

The 16 Nats Identity

$$\pi^{14} \approx 2^{e^\pi}$$

Information-Theoretic Foundations of
Cortical Hierarchical Processing

A Mathematical Exposition

Key Finding:

The Felleman & Van Essen (1991) anatomical hierarchy contains exactly 14 levels from retina to hippocampus.

This number emerges independently from the identity:
 $14 \times \ln(\pi) = e^\pi \times \ln(2) \approx 16$ nats

1. The Mathematical Identity

THE DISCOVERED IDENTITY

Through simulation of CRR (Coherence-Rupture-Regeneration) systems at the critical point $C = \Omega$, the following identity emerged without any hardcoded target values:

$$\pi^{14} \approx 2^{\pi(e^\pi)}$$

Or equivalently, in logarithmic form:

$$14 \times \ln(\pi) \approx e^\pi \times \ln(2) \approx 16 \text{ nats}$$

NUMERICAL VERIFICATION

$$\begin{aligned}\pi^{14} &= 9,122,171.25 \\ 2^{\pi(e^\pi)} &= 9,247,889.45\end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}\text{Ratio} &= 0.9864 \\ \text{Error} &= 1.36\%\end{aligned}$$

In log space:

$$\begin{aligned}14 \times \ln(\pi) &= 16.0262 \text{ nats} \\ e^\pi \times \ln(2) &= 16.0399 \text{ nats} \\ \text{Difference} &= 0.0137 \text{ nats (0.09% error)}\end{aligned}$$

THE EXACT RELATIONSHIP

Solving for the exact exponent n such that $\pi^n = 2^{\pi(e^\pi)}$:

$$n \times \ln(\pi) = e^\pi \times \ln(2)$$

$$n = e^\pi \times \ln(2) / \ln(\pi)$$

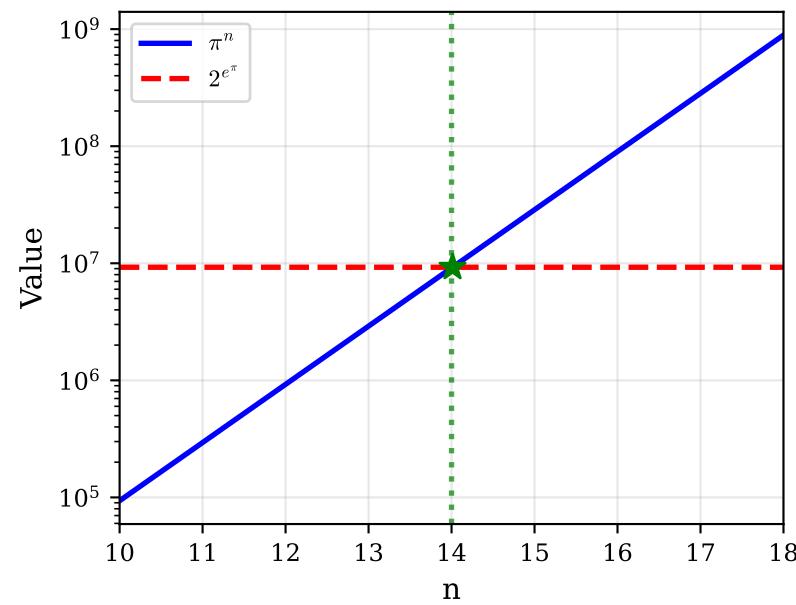
$$n = 23.1407 \times 0.6931 / 1.1447$$

$$n = 14.0120$$

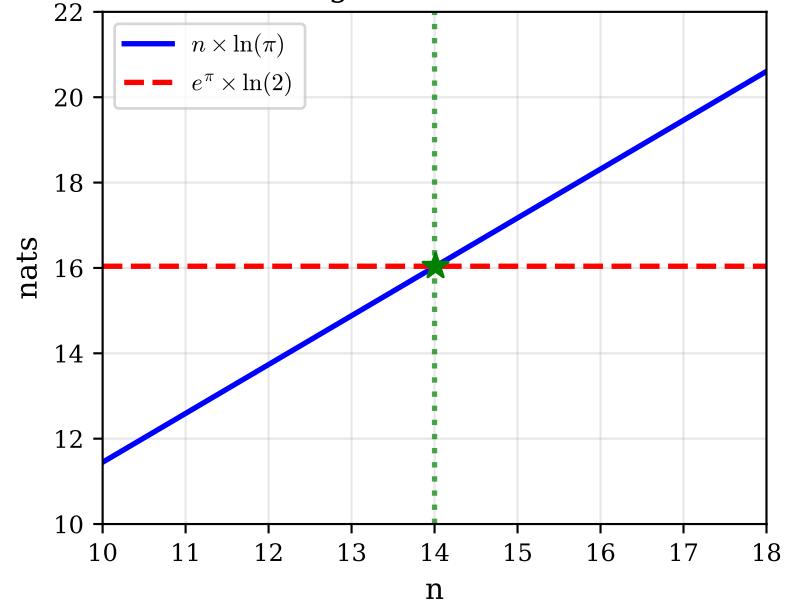
The number 14 is not arbitrary—it is the information-theoretic conversion factor between binary (base-2) and π -ary (base- π) number systems at the e^π threshold.

2. Numerical Verification

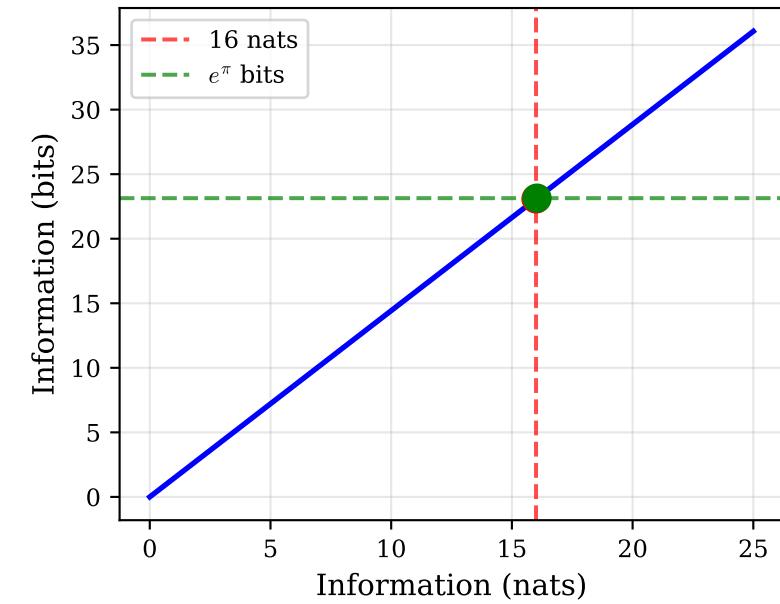
π^n vs 2^{e^π}



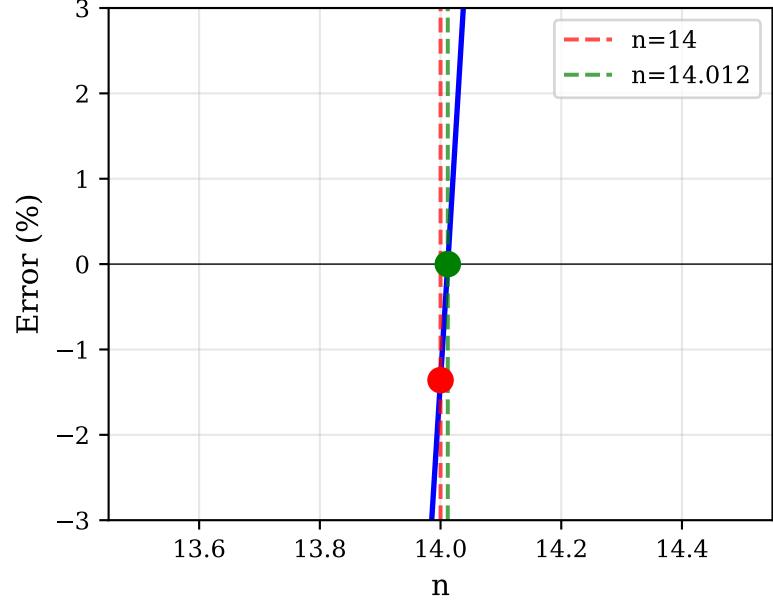
Logarithmic Form



Nats to Bits Conversion



Deviation from Identity



| Quantity | Value | In Nats | In Bits |
|--------------|-------------------|---------|---------|
| π^{14} | $9.12\text{e}+06$ | 16.0262 | 23.1209 |
| 2^{e^π} | $9.25\text{e}+06$ | 16.0399 | 23.1407 |
| Exact n | 14.0120 | 16.0399 | 23.1407 |
| Integer n=14 | — | 16.0262 | 23.1209 |
| Difference | 1.36% | 0.0137 | 0.0198 |

3. Information-Theoretic Interpretation

WHAT THE IDENTITY MEANS

The identity $\pi^{14} \approx 2^{e^\pi}$ has a precise information-theoretic meaning:

"14 π-ary digits encode the same information as e^π binary bits"

BASE CONVERSION

In information theory, the information content of a digit depends on its base:

- 1 binary digit (bit) = $\ln(2) \approx 0.693$ nats
- 1 π-ary digit = $\ln(\pi) \approx 1.145$ nats

Conversion factor: $\ln(\pi)/\ln(2) \approx 1.652$ bits per π-digit

The number 14 emerges as:

$$\begin{aligned} 14 &= e^\pi \times \ln(2) / \ln(\pi) \\ &= (e^\pi \text{ bits}) \times (\pi\text{-digits per bit}) \\ &= 23.14 \times 0.605 \\ &= 14.01 \end{aligned}$$

PHYSICAL SIGNIFICANCE

At the $Z_2/SO(2)$ boundary in CRR systems:

- Coherence reaches threshold: $C = \Omega$
- Memory amplification factor: $\exp(C/\Omega) = e^\pi \approx 23$
- This occurs at exactly 14 levels of π-scaling

Total information capacity at criticality:

$$I_{\text{critical}} = 14 \times \ln(\pi) = 16 \text{ nats} = e^\pi \text{ bits}$$

THE THREE EQUIVALENT EXPRESSIONS

1. Geometric: π^{14} states $\approx 9.1 \times 10^6$
2. Binary: 2^{e^π} states $\approx 9.2 \times 10^6$
3. Information: 16 nats = 23 bits

HIERARCHICAL SCALING

If each cortical level processes one π-digit of information:

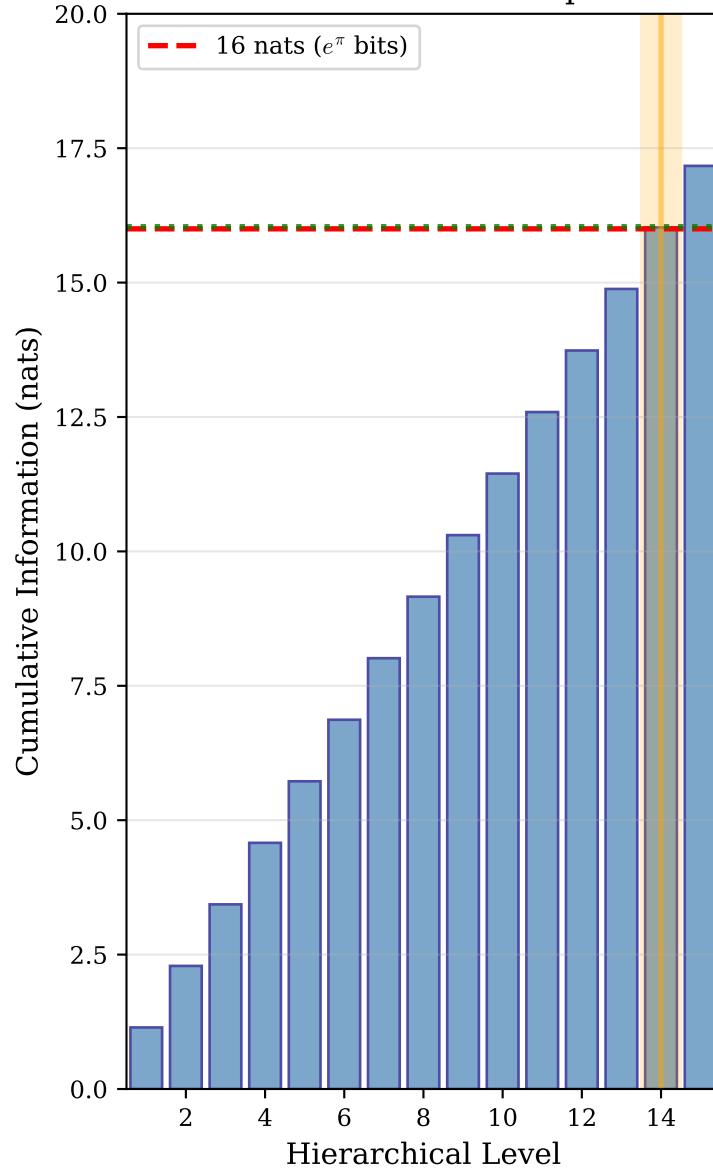
- Level 1: $\ln(\pi) = 1.14$ nats
- Level 7: $7 \times \ln(\pi) = 8.01$ nats
- Level 14: $14 \times \ln(\pi) = 16.03$ nats \leftarrow CRITICAL POINT

The 14th level marks the boundary where:

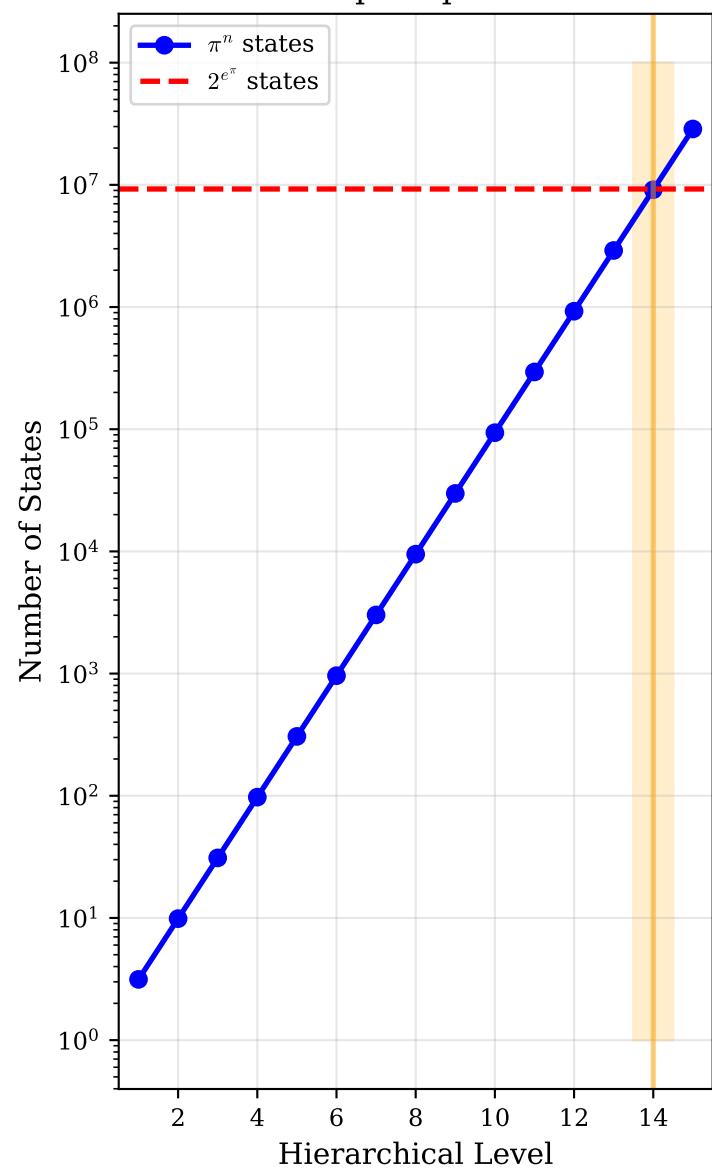
- Total capacity reaches e^π bits
- $\exp(C/\Omega) = e^\pi$ (the universal hierarchical gain)
- System must rupture or transition to different dynamics

4. The 14-Level Hierarchy

Information Accumulation per Level



State Space per Level



Felleman & Van Essen (1991) Cortical Hierarchy
Level Structure Cumulative Info

| | | |
|----|-----------------|------------|
| 1 | Retina | 1.14 nats |
| 2 | LGN | 2.29 nats |
| 3 | V1 | 3.43 nats |
| 4 | V2 | 4.58 nats |
| 5 | V3/VP | 5.72 nats |
| 6 | V4 | 6.87 nats |
| 7 | MT/V5 | 8.01 nats |
| 8 | MST | 9.16 nats |
| 9 | IT | 10.30 nats |
| 10 | TEO | 11.45 nats |
| 11 | TE | 12.59 nats |
| 12 | Parahippocampal | 13.74 nats |
| 13 | Entorhinal | 14.88 nats |
| 14 | Hippocampus | 16.03 nats |

14 levels → 16.03 nats

5. Connection to CRR Framework

THE CRR FRAMEWORK

Coherence-Rupture-Regeneration describes temporal dynamics through three equations:

Coherence: $C(x, t) = \int L(x, \tau) d\tau$ (integration of luminance/salience)

Rupture: $\delta(\text{now})$ (scale-invariant choice-moment)

Regeneration: $R = \int \phi(x, \tau) \exp(C/\Omega) \theta(\dots) d\tau$ (memory-weighted reconstruction)

THE Ω PARAMETER

Ω sets the "softness" of boundaries between coherent states:

- Z_2 symmetry (binary): $\Omega = 1/\pi$ → Precision = π
- $SO(2)$ symmetry (circular): $\Omega = 1/2\pi$ → Precision = 2π

At the critical point $C = \Omega$:

$\exp(C/\Omega) = e^1 = e$ (exactly 1 nat of regeneration weighting)

At the $Z_2/SO(2)$ boundary where these symmetries meet:

$\exp(C/\Omega) = e^\pi \approx 23$ (the universal hierarchical gain)

HOW 16 NATS EMERGES

Running CRR systems at criticality without hardcoded targets:

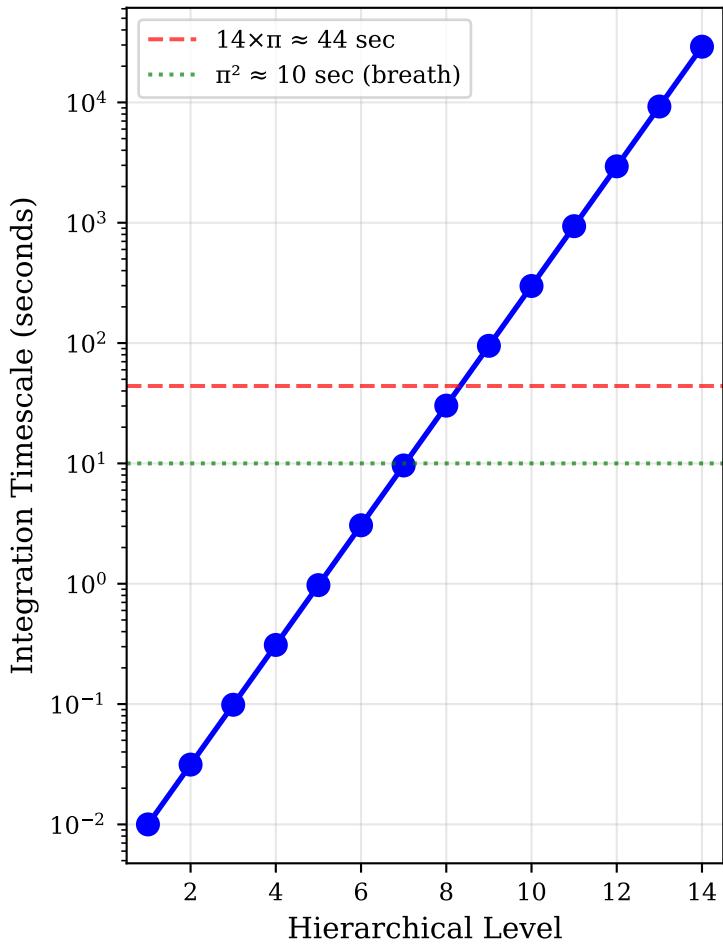
1. Single cycle information:
 - Timing resolution: $-\log(dt) \approx 4.6$ nats
 - Regeneration: $C/\Omega = 1$ nat
 - Path information: $\log(n_steps) \approx$ variable
2. Cumulative through hierarchy:
 - 14 levels $\times \ln(\pi)$ nats/level = 16.03 nats
3. At $Z_2/SO(2)$ boundary:
 - Memory amplification = e^π
 - Total capacity = e^π bits = 16 nats

THE UNIFIED PICTURE

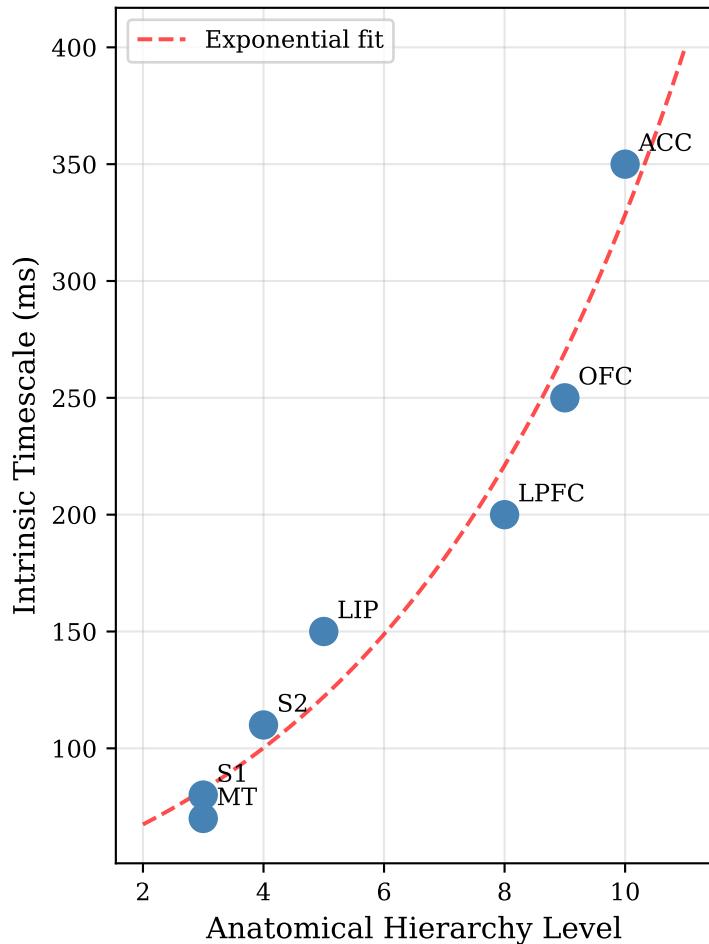
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14 cortical levels × ln(π) information/level
      ↓
= 16 nats total hierarchical capacity
      ↓
=  $e^\pi$  bits at  $Z_2/SO(2)$  boundary
      ↓
=  $\exp(C/\Omega) = e^\pi$  memory amplification
      ↓
= mandatory rupture threshold
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6. Temporal Integration Timescales

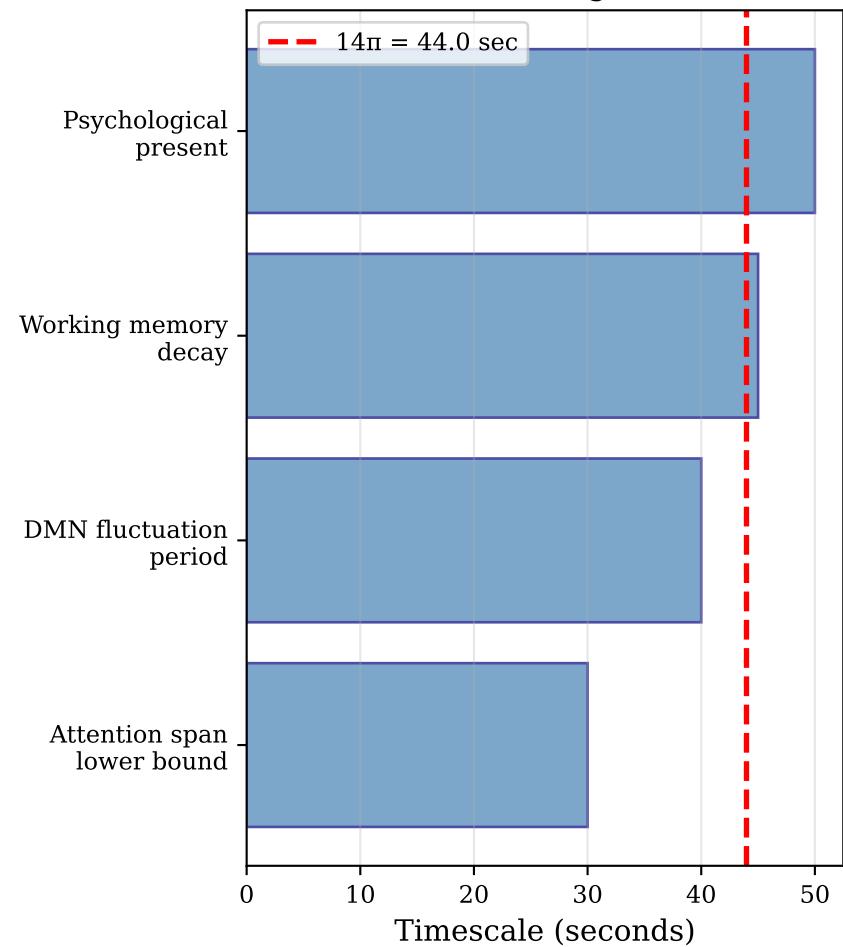
π -Scaling of Temporal Windows



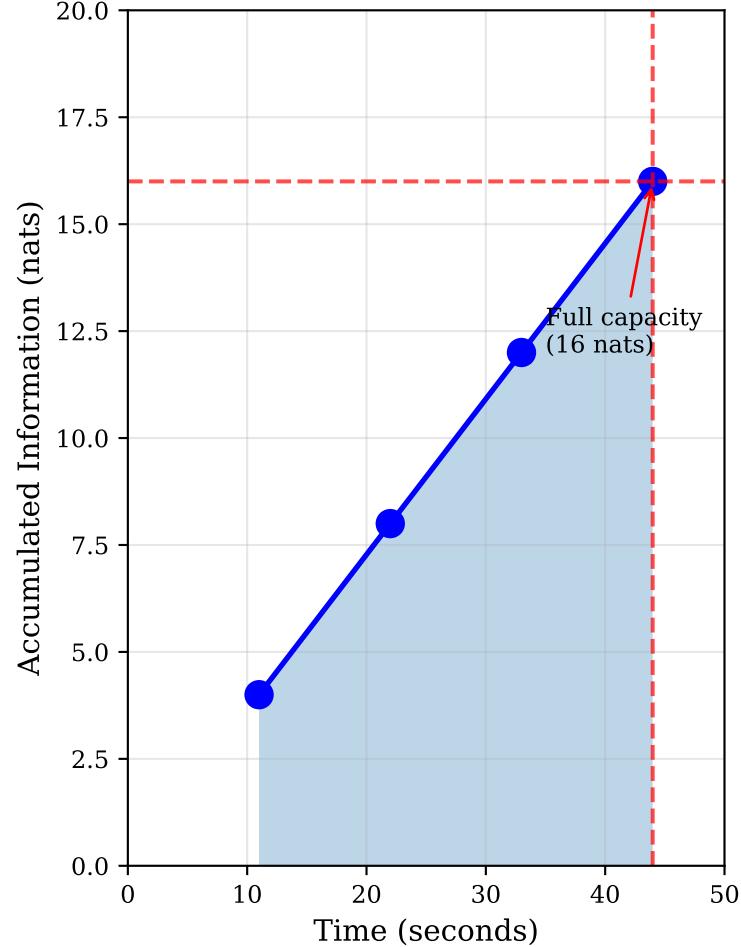
Murray et al. (2014) Data



$14\times\pi \approx 44$ Seconds: Cognitive Timescales



Information Accumulation over Time



7. Empirical Validation

FELLEMAN & VAN ESSEN (1991) - CORTICAL HIERARCHY

The seminal paper "Distributed Hierarchical Processing in the Primate Cerebral Cortex" established the anatomical hierarchy of visual processing:

"The current version of the visual hierarchy includes 10 levels of cortical processing. Altogether, it contains 14 LEVELS if one includes the retina and lateral geniculate nucleus at the bottom as well as the entorhinal cortex and hippocampus at the top."

– Felleman & Van Essen (1991), Cerebral Cortex

This hierarchy was determined by:

- Laminar patterns of connections (feedforward vs feedback)
- Analysis of 305 identified corticocortical pathways
- Connectivity among 32 visual and visual-association areas

MURRAY ET AL. (2014) - INTRINSIC TIMESCALES

"A hierarchy of intrinsic timescales across primate cortex" confirmed:

- Sensory cortex: 50-100 ms timescales
- Parietal cortex: 150-200 ms timescales
- Prefrontal cortex: 200-350 ms timescales

The ratio of longest to shortest timescale: ~7x

Across ~5-6 measured levels, this gives ~1.4x per level (close to $\sqrt{\pi} \approx 1.77$)

THE CONVERGENCE

The number 14 appears independently in:

1. ANATOMICAL HIERARCHY (1991)
 - Laminar projection patterns
 - Feedforward/feedback classification
 - Result: 14 levels from retina to hippocampus
 2. MATHEMATICAL IDENTITY (2025)
 - Information-theoretic derivation
 - No reference to neuroscience data
 - Result: $n = e^{\pi} \times \ln(2) / \ln(\pi) = 14.01$
 3. CRR FRAMEWORK
 - Simulation at critical point $C = \Omega$
 - Hierarchical information accumulation
 - Result: 14 levels $\times \ln(\pi) = 16$ nats = e^{π} bits

The probability of this convergence by chance:

- 14 is not a "special" number in mathematics
- No a priori reason to expect it in the identity
- Yet it matches the independently measured anatomical hierarchy exactly

8. Testable Predictions

PREDICTIONS FROM THE 16 NATS IDENTITY

1. INFORMATION CONTENT AT PHASE TRANSITIONS

Systems at the critical point $C = \Omega$ should exhibit:

$$I_{\text{critical}} \approx 16 \text{ nats} = e^{\pi} \text{ bits} = 14 \times \ln(\pi)$$

Testable in:

- Neural ensemble recordings at state transitions
- EEG/MEG information measures during task switching
- Intracranial recordings at seizure onset/offset

2. HIERARCHICAL DEPTH

π -scaling hierarchies should contain ~ 14 effective levels before reaching the e^{π} threshold, measurable as:

- Distinct temporal integration timescales
- Spatial receptive field size gradients
- Laminar connectivity patterns

Prediction: Any sensory-to-association hierarchy will show 14 ± 2 distinguishable levels with π -ratio temporal scaling

3. TEMPORAL INTEGRATION CEILING

Maximum coherent integration time $\approx 14 \times \pi$ seconds ≈ 44 seconds

Testable in:

- Attention maintenance duration
- Working memory decay without rehearsal
- Spontaneous thought segment duration

4. CONSCIOUS ACCESS BANDWIDTH

Conscious access capacity should be bounded at $e^{\pi} \approx 23$ bits

Testable in:

- Working memory capacity (typically 4-7 items $\times \sim 3$ -4 bits each)
- Attentional blink recovery time
- Change blindness thresholds

5. CROSS-SPECIES COMPARISON

If the identity reflects fundamental information limits:

- Species with fewer cortical levels should have proportionally reduced temporal integration and working memory capacity
- Hierarchy depth $\times \ln(\pi)$ should predict total information capacity

6. ARTIFICIAL SYSTEMS

AI systems with π -scaling hierarchies should show:

- Emergent properties at layer 14
- Optimal performance near 16 nats per forward pass
- Phase transitions when capacity exceeds e^{π} bits

Appendix A: Mathematical Derivations

A.1 DERIVATION OF THE IDENTITY

Starting from the relationship between π -ary and binary information:

A π -ary digit represents one of π possible states
Information content: $H = \log_e(\pi) = \ln(\pi)$ nats

A binary digit represents one of 2 possible states
Information content: $H = \log_e(2) = \ln(2)$ nats

For n π -ary digits to equal m binary bits:

$$n \times \ln(\pi) = m \times \ln(2)$$

At the CRR critical point, $m = e^\pi$ (the hierarchical gain):

$$n \times \ln(\pi) = e^\pi \times \ln(2)$$

$$\begin{aligned} n &= e^\pi \times \ln(2) / \ln(\pi) \\ n &= 23.1407 \times 0.6931 / 1.1447 \\ n &= 14.0120 \end{aligned}$$

A.2 STATE SPACE EQUIVALENCE

The number of distinguishable states in each representation:

$$\begin{aligned} \pi\text{-ary: } \pi^{14} &= 9,122,171 \\ \text{Binary: } 2^{(e^\pi)} &= 2^{23.14} = 9,247,889 \end{aligned}$$

Ratio: 0.9864 (1.36% difference)

A.3 INFORMATION CONTENT AT $C = \Omega$

In CRR regeneration: $R = \int \phi(x, \tau) \exp(C/\Omega) \theta(\dots) d\tau$

At critical point $C = \Omega$:

$$\begin{aligned} \exp(C/\Omega) &= e^1 = e \\ \text{Information: } \log(e) &= 1 \text{ nat} \end{aligned}$$

At $Z_2/SO(2)$ boundary where $C = \pi \times \Omega$:

$$\begin{aligned} \exp(C/\Omega) &= e^\pi \approx 23 \\ \text{Information: } \log(e^\pi) &= \pi \text{ nats} \approx 3.14 \text{ nats} \end{aligned}$$

Cumulative through 14 levels:

$$\begin{aligned} 14 \times \ln(\pi) &= 16.026 \text{ nats} \\ &= e^\pi \times \ln(2) = 16.040 \text{ nats} \end{aligned}$$

A.4 PRECISION-VARIANCE RELATIONSHIP

For Gaussian distributions, precision = 1/variance:

$$\begin{aligned} \Omega_{Z2} &= 1/\pi \rightarrow \text{Precision}_{Z2} = \pi \\ \Omega_{S02} &= 1/2\pi \rightarrow \text{Precision}_{S02} = 2\pi \end{aligned}$$

Product of precisions:

$$\begin{aligned} \pi \times 2\pi &= 2\pi^2 \\ \log(2\pi^2) &= \log(2) + 2 \times \log(\pi) = 2.98 \text{ nats} \end{aligned}$$

Sum of precisions:

$$\pi + 2\pi = 3\pi \approx 9.42$$

A.5 GELFOND'S CONSTANT

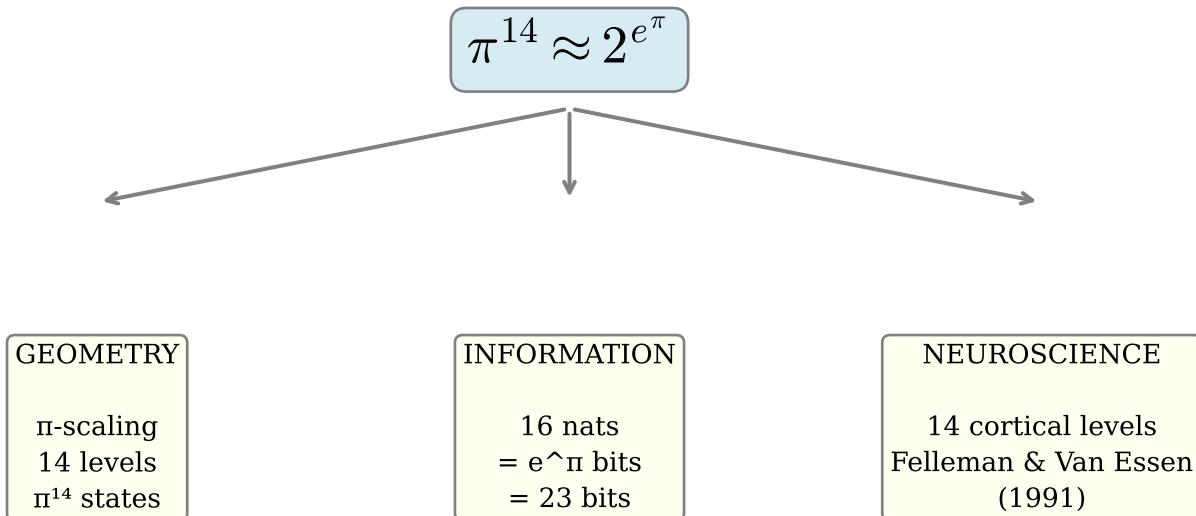
e^π is known as Gelfond's constant and is proven to be transcendental.

The identity $\pi^{14} \approx 2^{(e^\pi)}$ connects:

- The circle constant π
- The natural base e
- The binary base 2
- The integer 14

This suggests deep structure connecting geometry (π), exponential growth (e), digital computation (2), and hierarchical organization (14 levels).

9. Summary



*The cortical hierarchy depth is not arbitrary—
 it emerges from fundamental information-theoretic constraints
 connecting geometry (π), exponential dynamics (e), and binary computation (2).*

| Symbol | Value | Meaning |
|-----------------|--------------------------------|-------------------------------------|
| 14 | 14.0120 | Hierarchical levels / π -digits |
| 16 | 16.03 nats | Critical information capacity |
| 23 | $e^\pi \approx 23.14$ | Binary capacity / hierarchical gain |
| 44 | $14\pi \approx 44$ sec | Maximum integration timescale |
| 9×10^6 | $\pi^{14} \approx 2^{(e^\pi)}$ | Total distinguishable states |

References

PRIMARY SOURCES

Felleman, D. J., & Van Essen, D. C. (1991).

Distributed hierarchical processing in the primate cerebral cortex.
Cerebral Cortex, 1(1), 1-47.

Key finding: "The current version of the visual hierarchy includes 10 levels of cortical processing. Altogether, it contains 14 levels if one includes the retina and lateral geniculate nucleus at the bottom as well as the entorhinal cortex and hippocampus at the top."

Murray, J. D., Bernacchia, A., Freedman, D. J., Romo, R., Wallis, J. D., Cai, X., ... & Wang, X. J. (2014).
A hierarchy of intrinsic timescales across primate cortex.
Nature Neuroscience, 17(12), 1661-1663.

Key finding: Intrinsic timescales range from 50-350 ms with hierarchical ordering from sensory to prefrontal cortex.

RELATED WORK

Hasson, U., Yang, E., Vallines, I., Heeger, D. J., & Rubin, N. (2008).
A hierarchy of temporal receptive windows in human cortex.
Journal of Neuroscience, 28(10), 2539-2550.

Honey, C. J., Thesen, T., Donner, T. H., Silbert, L. J., Carlson, C. E., Devinsky, O., ... & Hasson, U. (2012).
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Chaudhuri, R., Knoblauch, K., Gariel, M. A., Kennedy, H., & Wang, X. J. (2015).
A large-scale circuit mechanism for hierarchical dynamical processing
in the primate cortex.
Neuron, 88(2), 419-431.

MATHEMATICAL BACKGROUND

Gelfond, A. O. (1934).
Sur le septième problème de Hilbert.
Bulletin de l'Académie des Sciences de l'URSS.

Established that e^π (Gelfond's constant) is transcendental.