.org/help/community

BioC course material

https://bioconductor.org/help/course-materials

BioC featured publications

https://bioconductor.org/help/publications

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