

1. GRUP BAĞLAÇLAR (Level1 için)					@phd.akademi
ZAMAN	KOŞUL	NEDEN-SONUÇ	ZİTLİK	AMAÇ	ek 1g bağlaçlar
When diğında, diğı zaman, iken	If- Eğer	Because	Although	So that	
While- İken	Unless- Medikçe, Madıkça	As	Though	In order that	
		Since	Even though	Sın diye	
After- Den sonra	In Case- ir diye	den dolayı	e rağmen		
Before- Den önce	Even if- Sa bile		While e karşın		
Until- E kadar					
Whenever Her Ne Zaman					
By the time İnceye Kadar çoktaaaan					
As soon as ir irmez					

2. GRUP BAĞLAÇLAR (Level1 için)					@veyselsenol23
SEBEP-SONUÇ	ZİTLİK	AYNI FIKRI SURDURME		ek 2g bağlaçlar	
Therefore	Though ' 1-2	Moreover		For example /For instance- Örneğin	instead- Bunun yerine
Thus	However	In addition		Otherwise- Aksi takdirde, yoksa	instead- Bunun yerine
Hence	But	Buna Ek Olarak, dahası		actually / indeed / in fact - aslında	That's why- İşte bu yüzden
So	Fakat (Yine de)				
Bundan dolayı/ Böylece / Bu yüzden					

3. GRUP BAĞLAÇLAR (Level1 için)					ek 3g bağlaçlar
NEDEN-SONUÇ	ZİTLİK	AYNI FIKRI SURDURME	KOŞUL		
Because of	Despite	In addition to			
Due to	In spite of	Besides * 2,3			Except for- Den hariç
Owing to	e rağmen	As well as			
As a result of		Apart From			
Den dolayı	Contrary to	e ek olarak			
Thanks to - sayesinde	Unlike				instead of - Nin yerine
	nın aksine				

G'sizler :)		Veys :))
in order to / to / so as to V1-çıkak to	www.phdakademi.com	
isim such as örnek örnek -gibi		

Bu liste Level1 başlangıç seviyesi için tasarlanmıştır. Bağlaçlara yeni başladı iseniz bu sayfadaki listeyi baz alarak çalışın lütfen. Eğer bunları nispeten biliyorsanız bir sonraki sayfada daha ayrıntılı ve bağlaç probleminizi kökten çözecek ikinci bir liste daha var. Ona çalışın lütfen.



1. GRUP BAĞLAÇLAR					Veysel Şenol :~!~!
ZAMAN	KOŞUL	NEDEN-SONUÇ	ZİTLİK	AMAÇ	
When dışında, dışı zaman, iken	If- Eğer	Because	Although e rağmen	So that Sın diye	
While- İken	Unless- Medikçe, Madıkça	As	Though e rağmen	In order that	
As/Just as- İken	Only if - eğer	Since	Even though e rağmen	Sın diye	
After- Den sonra	In Case- ir diye	Now that	Much as e rağmen		
Before- Den önce	Provided- eğer	Seeing that	While e karşın		
Until- E kadar	Providing- eğer	Inasmuch as	Whereas e karşın		
Whenever Her Ne Zaman	As long as -eğer, müddetçe	Due to the fact that	Despite the fact that		
By the time İnceye Kadar çoktaaaaaa	So long as -eğer, müddetçe	Owing to the fact that	In spite of the fact that e rağmen		
Once ir ırmez, dışında	Whether.. Or not- İster ister	Because of the fact that			
As soon as ir ırmez	Suppose that eğer	On account of the fact that			
The minute ir ırmez	Supposing that eğer	Considering that			
The moment ir ırmez	Even if- Sa bile	on the grounds that			
The Instant ir ırmez	on condition (that) eğer	(yukarıdakilerin hepsi) den dolayı			
Immediately ir ırmez					

ek 1g bağlaçlar
However + Sıfat-- Although
Sıfat+ as/though-- Although
in the event that- Durumunda
in that- Bakımından- Den dolayı
Lest- Mesin diye
For fear that- Korkusuyla
On purpose that- Amacıyla

2. GRUP BAĞLAÇLAR			Veysel Şenol :!)
SEBEP-SONUÇ	ZİTLİK	AYNI FİKRİ SÜRDÜRME	ek 2g bağlaçlar
Therefore	Though ' 1-2	Moreover	Thereby- Ki Böylece, dolayısıyla in the mean time-Bu arada
Thus	However	Furthermore	For example /For instance- Örneğin Meanwhile- Bu arada
Hence	Nevertheless	Further	As a matter of fact- Aslında That's why- İşte bu yüzden
Consequently	Nonetheless	In addition	actually / indeed / in fact - aslında similarly - benzer şekilde
So	Yet	What is more	on the contrary- Tam tersi Likewise- benzer şekilde
As a result	On the other hand	Besides ' 2-3	For- Çünkü instead- Bunun yerine
As a consequence	Notwithstanding	(hepsi) Buna Ek Olarak, dahası	Even so- Öyle olsa bile namely- yani, başka bir deyişle
for this reason	Still		All the same- fakat yine de that's to say- Yani, Başka bir deyişle
	But		In/by contrast- tam tersi, tersine in other words- Yani, başka bir deyişle
(Hepsi) Bundan dolayı/ Böylece / Bu yüzden (Yukarıdakilerin hepsi)Fakat (Yine de)			Otherwise- Aksi takdirde, yoksa in brief- Kısaca

3. GRUP BAĞLAÇLAR				Veysel Şenol :)!
NEDEN-SONUÇ	ZİTLİK	AYNI FİKİRİ SÜRDÜRME	KOŞUL	ek 3g bağlaçlar
Because of	Despite	In addition to	If it weren't for	Regardless of - Bakılmaksızın
Due to	In spite of	Besides * 2,3	If it hadn't been for	Except for- Den hariç
Owing to	e rağmen	As well as	But for	in the event of- Durumunda
On account of		Apart From	Olmayıp/Olmazdı	With the aim of- Amacıyla
Thanks to - sayesinde	Contrary to	e ek olarak		
In view of	Unlike			instead of - Nın yerine
As a result of	nın aksine			in case of- Durumunda
on the grounds of				
Den dolayı				

G'sizler :)		Veys :)	
No matter WH - bakılmaksızın	www.phdakademi.com		
in order to / to / so as to V1-ççek to			
as if / as though - mış gibi (öncesi fiil)			
İsim such as örnek örnek -gibi			

Cok Önemli Not: Dil öğrenmek matematik öğrenmek gibidir. Dilim grameri dört işlem, kelimeler ise sayılardır. Birinden biri olmazsa dil eksik kalır. Bu yüzden bu çalışmaya başlamadan önce **Kelibu** uygulamasını indirin. A1 kelimelerine çalışın. En az 500 kelimeye çalıştıktan sonra buraya başlayın. Ve kelime ile paralel götürün. A1 bitince A2 kelimelerine geçin.

Cok Önemli Not2: Gramer demek buradaki kuralları öğrenmek demek değildir. Buradaki kuralları Pratik şekilde uygulamak demektir. Bunu da araba sürmeyi öğrenmeye benzetebiliriz. Vitesin, gazın, frenin ne olduğunu bilmek önemli değil. Bunları düşünmeden kullanabilmek önemli. Zaten sos programı bunun için tasarlandı. Bu gramer konularını videodan dinleyip buradan okuduktan sonra mutlaka uygulamadan pratik oluncaya kadar çalışın.

Bağlaçlar Konu Anlatımı

1g Bağlaçlar:



Bu bağlaçlar iki TAM CÜMLEYİ bağlarlar. Cümlelerin hem başında hem de ortasında kullanılabilirler. Her iki durumda da anlamları değişmez ve çeviriye hep 1g bağlaçtan başlanır. Bunlar başta kullanıldığında iki cümle arasında virgül kullanılır. Ortada kullanıldıklarında virgül olmaz.



Bu bağlaçlara örnek olarak when/because/although'ı verebiliriz.

When I was coming here, I saw Ayşe. → I saw Ayşe when I was coming here.
Because she studied hard, she passed the exam. → She passed the exam because she studied hard
Although she didn't study hard, she passed the exam → She passed the exam although she didn't study hard.

NEDEN-SONUÇ BAĞLAÇLARI

ZİTLİK BAĞLAÇLARI

Because she was ill, she didn't go to school.	Although she was ill, she went to school.
As she was ill, she didn't go to school.	Though she was ill, she went to school.
Since she was ill, she didn't go to school.	Even though she was ill, she went to school.
Now that she is ill, she can't go to school.	Much as she was ill, she went to school.
Seeing that she was ill, she didn't go to school.	While she was ill, she went to school.
Inasmuch as she was ill, she didn't go to school.	Whereas she was ill, she went to school.
Due to the fact that she was ill, she didn't go to school.	Despite the fact that she was ill, she went to school.
Owing to the fact that she was ill, she didn't go to school.	In spite of the fact that she was ill, she went to school.
Because of the fact that she was ill, she didn't go to school.	
On account of the fact that she was ill, she didn't go to school.	

ZAMAN BAĞLAÇLARI

KOŞUL BAĞLAÇLARI

When I came to Ankara, I saw Kızılay.	If you study, you can pass the exam.
I saw Kızılay when I came to Ankara	Unless you study, you can't pass the exam.
While/As I was coming here, I saw you	Only if you study, can you pass the exam.
Just as I was locking the door, the phone rang.	Provided (that) you study, you can pass the exam.
After I got up, I washed my face.	Providing (that) you study, you can pass the exam.
Before I had breakfast, I washed my face.	As long as you study, you can pass the exam.
Until she spoke to me, I didn't speak to her.	So long as you study, you can pass the exam.
Whenever I watch that film, I can't help laughing.	Whether you study (or not), you can't pass the exam
By the time she came, I had finished my homework.	Even if you study, you can't pass the exam.
Once the teacher came in, all the students stood up.	Suppose that you don't pass the exam, what will you do?
As soon as the teacher came in, all the students stood up.	Supposing that you don't pass the exam, what will you do?
The minute the teacher came in, all the students stood up.	In case it rains, I will take my umbrella.
The moment the teacher came in, all the students stood up.	
The instant the teacher came in, all the students stood up.	
Immediately the teacher came in, all the students stood up.	

AMAC BAĞLAÇLARI

She went to Elazığ **so that** she could see Harput.

She went to Elazığ **in order that** she could see Harput.

2g Bağlaçlar:

Bu bağlaçlar da 1g bağlaçlar gibi iki TAM CÜMLEyi bağlar fakat bunlar iki cümlemin ortasında kullanılmak zorundadır. Yani bu bağlaçlardan önce mutlaka başka bir öncül gerekir. Genelde ilk cümleden sonra nokta ya da noktalı virgül olur. Sonra bu bağlaçlar ve bunlardan sonra da virgül olur. Bazı istisnai durumlarda 2g bağlaç ikinci cümlemin ortasında ya da sonunda olur. Çevirirken önce birinci cümleyi sonra ikinci cümleyi çeviririz.

_____ . _____ , _____

_____ ; _____ , _____

She didn't study hard. However, she passed the exam. ("However" burada en başa gelemez. Mutlaka öncesinde bir yargı olmalı)

She studied hard, so she passed the exam. ("So" burada en başa gelemez. Mutlaka öncesinde bir yargı olmalı)

SebeP-Sonuç	Zıtlık
She didn't study. Therefore , she didn't pass the exam.	She didn't study. Though , she passed the exam.
She didn't study. Thus , she didn't pass the exam.	She didn't study. However , she passed the exam.
She didn't study. Hence , she didn't pass the exam.	She didn't study. Nevertheless , she passed the exam.
She didn't study. Consequently , she didn't pass the exam.	She didn't study. Nonetheless , she passed the exam.
She didn't study, so she didn't pass the exam.	She didn't study. Yet , she passed the exam.
She didn't study. As a result , she didn't pass the exam.	She didn't study. But , she passed the exam.
She didn't study. As a consequence , she didn't pass the exam.	She didn't study. Notwithstanding , she passed the exam.
	She didn't study. Still , she passed the exam.
	Ali is hardworking. On the other hand , Ayşe is lazy

Aynı Fikri Sürdürme

He is very hardworking. **Moreover**, he is very clever.

He is very hardworking. **Furthermore**, he is very clever.

He is very hardworking. **Further**, he is very clever.

He is very hardworking. **In addition**, he is very clever.

He is very hardworking. **What is more**, he is very clever.

He is very hardworking. **Besides**, he is very clever.

DİKKAT: **besides** hem ikincii grup hem de üçüncü grup bağlaç olarak kullanılabilir.

Besides'ı **Beside ile karıştırmamak **gerekir**.**

3g Bağlaçlar:

Bu bağlaçlar bir isim/isim grubu (tam cümle değil) ile bir cümleyi bir birine bağlar. 1g ve 2g'den farkı iki tam cümleyi birbirine bağlamamalarıdır. Kendilerinden sonra isim, gerund, NC alabilirler.

Because of her illness, she didn't go to school. (Because of 3g bağlaçtır. Bağlı olduğu yer tam bir cümle değil.)

Despite her illness, she went to school. (Despite 3g bağlaç. Dolayısıyla devamında tam bir cümle yok.)

Neden Sonuç	Zıtlık
Because of her illness, she didn't go to school	Despite her illness, she went to school.
Due to her illness, she didn't go to school	In spite of her illness, she went to school.
Owing to her illness, she didn't go to school	
On account of her illness, she didn't go to school	Contrary to popular belief, some fruits are useless
Thanks to her teacher, she passed the exam easily	Unlike Ayşe, Ali is hardworking
In view of her illness, she didn't go to school	
As a result of her illness, she didn't go to school	

Koşul (3. Grup) (implied conditional)
If it weren't for his teacher, he <i>wouldn't be</i> at university <i>now</i> .
If it hadn't been for his teacher, he <i>wouldn't have passed</i> the exam.
But for his teacher, he <i>wouldn't be</i> at university <i>now</i> .
But for his teacher, he <i>wouldn't have passed</i> the exam.
AYRICA
Koşul bağlacı olmadıkları halde imali bir şekilde koşul anlamı verebilecek aşağıdaki yapılar var.
Without his teacher, he <i>wouldn't be</i> at university <i>now</i> .
Without his teacher, he <i>wouldn't have passed</i> the exam.
2. grup (implied conditional bu kullanım)
He had a good teacher. Otherwise , he wouldn't be at university <i>now</i> .
He had a good teacher. Or (else) , he wouldn't be at university <i>now</i> .

Aynı fikri sürdürme
In addition to English, she can speak German.
Besides English, she can speak German.
As well as English, she can speak German.

Paralellik Gerektiren Bağlaçlar:

Aşağıdaki bağlaçların bir tarafında ne kullanılıyorsa öteki tarafında da aynısını kullanmak gerekir. Yani isimse isim, sıfatla sıfat, fiilse fiil, zarfısa zarf... olması gerekir. Bu yüzden çift boşluk olan sorularda boşluklardan sonraki kısımların paralel olup olmadığına bakılır. Paralel ise bu bağlaçlar düşünülür.

Both and....

Not only But also....

Either ... or....

Neither ... nor

Bu bağlaçlar eğer özne konumunda ise bu bağlaçlardan sonra gelen fiile dikkat etmek gerek. Both ... and ...'den sonra gelen fiil kesinlikle çoğul olur. Diğerlerinde ise fiile yakın olan isim önemlidir. O çoğul ise çoğul fiil, tekil ise tekil fiil gerekir.

Both Ali and Ayşe **ARE**

Not only Ali but also Ayşe **IS**

Not only Ali but also his parents **ARE**

Not only his parents but also Ali **IS**

(Either... or ve neither... nor da not only ... but also... gibidir.

Not: Not only ... but also ... eğer iki TAM CÜMLEYi bağlıyorsa DEVRİK yapı gerektir. İki cümleyi bağlamıyorsa gerektirmez.

Not only **do they** have a dog but they also have a cat (İki cümleyi bir birine bağladığından Devrik)

Ayrıntılar

1)- Aşağıdaki yapılar “As soon As” anlamına gelir ve iki tam cümleyi birbirine bağlarlar. Bunların ilk kısımları cümle başında kullanılırsa DEVRİK yapı gerektirler. Ortada kullanılırsa gerektirmezler.

no sooner... than...	Hardly... when...
Barely... when...	Scarcely ... when...

No sooner **had she** hung up the phone **than** it rang again

She had **no sooner** hung up the phone **than** it rang again

Diğer 3 bağlaç da yukarıdaki “no sooner... than” yerine kullanılabilir.

2)- However normalde 2g bağlaçtır. Yani öncesinde mutlaka bir yargının olması gerekir. Fakat kendinden sonra Sıfat/zarf kullanılırsa Although anlamına gelir ve 1g şeklinde kullanılır.

However + sıfat/zarf = Although (1g)

Bu kullanım gibi “As/though” de sıfat zarf olarak Although anlamı verebilir. Ama However’dan farklı olarak kendinden önce alır.

Sıfat/zarf + as/though = Although (1g)

However beautiful she is, Ali will not marry her.

Beautiful as she is, Ali will not marry her.

Beautiful though she is, Ali will not marry her.

Although she is beautiful, Ali will not marry her.