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SUMMATIVE ASSESSMENT ACADEMIC YEAR OF 2023/2024

Subject : Physics

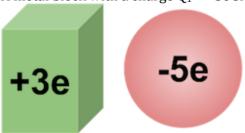
: Thursday, 21 March 2024 Day, date

Grade : XII MIPA Duration : 110 minutes

Multiple Choices

1. A particle physicist analyzes the results of her particle collider experiment. The analysis shows that a nucleus involved in the collision had a charge of 8.5 x 10^{-19} C \pm 0.2 x 10^{-19} C. The magnitude of an electron's charge is $e = 1.60 \times 10^{-19}$ C. Concerning the validity of the experimental results, the particle physicist should

- A. not be concerned since the observed charge is greater than e
- B. not be concerned since the observed charge is a multiple of e
- C. be concerned since it is impossible to have an observed charge greater than 5e
- D. be concerned since the observed charge is not an integer multiple of e
- E. be concerned since the observed charge is lower than e
- 2. An object that is initially neutral will be positive when
 - A. it loses electrons
 - B. it loses proton
 - C. it gains protons
 - D. it gains additional neutrons
 - E. it gains additional protons and electrons
- 3. A metal block with a charge $Q_1 = +3e$ sits near a metal ball with a charge $Q_2 = -5e$.



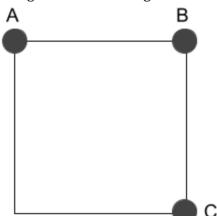
If the block is touched to the ball, the possible final charge on each object is

- A. $Q_1 = +4e$, $Q_2 = -4e$
- B. $Q_1 = +1e$, $Q_2 = +1e$
- C. $Q_1 = -1e$, $Q_2 = -1e$ D. $Q_1 = 0e$, $Q_2 = -3e$
- E. $Q_1 = +2e$, $Q_2 = -2e$

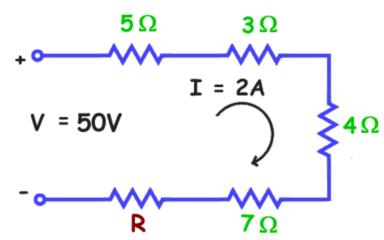
4. When two electric charges are held at a distance of r, the electrostatic force between them is FE. Subsequently, the distance between these charges is increased to 3r. The new electrostatic force between the charges is

- A. $3 F_E$
- B. $(\frac{1}{4})$ F_E
- C. $9 F_E$
- D. ($\frac{1}{9}$) F_E
- E. $(\frac{1}{3})$ F_E

5. Three equal charges +q are each placed at the corners of a square with side length r as shown in the figure. The force magnitude on the charge B is



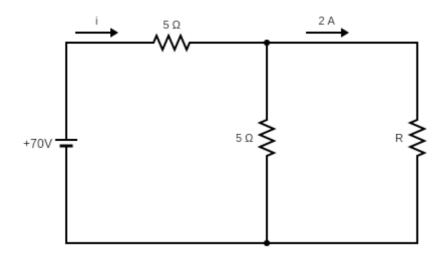
- E.
- 6. Look at the circuit diagram below.



The value of the unknown resistance R is

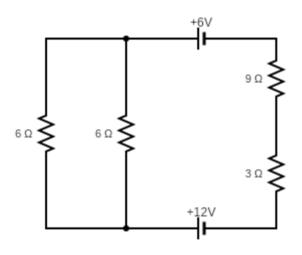
- A. 5 ΩB. 6 Ω
- C. 7 Ω
- D. 8 Ω
- Ε. 9 Ω

7. The value of R in the circuit below is



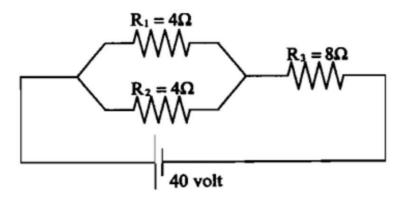
- Α. 15.8 Ω
- B. 15.0 ΩC. 14.5 Ω

- D. 14.0 Ω
- E. 13.0Ω
- 8. Electric current in the circuit is



- A. 0.2 A
- B. 0.4 A
- C. 0.6 A

- D. 0.8 A
- E. 1.2 A
- 9. The magnitude of the current through R3 is... .

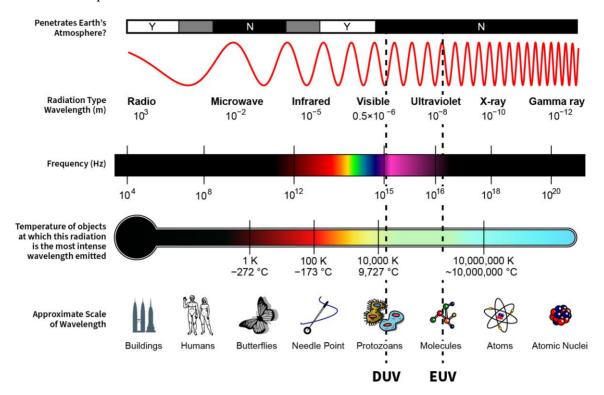


- A. 2 A B. 3 A
- C. 4 A

- D. 6 A
- E. 8 A

| | 10. An | electric current flow along a high-voltage power | er lii | ne from the North to the South. The |
|--|---|--|------------|--|
| | | ection of the magnetic field caused by the current a | | |
| | | South | | West |
| | | North | E. | Southeast |
| | | East ong straight wire carrying current towards the East | tic n | laced in a homogeneous magnetic field |
| | | 100 T towards the North. If the current is 5 A an | | |
| experiences a Lorentz force of | | | | the wife s length is 1 m, then the wife |
| | - | 2000 N towards the North | D. | 5 N towards the South |
| | | 2000 N upwards | E. | 5 N towards the North |
| | | 2000 N downwards | 1.40 | |
| 12. A transformer has 300 turns in the primary coil and 1200 turns in the secondary current flowing through the primary coil is 8 A, what is the current flowing the | | | | |
| | | ondary coil? | vvIIa | t is the current nowing through the |
| | | 0.5 A | D. | 20 A |
| | B. | 32 A | E. | 4 A |
| | | 2 A | | |
| | 13. The magnetic flux in a closed circuit of resistance 15 Ω varies with time t as $\Phi = 2t^3 - 3t^2 + 5t +$ | | | |
| | | culate the magnitude of the induced emf at t = 2s. 3 V | D | 14 V |
| | | 5 V | | 17 V |
| | | 7 V | | 1, 1 |
| | 14. Wh | ich law is used in finding the direction of current i | n a.c | c. generator? |
| | | Maxwell's law | | Ampere circuital law |
| | | Lenz's law | E. | Fleming's right-hand rule |
| | | Corkscrew law w does a generator produce an electric current? | | |
| A. By converting gravitational energy into electrical energy through the rotor. | | | | ergy through the rotor. |
| B. By converting kinetic energy into electrical energy through a magnetic field. | | | | == |
| C. Through the conversion of chemical energy into electrical energy through wind D. By converting heat energy into electrical energy through a working fluid. | | | e . | |
| | | | 9 | |
| E. Through the transformation of nuclear energy into electrical en | | | | lectrical energy using an electrolyte. |
| | | electromotive force (EMF) can be generated by alterations in the magnetic field solely | | |
| | В. | • | | |
| | | modifications in the circuit's temperature solely | | |
| | | shift in the circuit's area | | |
| E. variations in the conductivity of the connecting wires | | | | |
| 17. What is the expression for induced electromotive force (emf) when the magnetic field, length and real sites of the conductor are necessarily approached. | | | | |
| | | l velocity of the conductor are mutually perpendic emf = B ² l | | $emf = B^2v$ |
| | | emf = Bil | | $emf = B\sqrt{l}$ |
| | C. | emf = Blv | | |
| 18. A conductor moves with a velocity of 0.3 m/s in a magnetic field of 6 T, inducing an emf of 1 If the magnetic field, velocity, and emf are mutually perpendicular, what is the length of | | | | |
| | | | | rpendicular, what is the length of the |
| | | iductor? 0.9 m | D | 1.2 m |
| | | 0.5 m | | 1.5 m |
| | | 0.6 m | ۵. | 1.0 111 |
| | 19. The | e voltage output of an AC source is given by the ex | pres | sion $\Delta v = (200 \text{ V}) \sin \omega t$. Find the rms |
| | | rent in the circuit when this source is connected to | | |
| | | 0.63 A | | 2.45 A |
| | | 1.21 A 1.41 A | Ł. | 3.66 A |
| | | 8.00-μF capacitor is connected to the terminals of | a 60 | 0.0-Hz AC source whose rms voltage is |
| | |) V. Find the capacitive reactance. | 01 | voluge is |
| | A. | 100 Ω | | $414~\Omega$ |
| | | 222 Ω | E. | 552 Ω |
| | C. | 332 Ω | | |
| | | | | |

21. Look at the picture below.



What type of electromagnetic spectrum is safe for humans?

- A. radio, visible, x-ray
- B. ultraviolet, infrared, microwave
- C. ultraviolet, x-ray, gamma ray
- D. some portions of the UV, radio, microwave
- E. visible, gamma ray, x-ray
- 22. How can we minimize the negative impacts of electromagnetic radiation use?
 - A. By significantly increasing radiation exposure
 - B. By reducing the use of modern technology
 - C. By adopting stricter privacy policies for online data
 - D. By tightening regulations on the use of electromagnetic wave-based technology
 - E. By drastically increasing internet speed
- 23. What should be a priority in the use of electromagnetic wave technology?
 - A. Speed and efficiency
 - B. Human safety and health
 - C. Affordability and accessibility
 - D. Pleasure and entertainment
 - E. Utilizing the latest and most advanced technology
- 24. Which of the following statements best describes radioactivity?
 - A. A process of converting matter into energy
 - B. The emission of particles or electromagnetic waves from unstable atomic nuclei
 - C. A method of generating electricity from renewable sources
 - D. The absorption of radiation by living organisms
 - E. The process of creating isotopes in a laboratory
- 25. How does radioactivity contribute to the dating of archaeological artifacts?
 - A. By measuring the rate of decay of radioactive isotopes in the artifact
 - B. By analyzing the color and texture of the artifact's surface
 - C. By examining the artifacts under ultraviolet light
 - D. By calculating the distance of the artifact from known radioactive sources
 - E. By studying the magnetic properties of the artifact