

Homework1

Ali Arous

Note: for some strange reason with my windows operating system, I could not make a compressed file (.zip) containing the two files (.pdf and .ipynb). so I have uploaded the jupyter notebook on the following url: https://ali-arous.github.io/db/homework1_aliarous.ipynb

Exercise 1:

Since we know that the number X_1 of heads is a binomial r.v: $X_1 \sim B(n, \frac{1}{2})$,

$$\begin{aligned} P(X_1 = x_1) &= \binom{n}{x_1} p^{x_1} (1-p)^{(n-x_1)} \\ &= \frac{\binom{n}{x_1}}{2^n} \end{aligned}$$

1)

a) Find the pmf of X_2 conditional to a given value of X_1

$$P(X_2 = x_2 | X_1 = x_1) = \binom{n-x_1}{x_2} p^{x_2} (1-p)^{(n-x_1-x_2)} = \frac{\binom{n-x_1}{x_2}}{2^{(n-x_1)}}$$

b) Find the joint pmf of (X_1, X_2)

$$\begin{aligned} P(\{X_1 = x_1, X_2 = x_2\}) &= P(X_1 = x_1) \cdot P(X_2 = x_2 | X_1 = x_1) \\ &= \frac{\binom{n}{x_1}}{2^n} \cdot \frac{\binom{n-x_1}{x_2}}{2^{(n-x_1)}} = \frac{\binom{n}{x_1} \binom{n-x_1}{x_2}}{2^{(2n-x_1)}} \end{aligned}$$

c) Find the joint pmf of (X_1, X_2, R_2)

$$\begin{aligned}
P(\{X_1 = x_1, X_2 = x_2, R_2 = r_2\}) \\
&= P(\{X_1 = x_1, X_2 = x_2\}) \cdot P(R_2 = r_2 \mid X_1 = x_1, X_2 = x_2) \\
&= \frac{\binom{n}{x_1} \binom{n-x_1}{x_2}}{2^{(2n-x_1)}} \cdot 1
\end{aligned}$$

d) Find the marginal pmf of X2 and the marginal pmf of R2

$$P(X_2 = x_2) = \sum_{i=0}^n \frac{\binom{n}{i} \binom{n-i}{x_2}}{2^{(2n-i)}}$$

$$P(R_2 = r_2) = \sum_{i=0}^n P(\{X_1 = i, X_2 = n - i - r_2\}) = \sum_{i=0}^n \frac{\binom{n}{i} \binom{n-i-r_2}{n-i-r_2}}{2^{(2n-i)}}$$

2)

The pmf of X3 conditional to given values of X1, X2:

$$\begin{aligned}
P(X_3 = x_3 \mid X_2 = x_2, X_1 = x_1) \\
&= \frac{\binom{n-x_1-x_2}{x_3} p^{x_3} (1-p)^{(n-x_1-x_2-x_3)}}{\binom{n-x_1-x_2}{x_3}} = \frac{\binom{n-x_1-x_2}{x_3}}{2^{(n-x_1-x_2)}}
\end{aligned}$$

The pmf of X_k conditional to given values of X_i where i = 1,...,k-1:

$$\begin{aligned}
P(X_k = x_k \mid X_1 = x_1, X_2 = x_2, \dots, X_{k-1} = x_{k-1}) \\
&= \frac{\binom{n-\sum_{i=1}^{k-1} x_i}{x_k} p^{x_k} (1-p)^{(n-\sum_{i=1}^k x_i)}}{\binom{n-\sum_{i=1}^{k-1} x_i}{x_k}} = \frac{\binom{n-\sum_{i=1}^{k-1} x_i}{x_k}}{2^{(n-\sum_{i=1}^{k-1} x_i)}}
\end{aligned}$$

=====

The joint pmf of (X1, X2, X3):

$$\begin{aligned}
 P(\{X1 = x1, \quad X2 = x2, \quad X3 = x3\}) \\
 &= P(X1 = x1) \cdot P(X2 = x2, X3 = x3 \mid X1 = x1) \\
 &= P(X1 = x1) \cdot P(X2 = x2) \cdot P(X3 = x3 \mid X2 = x2, X3 = x3) \\
 &= \frac{\binom{n}{x1}}{2^n} \cdot \frac{\binom{n-x1}{x2}}{2^{(n-x1)}} \cdot \frac{\binom{n-x1-x2}{x3}}{2^{(n-x1-x2)}}
 \end{aligned}$$

The joint pmf of (X1, X2,..., Xk):

$$P(\{X1 = x1, X2 = x2, \dots, X_k = x_k\}) = \prod_{i=1}^k \frac{\binom{n-\sum_{j=1}^{i-1} x_j}{x_i}}{2^{(n-\sum_{j=1}^{i-1} x_j)}}$$

The joint pmf of (X1, X2,..., Xk, Rk):

$$P(\{X1 = x1, X2 = x2, \dots, X_k = x_k, R_k = r_k\}) = 1 \cdot \prod_{i=1}^k \frac{\binom{n-\sum_{j=1}^{i-1} x_j}{x_i}}{2^{(n-\sum_{j=1}^{i-1} x_j)}}$$

While $r_k = n - \sum_{i=1}^k x_i$ holds, otherwise pmf = 0.

=====

The marginal pmf of X3 and the marginal pmf of R3

$$P(X3 = x3) = \sum_{i=0}^n \sum_{j=0}^{n-i} \frac{\binom{n}{i}}{2^n} \cdot \frac{\binom{n-i}{j}}{2^{(n-i)}} \cdot \frac{\binom{n-i-j}{x3}}{2^{(n-i-j)}}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 P(R3 = r3) &= \sum_{i=0}^n \sum_{j=0}^{n-i} P(\{X1 = i, X2 = j, X3 = n - i - j - r3\}) \\
 &= \sum_{i=0}^n \sum_{j=0}^{n-i} \frac{\binom{n}{i}}{2^n} \cdot \frac{\binom{n-i}{j}}{2^{(n-i)}} \cdot \frac{\binom{n-i-j}{n-i-j-r3}}{2^{(n-i-j)}}
 \end{aligned}$$

=====

The marginal pmf of X_k :

$$P(X_k = x_k) = \sum_{i_1+i_2+\dots+i_{k-1} \leq n} \prod_{i_1+i_2+\dots+i_k \leq n} \cdot \frac{\binom{n-\sum_{j=1}^{k-1} i_j}{i_k}}{2^{(n-\sum_{j=1}^{k-1} i_j)}} \cdot \frac{\binom{n-\sum_{j=1}^k i_j}{x_k}}{2^{(n-\sum_{j=1}^k i_j)}}$$

3) Define the r.v. Y = "Total number of tosses". Obtain the cdf of Y .

Each coin toss is a Bernoulli experiment.

The total number of tosses (m) required to get (n) heads out of (n) coins is:

A random variable $Y \sim$ Negative Binomial Distribution:

$$f(m; n, p) = P(Y = m) = \binom{m-1}{n-1} p^n (1-p)^{m-n}$$

$$f\left(m; n, \frac{1}{2}\right) = P(Y = m) = \binom{m-1}{n-1} \frac{1}{2^m}$$

The cdf of Y is:

$$F(m) = P(Y \leq m) = \sum_{m=1}^{\infty} \binom{m-1}{n-1} \frac{1}{2^m}$$

Note: for some strange reason with my windows operating system, I could not make a compressed file (.zip) containing the two files (.pdf and .ipynb). so I have uploaded the jupyter notebook on the following url: https://ali-arous.github.io/db/homework1_aliarous.ipynb