

(a) According to Table 5.2 and 6.6 we have:

$$R_{21}(r) = \frac{1}{\sqrt{6a_0^3}} \frac{r}{2a_0} e^{-r/2a_0}$$

$$Y_{1,\pm 1}(\theta, \varphi) = \mp \sqrt{\frac{3}{8\pi}} e^{\pm i\varphi} \sin \theta$$

$$\psi(\vec{r}) = A \sqrt{\frac{8\pi}{3}} 2a_0 \sqrt{6a_0^3} R_{21}(r) Y_{11}(\theta, \varphi) = A \sqrt{\frac{8\pi}{3}} 2a_0 \sqrt{6a_0^3} \Psi_{211}(\vec{r})$$

Thus  $\psi(\vec{r})$  is eigen function of  $\hat{L}^2$  and  $\hat{L}_z$  and  $n = 2, l = 1, m = 1$

(b)  $\Psi_{211}(\vec{r})$  is normalize so

$$A = \left( \sqrt{\frac{8\pi}{3}} 2a_0 \sqrt{6a_0^3} \right)^{-1}$$

(c) According to 6.233 and 6.265 we have

$$\langle 21|r|21 \rangle = \frac{1}{2} (3 \times 2^2 - 1 \times 2) a_0 = 5a_0$$

And  $r_2 = 2^2 a_0 = 4a_0$

Mohammad Behtaj & Adel Sepehri



Translate by: @PhysicsDirectory Telegram Channel