

EDS 230 Assignment 2

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2022-04-12

Introduction

The goal of this assignment is to build a simple model to predict annual almond yield based on the paper by Lobell et al. (2006).

Set up: Load necessary libraries and scripts

Function description

Key

- `variable_name` = description [units]

Inputs

- `temp` = average minimum temperature in February [degrees C]
- `precip` = average precipitation in January [mm]

Parameters

- `temp_coeff1`
- `temp_coeff2`
- `precip_coeff1`
- `precip_coeff2`

Note that all parameter values are based on the original paper.

Outputs

- `almond_yield_anomaly` = almond yield anomaly [ton/acre]

Test the simple `almond_yield_anomaly()` function given one year's worth of temperature and precipitation data

```
almond_yield_anomaly(feb_temp_min = 25,  
                     jan_precip = 10)
```

```
## [1] -9.74
```

Read in climate data

```
# read in the data from .txt file  
clim_raw <- read.csv(file = "clim.txt",  
                     header = T,  
                     sep = "")  
  
# clean data  
clim_data <- clim_raw %>%  
  janitor::clean_names() %>%  
  mutate(d = lubridate::as_date(d), #convert d column to Date format rather than a character  
         year = lubridate::year(d))
```

Use the `almond_yield_anomaly_annual()` function using coefficients from the paper

- Note that this function averages minimum February temperatures ($^{\circ}\text{C}$) and January precipitation (mm)

```
# set coefficient parameter values  
temp_coeff1 <- -0.015  
temp_coeff2 <- -0.0046  
precip_coeff1 <- -0.07  
precip_coeff2 <- 0.0043  
constant <- 0.28  
  
# calculate annual almond yield for each year  
annual_almond_yield <- cbind(unique(clim_data$year), almond_yield_anomaly_annual(clim_data)) %>% #create  
  as.data.frame() %>% #transform into a data frame  
  rename(year = V1,  
         yield = V2)
```

```
## 'summarise()' has grouped output by 'month'. You can override using the '.groups' argument.  
## 'summarise()' has grouped output by 'month'. You can override using the '.groups' argument.
```

```
## Warning in cbind(unique(clim_data$year),  
## almond_yield_anomaly_annual(clim_data)): number of rows of result is not a  
## multiple of vector length (arg 2)
```

Check the model outputs

```
yield_1999 <- subset(annual_almond_yield, year == 1999)[[2]]  
yield_1999
```

```
## [1] 9.599988
```

```
yield_2000 <- subset(annual_almond_yield, year == 2000)[[2]]  
yield_2000
```

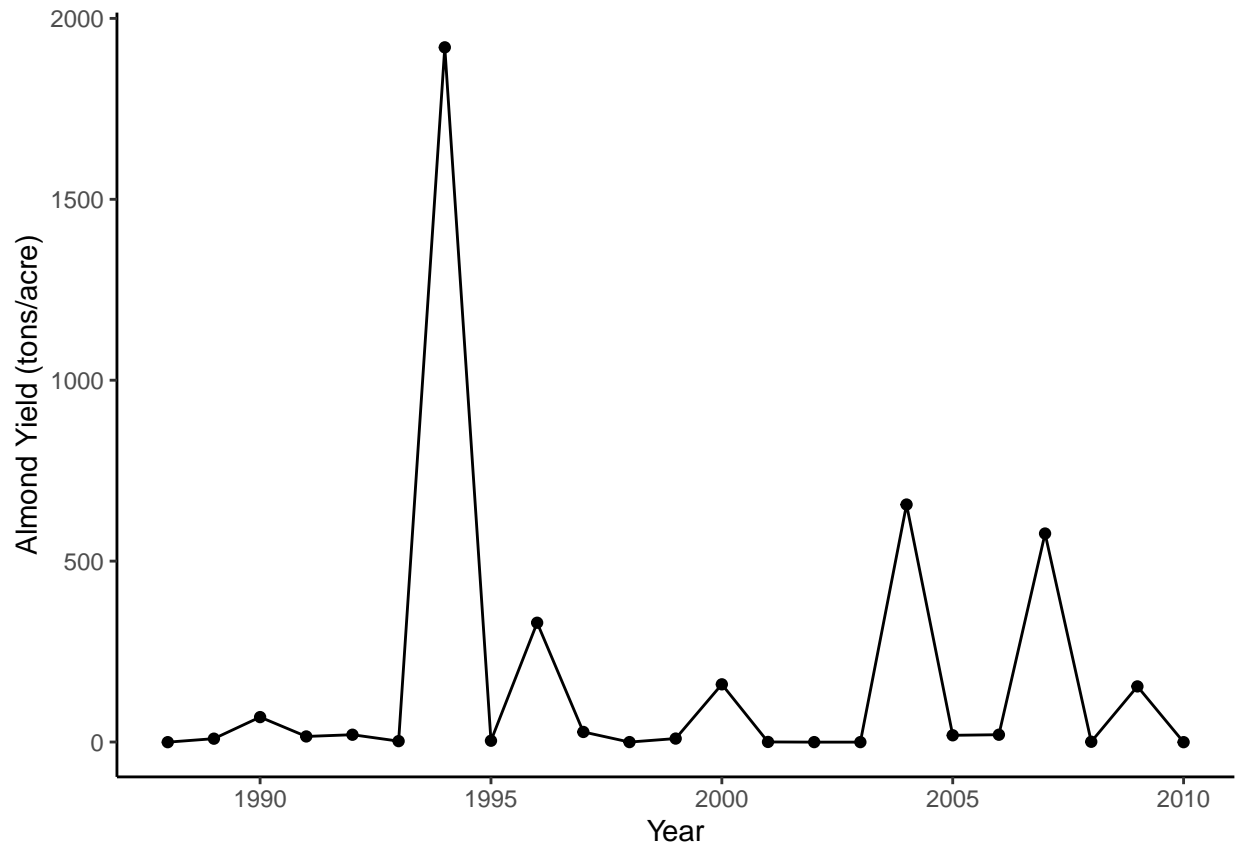
```
## [1] 159.512
```

```
yield_2001 <- subset(annual_almond_yield, year == 2001)[[2]]  
yield_2001
```

```
## [1] 0.2450914
```

Plot the annual trend in almond yield over time

```
ggplot(annual_almond_yield,  
       aes(year, yield)) +  
  geom_line()+  
  geom_point() +  
  labs(x = "Year", y = "Almond Yield (tons/acre)") +  
  theme_classic()
```



Results and conclusions

```
max_yield <- max(annual_almond_yield$yield)
min_yield <- min(annual_almond_yield$yield)
avg_yield <- mean(annual_almond_yield$yield)
```

We built a simpler replica of the almond yield model built by Lobell et al. (2006) using two different functions. From 1988 to 2010, the average almond yield was 173.5408846 tons/acre per year. During this time period, average almond yield peaked at 1919.9811511 in 1994 while some years reported average almonnd yields of zero.

Moving forward, it would be interesting to further investigate outlier years like 1994 to discern if that high of an average almond yield is feasible or if the model can be improved.

Generalize temp and precip inputs

```
temp = function(minimum, month_number){
  # minimum = TRUE for minimum value // FALSE for maximum value
  # month = number (out of 12) of month of interest
```

```

if (minimum == TRUE){

  temp <- min(clim_txt_data$tmin_c[clim_txt_data$month == month_number])
} else if (minimum == FALSE){

  temp <- max(clim_txt_data$tmax_c[clim_txt_data$month == month_number])
} else {

  print("Error: must select TRUE (1) or FALSE (0) for minimum input")
}

return(temp)
}

```

```

precip = function(month){

  # month = number (out of 12) of month of interest

  precip <- mean(clim_txt_data$precip[clim_txt_data$month == month_number])

  return(precip)
}

```