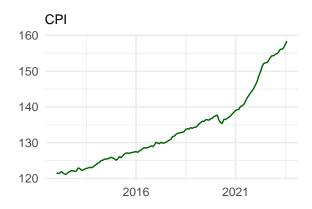
# Graded PS2 Alexander Sanderson

### ECO374

```
if (!require("quantmod")) install.packages("quantmod")
if (!require("xts")) install.packages("xts")
if (!require("ggplot2")) install.packages("ggplot2")
if (!require("ggpubr")) install.packages("ggpubr")
if (!require("tseries")) install.packages("tseries")
if (!require("urca")) install.packages("urca") # Johansen cointegration test
if (!require("tsDyn")) install.packages("tsDyn")
if (!require("timetk")) install.packages("timetk")
if (!require("torch")) install.packages("torch")
if (!require("dplyr")) install.packages("dplyr")
library(quantmod); library(xts); library(ggplot2); library(ggpubr); library(tseries)
library(urca); library(tsDyn); library(timetk); library(torch); library(dplyr)
#1 Data
table <- read.csv(file="Macro_data_can.csv", header=TRUE, sep=",")
ind <- as.Date(table$Index, format="%Y-%m-%d")</pre>
table <- subset(table, select=-c(Index))</pre>
Macro_data_can <- xts(x=table, order.by=ind)</pre>
Macro data <- na.omit(Macro data can) # balance the panel
Macro_data <- window(Macro_data, start="2012-01-01") # starting date for data
dat <- as.matrix(na.omit(diff(Macro data)))</pre>
vnames <- names(Macro_data)</pre>
Data Plots
plot data column = function (column) {
  ggplot(Macro_data) + geom_line(aes(x=index(Macro_data), y=Macro_data[,column]), color="darkgreen")+
    labs(x="", y="", title=paste(column)) +
    theme_minimal() + theme(plot.title = element_text(size=10)) +
    scale_x_date(date_breaks="5 years", date_labels = "%Y")
}
g <- lapply(names(Macro_data), plot_data_column)</pre>
ggarrange(g[[1]],g[[2]],g[[3]],g[[4]],ncol=2, nrow=2)
```

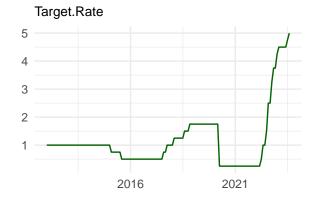




# Unemployment 12.5 10.0 7.5

2021

10pct 5pct 1pct



# #2 Model Selection

5.0

##

```
cointegration <- ca.jo(Macro_data, type="trace", ecdet="trend", spec="transitory")
sc <- summary(cointegration)
sc@test.name</pre>
```

### ## [1] "Johansen-Procedure"

2016

# cbind(sc@teststat, sc@cval)

```
## r <= 3 |
              6.325107 10.49 12.25 16.26
## r <= 2 | 20.514165 22.76 25.32 30.45
## r <= 1 | 56.807481 39.06 42.44 48.45
## r = 0 | 125.353707 59.14 62.99 70.05
for (lag in 1:3) {
 print("lag:")
 print(lag)
 for (m in 1:3) {
    TT <- nrow(dat)
    T1 <- floor(0.5*TT) # start at 50% of the sample size
    step <- 12 # forecast data horizon for MSE</pre>
    tseq <- seq(from=T1, to=TT, by=step)</pre>
    tseq <- tseq[-length(tseq)]</pre>
    MSE.t <- matrix(0,nrow=tseq[length(tseq)]+step-T1,ncol=length(vnames)) # initialize</pre>
    colnames(MSE.t) <- vnames</pre>
```

```
for (j in tseq) {
      # VAR model
      if (m==1) {model <- lineVar(data=dat[1:j-1,], lag=lag, model="VAR", I="diff")</pre>
                 fcst <- predict(model, n.ahead=step)}</pre>
      # TVAR model
      if (m==2) {model <- TVAR(data=dat[1:j-1,], lag=lag, model="TAR", nthresh=1, trace=F)
                 fcst <- predict(model, n.ahead=step)}</pre>
      # VEC model
      if (m==3) {model <- lineVar(data=dat[1:j-1,], lag=lag, r=2, model="VEC")</pre>
                 fcst <- predict(model, n.ahead=step)}</pre>
      #Note: TVEC model is not implemented in R for more than 2 variables
      js <- j+step-1
      MSE.t[(j-T1+1):(js-T1+1),] \leftarrow (dat[j:js,]-fcst)^2
    }
    if (m==1) print("VAR")
    if (m==2) print("TVAR")
    if (m==3) print("VEC")
    MSE <- matrix(colMeans(MSE.t), nrow=1)</pre>
    colnames(MSE) <- vnames</pre>
    print(MSE)
    print(" ")
 }
}
## [1] "lag:"
## [1] 1
## [1] "VAR"
             CPI
                       GDP Unemployment Target.Rate
## [1,] 0.177714 1424.555
                               0.888739 0.06977464
## [1] " "
## [1] "TVAR"
                        GDP Unemployment Target.Rate
              CPI
                               0.7768526 0.06754752
## [1,] 0.2494868 1420.974
## [1] " "
## [1] "VEC"
              CPI
                       GDP Unemployment Target.Rate
## [1,] 0.1758298 1625.58
                              0.9688655 0.07239228
## [1] " "
## [1] "lag:"
## [1] 2
## [1] "VAR"
##
                        GDP Unemployment Target.Rate
              CPI
## [1,] 0.1685855 1482.122
                               0.9357732 0.07099891
## [1] " "
## [1] "TVAR"
##
              CPI
                        GDP Unemployment Target.Rate
## [1,] 0.2616673 1423.564
                               0.7756026 0.06766769
## [1] " "
```

```
## [1] "VEC"
           CPI GDP Unemployment Target.Rate
##
## [1,] 0.17426 1527.344
                           0.9707654 0.06896058
## [1] " "
## [1] "lag:"
## [1] 3
## [1] "VAR"
##
             CPI
                      GDP Unemployment Target.Rate
## [1,] 0.1683077 1494.915
                             0.8755374 0.07111237
## [1] " "
## [1] "TVAR"
            CPI
                     GDP Unemployment Target.Rate
                            0.7747945 0.06828228
## [1,] 0.259967 1428.992
## [1] " "
## [1] "VEC"
##
             CPI
                      GDP Unemployment Target.Rate
## [1,] 0.2875353 1523.031
                              0.813772 0.07826657
## [1] " "
```

The VAR model with 3 lags has the lowest time series validation MSE for CPI. The TVAR model with 1 lag has the lowest validation MSE for GDP. The TVAR model with 3 lags has the lowest time series validation MSE for unemployment. Lastly, the TVAR model with 1 lag has the lowest time series validation MSE for Target.Rate.