

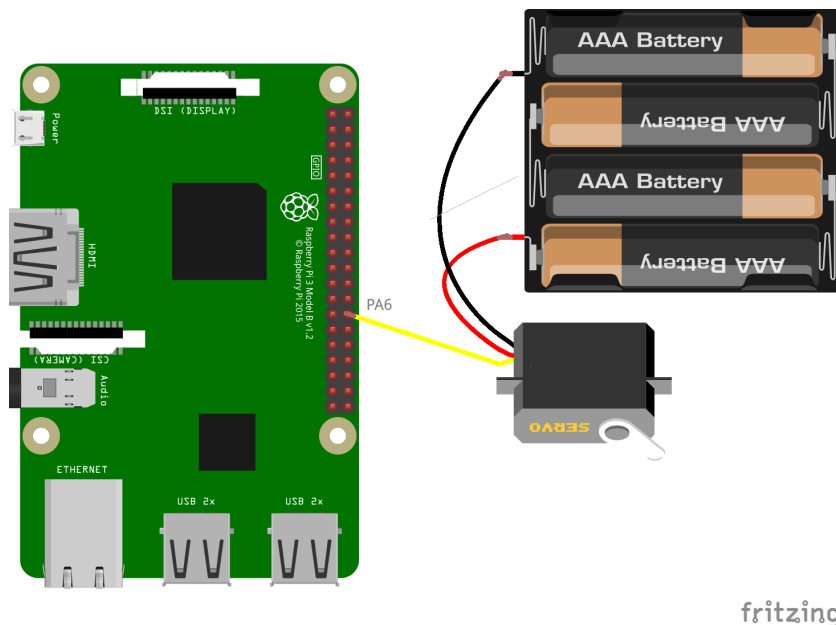
## Labwork 4 – servo-motor

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In this labwork, we will control a servo-motor controlled by a PWM signal produced by a timer. The final goal is to implement a flag waver, that is, to make the servo-motor to move from  $0^\circ$  to  $180^\circ$  and the reverse on a long period.

*Because of the lack of required hardware, the labwork has to be performed by pairs of students and deposit by each student of the pair.*

To implement this application, you have to build the circuit described below:



As the servo-motor consumes too much current, it has to be powered up by a third-party source (here the battery block).

To be controlled, the servo-server receives a PWM signal from the STM32F4 on the pin PA6 with the following characteristics:

- The period is 20 *ms*.
- To get an angle of  $0^\circ$ , the pulse must have a width of 1 *ms*.
- To get an angle of  $180^\circ$ , the pulse must have a width of 2 *ms*.

- The pulse cannot be lower than 1 *ms* and bigger than 2 *ms* (without breaking the servo-motor).

To generate the PWM signal, we will use **TIM3** on channel 1. It is connected to the pin *PA6* of *GPIOA* (alternale line *AF2*).

**To Do:** implement the flag waver (with a wave period of 2 *s*).