

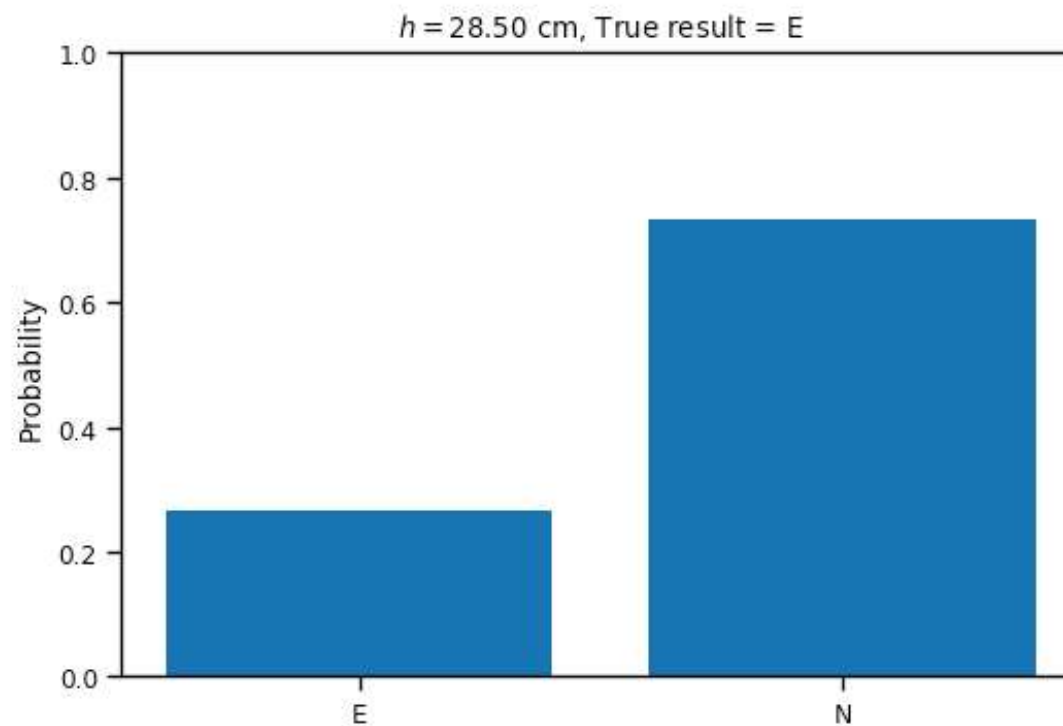
Lecture 16:

Classification

Professor Ilias Bilonis

Making decisions

HMX Example



How do you pick a single label?

Picking labels by minimizing the expected cost

$$p(y | x, w)$$

Pick label \hat{y} . Cost of choice $c(\hat{y}, y)$.

	True E	True N
Predict E	0	1
Predict N	100	0

$$\min_{\hat{y}} \mathbb{E}[c(\hat{y}, y) | x_{1:n}, y_{1:n}]$$

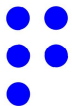
$$= \min_{\hat{y}} \int c(\hat{y}, y) p(y | x, \underline{x_{1:n}, y_{1:n}}) dy$$

$$\approx \min_{\hat{y}} \int c(\hat{y}, y) p(y | x, w) dy$$

Best decision when risk-neutral.

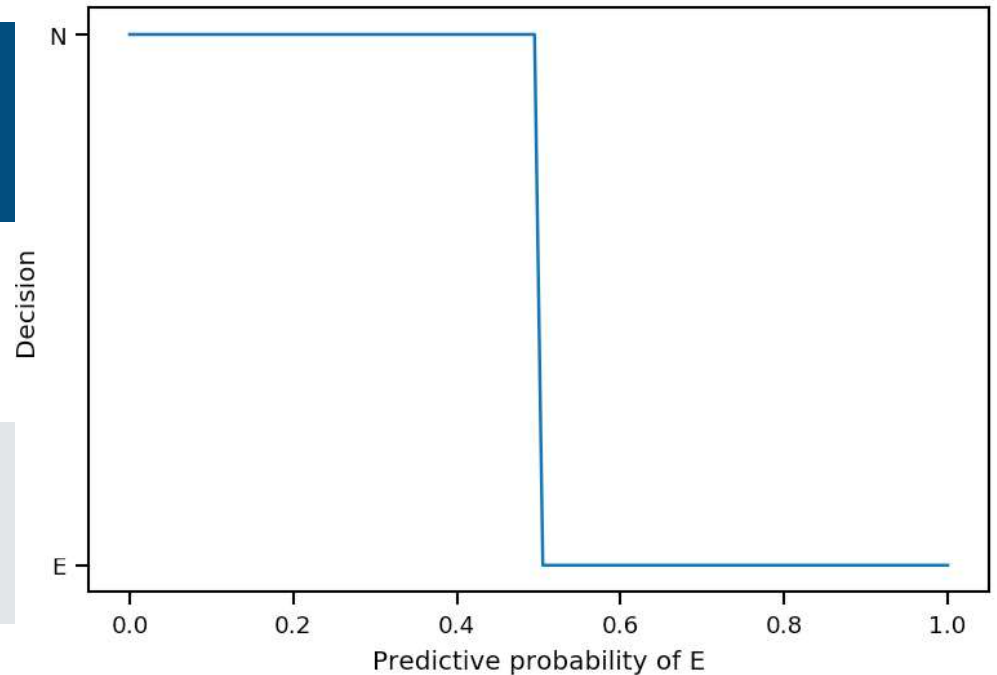
When risk-averse you need utility theory.

Jitesh Panchal¹⁴ Decision Making.



The cost of making wrong predictions

	True result E	True result N
Predict E	0	1
Predict N	1	0



The cost of making wrong predictions

	True result E	True result N
Predict E	0	1
Predict N	10	0

