

## Problem Statement

The project aims to develop a computer vision system that detects and ensures warehouse employees' compliance with safety gear requirements, such as helmets and vests, by analyzing real-time video feeds. The system's effectiveness will be measured by achieving a 98% detection accuracy, generating alerts within 2 seconds, and reducing safety gear violations by 90% post-deployment. With a realistic timeline of 6 months, leveraging pre-trained models and existing camera infrastructure, the project is designed to be achievable and scalable across different warehouse environments while ensuring adherence to safety and privacy standards.

### 1. Context

This project aims to develop a computer vision system to automatically detect whether warehouse employees are wearing required safety gear, such as helmets and vests, using real-time video feeds. It generates instant alerts for non-compliance, enhancing safety and ensuring adherence to regulations in busy warehouse environments.

### 2. Criteria for success

Success for this project will be measured by achieving a 98% accuracy rate in detecting safety gear on employees, generating real-time alerts within 2 seconds of non-compliance detection, and achieving a 90% reduction in safety violations post-deployment. Additionally, the system's effectiveness will be assessed through user satisfaction, with a target of 85% of warehouse supervisors finding the system effective and easy to use, based on feedback gathered through surveys.

### 3. Scope of solution space

The project will develop a computer vision system using real-time video data from warehouse cameras to detect and monitor employee compliance with safety gear requirements, specifically helmets and vests. The system will generate instant alerts for non-compliance, provide a dashboard for supervisors to review incidents and generate reports, and operate efficiently on edge devices for scalability. It will not monitor employee productivity, track non-visual safety protocols, replace human judgment in complex situations, or store personally identifiable information beyond what's necessary for detecting safety gear.

### 4. Constraints within solution space

Some of the potential constraints are the privacy concerns related to training images as well as to video used for detection.

### 5. Stakeholders to provide key insight

David Lara - Chief Data Scientist

### 6. Key data sources

<https://www.kaggle.com/datasets/khananikrahman/is-an-employee-wearing-safety-gear>

<https://www.kaggle.com/datasets/ahmadahmadzada/images2000>

<https://www.kaggle.com/datasets/whenamancodes/helmet-detection-at-work-for-safety?select=images>

<https://www.kaggle.com/datasets/niravnaik/safety-helmet-and-reflective-jacket>

<https://www.kaggle.com/datasets/andrewmvd/hard-hat-detection>