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Observation Report on Gitbash

12/7/22

1. Using the cd command, I can return to my home directory.

```
MSP@DESKTOP-9908D1G MINGW64 ~  
$ cd ~
```

2. I wanted to access my Local disk C, so I typed the command cd /c to do so.

within my own disk C

```
MSP@DESKTOP-9908D1G MINGW64 ~  
$ cd /c
```

3. I then ran the ls command to see the files and folders on the local disk.

initiative, and it displays the local disk's data and directories for me.

```
MSP@DESKTOP-9908D1G MINGW64 /c  
$ ls  
'$Recycle.Bin' / 'Documents and Settings'@ MSOCache/ 'Program Files (x86)'/ Recovery/ Users/ bootTel.dat found.000/ main.cpp textfile/  
'$WinREAgent' / DumpStack.Tog.tmp PerfLogs/ ProgramData/ 'Riot Games'/ Windows/ bootmgr hiberfil.sys pagefile.sys  
Config.Msi/ Fraps/ 'Program Files'/ Python310/ 'System Volume Information'/ Windows.old/ doc/ kdgobootcmp/ swapfile.sys
```

4. I decide to get inside of kdgobootcmp, By entering the cd command, kdgobootcmp enables

I entered the kdgobootcmp folder.

```
MSP@DESKTOP-9908D1G MINGW64 /c  
$ cd kdgobootcmp
```

5. However, I still desired to view the containing files or

I can see the contents of those folders by re-running ls after opening the kdgobootcmp folder.

the file.

```
MSP@DESKTOP-9908D1G MINGW64 /c/kdgobootcmp  
$ ls  
HandsOn/ flappyCoingame/ index.html
```

6. then I want to get inside of handson I created to see what inside of the file

```
MSP@DESKTOP-9908D1G MINGW64 /c/kdgobootcmp
$ cd HandsOn
```

7. And then after I type the run a cd HandsOn I type ls to see the list of the file inside of HandsOn.

```
MSP@DESKTOP-9908D1G MINGW64 /c/kdgobootcmp/HandsOn
$ ls
bg.png coin.png doc/ fg.png flappyCoin.js flappycoins.html fly.mp3 images/ index.html music/ myfirstwebpage.html myfirstwebpage.rar pipeNorth.png pipeSouth.png score.mp3
```

8. then I decided to go in Doc file so I type cd doc/ to see what inside

```
MSP@DESKTOP-9908D1G MINGW64 /c/kdgobootcmp/HandsOn
$ chmod -r index.html
```

9. I type ls in doc handson to see what inside the folder

```
MSP@DESKTOP-9908D1G MINGW64 /c/kdgobootcmp/HandsOn/doc
$ ls
index.html
```

10. I created an HTML document using the touch index.html.

the index file.

```
MSP@DESKTOP-9908D1G MINGW64 /c/kdgobootcmp/HandsOn/doc
$ touch index.html
```

11. Using the command vi index.html allows me to use the HTML file that I intended to alter.

the editor in bash.

MINGW64:/c/kdgobootcmp/HandsOn

```

<!DOCTYPE html>
<html>
  <style>
    canvas {
      margin-left: auto;
      margin-right: auto;
      display: block;
    }
  </style>
  <h3>
    text-align: center;
  </h3>
  
  <canvas id="canvas" width="288" height="512"></canvas>
  <script src="flappyCoin.js"></script>
</html>

```

```
MSP@DESKTOP-9908D1G MINGW64 /c/kdgobootcmp/HandsOn
$ chmod -r index.html
```

13. utilizing the

13. I can examine the html file as indicated in the screenshot by using the command `cat index.html`.

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below.

```
MSP@DESKTOP-9908D1G MINGW64 /c/kdgobootcmp/HandsOn
$ cat index.html
<!DOCTYPE html>
<html>
  <style>
    canvas {
      margin-left: auto;
      margin-right: auto;
      display: block;
    }

    h3 {
      text-align: center;
    }
  </style>
  <head>
    <h3>flappycoin  </h3>
    <canvas id="canvas" width="288" height="512"></canvas>
    <script src="flappyCoin.js"></script>
  </head>
</html>
```

14. Using the command `chmod u-w+r index.html` prevents users from writing to the file
however, to merely have a read-only authorization

```
MSP@DESKTOP-9908D1G MINGW64 /c/kdgobootcmp/HandsOn
$ chmod -u-w+r index.html
```

15. then if I want to clear the terminal I type `clear`

```
MSP@DESKTOP-9908D1G MINGW64 /c/kdgobootcmp/HandsOn
$ clear
```