

Parcial #2

Manuel Garcia.

November 22, 2023

1

$$U^\mu \partial_\mu \langle V, W \rangle = \langle U^\mu \nabla_\mu V, W \rangle + \langle V, U^\mu \nabla_\mu W \rangle \quad (1)$$

$$U^\mu \partial_\mu (g_{\lambda\beta} V^\alpha W^\beta) = U^\mu (\partial_\mu g_{\lambda\beta}) V^\alpha W^\beta + U^\mu g_{\lambda\beta} (\partial_\mu V^\alpha) W^\beta + U^\mu g_{\lambda\beta} (\partial_\mu W^\beta) V^\alpha \quad (2)$$

$$\text{Tenemos que:} \quad (3)$$

$$\nabla_\mu g_{\lambda\beta} - \Gamma_{\mu\lambda}^\rho g_{\rho\beta} - \Gamma_{\mu\beta}^\rho g_{\lambda\rho} \quad \nabla_\mu T^\lambda = \partial_\mu T^\lambda + \Gamma_{\rho\mu}^\lambda T^\rho \quad (4)$$

$$\text{Entonces:} \quad (5)$$

$$= U^\mu (\nabla_\mu g_{\lambda\beta} + \Gamma_{\mu\lambda}^\rho g_{\rho\beta} + \Gamma_{\mu\beta}^\rho g_{\lambda\rho}) V^\alpha W^\beta + U^\mu g_{\lambda\beta} (\nabla_\mu V^\alpha - \Gamma_{\rho\mu}^\alpha V^\rho) W^\beta + U^\mu g_{\lambda\beta} (\nabla_\mu W^\beta - \Gamma_{\rho\mu}^\beta W^\rho) V^\alpha \quad (6)$$

$$= U^\mu (g_{\lambda\beta} (\nabla_\mu V^\alpha) W^\beta + g_{\lambda\beta} V^\alpha (\nabla_\mu W^\beta)) \quad (7)$$

$$= \langle U^\mu \nabla_\mu V, W \rangle + \langle V, U^\mu \nabla_\mu W \rangle \quad (8)$$

2

$$\omega = 4xydx + (x^2 - 5)dy \quad \beta = e^{2xy}dx - dy \quad (9)$$

$$x = 2\frac{d}{dx} + y\frac{d}{dy} \quad (10)$$

•

$$\begin{aligned} d\omega &= d(4xydx) + d((x^2 - 5)dy) \\ &= (4ydx + 4xdy) \wedge dx + (2xdx) \wedge dy \\ &= (-4x + 2x)(dx \wedge dy) \end{aligned}$$

•

$$\begin{aligned} d\beta &= d(e^{2xy}dx) + d(-dy) \\ &= (2xe^{2xy}dy + 2ye^{2xy}dx) \wedge dx \\ &= 2xe^{2xy}dy \wedge dx \end{aligned}$$

•

$$\begin{aligned} \omega \wedge \beta &= (4xydx + (x^2 - 5)dy) \wedge (e^{2xy}dx - dy) \\ &= 4xydx \wedge (e^{2xy}dx - dy) + (x^2 - 5)dy \wedge (e^{2xy}dx - dy) \\ &= -4xydx \wedge dy + (x^2 - 5)e^{2xy}dy \wedge dx \\ &= -(4xy + (x^2 - 5)e^{2xy})dx \wedge dy \end{aligned}$$

•

$$\begin{aligned} i_x d\beta &= i_x(2xe^{2xy}dy \wedge dx) = 2xe^{2xy}(dy(y\frac{\partial}{\partial y}) \otimes dx - dx(2\frac{\partial}{\partial x})) \otimes dy \\ &= 2xye^{2xy}dy - 4xe^{2xy}dy \end{aligned}$$

•

$$\begin{aligned} d\beta \wedge \omega &= (2xe^{2xy}dy \wedge dx) \wedge (4xydx + (x^2 - 5)dy) \\ &= 2xe^{2xy}(x^2 - 5)dy \wedge dx \wedge dy = 0 \end{aligned}$$

•

$$d\omega \wedge \beta = (-2xdx \wedge dy) \wedge (e^{2xy}dx - dy) = 0$$

3

$$\begin{aligned} \Delta\Gamma_{\beta\gamma}^\alpha &= \Gamma_{\beta\gamma}^\alpha - \bar{\Gamma}_{\beta\gamma}^\alpha \in \mathcal{T}(M) \\ (\Delta\Gamma_{\beta\gamma}^\alpha)' &= (\Gamma_{\beta\gamma}^\alpha)' - (\bar{\Gamma}_{\beta\gamma}^\alpha)' \\ &= \left(\frac{y^\alpha}{\partial x^\beta} \frac{\partial x^\alpha}{\partial y^\nu} \frac{\partial y^\sigma}{\partial y^\mu} \Gamma_{\alpha\sigma}^\beta - \frac{y^\alpha}{\partial x^\beta} \frac{\partial x^\alpha}{\partial y^\nu} \frac{\partial y^\sigma}{\partial y^\mu} \bar{\Gamma}_{\alpha\sigma}^\beta \right) \\ &= \frac{y^\alpha}{\partial x^\beta} \frac{\partial x^\alpha}{\partial y^\nu} \frac{\partial y^\sigma}{\partial y^\mu} (\Gamma_{\alpha\sigma}^\beta - \bar{\Gamma}_{\alpha\sigma}^\beta) \\ &= \frac{y^\alpha}{\partial x^\beta} \frac{\partial x^\alpha}{\partial y^\nu} \frac{\partial y^\sigma}{\partial y^\mu} \Delta\Gamma_{\alpha\sigma}^\beta \end{aligned}$$

4

5

$$\begin{aligned} R_{\mu\nu\alpha\beta} &= R_{\mu\alpha}g_{\nu\beta} - R_{\mu\beta}g_{\nu\alpha} + R_{\nu\beta}g_{\mu\alpha} - R_{\nu\alpha}g_{\mu\beta} + \frac{R}{2}(g_{\mu\beta}g_{\nu\alpha} - g_{\mu\alpha}g_{\nu\beta}) \\ g^{\nu\beta}R_{\mu\nu\alpha\beta} &= R_{\mu\alpha} = R_{\mu\alpha}g_{\nu\beta}g^{\nu\beta} - R_{\mu\beta}g_{\nu\alpha}g^{\nu\beta} + R_{\nu\beta}g^{\nu\beta}g_{\mu\alpha} - R_{\nu\alpha}g^{\nu\beta}g_{\mu\beta} + \frac{R}{2}(g_{\mu\beta}g_{\nu\alpha}g^{\nu\beta} - g_{\mu\alpha}g_{\nu\beta}g^{\nu\beta}) \\ &= R_{\mu\alpha}g_\nu^\nu - R_{\mu\beta}g_\alpha^\beta + Rg_{\mu\alpha} - R_{\nu\alpha}g_\mu^\nu + \frac{R}{2}(g_{\mu\beta}g_\alpha^\beta - g_{\mu\alpha}g_\nu^\nu) = R_{\mu\alpha} \end{aligned}$$