英文動詞 12 時態

Active	簡單式	進行式	完成式	完成進行式	
voice	Simple	Continuous	Perfect	Perfect Continuous	
現在	I play	I am playing	I have played	I have been playing	
Present	basketball	basketball. [4]	basketball for 30	basketball for 3 years.	
	once a		minutes. [7]	[10]	
	week. [1]				
過去	I played	I was playing	I had played	I had been playing	
Past	basketball	basketball at	basketball for an	basketball for three	
	yesterday.	10am yesterday.	hour before you	years before I changed	
	[2]	[5]	came. [8]	to another team. [11]	
未來	I will play	I will be playing	I will have played	I will have been	
Future	basketball	basketball at	basketball for one	playing basketball for	
	tomorrow.	10am tomorrow	hour by 10 o; clock.	three years by this July.	
	[3]	morning. [6]	[9]	[12]	

Passive	簡單式	進行式	完成式	完成進行式
voice	Simple	Continuous	Perfect	Perfect
				Continuous
現在	An apple is	An apple is being	An apple has been eaten	X
Present	eaten by me. [1]	eaten by me. [4]	by me for 30 minutes. [7]	Λ
過去	An apple was	An apple was being	An apple had been eaten	
Past	eaten by me	eaten by me at	by me for an hour before	X
	yesterday. [2]	10am yesterday. [5]	you came. [8]	
未來	The apple will		An apple will have been	
Future	be eaten by me	X	eaten by me for one hour	X
	tomorrow. [3]		by 10 o;clock. [9]	

1) 現在式 Simple Present tense:

- (a) 現在的動作或狀態;
- (b) 經常性的動作或狀態。
- (c) 表示按規定、計劃、安排將要發生的動作
- eg. We often <u>read</u> newspapers.
- eg. The sun <u>rises</u> in the east.
- eg. The plane takes off at 11a.m.

2) 過去式 Simple Past Tense:

表示:過去的動作或狀態。

eg. He went to school yesterday.

3) 將來式 Simple Future Tense:

表示將來發生的動作或狀態。

- eg. We shall go to Shanghai tomorrow.
- eg. He will graduate next year.

字眼: tomorrow, next, again

4) 現在進行式 Present Continuous Tense:

表示:

- (a) 現在正在進行的動作或狀態.
- (b) 表示最近按計劃或安排要進行的動作 (go, come, leave, start, arrive, return)
- (c) 表示說話人的感情
- eg. I am going to school.
- eg. He is leaving on Friday.
- eg. He is always thinking of others.

5) 過去進行式 Past Continuous Tense:

表示:

- (a) 過去某一時間內正在進行的動作或狀態
- (b) 表示過去某時要發生的事 (go, come, leave, start, arrive, return)
- (c) 表示說話人的感情
- eg. He was sleeping when I saw him yesterday.
- eg. I asked him whether he was coming back for supper.
- eg. He was forever complaining about something.

6) 將來進行式 Future Continuous Tense:

表示: 將來某一時間內正在進行的動作或狀態

eg. We will be waiting for you at the hotel tomorrow.

7) 現在完成式 Present Perfect Tense:

表示:

- (a) 已經完成但與現在仍有關聯的動作或狀態;
- (b) 過去已經開始並持續到現在的動作或狀態;
- (c) 經驗過的動作或狀態。
- eg. I have written a letter this morning. 我今早己寫完一封信。
- eg. Has he gone? 他已走了嗎〈剛走了嗎〉? Yes, he has gone. 他已走了〈剛走了〉。
- eg. Where <u>have</u> you <u>been</u>?你去過哪裏?
- I have been to City Hall. 我去過大會堂。

8) 過去完成式 Past Perfect Tense:

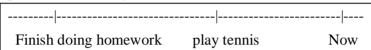
表示:

- (a) 過去某一時間之前已經完成的動作或狀態
- (b) 本來打算做而沒有做的事情 (plan, intend, mean, want, think)

eg. The concert <u>had begun</u> when we arrived.	當我們到達時	,表演已經開始了。
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eg. I had finished my homework when I watched television.



eg. After I had done my work, I played tennis.

若用了 *After* 這個詞,可不用過去完成時態,因已有「之後」的含意。即:After I did my work, I played tennis.

在這種情況下, *After I did my work*是:

Simple past Tense in form, but past perfect Tense in meaning.

(形式上是一般過去時態,但意義上是過去完成時態)

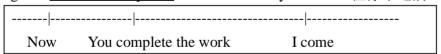
eg. We had planned to go to Disneyland, but found that it was closed.

9) 將來完成式 Future Prefect Tense:

表示: 將來某一時間之前已經完成的動作或狀態

使用這種時態,多會涉及兩個動作或狀態。一個在前,一個在後。敘述前面的動作或狀態,動詞要用將來完成時態;敘述後面的動作或狀態,動詞要用一般現在時態。

eg. We will have completed the work before you come. 在你來之前,我們將完成工作。



- eg. When I <u>have taken</u> my supper, I will take a walk with you. 當我吃完晚餐時,我將和你散步。
- *「我吃完晚餐」在將來完成,應用 Future Perfect Tense,但可以用 Present Prefect Tense 代替。這種情況是 " Present perfect tense in form but future perfect tense in meaning." 〔形式上是現在完成時態,但意義上是將來完成時態〕

10) 現在完成進行式 Present Perfect Continuous Tense:

表示: 過去已經開始而到現在還正在進行的動作或狀態

- eg. I have been reading this book for a week.
- eg. I have been waiting for him since three o'clock.

11) 過去完成進行式 Past Perfect Continuous Tense:

表示: 過去某一時間以前已經開始而到那時還正在進行的動作或狀態 eg. They had been playing basketball for an hour when you reached the playground.

12) 將來完成進行 Future Perfect Continuous Tense:

表示: 將來某一時間以前已經開始而到那時還正在進行的動作或狀態

eg. I will have been studying English for five years when you begin.