

Reasoning about a w.h.p. statement with i) an asymptotic bound in the event description and ii) a forall quantifier with respect to α .

In a simple case, a w.h.p. statement only requires an existence proof of an asymptotic probability bound (α and other constants exist) for an event description without an asymptotic bound.

Steps for reasoning about a w.h.p. statement with i) an asymptotic bound in the event description and ii) a forall quantifier with respect to α :

- 1) assume a specific pair (c, n_0) for the event bound
- 2) show there exist constants for the probability bound:
 c maps to $\alpha \geq 1$ for all n , such that n_0 can be used for the probability bound
- 3) if any event bound (c, n_0) can be mapped to a probability bound, and c maps to α 1:1 for $\alpha \geq 1$, then any $\alpha \geq 1$ can be mapped to an event bound.