Table of Contents

OV5640 SENSOR INFORMATION	2
OV5640 Sensor Driver	5
Step 1: Kernel Version, Driver location	5
Step 2: Driver Register / Init function	5
Step 3: Probe function	6
Step 4: struct v4l2_subdev_ops	8
Step 5: ov5640_s_power	9
Step 6: ov5640_s_stream	12
Step 7: OV5640 SENSOR: [RESOLUTION, FPS, SCALE(OR)SUBSAMPLING]	17
Step 1: Available / Supporting Resolution	17
Step 2: Available / Supporting FPS	17
Step 3: Available / Supporting MEDIA BUS FORMAT	18
Step 4: Available / Supporting SCALING / SUBSAMPLING	18
Step 5: AVAILABLE MODES - STRUCTURE	19
Step 6: ov5640_dev - STRUCTURE	19
Step 8: v4l-ctl: sub-dev calls [v4l2-ctrl-subdev.c]	21
Step 9: V4L2 – CONTROLS	22
Step 1: define the controls	22
Step 2: fill the controls	23
Step 10: V4L2 – CONTROLS - TABLE	27
Step 11: APP – V4L2 SUB DEV	28
Step 1:	28
Step 2:	28
Step 3:	
Step 4:	33

OV5640 SENSOR INFORMATION

optical size of 1/4"

automatic image control functions: automatic exposure control (AEC), automatic white balance (AWB), automatic band filter (ABF), automatic 50/60 Hz luminance detection, and automatic black level calibration (ABLC)

programmable controls for frame rate, AEC/AGC 16-zone size/position/weight control, mirror and flip, cropping, windowing, and panning

image quality controls: color saturation, hue, gamma, sharpness (edge enhancement), lens correction, defective pixel canceling, and noise canceling

support for output formats: RAW RGB, RGB565/555/444, CCIR656, YUV422/420, YCbCr422, and compression

support for video or snapshot operations

support for horizontal and vertical sub-sampling, binning

digital video port (DVP) parallel output interface and dual lane MIPI output interface

support for images sizes: 5 mega pixel, and any arbitrary size scaling down from 5 mega pixel

support for auto focus control (AFC) with embedded AF VCM driver

active array size:2592 x 1944

power supply:

core: $1.5V \pm 5\%$ (with embedded 1.5V regulator)

analog: $2.6 \sim 3.0V$ (2.8V typical),

I/O: 1.8V / 2.8V

Input clock frequency:6~27 MHz

maximum image transfer rate: QSXGA (2592x1944): 15 fps

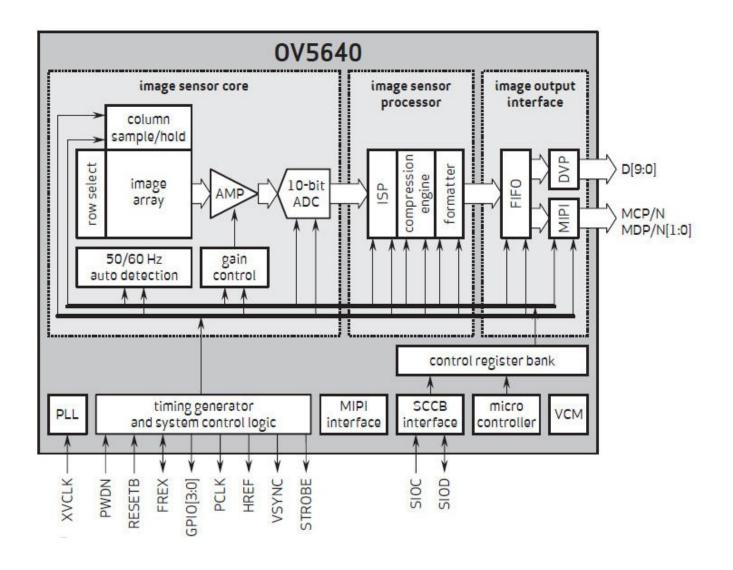
1080p: 30 fps 1280x960: 45 fps 720p: 60 fps

VGA (640x480): 90 fps

QVGA (320x240): 120 fps

shutter:

rolling shutter / frame exposure



OV5640 Sensor Driver

Step 1: Kernel Version, Driver location

```
VERSION = 4
PATCHLEVEL = 19
SUBLEVEL = 0
EXTRAVERSION =
```

linux-xlnx-master/drivers/media/i2c/ov5640.c

Step 2: Driver Register / Init function

```
static const struct i2c device id ov5640 id[] = {
      {"ov5640", 0},
      {},
};
MODULE DEVICE TABLE(i2c, ov5640 id);
static const struct of device id ov5640 dt ids[] = {
      { .compatible = "ovti,ov5640" },
      { /* sentinel */ }
MODULE DEVICE TABLE(of, ov5640 dt ids);
static struct i2c driver ov5640 i2c driver = {
      .driver = {
           .name = "ov5640",
           .of match table = ov5640 dt ids,
      },
     .id table = ov5640 id,
     .probe = ov5640 probe,
     .remove = ov564\overline{0} remove,
};
module i2c driver(ov5640 i2c driver);
```

Step 3: Probe function

```
static int ov5640 probe(struct i2c client *client, const struct i2c device id *id)
     struct device *dev = &client->dev;
     struct fwnode handle *endpoint:
     struct ov5640 dev *sensor;
     struct v4l2 mbus framefmt *fmt;
     u32 rotation;
     int ret:
     sensor = devm kzalloc(dev, sizeof(*sensor), GFP KERNEL);
     if (!sensor)
           return -ENOMEM;
     sensor->i2c client = client;
      * default init sequence initialize sensor to
      * YUV422 UYVY VGA@30fps
     fmt = &sensor->fmt;
     fmt->code = MEDIA BUS FMT UYVY8 2X8;
     fmt->colorspace = V4L2 COLORSPACE_SRGB;
     fmt->ycbcr enc = V4L2 MAP YCBCR ENC DEFAULT(fmt->colorspace);
     fmt->quantization = V4L2 QUANTIZATION FULL RANGE;
     fmt->xfer func = V4L2 MAP XFER FUNC DEFAULT(fmt->colorspace);
     fmt->width = 640;
     fmt->height = 480;
     fmt->field = V4L2 FIELD NONE;
     sensor->frame interval.numerator = 1;
     sensor->frame interval.denominator =
     ov5640 framerates[OV5640 30 FPS];
     sensor->current fr = OV5640 30 FPS;
     sensor->current mode =
           &ov5640 mode data[OV5640 30 FPS]
     [OV5640 MODE VGA 640 480];
     sensor->last mode = sensor->current mode;
     sensor->ae target = 52;
     /* optional indication of physical rotation of sensor */
     ret = fwnode property read u32(dev fwnode(&client->dev), "rotation",
                          &rotation);
     if (!ret) {
           switch (rotation) {
           case 180:
```

```
sensor->upside down = true;
                 /* fall through */
           case 0:
                 break:
           default:
                 dev warn(dev, "%u degrees rotation is not supported.
ignoring...\n",
                       rotation):
           }
     }
     endpoint = fwnode graph get next endpoint(dev fwnode(&client-
>dev), NULL);
     if (!endpoint) {
           dev err(dev, "endpoint node not found\n");
           return -EINVAL;
     }
     ret = v4l2 fwnode endpoint parse(endpoint, &sensor->ep);
     fwnode handle put(endpoint);
     if (ret) {
           dev err(dev, "Could not parse endpoint\n");
           return ret:
     }
     /* get system clock (xclk) */
     sensor->xclk = devm clk get(dev, "xclk");
     if (IS ERR(sensor->xclk)) {
           dev err(dev, "failed to get xclk\n");
           return PTR_ERR(sensor->xclk);
     }
     sensor->xclk freq = clk get rate(sensor->xclk);
     if (sensor->xclk freq < OV5640 XCLK MIN ||
        sensor->xclk freq > OV5640 XCLK MAX) {
           dev err(dev, "xclk frequency out of range: %d Hz\n".
                 sensor->xclk freq);
           return -EINVAL;
     }
     /* request optional power down pin */
     sensor->pwdn gpio = devm gpiod get optional(dev, "powerdown",
                                     GPIOD OUT HIGH);
     /* request optional reset pin */
     sensor->reset gpio = devm gpiod get optional(dev, "reset",
                                     GPIOD OUT HIGH);
     v4l2 i2c subdev init(&sensor->sd, client, &ov5640 subdev ops);
```

```
sensor->sd.flags |= V4L2 SUBDEV FL HAS DEVNODE;
     sensor->pad.flags = MEDIA PAD FL SOURCE;
     sensor->sd.entity.function = MEDIA ENT F CAM SENSOR;
     ret = media entity pads init(&sensor->sd.entity, 1, &sensor->pad);
     if (ret)
           return ret;
     ret = ov5640 get regulators(sensor);
     if (ret)
           return ret;
     mutex init(&sensor->lock);
     ret = ov5640 check chip id(sensor);
     if (ret)
           goto entity cleanup;
     ret = ov5640 init controls(sensor);
     if (ret)
           goto entity cleanup;
     ret = v4l2 async register subdev(&sensor->sd);
     if (ret)
           goto free ctrls;
     return 0;
free ctrls:
     v4l2 ctrl handler free(&sensor->ctrls.handler);
entity cleanup:
     mutex destroy(&sensor->lock);
     media_entity_cleanup(&sensor->sd.entity);
     return ret:
}
Step 4: struct v4l2_subdev_ops
```

```
.s stream = ov5640 s stream,
};
static const struct v4l2 subdev pad ops ov5640 pad ops = {
     .enum mbus code = ov5640 enum mbus code,
     .get fmt = ov5640 get fmt,
     .set fmt = ov5640 set fmt,
     .enum frame size = ov5640 enum frame size,
     .enum frame interval = ov5640 enum frame interval,
};
static const struct v4l2 subdev ops ov5640 subdev ops = {
     .core = \&ov5640 core ops,
     .video = \&ov564\overline{0} video ops,
     .pad = \&ov5640 pad ops,
};
Step 5: ov5640_s_power
static int ov5640 s power(struct v4l2 subdev *sd, int on)
    struct ov5640 dev *sensor = to ov5640 dev(sd);
    int ret = 0;
     mutex lock(&sensor->lock);
     if (sensor->power count == !on) {
         ret = ov5640 set power(sensor, !!on);
         if (ret)
              goto out;
     }
    /* Update the power count. */
    sensor->power count += on ? 1 : -1;
    WARN ON(sensor->power count < 0);
out:
     mutex unlock(&sensor->lock);
```

static int ov5640 set power(struct ov5640 dev *sensor, bool on)

return ret;

int ret = 0;

}

{

```
if (on) {
    ret = ov5640 set power on(sensor);
    if (ret)
         return ret;
    ret = ov5640 restore mode(sensor);
    if (ret)
         goto power off;
      /*
     * Power up MIPI HS Tx and LS Rx; 2 data lanes mode
     * 0x300e = 0x40
     * [7:5] = 010 : 2 data lanes mode (see FIXME note in
               "ov5640 set stream mipi()")
     *[4] = 0: Power up MIPI HS Tx
     *[3] = 0: Power up MIPI LS Rx
     *[2] = 0 : MIPI interface disabled
     */
    ret = ov5640 write reg(sensor,
                  OV5640 REG IO MIPI CTRL00, 0x40);
    if (ret)
         goto power off;
     * Gate clock and set LP11 in 'no packets mode' (idle)
     * 0x4800 = 0x24
     * [5] = 1 : Gate clock when 'no packets'
     * [2] = 1 : MIPI bus in LP11 when 'no packets'
     */
    ret = ov5640 write reg(sensor,
                  OV5640 REG MIPI CTRL00, 0x24);
    if (ret)
         goto power off;
     * Set data lanes and clock in LP11 when 'sleeping'
     * 0x3019 = 0x70
     * [6] = 1 : MIPI data lane 2 in LP11 when 'sleeping'
     * [5] = 1 : MIPI data lane 1 in LP11 when 'sleeping'
     *[4] = 1
                 : MIPI clock lane in LP11 when 'sleeping'
     */
    ret = ov5640 write reg(sensor,
                  OV5640 REG PAD OUTPUT00, 0x70);
    if (ret)
         goto power off;
```

```
/* Give lanes some time to coax into LP11 state. */
         usleep range(500, 1000);
      }
}
power dn | |
static void ov5640 power(struct ov5640 dev *sensor, bool enable)
{
    gpiod set value cansleep(sensor->pwdn gpio, enable ? 0 : 1);
}
static void ov5640 reset(struct ov5640 dev *sensor)
{
     if (!sensor->reset gpio)
         return;
    gpiod set value cansleep(sensor->reset gpio, 0);
    /* camera power cycle */
    ov5640_power(sensor, false);
    usleep range(5000, 10000);
     ov5640 power(sensor, true);
     usleep range(5000, 10000);
     gpiod set value cansleep(sensor->reset gpio, 1);
     usleep range(1000, 2000);
    gpiod set value cansleep(sensor->reset gpio, 0);
     usleep range(5000, 10000);
}
static int ov5640 set power on(struct ov5640 dev *sensor)
{
    struct i2c client *client = sensor->i2c client;
     int ret;
     ret = clk_prepare_enable(sensor->xclk);
     if (ret) {
          dev err(&client->dev, "%s: failed to enable clock\n",
```

```
func );
          return ret;
     }
     ret = regulator bulk enable(OV5640 NUM SUPPLIES,
                       sensor->supplies);
     if (ret) {
          dev err(&client->dev, "%s: failed to enable regulators\n",
                func );
          goto xclk off;
     }
     ov5640 reset(sensor);
     ov5640 power(sensor, true);
     ret = ov5640 init slave id(sensor);
     if (ret)
          goto power off;
     return 0;
power off:
     ov5640 power(sensor, false);
     regulator bulk disable(OV5640 NUM SUPPLIES, sensor->supplies);
xclk off:
     clk disable unprepare(sensor->xclk);
     return ret;
}
```

Step 6: ov5640_s_stream

```
if (enable && sensor->pending fmt change) {
              ret = ov5640 set framefmt(sensor, &sensor->fmt);
              if (ret)
                   goto out;
              sensor->pending fmt change = false;
         }
         if (sensor->ep.bus type == V4L2 MBUS CSI2)
              ret = ov5640_set_stream_mipi(sensor, enable);
         else
              ret = ov5640 set stream dvp(sensor, enable);
         if (!ret)
              sensor->streaming = enable;
out:
     mutex unlock(&sensor->lock);
     return ret;
}
static int ov5640 set mode(struct ov5640 dev *sensor)
    const struct ov5640 mode info *mode = sensor->current mode;
    const struct ov5640 mode info *orig mode = sensor->last mode;
    enum ov5640 downsize mode dn mode, orig dn mode;
    bool auto gain = sensor->ctrls.auto gain->val == 1;
     bool auto exp = sensor->ctrls.auto exp->val == V4L2 EXPOSURE AUTO;
     int ret:
    dn mode = mode->dn mode;
    orig dn mode = orig mode->dn mode;
    /* auto gain and exposure must be turned off when changing modes */
    if (auto gain) {
         ret = ov5640 set autogain(sensor, false);
         if (ret)
              return ret;
     }
     if (auto exp) {
         ret = ov5640 set autoexposure(sensor, false);
         if (ret)
              goto restore auto gain;
     }
     if ((dn mode == SUBSAMPLING && orig dn mode == SCALING) ||
       (dn mode == SCALING && orig dn mode == SUBSAMPLING)) {
```

```
* change between subsampling and scaling
         * go through exposure calculation
         ret = ov5640 set mode exposure calc(sensor, mode);
     } else {
         /*
          * change inside subsampling or scaling
          * download firmware directly
          */
         ret = ov5640 set mode direct(sensor, mode);
    if (ret < 0)
         goto restore auto exp gain;
    /* restore auto gain and exposure */
    if (auto gain)
         ov5640 set autogain(sensor, true);
     if (auto exp)
         ov5640 set autoexposure(sensor, true);
     ret = ov5640 set binning(sensor, dn mode != SCALING);
     if (ret < 0)
         return ret:
     ret = ov5640 set ae target(sensor, sensor->ae target);
     if (ret < 0)
         return ret:
    ret = ov5640 get light freq(sensor);
     if (ret < 0)
         return ret;
     ret = ov5640 set bandingfilter(sensor);
     if (ret < 0)
         return ret;
    ret = ov5640 set virtual channel(sensor);
     if (ret < 0)
         return ret;
    sensor->pending mode change = false;
    sensor->last mode = mode;
     return 0;
restore auto exp gain:
     if (auto exp)
         ov5640 set autoexposure(sensor, true);
restore auto gain:
     if (auto gain)
         ov5640 set autogain(sensor, true);
```

```
return ret;
}
static int ov5640 set framefmt(struct ov5640 dev *sensor,
                  struct v4l2 mbus framefmt *format)
{
    int ret = 0;
     bool is rgb = false;
     bool is ipeg = false;
    u8 val;
    switch (format->code) {
    case MEDIA BUS FMT UYVY8 2X8:
    case MEDIA BUS FMT UYVY8 1X16:
         /* YUV422, UYVY */
         val = 0x3f;
         break:
    case MEDIA BUS FMT_YUYV8_2X8:
    case MEDIA BUS FMT YUYV8 1X16:
         /* YUV422, YUYV */
         val = 0x30:
         break;
    case MEDIA BUS FMT RGB565 2X8 LE:
         /* RGB565 {g[2:0],b[4:0]},{r[4:0],g[5:3]} */
         val = 0x6F;
         is rgb = true;
         break:
    case MEDIA BUS FMT RGB565 2X8 BE:
         /* RGB565 {r[4:0],g[5:3]},{g[2:0],b[4:0]} */
         val = 0x61;
         is rgb = true;
         break;
    case MEDIA BUS FMT JPEG 1X8:
          /* YUV422, YUYV */
         val = 0x30;
         is ipeg = true;
         break:
    default:
         return -EINVAL;
     }
    /* FORMAT CONTROLOO: YUV and RGB formatting */
    ret = ov5640 write reg(sensor, OV5640 REG FORMAT CONTROL00, val);
    if (ret)
         return ret;
```

```
/* FORMAT MUX CONTROL: ISP YUV or RGB */
     ret = ov5640 write reg(sensor, OV5640 REG ISP FORMAT MUX CTRL,
                  is rgb ? 0x01 : 0x00);
    if (ret)
         return ret:
    /*
     * TIMING TC REG21:
     * - [5]:
              IPEG enable
     */
     ret = ov5640 mod reg(sensor, OV5640 REG TIMING TC REG21,
                 BIT(5), is jpeg ? BIT(5):0);
     if (ret)
         return ret:
    /*
     * SYSTEM RESET02:
     * - [4]: Reset IFIFO
     * - [3]:
               Reset SFIFO
     * - [2]:
               Reset IPEG
     */
     ret = ov5640 mod reg(sensor, OV5640 REG SYS RESET02,
                 BIT(4) | BIT(3) | BIT(2),
                 is jpeg ? 0 : (BIT(4) | BIT(3) | BIT(2)));
    if (ret)
         return ret;
    /*
     * CLOCK ENABLE02:
     * - [5]: Enable JPEG 2x clock
     * - [3]:
               Enable IPEG clock
     */
     return ov5640 mod reg(sensor, OV5640 REG SYS CLOCK ENABLE02,
                  BIT(5) | BIT(3),
                  is jpeg ? (BIT(5) | BIT(3)) : 0);
}
static int ov5640 set stream mipi(struct ov5640 dev *sensor, bool on)
{
    int ret;
    /*
     * Enable/disable the MIPI interface
     * 0x300e = on ? 0x45 : 0x40
     * FIXME: the sensor manual (version 2.03) reports
```

```
*[7:5] = 000 : 1 data lane mode
     *[7:5] = 001 : 2 data lanes mode
     * But this settings do not work, while the following ones
     * have been validated for 2 data lanes mode.
     *[7:5] = 010 : 2 data lanes mode
     * [4] = 0 : Power up MIPI HS Tx
     * [3] = 0 : Power up MIPI LS Rx
     * [2] = 1/0 : MIPI interface enable/disable
     * [1:0] = 01/00: FIXME: 'debug'
     */
    ret = ov5640 write reg(sensor, OV5640 REG IO MIPI CTRL00,
                  on ? 0x45 : 0x40);
    if (ret)
         return ret:
    return ov5640 write reg(sensor, OV5640 REG FRAME CTRL01,
                   on ? 0x00 : 0x0f);
}
```

Step 7: OV5640 SENSOR : [RESOLUTION, FPS, SCALE(OR)SUBSAMPLING]

```
Step 1: Available / Supporting Resolution
```

```
enum ov5640_mode_id {
    OV5640_MODE_QCIF_176_144 = 0,
    OV5640_MODE_QVGA_320_240,
    OV5640_MODE_VGA_640_480,
    OV5640_MODE_NTSC_720_480,
    OV5640_MODE_PAL_720_576,
    OV5640_MODE_XGA_1024_768,
    OV5640_MODE_720P_1280_720,
    OV5640_MODE_1080P_1920_1080,
    OV5640_MODE_QSXGA_2592_1944,
    OV5640_NUM_MODES,
};
```

Step 2: Available / Supporting FPS

```
enum ov5640_frame_rate { OV5640_15_FPS = 0, OV5640_30_FPS,
```

```
OV5640 60 FPS,
     OV5640 NUM FRAMERATES,
};
static const int ov5640_framerates [] = {
     [OV5640 \ 15 \ FPS] = 15.
     [OV5640^{\circ}30^{\circ}FPS] = 30,
     [OV5640 60 FPS] = 60,
};
Step 3: Available / Supporting MEDIA BUS FORMAT
struct ov5640 pixfmt {
     u32 code;
     u32 colorspace;
};
static const struct ov5640 pixfmt ov5640 formats[] = {
     { MEDIA BUS FMT | PEG 1X8, V4L2 COLORSPACE | PEG, },
     { MEDIA BUS FMT UYVY8 2X8, V4L2 COLORSPACE SRGB, },
     { MEDIA BUS FMT YUYV8 2X8, V4L2 COLORSPACE SRGB, },
     { MEDIA BUS FMT UYVY8 1X16, V4L2 COLORSPACE SRGB, },
     { MEDIA BUS FMT YUYV8 1X16, V4L2 COLORSPACE SRGB, },
     { MEDIA BUS FMT RGB565 2X8 LE, V4L2 COLORSPACE SRGB, },
     { MEDIA BUS FMT RGB565 2X8 BE, V4L2 COLORSPACE SRGB, },
};
static int ov5640 enum mbus code(struct v4l2 subdev *sd,
                     struct v4l2 subdev pad config *cfg,
                     struct v4l2 subdev mbus code enum *code)
{
     if (code->pad != 0)
          return -EINVAL;
     if (code->index >= ARRAY SIZE(ov5640 formats))
          return -EINVAL;
     code->code = ov5640 formats[code->index].code;
     return 0;
}
Step 4: Available / Supporting SCALING / SUBSAMPLING
/*
* Image size under 1280 * 960 are SUBSAMPLING
* Image size upper 1280 * 960 are SCALING
*/
```

```
enum ov5640 downsize mode {
     SUBSAMPLING,
     SCALING,
};
Step 5: AVAILABLE MODES - STRUCTURE
struct ov5640 mode info {
     enum ov5640 mode id id;
     enum ov5640 downsize mode dn mode;
     bool scaler; /* Mode uses ISP scaler (reg 0x5001,BIT(5)=='1') */
     u32 hact:
     u32 htot;
     u32 vact;
     u32 vtot;
     const struct reg value *reg data;
     u32 reg data size;
};
Step 6: ov5640 dev - STRUCTURE
struct ov5640 dev {
     struct i2c client *i2c client;
     struct v4l2 subdev sd;
     struct media pad pad;
     struct v4l2 fwnode endpoint ep; /* the parsed DT endpoint info */
     struct clk *xclk; /* system clock to OV5640 */
     u32 xclk_freq;
     struct regulator bulk data supplies[OV5640 NUM SUPPLIES];
     struct apio desc *reset apio;
     struct gpio desc *pwdn gpio;
     bool upside down;
     /* lock to protect all members below */
     struct mutex lock;
     int power count;
     struct v4l2 mbus framefmt fmt;
     bool pending fmt change;
     const struct ov5640 mode info *current mode;
     const struct ov5640 mode info *last mode;
     enum ov5640 frame rate current fr;
```

```
struct v4I2_fract frame_interval;
      struct ov5640 ctrls ctrls;
      u32 prev sysclk, prev hts;
      u32 ae low, ae high, ae target;
      bool pending mode change;
      bool streaming;
};
static int ov5640_get_fmt(struct v4l2_subdev *sd,
                     struct v4l2 subdev pad config *cfg,
                     struct v4l2_subdev_format *format)
{
      struct ov5640_dev *sensor = to_ov5640_dev(sd);
      struct v4l2_mbus_framefmt *fmt;
      if (format->pad != 0)
             return -EINVAL;
      mutex_lock(&sensor->lock);
      if (format->which == V4L2_SUBDEV_FORMAT_TRY)
             fmt = v4l2_subdev_get_try_format(&sensor->sd, cfg,
                                        format->pad);
      else
             fmt = &sensor->fmt;
      format->format = *fmt;
      mutex_unlock(&sensor->lock);
      return 0;
struct v4l2_mbus_framefmt {
     __u32
                     width;
     __u32
                     height;
     __u32
                     code;
     __u32
                     field;
     __u32
                     colorspace;
                     ycbcr_enc;
     __u16
     __u16
                     quantization;
     __u16
                     xfer_func;
                     reserved[11];
     __u16
};
```

Step 8: v4l-ctl: sub-dev calls [v4l2-ctrl-subdev.c]

https://linuxtv.org/downloads/v4l-utils/

utils/v4l2-ctrl/v4l2-ctrl-subdev.c

enum_mbus_code	callback for VIDIOC_SUBDEV_ENUM_MBUS_CODE() ioctl handler code.
enum_frame_size	callback for VIDIOC_SUBDEV_ENUM_FRAME_SIZE() ioctl handler code.
enum_frame_interval	callback for VIDIOC_SUBDEV_ENUM_FRAME_INTERVAL() ioctl handler code.
get_fmt	callback for VIDIOC_SUBDEV_G_FMT() ioctl handler code.
set_fmt	callback for VIDIOC_SUBDEV_S_FMT() ioctl handler code.

```
pad=<pad>,width=<w>,height=<h>,code=<code>\n"

" list supported frame intervals for this pad and code
and\n"

" the given width and height

[VIDIOC_SUBDEV_ENUM_FRAME_INTERVAL]\n"

" <code> is the value of the mediabus code\n"

" --get-subdev-fmt [<pad>]\n"

" query the frame format for the given pad

[VIDIOC SUBDEV G FMT]\n"
```

struct v4I2 subdev video ops

g_frame_interval	callback for VIDIOC_G_FRAMEINTERVAL ioctl handler code.
s_frame_interval	callback for VIDIOC_S_FRAMEINTERVAL ioctl handler code.

Step 9: V4L2 - CONTROLS

#include <media/v4l2-ctrls.h>

Step 1: define the controls

```
struct ov5640_ctrls {
    struct v4I2_ctrl_handler handler;
    struct {
        struct v4I2_ctrl *auto_exp;
        struct v4I2_ctrl *exposure;
    };
    struct {
        struct v4I2_ctrl *auto_wb;
        struct v4I2_ctrl *blue_balance;
        struct v4I2_ctrl *red_balance;
    };
    struct {
        struct v4I2_ctrl *auto gain;
    }
}
```

```
struct v4l2 ctrl *gain;
     };
     struct v4l2 ctrl *brightness;
     struct v4l2 ctrl *light freq;
     struct v4l2 ctrl *saturation;
     struct v4l2 ctrl *contrast;
     struct v4l2 ctrl *hue;
     struct v4l2 ctrl *test pattern;
     struct v4l2 ctrl *hflip;
     struct v4l2 ctrl *vflip;
};
Step 2: fill the controls
static const struct v4l2 ctrl ops ov5640 ctrl ops = {
     .g volatile ctrl = ov5640 g volatile ctrl,
     .s ctrl = ov5640 s ctrl,
};
static int ov5640 init controls(struct ov5640 dev *sensor)
{
     const struct v4l2 ctrl ops *ops = &ov5640 ctrl ops;
     struct ov5640 ctrls *ctrls = &sensor->ctrls;
     struct v4l2 ctrl handler *hdl = &ctrls->handler;
     int ret:
     v4l2 ctrl handler init(hdl, 32);
     /* we can use our own mutex for the ctrl lock */
     hdl->lock = &sensor->lock:
     /* Auto/manual white balance */
     ctrls->auto wb = v4l2_ctrl_new_std(hdl, ops,
                             V4L2 CID AUTO WHITE BALANCE,
                             0, 1, 1, 1);
     ctrls->blue balance = v4I2 ctrl new std(hdl, ops,
V4L2 CID BLUE BALANCE,
                                 0, 4095, 1, 0);
     ctrls->red balance = v4l2 ctrl new std(hdl, ops,
V4L2 CID RED BALANCE,
                                0, 4095, 1, 0);
     /* Auto/manual exposure */
     ctrls->auto exp = v4l2 ctrl new std menu(hdl, ops,
                                 V4L2 CID EXPOSURE AUTO,
```

```
V4L2 EXPOSURE MANUAL, 0,
                                V4L2 EXPOSURE AUTO);
     ctrls->exposure = v4l2 ctrl new std(hdl, ops, V4L2 CID EXPOSURE,
                             0, 65535, 1, 0);
     /* Auto/manual gain */
     ctrls->auto gain = v4l2 ctrl new std(hdl, ops, V4L2_CID_AUTOGAIN,
                              0. 1. 1. 1):
     ctrls->gain = v4l2 ctrl new std(hdl, ops, V4L2 CID GAIN,
                           0, 1023, 1, 0);
     ctrls->saturation = v4l2 ctrl new std(hdl, ops,
V4L2 CID SATURATION,
                              0, 255, 1, 64);
     ctrls->hue = v4l2 ctrl new std(hdl, ops, V4L2 CID HUE,
                         0, 359, 1, 0);
     ctrls->contrast = v4l2 ctrl new std(hdl, ops, V4L2 CID CONTRAST,
                             0, 255, 1, 0);
     ctrls->test pattern =
          v4l2 ctrl new std menu items(hdl, ops,
                           V4L2 CID TEST PATTERN,
                              ARRAY SIZE(test pattern menu) - 1,
                              0, 0, test pattern menu);
     ctrls->hflip = v4l2 ctrl new std(hdl, ops, V4L2 CID HFLIP,
                           0, 1, 1, 0);
     ctrls->vflip = v4l2 ctrl new std(hdl, ops, V4L2 CID VFLIP,
                           0, 1, 1, 0);
     ctrls->light freq =
          v4l2 ctrl new std menu(hdl, ops,
                         V4L2 CID POWER LINE FREQUENCY,
                         V4L2 CID POWER LINE FREQUENCY AUTO, 0,
                         V4L2 CID POWER LINE FREQUENCY 50HZ);
     if (hdl->error) {
          ret = hdl->error;
          goto free ctrls;
     }
     ctrls->gain->flags |= V4L2 CTRL FLAG VOLATILE;
     ctrls->exposure->flags |= V4L2 CTRL FLAG VOLATILE;
     v4l2 ctrl auto cluster(3, &ctrls->auto wb, 0, false);
     v4l2 ctrl auto cluster(2, &ctrls->auto gain, 0, true);
     v4l2 ctrl auto cluster(2, &ctrls->auto exp, 1, true);
```

```
sensor->sd.ctrl handler = hdl;
     return 0:
free ctrls:
     v4l2 ctrl handler free(hdl);
     return ret:
}
ret = v4I2 ctrl handler setup(&sensor->ctrls.handler);
static int ov5640 g volatile ctrl(struct v4l2 ctrl *ctrl)
     struct v4l2 subdev *sd = ctrl to sd(ctrl);
     struct ov5640 dev *sensor = to ov5640 dev(sd);
     int val;
     /* v4l2 ctrl lock() locks our own mutex */
      * If the sensor is not powered up by the host driver, do
      * not try to access it to update the volatile controls.
      */
     if (sensor->power count == 0)
           return 0;
     switch (ctrl->id) {
     case V4L2 CID AUTOGAIN:
           val = ov5640 get gain(sensor);
           if (val < 0)
                return val;
           sensor->ctrls.gain->val = val;
           break:
     case V4L2 CID EXPOSURE AUTO:
           val = ov5640 get exposure(sensor);
           if (val < 0)
                return val;
           sensor->ctrls.exposure->val = val;
           break:
     }
```

```
return 0;
}
static int ov5640 s ctrl(struct v4l2 ctrl *ctrl)
     struct v4l2 subdev *sd = ctrl to sd(ctrl);
     struct ov5640 dev *sensor = to ov5640 dev(sd);
     int ret;
     /* v4l2 ctrl lock() locks our own mutex */
     /*
      * If the device is not powered up by the host driver do
      * not apply any controls to H/W at this time. Instead
      * the controls will be restored right after power-up.
      */
     if (sensor->power count == 0)
           return 0;
     switch (ctrl->id) {
     case V4L2 CID AUTOGAIN:
           ret = ov5640_set ctrl gain(sensor, ctrl->val);
           break:
     case V4L2 CID EXPOSURE AUTO:
           ret = ov5640 set ctrl exposure(sensor, ctrl->val);
           break:
     case V4L2 CID AUTO WHITE BALANCE:
           ret = ov5640_set_ctrl_white_balance(sensor, ctrl->val);
           break;
     case V4L2 CID HUE:
           ret = ov5640 set ctrl hue(sensor, ctrl->val);
           break;
     case V4L2 CID CONTRAST:
           ret = ov5640 set ctrl contrast(sensor, ctrl->val);
           break:
     case V4L2 CID SATURATION:
           ret = ov5640 set ctrl saturation(sensor, ctrl->val);
           break;
     case V4L2 CID TEST PATTERN:
           ret = ov5640 set ctrl test pattern(sensor, ctrl->val);
           break:
     case V4L2 CID POWER LINE FREQUENCY:
           ret = ov5640 set ctrl light freg(sensor, ctrl->val);
```

```
break;
case V4L2_CID_HFLIP:
    ret = ov5640_set_ctrl_hflip(sensor, ctrl->val);
    break;
case V4L2_CID_VFLIP:
    ret = ov5640_set_ctrl_vflip(sensor, ctrl->val);
    break;
default:
    ret = -EINVAL;
    break;
}
return ret;
}
```

Step 10: V4L2 - CONTROLS - TABLE

S.NO	IMP STRUCTURES / FUNCTIONS
1	<pre>struct v4l2_ctrl_handler *ctrl_handler; ==in==> struct v4l2_subdev</pre>
2	<pre>struct v4I2_ctrl_ops { int (*g_volatile_ctrl)(struct v4I2_ctrl *ctrl); int (*try_ctrl)(struct v4I2_ctrl *ctrl); int (*s_ctrl)(struct v4I2_ctrl *ctrl); };</pre>
3	struct v4l2_ctrl { const struct v4l2_ctrl_ops *ops; u32 id; const char *name; enum v4l2_ctrl_type type; s64 minimum, maximum, default_value;
4	<pre>enum v4l2_ctrl_type { V4L2_CTRL_TYPE_INTEGER = 1, V4L2_CTRL_TYPE_BOOLEAN = 2, V4L2_CTRL_TYPE_MENU = 3, V4L2_CTRL_TYPE_BUTTON = 4, V4L2_CTRL_TYPE_INTEGER64 = 5, V4L2_CTRL_TYPE_CTRL_CLASS = 6,</pre>

```
V4L2 CTRL TYPE STRING
                                                = 7.
                                                = 8,
                   V4L2 CTRL TYPE BITMASK
                   V4L2 CTRL TYPE INTEGER MENU = 9,
                   /* Compound types are \geq 0x0100 */
                   V4L2 CTRL COMPOUND TYPES
                                                   = 0x0100,
                   V4L2 CTRL TYPE U8
                                          = 0x0100,
                   V4L2\_CTRL\_TYPE\_U16 = 0x0101,
                   V4L2 CTRL TYPE U32
                                            = 0x0102.
               };
5
               struct v4l2 ctrl *v4l2 ctrl new std(struct
               v4l2 ctrl handler *hdl,
                                                 const struct
               v4l2 ctrl ops *ops,
                                              u32 id, s64 min, s64
               max, u64 step, s64 def)
               struct v4l2 ctrl *v4l2 ctrl new std menu items(struct
6
               v4l2 ctrl handler *hdl,
                             const struct v4l2 ctrl ops *ops, u32 id, u8
               max,
                             u64 mask, u8 def, const char * const
               *gmenu)
               int v412 ctrl handler setup(struct v412 ctrl handler
7
               *hdl)
```

Step 11: APP - V4L2 SUB DEV

Step 1:

Step 2:

```
ret = v4l2_async_register_subdev(&sensor->sd);
```

drivers/media/v4l2-core/v4l2-subdev.c

```
const struct v4I2_file_operations v4I2_subdev_fops = {
    .owner = THIS_MODULE,
    .open = subdev_open,
    .unlocked ioctl = subdev ioctl,
```

```
#ifdef CONFIG COMPAT
     .compat ioctl32 = subdev compat_ioctl32,
#endif
     .release = subdev close,
     .poll = subdev poll,
};
static long subdev ioctl(struct file *file, unsigned int cmd,
    unsigned long arg)
{
     return video usercopy(file, cmd, arg, subdev do ioctl lock);
}
static long subdev do ioctl lock(struct file *file, unsigned int cmd,
void *arg)
{
    struct video device *vdev = video devdata(file);
     struct mutex *lock = vdev->lock;
     long ret = -ENODEV;
     if (lock && mutex lock interruptible(lock))
          return -ERESTARTSYS;
     if (video is registered(vdev))
          ret = subdev do ioctl(file, cmd, arg);
     if (lock)
         mutex unlock(lock);
     return ret;
}
static long subdev do ioctl(struct file *file, unsigned int cmd, void
*arg)
{
    struct video device *vdev = video devdata(file);
     struct v4l2 subdev *sd = vdev to v4l2 subdev(vdev);
     struct v4l2 fh *vfh = file->private data;
#if defined(CONFIG VIDEO V4L2 SUBDEV API)
     struct v4l2 subdev fh *subdev fh = to v4l2 subdev fh(vfh);
    int rval:
#endif
```

```
switch (cmd) {
    case VIDIOC QUERYCTRL:
         * TODO: this really should be folded into v4l2 gueryctrl (this
         * currently returns -EINVAL for NULL control handlers).
         * However, v4l2 gueryctrl() is still called directly by
         * drivers as well and until that has been addressed I believe
         * it is safer to do the check here. The same is true for the
         * other control ioctls below.
         */
        if (!vfh->ctrl handler)
             return -ENOTTY;
        return v4l2 queryctrl(vfh->ctrl handler, arg);
    case VIDIOC QUERY EXT CTRL:
        if (!vfh->ctrl handler)
             return -ENOTTY;
          return v4l2_query_ext ctrl(vfh->ctrl handler, arg);
    case VIDIOC QUERYMENU:
        if (!vfh->ctrl handler)
             return -ENOTTY;
        return v4l2 guerymenu(vfh->ctrl handler, arg);
    case VIDIOC G CTRL:
        if (!vfh->ctrl handler)
             return -ENOTTY:
        return v4l2 g ctrl(vfh->ctrl handler, arg);
    case VIDIOC S CTRL:
        if (!vfh->ctrl handler)
             return -ENOTTY:
        return v4l2 s ctrl(vfh, vfh->ctrl handler, arg);
    case VIDIOC LOG STATUS: {
        int ret:
        pr info("%s: ======== START STATUS
=========================\n".
             sd->name);
        ret = v4l2 subdev call(sd, core, log status);
        sd->name);
```

```
return ret;
    }
#if defined(CONFIG VIDEO V4L2 SUBDEV API)
    case VIDIOC SUBDEV G FMT: {
         struct v4l2 subdev format *format = arg;
         rval = check format(sd, format);
         if (rval)
              return rval;
         memset(format->reserved, 0, sizeof(format->reserved));
         memset(format->format.reserved, 0, sizeof(format-
>format.reserved));
         return v4l2 subdev call(sd, pad, get fmt, subdev fh->pad,
format):
    }
    case VIDIOC SUBDEV S FMT: {
         struct v4l2 subdev format *format = arg;
         rval = check format(sd, format);
         if (rval)
              return rval:
         memset(format->reserved, 0, sizeof(format->reserved));
         memset(format->format.reserved, 0, sizeof(format-
>format.reserved));
         return v4l2 subdev call(sd, pad, set fmt, subdev fh->pad,
format):
    }
case VIDIOC SUBDEV ENUM MBUS CODE: {
         struct v4l2 subdev mbus code enum *code = arg;
         if (code->which != V4L2 SUBDEV FORMAT TRY &&
           code->which != V4L2 SUBDEV FORMAT ACTIVE)
              return -EINVAL:
         if (code->pad >= sd->entity.num pads)
              return -EINVAL:
         memset(code->reserved, 0, sizeof(code->reserved));
```

```
return v4l2 subdev call(sd, pad, enum mbus code, subdev fh-
>pad,
                       code);
    }
    case VIDIOC SUBDEV_ENUM_FRAME_SIZE: {
         struct v4l2 subdev frame size enum *fse = arg;
         if (fse->which != V4L2 SUBDEV FORMAT TRY &&
           fse->which != V4L2 SUBDEV FORMAT ACTIVE)
              return -EINVAL;
         if (fse->pad >= sd->entity.num pads)
              return -EINVAL;
         memset(fse->reserved, 0, sizeof(fse->reserved));
         return v4l2 subdev call(sd, pad, enum frame size, subdev fh-
>pad,
                       fse);
    }
    case VIDIOC SUBDEV ENUM FRAME INTERVAL: {
         struct v4l2 subdev frame interval enum *fie = arg;
         if (fie->which != V4L2_SUBDEV_FORMAT TRY &&
           fie->which != V4L2 SUBDEV FORMAT ACTIVE)
              return -EINVAL:
         if (fie->pad >= sd->entity.num pads)
              return -EINVAL;
         memset(fie->reserved, 0, sizeof(fie->reserved));
         return v412 subdev call(sd, pad, enum frame interval,
subdev fh->pad, fie);
    }
Step 3:
int v4l2 device register subdev nodes(struct v4l2 device *v4l2 dev)
```

```
struct video device *vdev;
     struct v4l2 subdev *sd;
    int err:
    /* Register a device node for every subdev marked with the
     * V4L2 SUBDEV FL HAS DEVNODE flag.
     */
    list for each entry(sd, &v4l2 dev->subdevs, list) {
         if (!(sd->flags & V4L2 SUBDEV FL HAS DEVNODE))
              continue:
         if (sd->devnode)
               continue;
          vdev = kzalloc(sizeof(*vdev), GFP KERNEL);
         if (!vdev) {
              err = -ENOMEM;
              goto clean up;
         }
         video set drvdata(vdev, sd);
         strlcpy(vdev->name, sd->name, sizeof(vdev->name));
         vdev - v412 dev = v412 dev;
         vdev->fops = &v4l2 subdev fops;
         vdev->release = v4l2 device release subdev node;
         vdev->ctrl handler = sd->ctrl handler;
         err = video register device(vdev, VFL TYPE SUBDEV, -1,
1,sd->owner);
         if (err < 0) {
              kfree(vdev):
              goto clean up;
         sd->devnode = vdev;
Step 4:
drivers/media/v4l2-core/v4l2-dev.c
int video register device(struct video device *vdev,
                enum vfl devnode type type,
```

```
int nr, int warn if nr in use,
                 struct module *owner)
{
    int i = 0;
    int ret;
     int minor offset = 0;
    int minor cnt = VIDEO NUM DEVICES;
     const char *name base;
/* Part 1: check device type */
     switch (type) {
     case VFL TYPE GRABBER:
         name base = "video";
         break:
     case VFL TYPE VBI:
         name base = "vbi";
         break;
    case VFL TYPE RADIO:
         name base = "radio";
         break;
     case VFL TYPE SUBDEV:
         name base = "v4l-subdev";
         break:
     case VFL TYPE SDR:
         /* Use device name 'swradio' because 'sdr' was already taken. */
         name base = "swradio";
         break:
    case VFL TYPE TOUCH:
         name base = "v4l-touch";
         break:
     default:
         pr err("%s called with unknown type: %d\n",
               func , type);
         return -EINVAL;
     }
     vdev->vfl type = type;
     vdev->cdev = NULL:
/* Part 2: find a free minor, device node number and device index.
#ifdef CONFIG VIDEO FIXED MINOR RANGES
    /* Keep the ranges for the first four types for historical
     * reasons.
```

```
* Newer devices (not yet in place) should use the range
     * of 128-191 and just pick the first free minor there
     * (new style). */
     switch (type) {
     case VFL TYPE GRABBER:
         minor offset = 0;
         minor cnt = 64;
         break;
     case VFL TYPE RADIO:
         minor offset = 64;
         minor cnt = 64;
         break:
     case VFL TYPE VBI:
         minor offset = 224;
         minor cnt = 32;
         break:
     default:
         minor offset = 128;
         minor cnt = 64;
         break:
     }
/* Part 3: Initialize the character device */
     vdev->cdev = cdev alloc();
    if (vdev->cdev == \overline{N}ULL) {
         ret = -ENOMEM:
         goto cleanup;
     }
     vdev->cdev->ops = &v4l2 fops;
     vdev->cdev->owner = owner:
     ret = cdev add(vdev->cdev, MKDEV(VIDEO MAJOR, vdev->minor), 1);
     if (ret < 0) {
         pr err("%s: cdev add failed\n", func );
         kfree(vdev->cdev);
         vdev->cdev = NULL;
         goto cleanup;
     }
    /* Part 4: register the device with sysfs */
     vdev->dev.class = &video class;
    vdev->dev.devt = MKDEV(VIDEO MAJOR, vdev->minor);
    vdev->dev.parent = vdev->dev parent;
    dev_set_name(&vdev->dev, "%s%d", name_base, vdev->num);
     ret = device register(&vdev->dev);
```

```
if (ret < 0) {
         pr err("%s: device register failed\n", func );
         goto cleanup;
    /* Register the release callback that will be called when the last
      reference to the device goes away. */
    vdev->dev.release = v4l2 device release;
    if (nr != -1 \&\& nr != vdev -> num \&\& warn if nr in use)
         pr warn("%s: requested %s%d, got %s\n", func
              name base, nr, video device node name(vdev));
    /* Increase v4l2 device refcount */
    v4l2 device get(vdev->v4l2 dev);
    /* Part 5: Register the entity. */
    ret = video register media controller(vdev);
    /* Part 6: Activate this minor. The char device can now be
used. */
    set bit(V4L2 FL REGISTERED, &vdev->flags);
```