Causal Graph Convolution for Bond Recommendation

https://arxiv.org/pdf/2503.14213

July 7, 2025

Motivation

- Traditional recommendation models (e.g., LightGCN) use static embeddings.
- Financial domains like bond trading are highly dynamic preferences and offerings shift rapidly.
- Goal: Learn time-sensitive bond recommendations that adapt to changing market conditions.

Core Idea

- Construct a temporal bipartite graph: users ↔ bonds over time snapshots.
- Learn embeddings using causal graph convolution: only past interactions influence the present.
- Use a **sliding window** (size w) to focus on recent snapshots and avoid overfitting to outdated behavior.

Model Architecture

- For time t, use graphs $G_t, G_{t-1}, \ldots, G_{t-w+1}$ to update embeddings.
- Causal embedding for user *u*:

$$h_u^t = \mathsf{GraphConvolution}(G_{t:t-w+1})$$

Recommendation score:

$$\hat{a}_{u,i}^t = e_u^t \cdot e_i^t$$

Forward-looking only; no information leakage.

Why Not Just LightGCN?

Feature	LightGCN	LightGCN-W (This Paper)
Embeddings	Static	Time-windowed
Temporal Modeling	None	Causal updates
Dynamics Sensitivity	Low	High

- Static models are prone to stale predictions.
- This approach tracks trends as they evolve.

Empirical Results

- Dataset: Real bond trading logs from BNP Paribas.
- LightGCN-W outperforms standard LightGCN by up to 4x in precision.
- Best performance with window size w = 2.
- Improvement consistent across depths and parameter settings.

Application to Bond Trading

- **Timely recommendations**: Align with short-term trade signals and mandates.
- Causal design: Suitable for backtesting and avoids lookahead bias.
- Simplicity: Scalable; easy to integrate in ranking pipelines.
- Use case: Enhance sell-side or e-platform bond suggestion tools.

Key Takeaways

- Time-awareness is critical in financial recommendation systems.
- Causal graph convolutions ensure valid temporal modeling.
- Sliding windows balance responsiveness with stability.
- Strong gains observed on real-world credit bond data.