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Exersice 2 master program

```
clear all;  
close all;
```

Exercise 2.1

```
% lin to dB conversion, do not modify the input signals
```

```
A1 = 2;  
A2 = linspace(1,10,10);  
A3 = ones(16,16);  
Exe2_1_answer1 = Exe2_1(A1,1)  
Exe2_1_answer2 = Exe2_1(A2,1)  
Exe2_1_answer3 = Exe2_1(A3,1)
```

```
Exe2_1_answer1 =
```

```
6.0206
```

```
Exe2_1_answer2 =
```

```
Columns 1 through 7
```

```
0    6.0206    9.5424   12.0412   13.9794   15.5630   16.9020
```

```
Columns 8 through 10
```

```
18.0618   19.0849   20.0000
```

```
Exe2_1_answer3 =
```

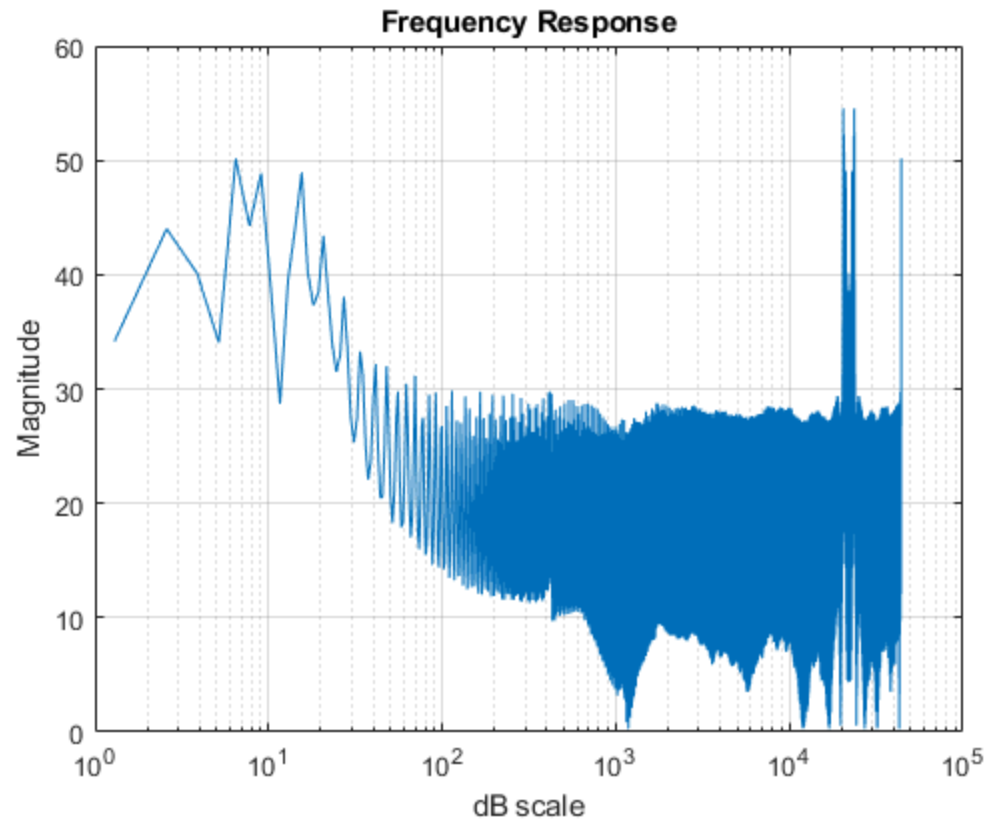
```
Columns 1 through 13
```

```
0    0    0    0    0    0    0    0    0    0    0    0  
0    0  
0    0    0    0    0    0    0    0    0    0    0    0  
0    0  
0    0    0    0    0    0    0    0    0    0    0    0  
0    0  
0    0    0    0    0    0    0    0    0    0    0    0  
0    0
```

```
load('IR.mat');
Exe2_2_answer = Exe2_2(irN,fs);
Ave2_2 = mean(Exe2_2_answer)
```

```
Ave2_2 =

    16.5728
```



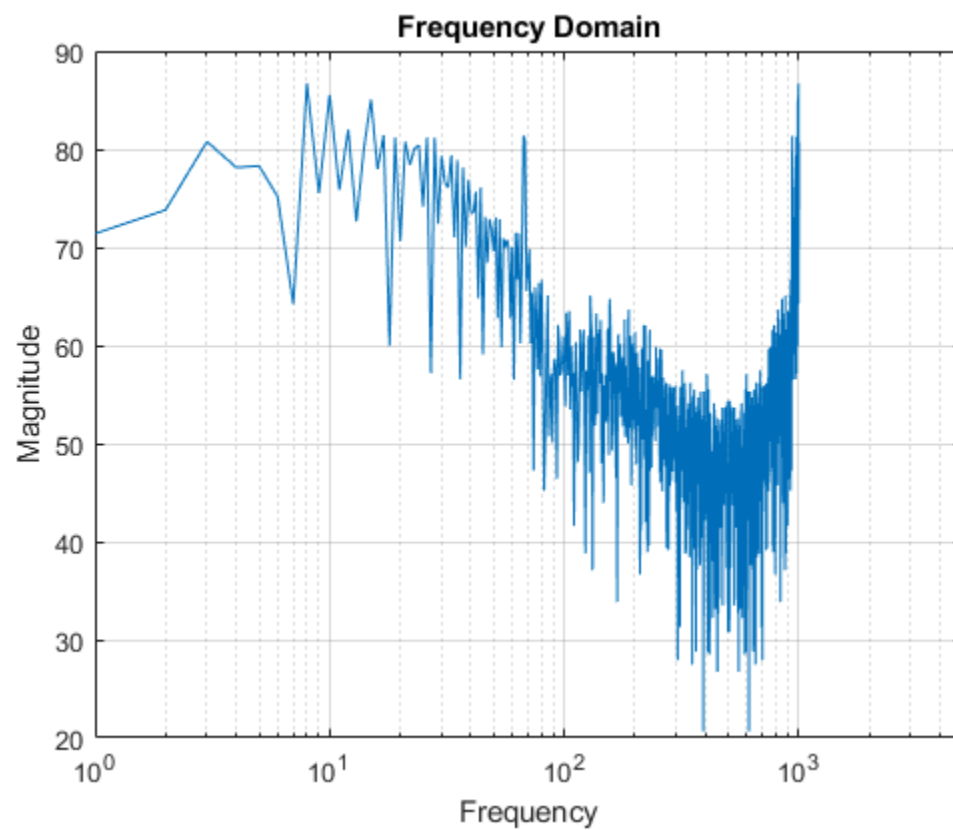
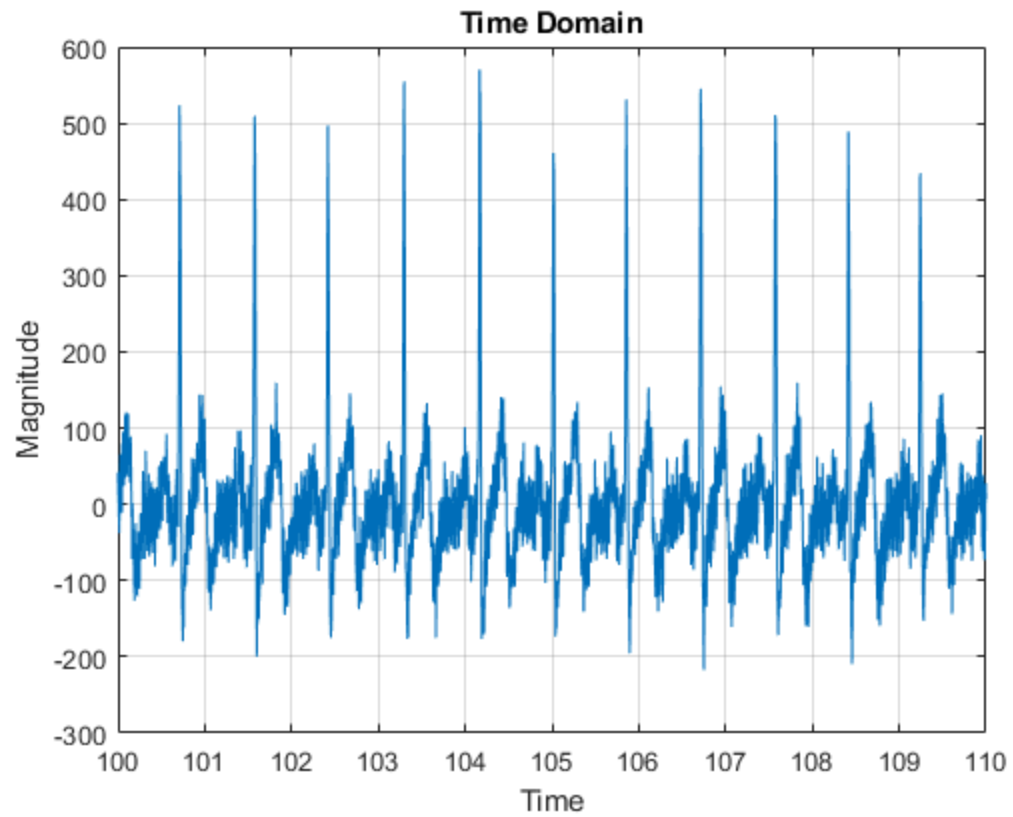
Exercise 2.3

This time you have to load all the data in your function. Produce one sided fft function. with dB scaling. (reference = 1). Plot the resulting fft with frequency axle. The data includes some noisy transients, so pick the data from "clean" part of the signal. Pick at least 8 heart beats from the signal.

```
filename = 'data.mat';
Exe2_3_answer = Exe2_3(filename);
Ave2_3= mean(Exe2_3_answer)
```

```
Ave2_3 =

    76.8600
```



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