Irrationalizing Pain? Pain Sensitivity and Irrational Beliefs

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Introduction



• Physical pain and social "pain"? The need to belong (Baumeister & Leary, 1995)



• Same or similar neural substrates, subjective experiences and linguistic expressions (Eisenberger, 2012; MacDonald & Leary, 2015)



• Social-attachment system utilizing resources from the pain system (Eisenberger & Lieberman, 2004)



• Certain analgesics such as acetaminophen reduce social pain (DeWall et al., 2010)

Introduction

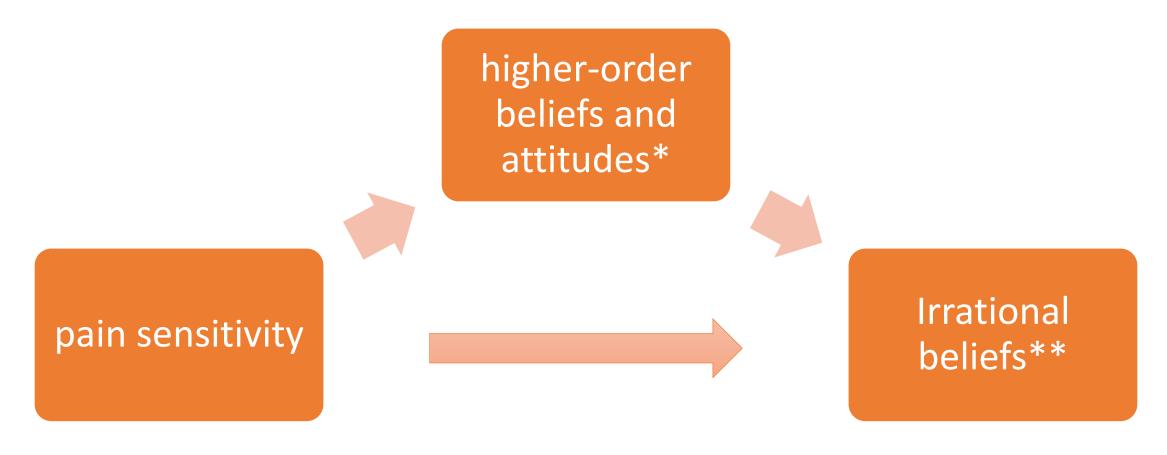
• Sensitivity to pain varies by person (Nielsen et al., 2009)

• Facing pain can lead to irrational beliefs in clinical populations (Amundson, G. J. G. et al., 1995)

• Pain sensitivity is related to empathy (Ren et al., 2020)

• Pain sensitivity predicts proximity to and endorsement of political outgroup views through harm perception (Lee & Ma, 2023)

So, what's the question?



^{*} e.g., thinking styles, risk attitude, severity of risk perception, emotional reactivity, emotional intensity

^{**} e.g., conspiracy thinking, superstitious belief, belief in the paranormal, pseudo-profound bullshit receptivity

- Survey on Qualtrics
- 168 items (excluding demographics items)
- 189 participants from MTurk (out of an original 318)
- Demographics information collected:
 - Mean age = 50.55, SD = 13.04
 - 54.54% female, 1.60% non-binary/other
 - 52.94% Democrat, 22.99% Republican, 19.25% Independent, 4.81% Other
 - Race
 - Religion and religiousity
 - Socioeconomic Status

Irrational belief measures included (outcomes):

- Revised Paranormal Belief Scale (Tobacyk, 2004)
- Belief in Superstition Scale (Fluke et al., 2012)
- Bullshit Receptivity Scale (Pennycook et al., 2015)
- Fantasy subscale of Interpersonal Reactivity Scale (Davis, 1983)
- Fedrico et al. (2018)'s items on conspiracy thinking, plus four specific conspiracy theories
- Generic Conspiracist Beliefs Scale (Brotherton et al., 2013)
- Vaccine Conspiracy Belief Scale (Shapiro et al., 2016)

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- Fantasy subscale of Interpersonal Reactivity Scale The invisible is beyond new timelessness"

- People are asked to rate statements as profound
- "Perceptual reality transcends subtle truth"
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Other measures included (predictor and mediators):

- Pain Sensitivity Questionnaire (Ruscheweyh et al., 2009)
- 4-Component Thinking Styles Questionnaire (Newton et al., 2023)
- Modified Differential Emotions Scale (Fredrickson et al., 2003)
- Perth Emotion Reactivity Scale Short (Becerra et al., 2017)
- Ten-item Personality Inventory (Gosling et al., 2003)

Results

Notable correlations (between pain sensitivity and variables of interest)

modified Differential Emotions Scale Positive emotions = **0.15**

Perth Emotional Reactivity Scale
Positive emotions (activation, intensity, duration) = **0.15**

Domain-specific Risk Perception – Overall = 0.42

Revised Paranormal Belief Scale

Traditional religious belief = 0.16

Witchcraft = 0.16

Superstition = 0.15

Spiritualism = 0.20

Bullshit Receptivity Scale = **0.17**

Belief in Superstition Scale = 0.25

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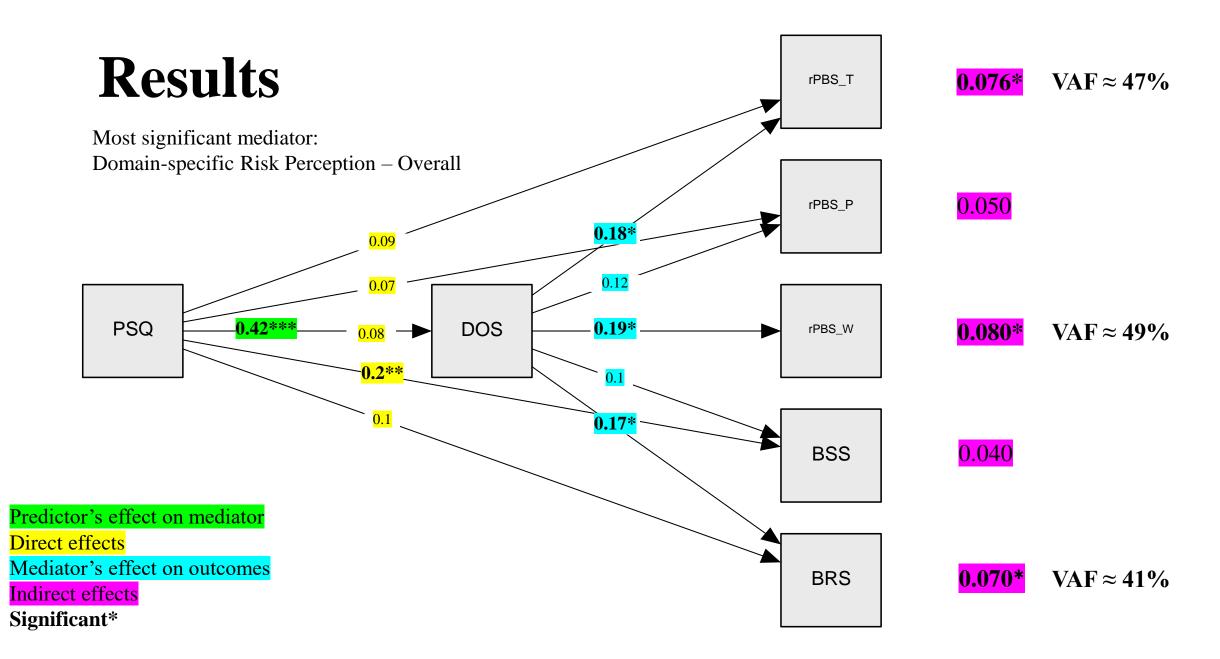
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Disclaimer: mediation analysis is not fully interpreted yet

Future Directions

- Pain sensitivity's link to other higher order variables?
- Focusing on other pain-related psychological variables (such as tolerance, threshold, just noticeable difference, etc.)?
- An experimental design to manipulate pain sensitivity?

Q/A time!