



Car Rental System

Introduction to Database Systems Project

Submitted to Ms. Roohi Jan

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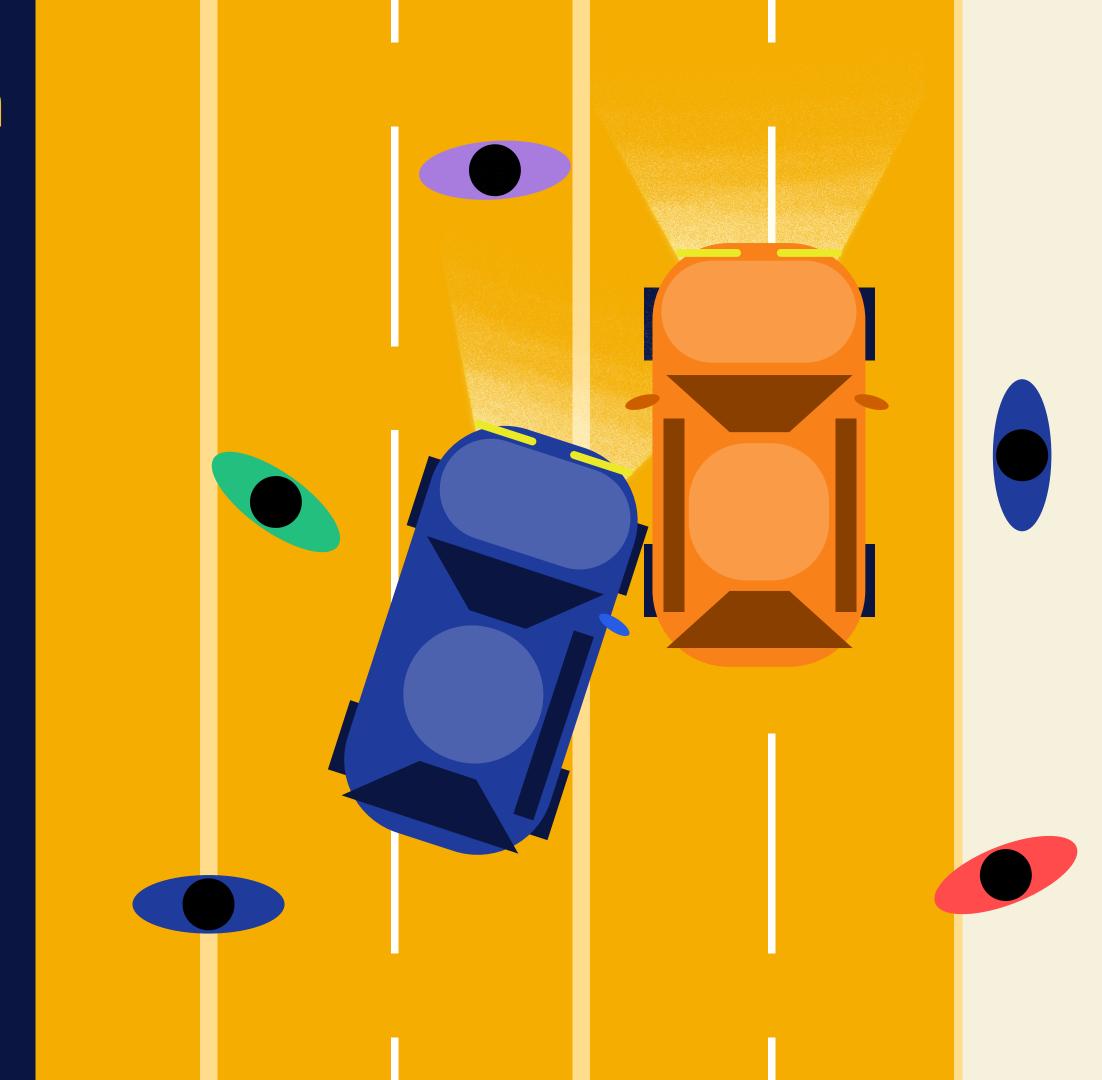
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Phase 1: Introduction

Overview:

- Development of a Car Rental database management system.
- Aims to automate the car rental process for efficiency and transparency.





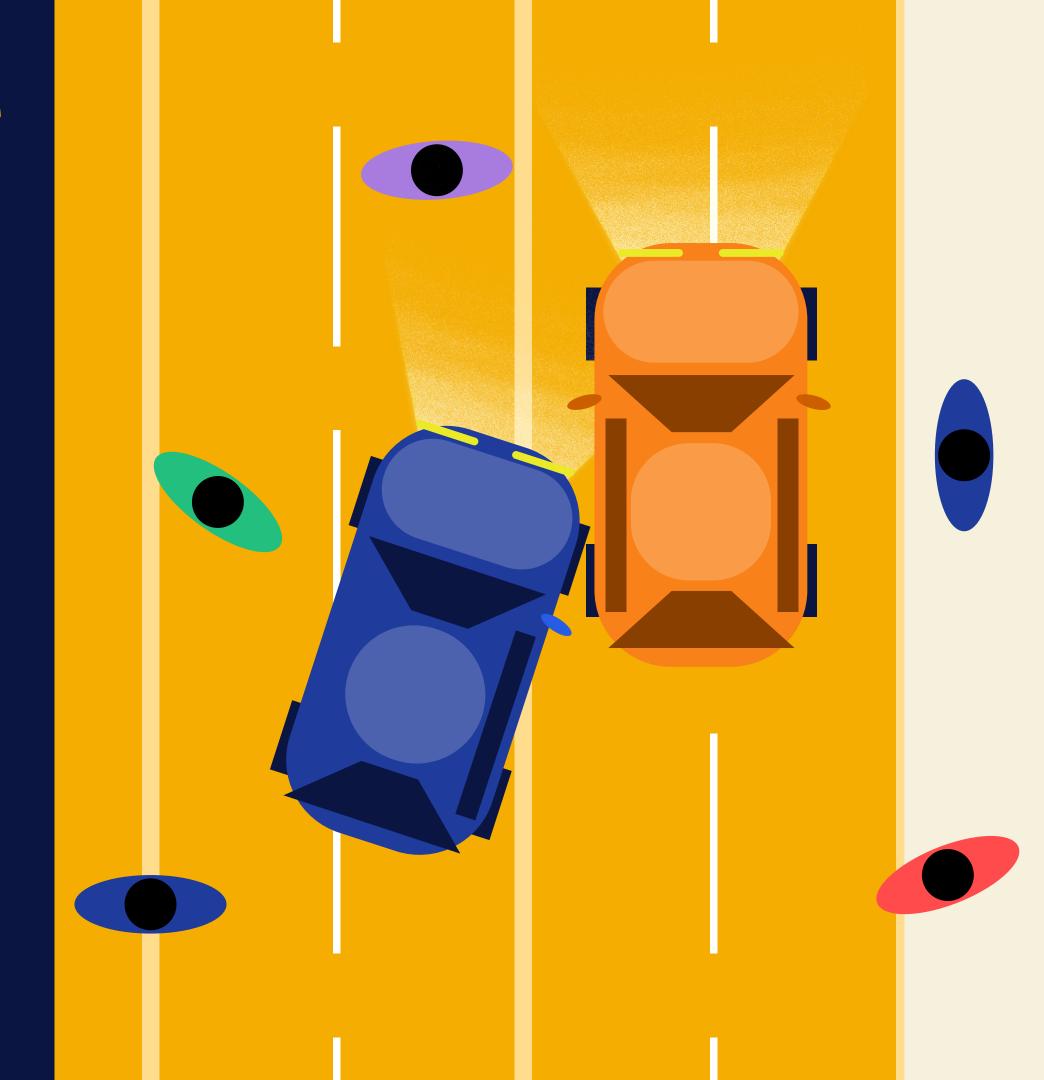
** Purpose and Scope

Purpose

- Streamline rental process.
- Improve accuracy and customer service.

Scope

 Management of car inventory, payments, and rental contracts.





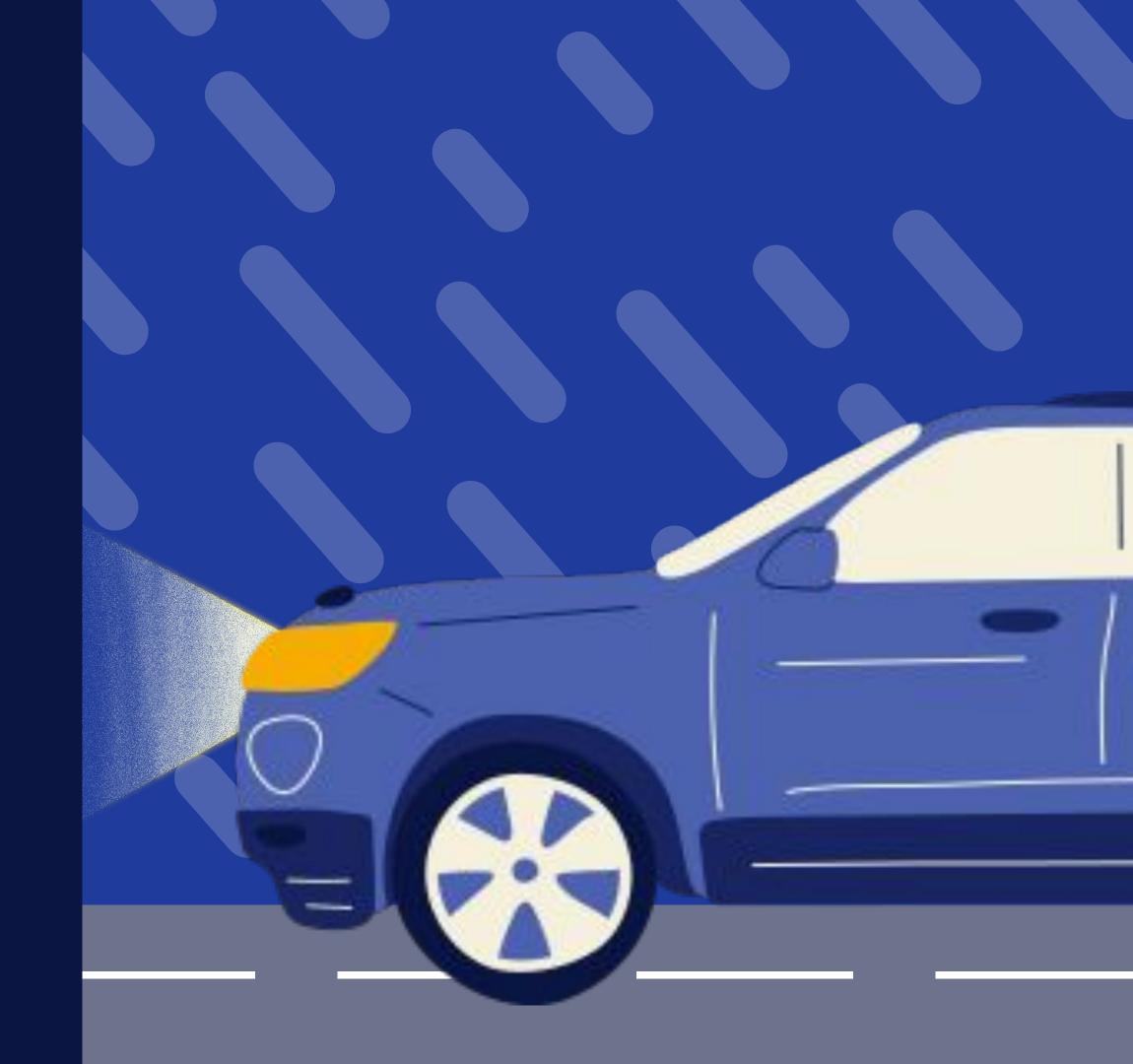
User Interface

Customer View (End-User):

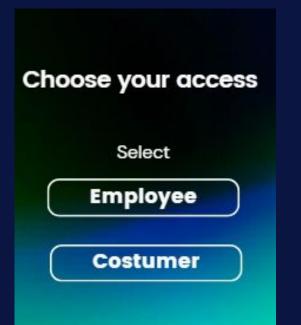
- Login Page
- Access to personal information
- View and download rental and billing history
- View vehicle information
- Manage vehicle rentals

Administrator View:

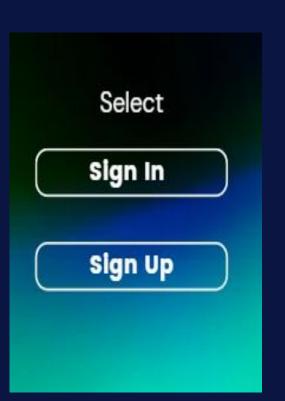
- Login Page
- Access to all customer information
- Access to all vehicle information and management
- Manage billing settings and calculations
- Generate reports and analytics
- Monitor system logs and security settings

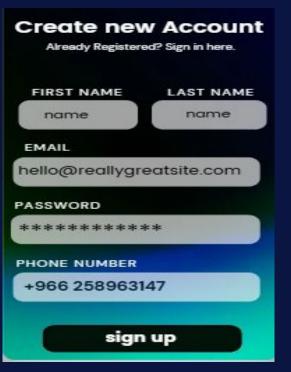


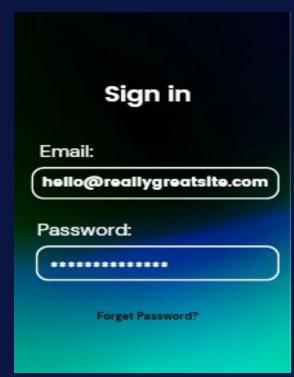
** Prototype

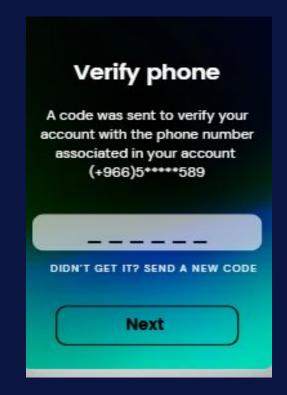


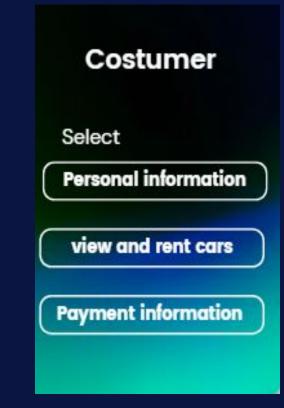




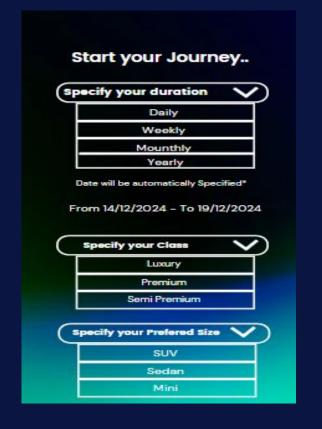


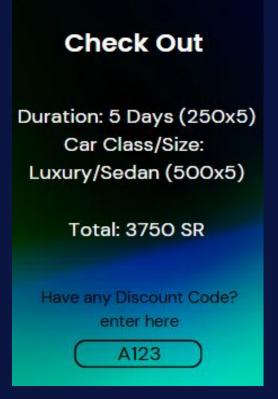


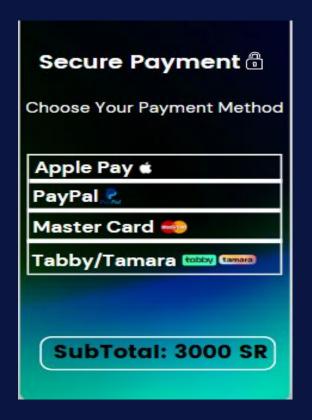














User:

- Account creation and password management.
- Authentication with secure login and two-factor authentication.
- Permission to store personal, contact, and payment data.
- Ability to view and update personal details.
- Access vehicle information, create, update, view, and cancel rental bookings.
- Process rental check-ins/outs, calculate payment details, and submit payments.
- View payment history and rate vehicles/administrators.

Administrator:

- Account creation and password management.
- Authentication with secure login and two-factor authentication.
- Permission to store personal, contact, and job-related data.
- Update personal information and manage vehicle data.
- Access customer information and rate customer profiles.

System:

- Generate and store payment records.
- Maintain security measures, access controls, and system logs.

** Non-Functional Requirements:

Performance:

- Support simultaneous user access without performance degradation.
- Response times under 3 seconds during peak hours.

Scalability:

Accommodate a 20% increase in user load within a year.

Reliability:

- Minimum uptime of 99.9%.
- Backup and recovery mechanisms for minimal downtime and data loss.

Security:

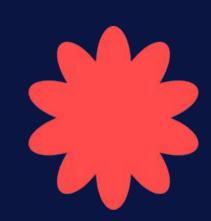
- Adhere to industry security standards, with role-based access control.
- Encrypt data both at rest and in transit, with regular security updates.

Usability:

- Intuitive and user-friendly interface.
- Multi-language support for Saudi Arabian users.

Some Relationships in the data:

- -User Roles: Users are either Employee or Customer, identified by UserID, Name, and Contact.
- -Customer Details: Customers are defined by Gender, Age, Driving License, and Address.
- -Employee Details: Employees have a Job Position (e.g., Administrator) and manage Rental Offices.
- -Car Details: Cars are uniquely identified by Serial Number and include Brand, Model, Plate Number, and Year.
- -Rental Price: Cars have varying Rental Prices based on Duration, Class, and Size.
- -Maintenance: Maintenance history (linked to car) includes ID, Date, and Description.
- -Category & Rental Office: Cars belong to a Category (e.g., Luxury) and are available at a Rental Office, which is managed by one Employee.
- -Rental Order: Includes Order ID, Date, Amount, Duration, Purpose, and Discount.
- -Payment: Each rental order has one or more Payments, detailing Amount, Method, and Split options.
- -Insurance & Location: Every car requires Insurance, and cars can be picked up/returned at various Locations.

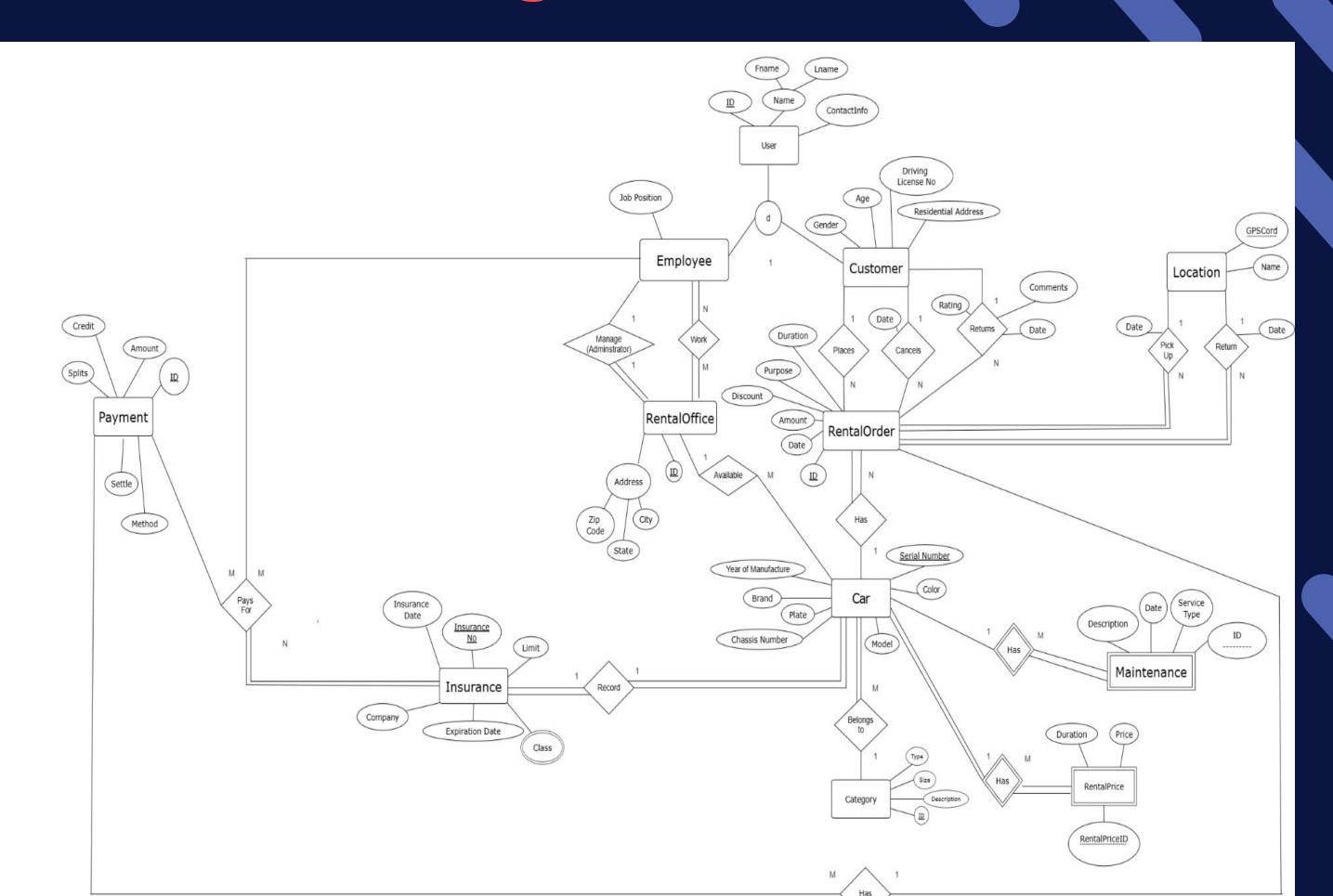


The upcoming slide will show a brief for the entities, attributes and their descriptions:

Entity	Attributes	Description
User	UserID, FName, LName, ContactInformation, Role	Represents customers and employees with unique identifiers and contact details.
Customer	UserID, Gender, Age, DrivingLicenseNo, ResidentialAddress	Extends User, capturing customer-specific details like age, gender, and license.
Employee	UserID, JobPosition, OfficeID	Extends User, identifying employee job position and office affiliation.
Car	SerialNumber, Brand, Model, Color, Chassis Number, Plate Number, Year of Manufacture, CategoryID	Represents cars with detailed specifications and links to Category.
RentalPrice	RentalPriceID, CarSerialNumber, Duration, Price	Stores rental pricing for each car based on duration.
Maintenance	MaintenanceID, MaintenanceDate, MaintenanceServiceType, MaintenanceDescription	Tracks maintenance activities for cars.
Category	CategoryID, CategoryType, Size, Description	Defines categories of cars (e.g., luxury, SUV).
RentalOffice	OfficeID, Address	Represents rental office locations with physical addresses.
RentalOrder	OrderID, OrderDate, OrderAmount, CarSerialNumber, Duration, Purpose, Discount, CustomerID	Tracks rental orders, car details, duration, and customer.
Payment	PaymentID, PaymentAmount, PaymentMethod, OrderID, SplitPayment	Stores payment information for rental orders.
Insurance	InsuranceNumber, CarSerialNumber, DateOfInsurance, ExpirationDate, InsuranceLimit, Class, Company	Covers car insurance details like coverage limits and provider.
Location	LocationName, GPSCoord	Represents rental locations with geographical coordinates.
Feedback	FeedbackID, CarSerialNumber, OrderID, FeedbackDescription	Stores customer feedback related to rentals.



Phase 2: EER Diagram





Business Constraints:

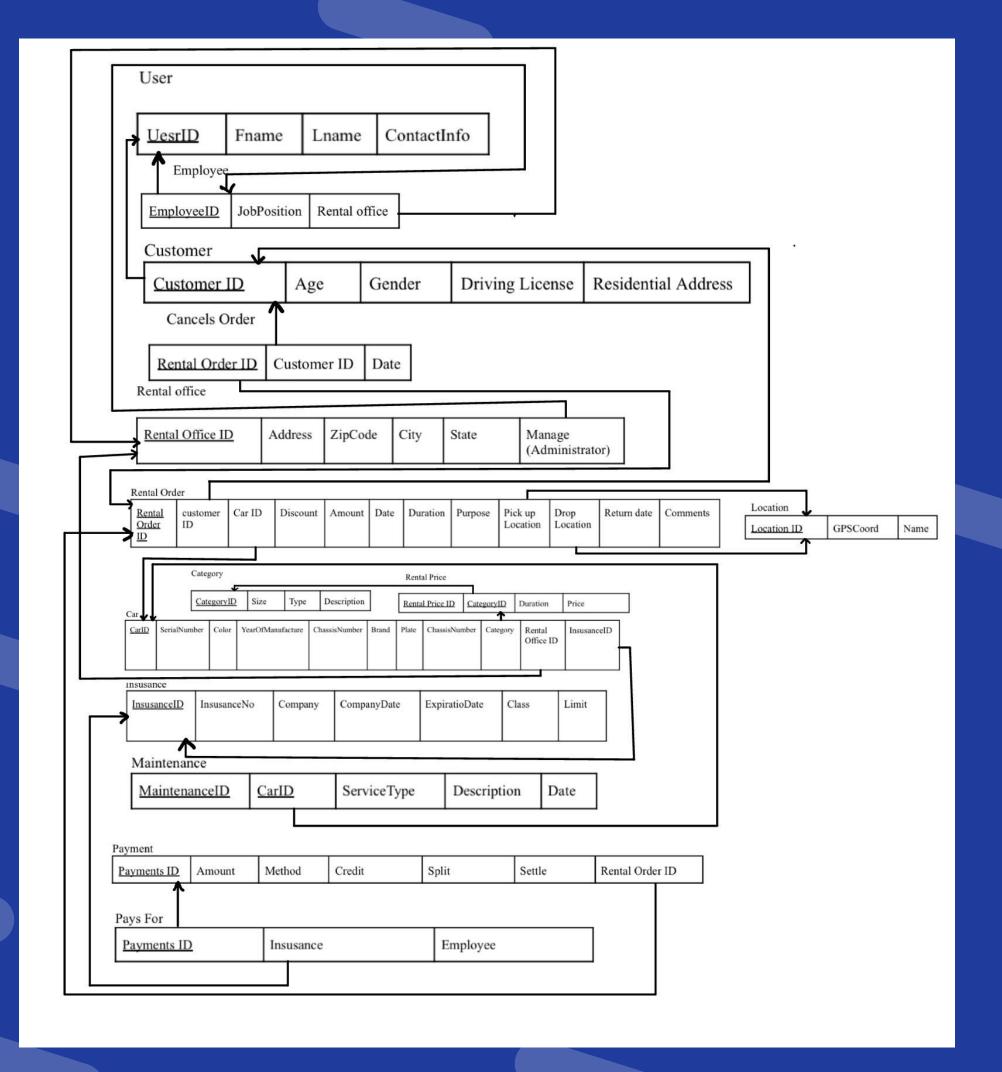
All cars must have valid insurance before they can be rented out. Rentals will not proceed if the insurance has expired.

Only one discount can be applied per rental order, regardless of multiple offers.

Payment must be completed before pickup, and split payments are allowed only if within specific limits.

Phase 3: Relational Diagram

12 data dictionary tables were created to help create the relational diagram.



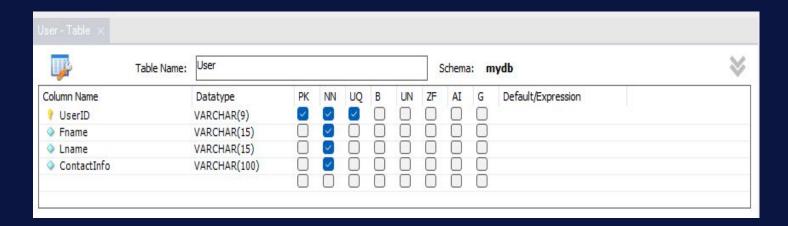


Phase 4: mySQL Table Creation and Record Insertion

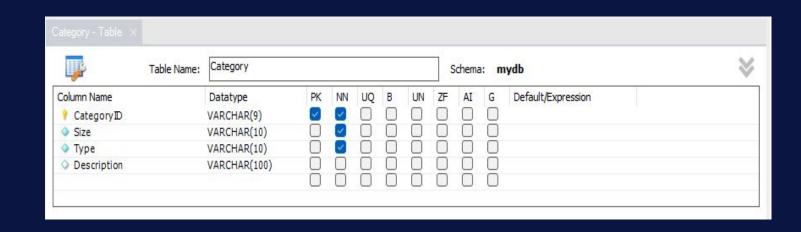
Table Creation:

12 tables were created in the Car Rental schema in mySQL based on the Data Dictionary.

• User Table:



CategoryTable:





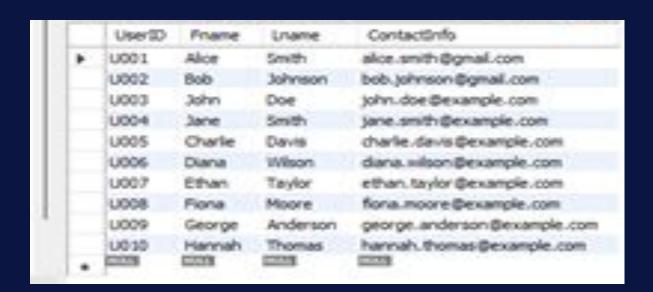




Data Insertion:

10 records were inserted into each of the 12 tables in the Car Rental schema in mySQL.

UserRecords:



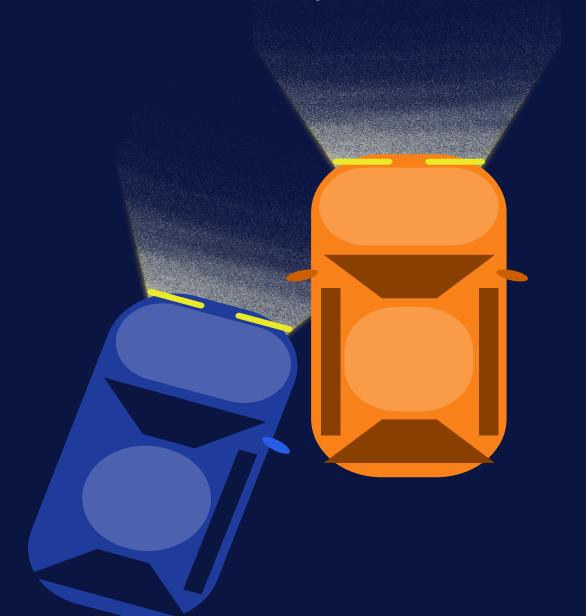
CategoryTable:



Phase 5: mySQL Queries

mySQL Queries

40 queries in total were inserted and executed in the Car Rental Schema (20 basic queries + 20 advanced queries).



BasicQueries:

I. Find total number of employees:

SELECT COUNT(employeeID)

"Total Number of Employees"

FROM Employee;

```
246
        SELECT COUNT(employeeID) "Total Number of Employees " FROM Employee;
248
        SELECT * FROM Employee;
249 •
250
251
        UPDATE Employee SET jobposition = 'Admin' WHERE employeeID = 'E002';
252
        SELECT * FROM User WHERE fname LIKE 'J ';
253 •
254
        SELECT * FROM Customer WHERE gender = 'M';
256
                                          Export: Wrap Cell Content: TA
Result Grid
              Filter Rows:
   Total Number of
   Employees
```

2. Find the longest rental duration by customer:

SELECT CustomerID, MAX(Duration)

AS LongestDuration

FROM Customer c

JOIN User u

ON c.UserID = u.UserID

JOIN RentalOrder r

ON c.CustomerID = r.CustomerID

GROUP BY CustomerID

ORDER BY LongestDuration DESC;



Advanced Queries:

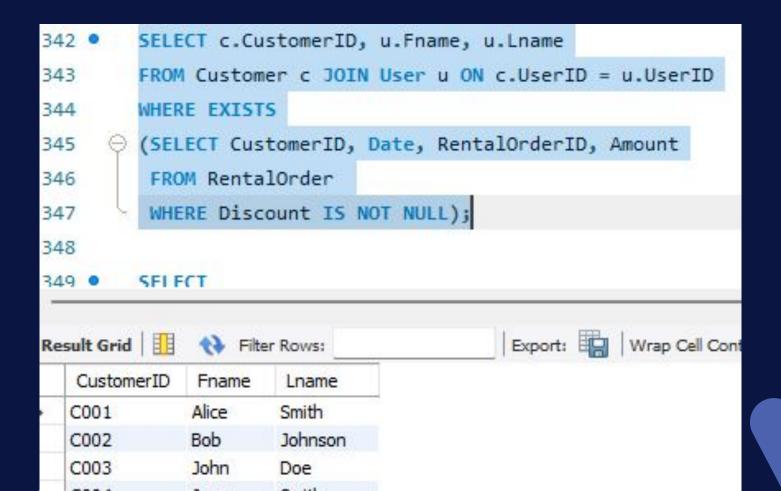
1. Find customers who have used discounts:

SELECT c.CustomerID, u.Fname, u.Lname
FROM Customer c JOIN User u ON c.UserID = u.UserID
WHERE EXISTS

(SELECT CustomerID, RentalOrderID, Amount

FROM rentalOrder

WHERE Discount IS NOT NULL);



2. Display customers who have rented a car that's purpose isn't vac

SELECT c.customerID, u.fname, u.Iname

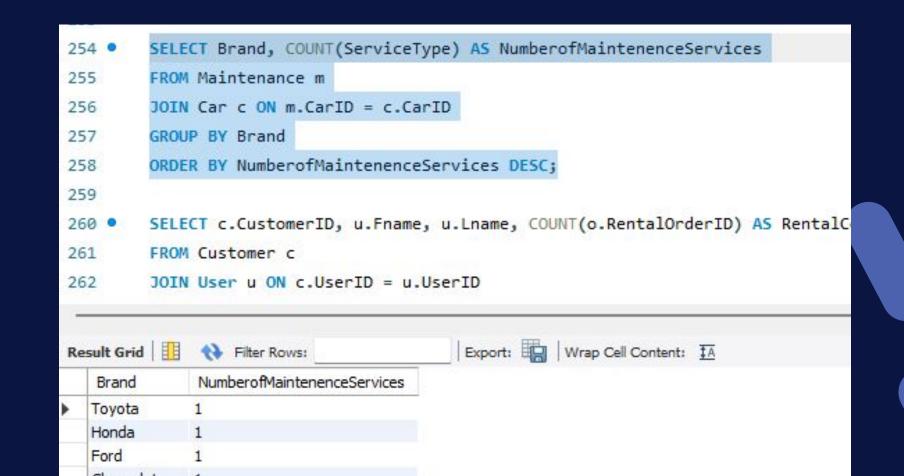
FROM FROM Customer c JOIN User u ON c.UserID = u.UserID

WHERE customerID NOT IN

(SELECT customerID

FROM RentalOrder

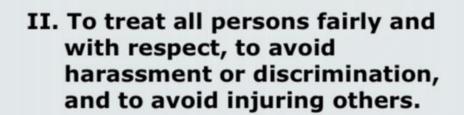
WHERE purpose = 'Vacation');



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- to hold paramount, the safety, health, and welfare of the public, to strive to comply with ethical design and sustainable development practices, to protect the privacy of others, and to disclose promptly factors that might endanger the public or the environment;
- to improve the understanding by individuals and society of the capabilities and societal implications of conventional and emerging technologies, including intelligent systems;
- to avoid real or perceived conflicts of interest whenever possible, and to disclose them to affected parties when they do exist;
- to avoid unlawful conduct in professional activities, and to reject bribery in all its forms;
- to seek, accept, and offer honest criticism of technical work, to acknowledge and correct errors, to be honest, and realistic in stating claims or estimates based on available data, and to credit properly the contributions of others;
- to maintain and improve our technical competence and to undertake technological tasks for others only if qualified by training or experience, or after full disclosure of pertinent limitations:



- to treat all persons fairly and with respect, and to not engage in discrimination based on characteristics such as race, religion, gender, disability, age, national origin, sexual orientation, gender identity, or gender expression;
- to not engage in harassment of any kind, including sexual harassment or bullying behavior;
- to avoid injuring others, their property, reputation, or employment by false or malicious actions, rumors, or any other verbal or physical abuses;

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> Adopted by the IEEE Board of Directors June 2020







