

CSC352 HW5

Alex Zhang

Feb 2023

Question 1

(a)

Since $\mathbf{x} \in \mathbb{R}^m$, let $\mathbf{q}_1 = \frac{\mathbf{x}_1}{\|\mathbf{x}_1\|_2}$. Because \mathbf{x} is a vector, it only has one column, the matrix \mathbf{Q} is just \mathbf{q}_1 . For \mathbf{R} , since there is only one column, $\mathbf{R} = \mathbf{r}_{11} = \|\mathbf{x}_1\|_2$. The QR decomposition will be

$$\mathbf{x} = \frac{\mathbf{x}_1}{\|\mathbf{x}_1\|_2} \cdot \|\mathbf{x}_1\|_2$$

(b)

orthogonal. If it is orthogonal, Q is normalizing each (general proof needed). and the R is having the norm on main diagonal.

(c)

upper triangular. This will make Q to be a identity matrix and R is just the original matrix (proof needed).

Question 2