

Coding Basic Web Pages

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Overview and Structure

- HTML
- CSS
 - Bootstrap (and other frameworks)
- Interactivity
 - Javascript and frameworks
 - PHP
 - Node.js



Web Pages

- Components
 - HTML structure
 - CSS style / design
 - Javascript interactivity
 - Other
 - PHP, ASP etc



HTML

- Based on "tags" (start and end), and "content"
 - <atag>Some content</atag>
- The tag is closed with </>
- Many different tags for numerous functions



HTML File

- The are text files and typically have the extension ".html" or ".htm" extension
- Top of the file (content goes ...)

```
<!DOCTYPE html>
<html>
...
</html>
```



HTML File

Meta information & title in the <head>

```
<!DOCTYPE html>
<html>
<head>
<meta charset="utf-8">
<title>Title here </title>
</head>
</html>
```



HTML File

The <body> contains the webpage content

```
<!DOCTYPE html>
<html>
<head>
<meta charset="utf-8">
<title>Title here </title>
</head>
<body>
Content here...
</body>
</html>
```



```
<h1> Heading One</h1>
```

```
<h2> Heading Two</h2>
```

<h3> Heading Three</h3>

Heading One Heading Two Heading Three



```
Some text here
Some more text here
```

Some text here
Some more text here



```
OneTwo
```

- One
- Two



```
One
Two
```

- 1. One
- 2. Two



```
We can also make some text
<em>italic</em> or other text
<strong>bold</strong>.
```

We can also make some text *italic* or other text **bold**.



```
<img
src="https://upload.wikimedia.org/wikipedia/
en/e/e6/University_of_Liverpool_logo_2007.pn
g" alt="UoL Logo">
```





```
<a href="http://www.liv.ac.uk">This is a
hyperlink</a>
<a href="http://www.liv.ac.uk"><img
src="https://upload.wikimedia.org/wikipedia/en/e/e6/
University_of_Liverpool_logo_2007.png" alt="UoL
Logo">
</a>
```

This is a <u>hyperlink</u>.





```
We can also navigate to <a href = "#S1">sections</a> within the page.
```

```
<h1 id="S1">Another Heading</h1>
```

We can also navigate to <u>sections</u> within the page.

Another Heading



CSS

- CSS
 - Selector HTML tag
 - Property attribute of HTML tag
 - Value what is assigned

```
selector { property: value; }
```

table{ border :1px solid #000000; }



CSS

- Types of selectors
 - Universal

```
* {
color: #FFFFFF;
}
```

Descendant

```
Ol em { color: #FFFFFF;
}
```

Class

```
.green { color: #00ff00;
}
h2.green { color: #00ff00;
}
```



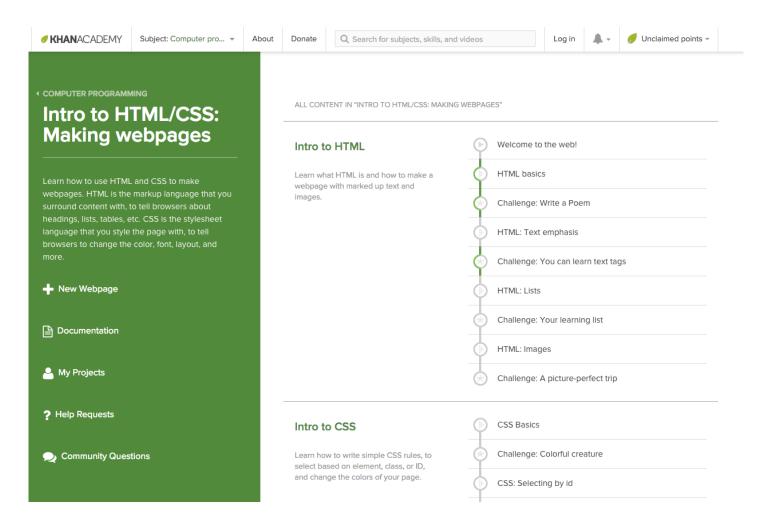
CSS

Adding CSS to a document

```
<!DOCTYPE html>
<html>
     <head>
          <style type = "text/css" media = "all">
              body {
                    background-color: #243a6a;
              h1 {
                    color: #85cbff;
                    margin-left: 50px;
             </style>
    </head>
     <body>
        <h1>This is a heading</h1>
        This is a paragraph.
    </body>
 </html>
```

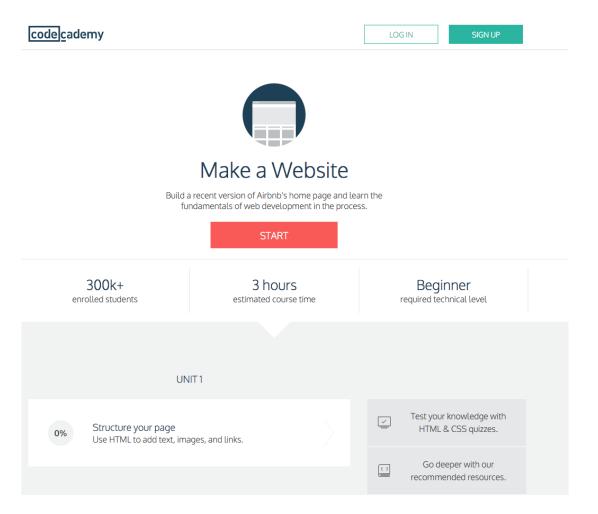
e.g. screen, print etc – different media for different uses

More...



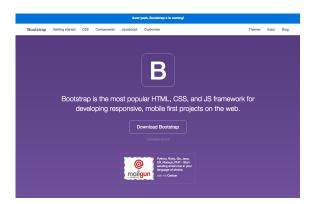


More...





CSS Frameworks

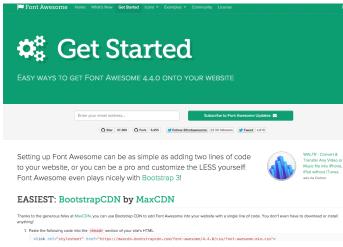


http://getbootstrap.com/



http://foundation.zurb.com/

responsive front-end frameworks that make it easy to design beautiful responsive websites, apps and emails that look amazing on any device. Foundation is semantic,



http://fontawesome.io/

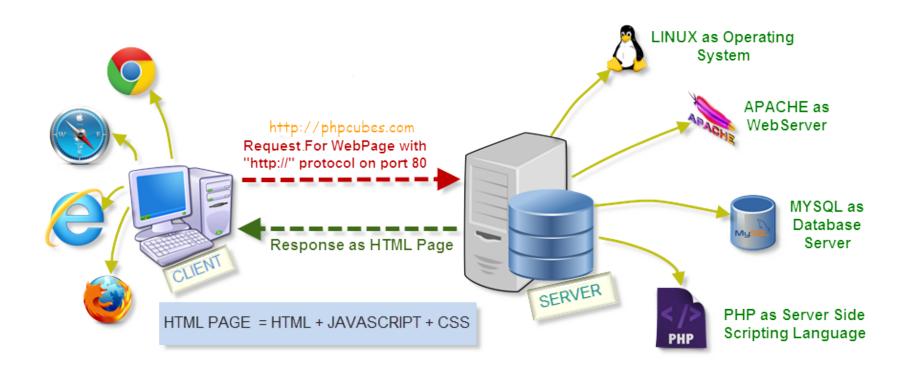


Interactivity: a few tech jargons

- HTML and CSS: display (static) web contents Javascript: Human-Website interaction
- PHP: Dynamic web contents (with a database)
- Node.js: Similar to PHP, but written in Javascript language.



A simple web architecture





Interactivity: JavaScript

- JavaScript is NOT Java
- A programming language for HTML/CSS
- Power of JavaScript:
 - Many libraries/framework
 - Simple enough to learn (and play with)
 - Widely-supported
- Things you can do with JavaScript:
 - Dynamic/complex visualisation
 - Events handling (mouse click, key press, etc)
 - And many more...



JavaScript: an example

```
<html>
    <!-- Begin JavaScript bits-->
    <script type="text/javascript">
            function sayHello(text) {
                document.getElementById("output").innerHTML = 'Hello ' + text;
 6
        </script>
    <!-- End JavaScript bits-->
     <body>
10
        <h1>JavaScript can handle events</h1>
11
        <input id="nametext" placeholder="What is your name?">
12
        <button type="button" onclick="sayHello(nametext.value)">Submit</button>
13
        </body>
15
    </html>
```

JavaScript can handle events

Alex	Submit

Hello Alex

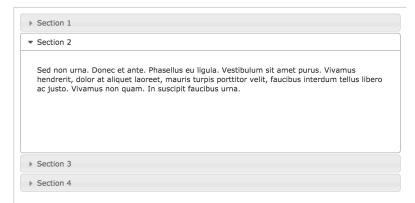


JavaScript frameworks:

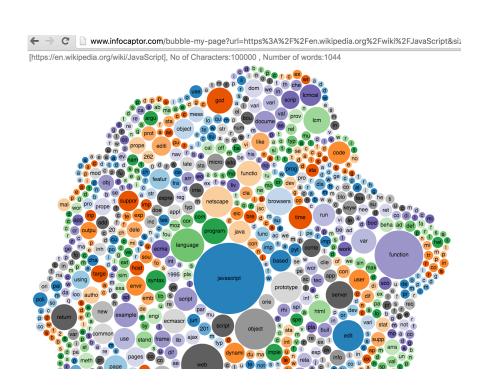
jQuery and D3.js: Complex visualisation/interacivity

Accordion

Displays collapsible content panels for presenting information in a limited amount



jQuery/jQueryUI: a fast/light-weight JavaScript libraries for user interface building and interactivity



D3.js/C3.js: JavaScript frameworks for complex visualisation/charts

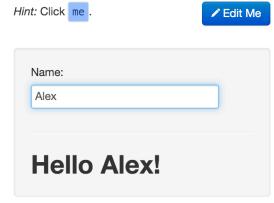


JavaScript frameworks:

AngularJS: JavaScript without programming

The Basics

```
index.html
      <!doctype html>
      <html ng-app>
        <head>
 4.
           <script src="https://ajax.googleapis.com/ajax/libs/angularjs/1.4.7/</pre>
      angular.min.js"></script>
 5.
        </head>
 6.
        <body>
           <div>
             <label>Name:</label>
 9.
             <input type="text" ng-model="yourName" placeholder="Enter a name her</pre>
      e">
10.
             <hr>
             <h1>Hello {{yourName}}!</h1>
12.
           </div>
        </body>
14.
      </html>
```



Watch as we build this app



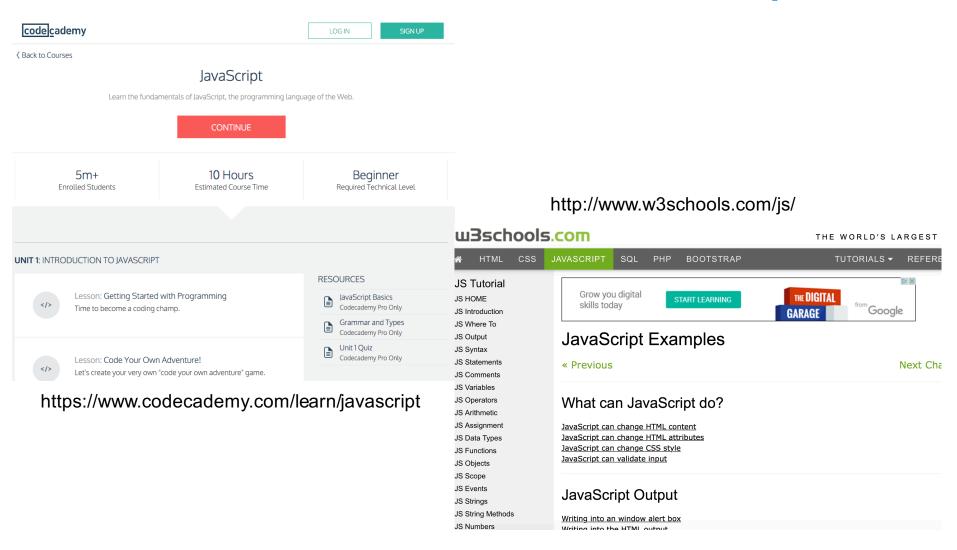


JavaScript frameworks: Node.js – JavaScript for Server Side

```
var mysql = require('mysql');
var connection = mysql.createConnection({
 host : 'localhost',
 user : '< MySQL username >',
 password : '< MySQL password >',
 database : '<your database name>'
});
connection.connect();
connection.guery('SELECT * from ', function(err, rows, fields)
 if (!err)
    console.log('The solution is: ', rows);
 else
    console.log('Error while performing Query.');
});
connection.end();
```



Where to learn JavaScript





PHP: the Server-side programming language

- JavaScript + CSS + HTML: static web pages
- Contents are normally:
 - Not ready to be displayed as webpages
 - Stored in a database (MySQL, MongoDB, etc.)
- PHP tasks:
 - Pull data from/push data to the database
 - Process data if needed
 - Retrieve/send data from/to clients (web-browsers)



A taste of PHP: searching user's data

```
<?php
    // create a connection to database
    $db=mysql_connect ("servername", "username", "password") or die ('I cannot connect to the
        database because: ' . mysql_error());
    // choose database
    $mydb=mysql select db("exampleDatabase");
    // prepare the query
    $sql="SELECT FirstName, LastName, Job FROM Users WHERE FirstName LIKE '%" . $keyword . "%'";
    //-run the query against the mysql query function
    $result=mysql_query($sql);
    // If there is any result, show them
    while($row=mysql_fetch_array($result)){
13
        // each row is one result
            echo "\n";
            echo "" .$row['FirstName'] . " " .$row['LastName'] . " is a ".$row['Job']. "</ri>
16
            echo "":
17
```





Example: search facility

HTML + CSS + JavaScript

SEARCH

PHP/Node.JS

Send keyword: 'Alex'

Send Alex's HTML webpage to browser

Process Alex's data

Ask for Alex's data in the database

Receive Alex's data from the database







Many thanks...



