

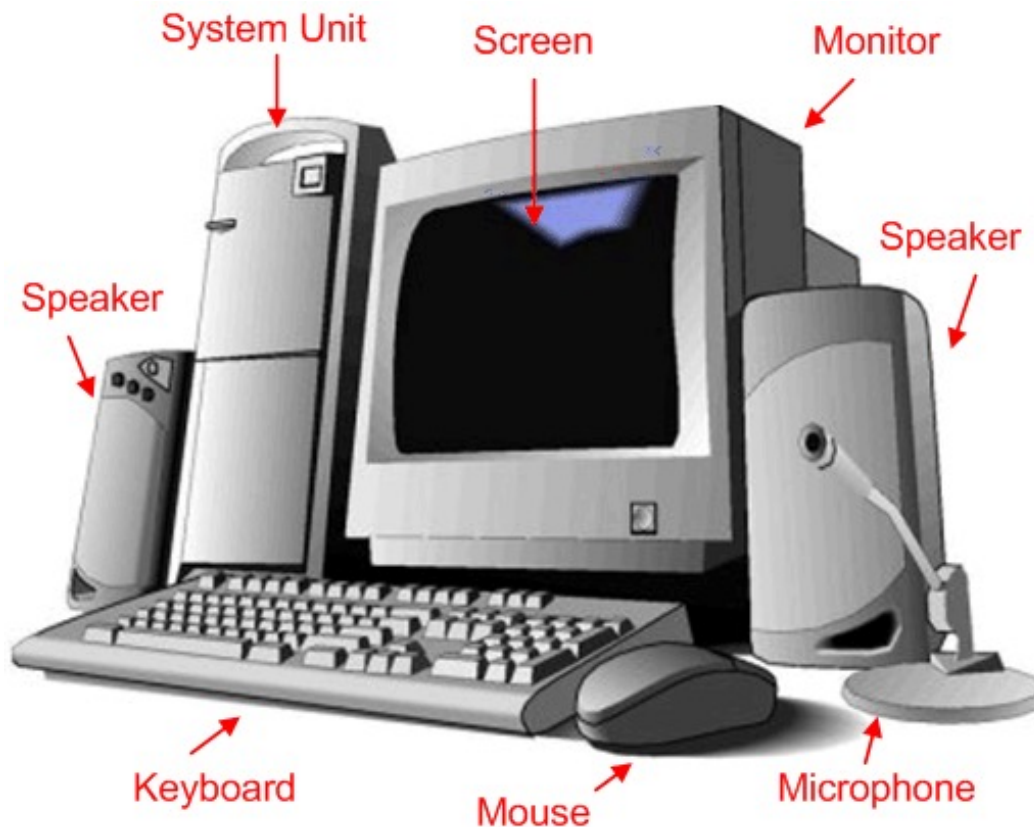


# ESP32 Microcontroller

# A Computer System



A **computer** is a programmable [machine](#) that receives input, stores and manipulates [data//information](#), and provides output in a useful format.

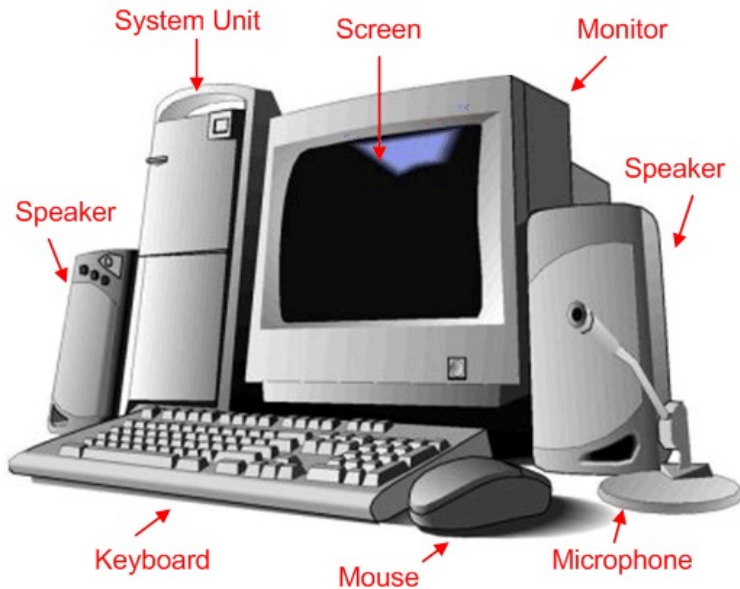


**Diagram Of A Computer System**

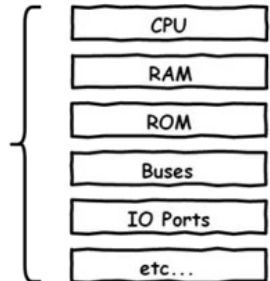
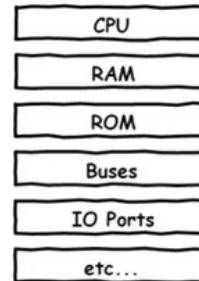
# Computer System Vs Microcontroller



UAV Workshop



## Microcontroller



Computer is Larger Than ">" Microcontroller While Having The Same Components

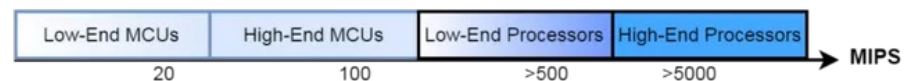
	Typical Microcontroller	Typical Computer
CPU Speed	~16 DMIPS @ ~16MHz	~2000 DMIPS @ ~1GHz
RAM	~1KB	~8GB
Main Memory	~1KB	~1TB
Power Consumption	~1 mW	~150W
IO Ports	Parallel, serial RS-232, USB, etc	Parallel, Serial RS-232, USB, HDMI, etc

The CPU of a Microcontroller is called

**Microprocessor**

The CPU of a Computer is called

**Processor**

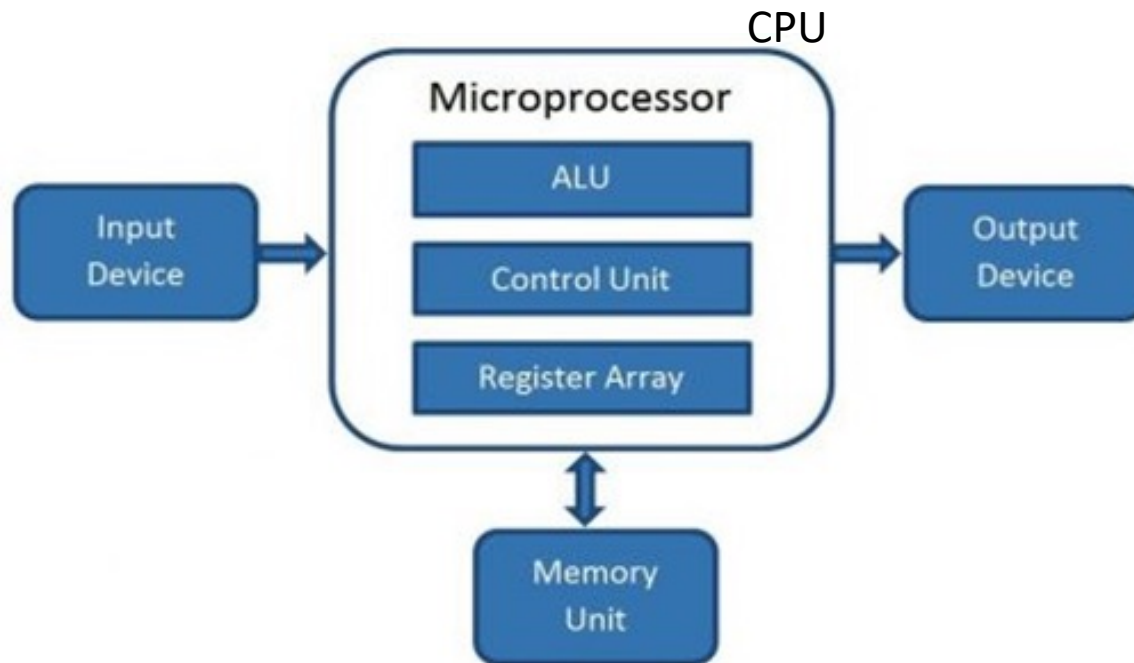


These Figures Are Not Exact By Any Means, I've Just Made Them Up For Demonstration Purposes Only!

# Both are built around a processor



- It is a programmable, multipurpose, clock -driven, register-based electronic device that reads binary instructions from a storage device called memory, accepts binary data as input and processes data according to those instructions and provides results as output.



# ESP8266 & ESP32



	ESP8266	ESP32
<b>MCU</b>	Xtensa Single-core 32-bit L106	Xtensa Dual-Core 32-bit LX6 with 600 DMIPS
<b>802.11 b/g/n Wi-Fi</b>	HT20	HT40
<b>Bluetooth</b>	No	Bluetooth 4.2 and BLE
<b>Typical Frequency</b>	80 MHz	160 MHz
<b>SRAM</b>	No	Yes
<b>Flash</b>	No	Yes
<b>GPIO</b>	17	36
<b>Hardware /Software PWM</b>	None / 8 channels	None / 16 channels
<b>SPI/I2C/I2S/UART</b>	2/1/2/2	4/2/2/2
<b>ADC</b>	10-bit	12-bit
<b>CAN</b>	No	Yes
<b>Ethernet MAC Interface</b>	No	Yes
<b>Touch Sensor</b>	No	Yes
<b>Temperature Sensor</b>	No	Yes
<b>Hall effect sensor</b>	No	Yes
<b>Working Temperature</b>	-40°C to 125°C	-40°C to 125°C

# ESP32 Communications



Application	#Devices	Chipset	Protocol	Data Rate	Range
Remote Controller	1	ESP8266	ESP-NOW	<10 kbps	<50m
Security Key Fob	1	ESP32	Wi-Fi + ESP-NOW	<10 kbps	100m
Intelligent Weighing Scale	<5	ESP32	Wi-Fi + BLE	<1 Mbps	<100m
Smart Lighting (Mesh)	<100	ESP8266	Wi-Fi + ESP-MESH + ESP-NOW	<1 Mbps	>100m
Home Automation	100+	ESP8266	Wi-Fi + ESP-MESH	~1 Mbps	>100m
Home Automation with Sensor Network	500+	ESP8266 + ESP32	Wi-Fi + ESP-MESH + ESP-NOW + BLE	~1 Mbps	>300m
Smart Lighting	<10	ESP8266	Wi-Fi	<10 Mbps	100m
Wi-Fi Camera	1	ESP32	Wi-Fi HT40	~100 Mbps	<30m
Wi-Fi Audio	1	ESP32	Wi-Fi HT40 + BLE	~100 Mbps	<30m



# Espressif IoT Boards



DOIT DEVKIT V1



ESP32 DevKit



ESP-32S NodeMCU



ESP32 Thing



WEMOS LOLIN32



"WeMos" OLED



HUZZAH32



Others

(...)

ESP32 DevKitC  
(ESP32 Core Board)



# ESP32



- Espressif ESP32 Single and Dual Core Processors in 5x5mm Package.
- Espressif ESP32 Dual Core SoC Features Faster WiFi, Bluetooth 4.0 LE, and More Peripherals
  - ESP32-S0WD: Xtensa single-core 32-bit LX6 microprocessor, up to 200 DMIPS
  - 448 KB ROM
  - 520 KB SRAM
  - 16 KB SRAM in RTC
  - QSPI flash/SRAM, up to 4 x 16 MB
  - Power supply: 2.3V to 3.6V



# ESP32 Block Diagram

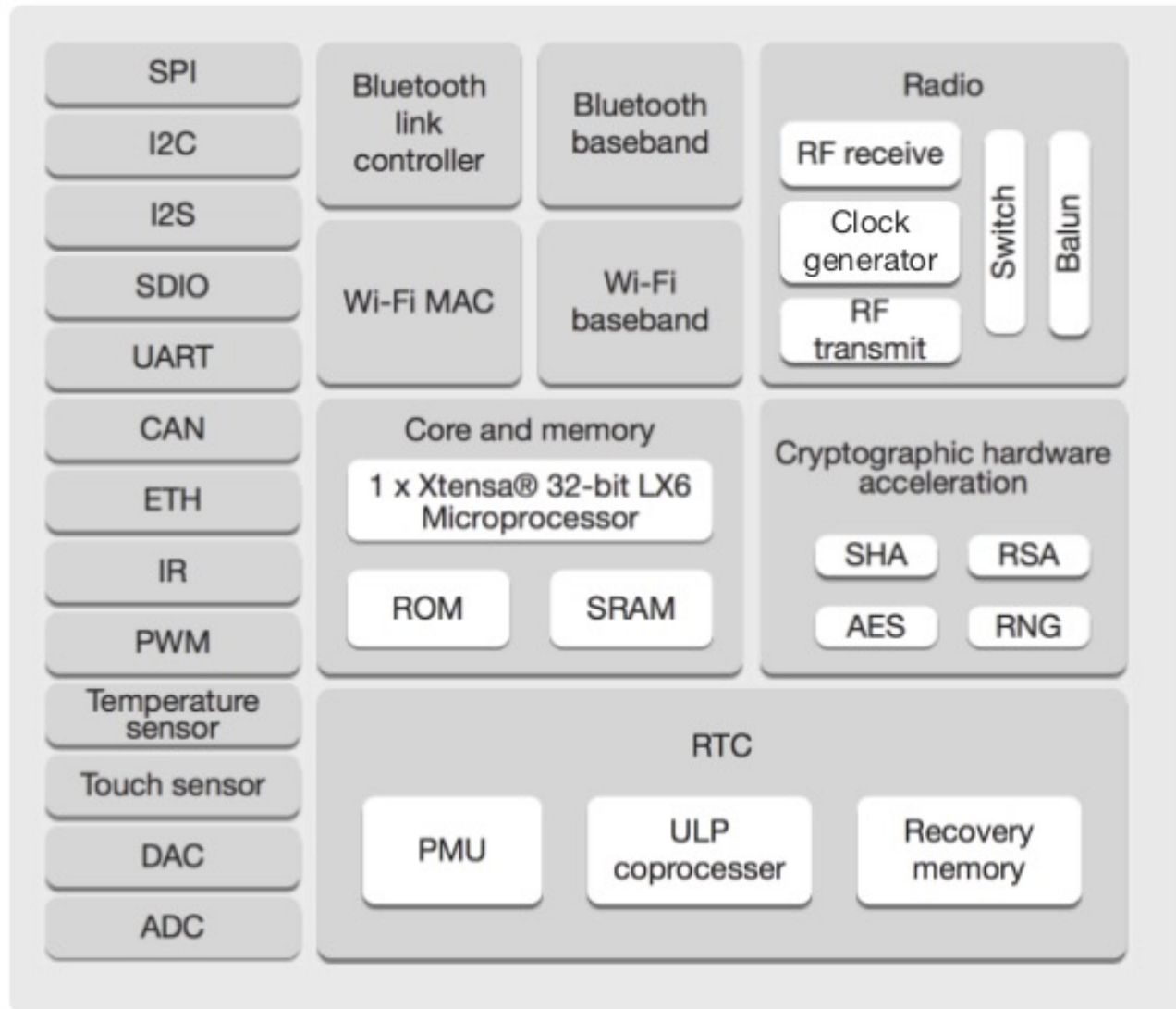


Figure 1: ESP32-S0WD Function Block Diagram

# ESP32 Spec Summary



Category	Feature	Spec
Wireless Parameters	Certifications	FCC/CE coming soon
	Wireless Standard	802.11 b/g/n/e/i Bluetooth 4.2 ( BR/EDR/BLE )
	Frequency	2.4GHz-2.5GHz (2400M-2483.5M)
Hardware Parameters	Data Interface	UART/SPI/I2C/I2S/IR/CAN
		GPIO/PWM
	Working Voltage	3.0~3.6V
	Working Current	Average : 90mA
	Working Temperature	-40°~125°
	Storage Temperature	normal temperature
	Size	16mm * 24mm * 3mm
Software Parameter	Wireless Network Model	Station/SoftAP/SoftAP+station
	Security	WFA、WPA/WPA2,WAPI
	Encryption Type	WEP/TKIP/AES
	Update Firmware	Local Serial Download / OTA / Host Download Burn
	Software Development	Support customized servers Provide SDK for secondary development
	Network Protocol	IPv4, TCP/UDP/HTTP/FTP
	User Configuration	AT+ instructions, cloud server, Android/iOS APP

# ESP32 Boards



**ESP32**



# Why choose ESP32?



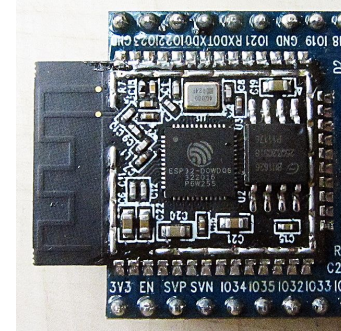
- **Wireless connectivity**
  - **WiFi:** 150.0 Mbps data rate with HT40
  - **Bluetooth:** BLE (Bluetooth Low Energy) and legacy Bluetooth.
- **Processor:** Tensilica Xtensa Dual-Core 32-bit LX6 microprocessor, running at 160 or 240 MHz
- **ROM:** 448 KB
- **SRAM:** 520 KB
- **Low Power:** ensures that you can still use ADC conversions, for example, during deep sleep.
- **Peripheral Input/Output:** peripheral interface with DMA that includes capacitive touch, ADCs (Analog-to-Digital Converter), DACs (Digital-to-Analog Converter), I<sup>2</sup>C (Inter-Integrated Circuit), UART (Universal Asynchronous Receiver/Transmitter), SPI (Serial Peripheral Interface), I<sup>2</sup>S (Integrated Interchip Sound), RMII (Reduced Media-Independent Interface) and PWM (Pulse-Width Modulation).
- **Security:** hardware accelerators for AES and SSL/TLS
- **Cost:** \$2 (bulk)
- **Programing Support:** C, C++, Lua, Python, etc.



# ESP32-?



- Processor: Tensilica LX6 dual core processor (One for high speed connection; one for independent programming).
- Frequency: 240MHz
- SRAM: 520KB
- Flash: 16Mbit
- Operating voltage: 3.3V
- Input voltage: 3.3V~5.5V
- Support electric current of low power consumption: 10  $\mu$ A
- Support maximum discharge current: [600mA@3.3V](#) LDO
- Support maximum charge current: 500mA
- Wi-Fi standard - Wi-Fi protocol: 802.11 b/g/n/d/e/I/k/r
- Frequency range: 2.4~2.5 GHz
- Bluetooth protocol: Comply with BR/EDR/BLE standard of Bluetooth v4.2.



# Programming the ESP32



- Espressif ESP-IDF
  - <https://github.com/espressif/esp-idf>
  - ESP-IDF is the official Espressif development framework for the ESP32.
- ArduinoESP32
  - <https://github.com/espressif/arduino-esp32>
  - The Arduino-ESP32 project allows you to program the ESP32 from the popular Arduino IDE.
- MicroPython
  - <https://github.com/micropython/micropython/>
  - The MicroPython project provides a very rich Python 3 environment for small microcontrollers.
- Nodemcu/Lua
  - <https://github.com/nodemcu/nodemcu-firmware/tree/dev-esp32>
  - NodeMCU is an open source [Lua](#) based firmware for the [ESP32](#)