ASSIGNMENT 2 STAGE 4 REPORT

Sreemanti Dey

January 2022

1 Objective

This stage is mainly to test all DP opcodes for the multi-cycle processor we have designed in stage 3.

2 Assumptions

VHDL edaplayground Aldec Riviera Pro 2020.04 used for simulation Mentor Precision 2021.1 used for synthesis

3 Implementation details

I had previously given support for only a subset of instructions (as mentioned in the specifications of the previous 2 stages), so my processor in stages 2 and 3 was designed for only that subset. Thus, in this stage, I have added support for all the DP instructions, hence I have made some changes in my processor.vhd and flagupd.vhd.

The changes include the following:

- 1. In my processor.vhd, I have made changes to my read-write signal for the register and the carry-in for the ALU, to add support for all the DP opcodes.
- 2. In my flagupd.vhd, I have added support for all the DP opcodes.

I have written the following assembly program files in my program:

- 1. p1.s and, eor
- 2. p2.s add, sub, rsb
- 3. p3.s adc, sbc, rsc, cmp

- 4. p4.s cmn
- 5. p5.s orr, bic
- 6. p6.s mov, mvn
- 7. p7.s tst, teq
- 8. p8.s adds, subs

4 p1.s - Testing and, eor

4.1 Simulation results

Here is a picture of the simulation results I have achieved by EPWave

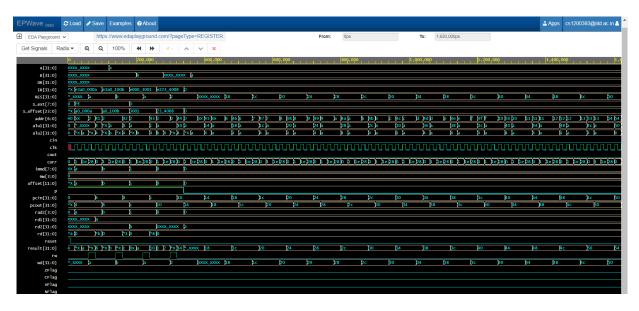


Figure 1: Program 1

We can see that when rw becomes '1' then I write 1011 = 10 into the register and then I write 10 eor 8 = 2 into the register, thus verifying and, eor work correctly.

5 p2.s - Testing add, sub, rsb

5.1 Simulation results

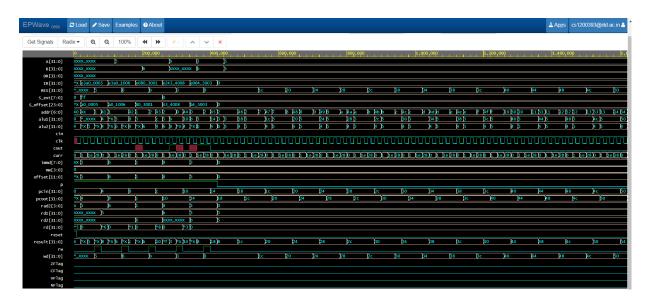


Figure 2: Program 2

We can see that when rw becomes '1' then I write 5+6=11 (add) into the register and then I write 11 - 8 = 3 (sub) into the register and then I write 11-3 = 8 (rsb) into the register, thus verifying add, sub, rsb work correctly.

6~ p3.s - Testing adc, sbc, rsc

6.1 Simulation results



Figure 3: Program 3

Here, we can see that carry flag gets set when I do cmp 1, -1 since it is a subtraction, hence we get a carry-out and I use this carry out in adc, sbc and rsc instructions, and thus I get 1, -7 and 8 as the answers which are seen in the wd signal when rw is 1.

7 p4.s - Testing cmn

7.1 Simulation results

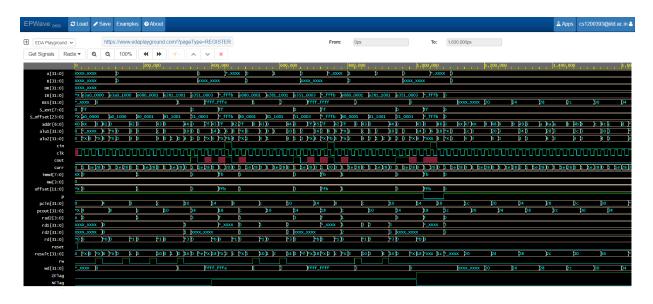


Figure 4: Program 4

Here, I have used loop to check for correctness of cmn. I found that the times before I branch, r0,r1 have the correct value thus proving that cmn is working correctly.

8 p5.s - Testing orr, bic

8.1 Simulation results

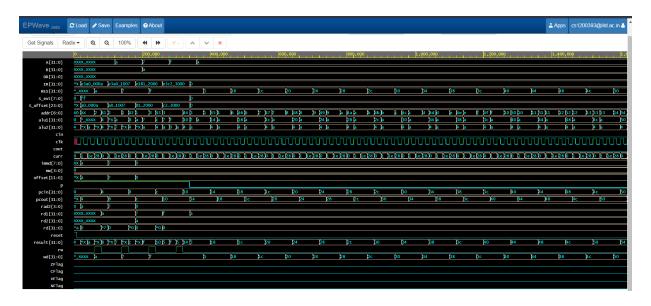


Figure 5: Program 5

Here, I do 10 or 7 which is 15, then I do (15 and not 0) which is equal to 15, and these are the places when rw = 1 and wd contains these data thus verifying orr and bic work correctly.

9 p6.s - Testing mov, mvn

9.1 Simulation results

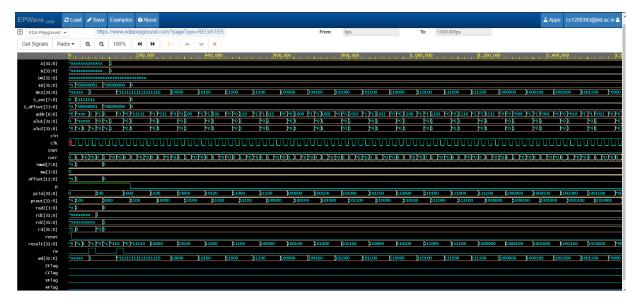


Figure 6: Program 6

Here, I have moved the value 1 into r0(mov), which is shown by the first time rw becomes 1 and then I have moved the complement of 1 into r0(mvn), which is shown the second time rw becomes 1. I have used representation binary here so as to see the values correctly.

10 p7.s - Testing tst, teq

10.1 Simulation results

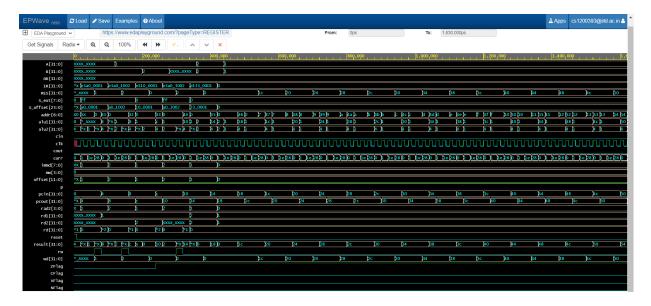


Figure 7: Program 7

Here, I have 1 and 2 = 0 hence tst should set the ZFlag to 1 and similarly for teq, we have 2 xor 2 = 0, hence teq should set the ZFlag to 1, which is seen in my EPwave hence verifying that the tst, teq commands work correctly.

11 p8.s - Testing if SBit works correctly with DP instructions

11.1 Simulation results

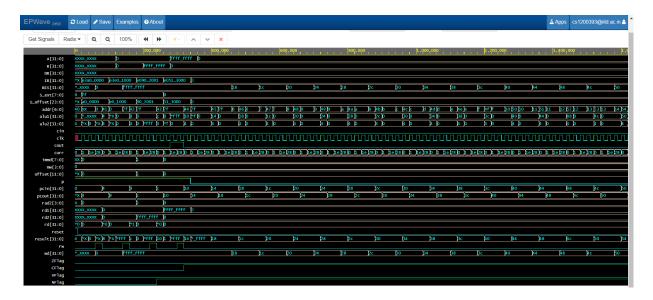


Figure 8: Program 8

Here, I have adds of -1 and 0 hence my VFlag should be 0 and my NFlag should be set, which can be seen from the EPwave thus verifying my flags updation.