

# Python - functions - Recursion

## Factorial Calculation:

**Implement a recursive function to compute the factorial of a non-negative integer**

```
In [22]: 1 def fact(n):  
2         if n<=1:  
3             return 1  
4         else:  
5             return n*fact(n-1)  
6 fact(6)
```

Out[22]: 720

## Fibonacci Sequence:

**Create a recursive function that returns the nth number in the Fibonacci sequence.**

```
In [23]: 1 def fibonaci(n):  
2         if n<=2:  
3             return 1  
4         else:  
5             return fibonaci(n-1) + fibonaci(n-2)  
6 fibonaci(5)
```

Out[23]: 5

## Sum of Digits:

**Write a recursive function to find the sum of the digits of a given positive integer**

```
In [24]: 1 def sum_digits(n):  
2         if n==0:  
3             return 0  
4         else:  
5             return n%10 + sum_digits(n//10)  
6 sum_digits(123)
```

Out[24]: 6

## String Reversal:

## Create a recursive function that takes a string as input and returns the string in reverse order.

```
In [25]: 1 def str_rev(txt):
2         if len(txt)==0:
3             return ""
4         else:
5             return txt[-1] + str_rev(txt[:-1])
6 str_rev("LIRIL")
```

Out[25]: 'LIRIL'

## Count Vowels:

Implement a recursive function to count the number of vowels in a given string.

```
In [26]: 1 def count_vowels(txt):
2         if len(txt) == 0:
3             return 0
4         else:
5             return (1 if txt[-1].lower() in 'aeiou' else 0) +
count_vowels(txt[:-1])
6 count_vowels("Alex")
```

Out[26]: 2

## Flatten a List:

Create a recursive function to flatten a nested list structure into a single-level list.

```
In [27]: 1 def flatten_list(l):
2         if len(l) == 0:
3             return []
4         if isinstance(l[0], list):
5             return flatten_list(l[0]) + flatten_list(l[1:])
6         else:
7             return [l[0]] + flatten_list(l[1:])
8
9 flatten_list([[1,2,3],[2,3,4, [5,6,7]]])
```

Out[27]: [1, 2, 3, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7]