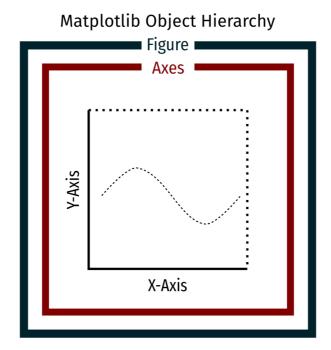
Unit 1 - Data Visualization

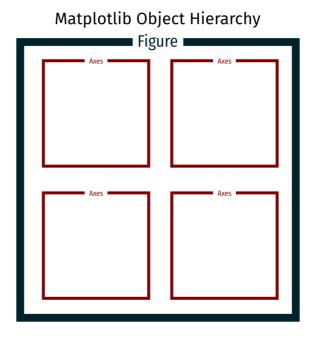


Matplotlib Object Hierarchy

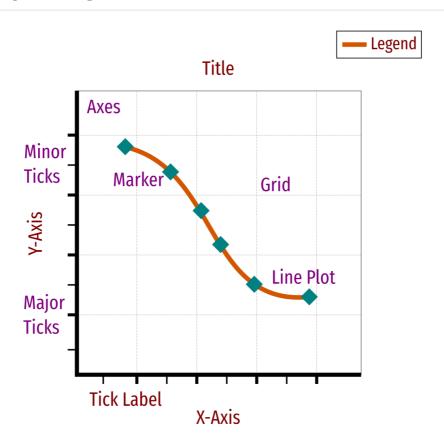
1. Single Object Hierarchy



2. Multiple Object Hierarchy



Anatomy of Figure



Installation

```
pip install matplotlib

OR

python -m pip install matplotlib

OR

If installing inside Jupyter Notebook

!pip install matplotlib
```

Import

```
from matplotlib import pyplot as plt
%matplotlib inline

OR

import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
%matplotlib inline
```

Line Plot

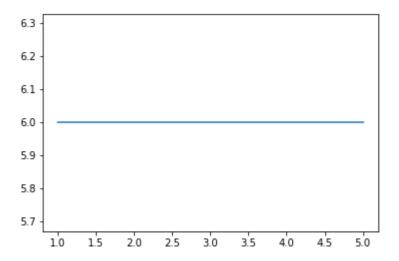
pyplot.plot(x, y, color, linewidth, linestyle, marker, label)

```
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt

x = [1,2,3,4,5] # X Points

y = [6,6,6,6,6] # Y Points

# using plot() function for Line Plot
plt.plot(x,y) # Create the Plot
plt.show() # Show the Plot
```



Customizing Line Plot

- 1. Adding Title and Axis Labels
 - 1. Set title property to plot, for adding Title on top.
 - 2. Set xlabel and ylabel property for Axis Labels

```
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt

x = [1,2,3,4,5] # X Points

y = [6,6,6,6,6] # Y Points

# using plot() function for Line Plot

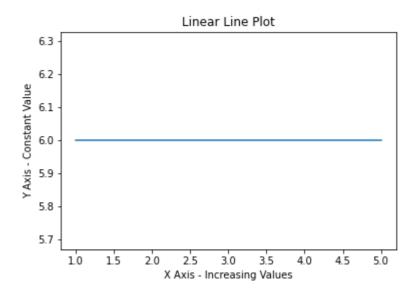
plt.plot(x,y)

plt.title("Linear Line Plot")

plt.xlabel("X Axis - Increasing Values")

plt.ylabel("Y Axis - Constant Value")

plt.show()
```



2. Adding Legend

- 1. Specify label parameter during plot creation.
- 2. Set legend property to plot.
- 3. In loc parameter either define Location String or Location Code.

Location String	Location Code
'best'	0
'upper right'	1
'upper left'	2
'lower left'	3
'lower right'	4
'right'	5
'center left'	6
'center right'	7
'lower center'	8
'upper center'	9
'center'	10

```
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt

x = [1,2,3,4,5] # X Points

y = [6,6,6,6,6] # Y Points

# using plot() function for Line Plot

plt.plot(x,y, label='Line')

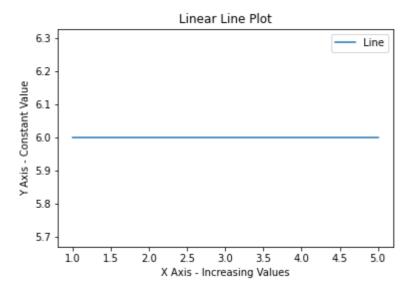
plt.title("Linear Line Plot")

plt.xlabel("X Axis - Increasing Values")

plt.ylabel("Y Axis - Constant Value")

plt.legend(loc='best')

plt.show()
```



3. Changing Line Color

- Specify color parameter during plot creation.
- Color can be specified as a color name, color character or Hex String.

Unit 1 - Data Handling

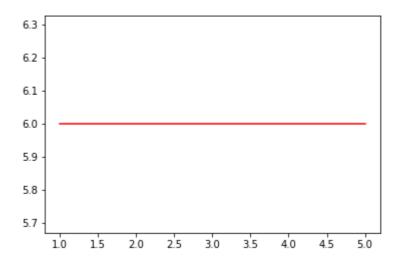
Color Name	Character
Black	'k'
White	'W'
Red	'r'
Green	'g'
Blue	'b'
Cyan	'c'
Magenta	' m '
Yellow	'y'

```
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt

x = [1,2,3,4,5] # X Points

y = [6,6,6,6,6] # Y Points

# using plot() function for Line Plot
plt.plot(x,y, color = 'r')
plt.show()
```



4. Changing Line Style

- Specify linestyle parameter during plot creation.
- Line Style can be specified as below:

Unit 1 - Data Handling

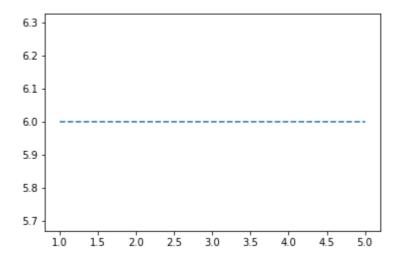
Line Style	Description
1-1	Solid Line
11	Dashed Line
11	Dash-Dot Line
1:1	Dotted Line

```
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt

x = [1,2,3,4,5] # X Points

y = [6,6,6,6,6] # Y Points

# using plot() function for Line Plot
plt.plot(x,y, linestyle = '--')
plt.show()
```



5. Changing Line Width

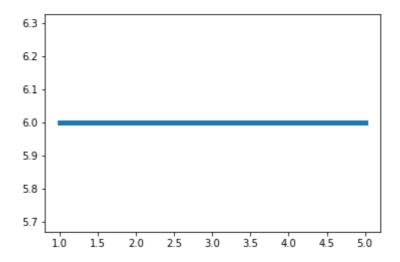
- Specify the linewidth parameter during plot creation.
- Line Width can be specified as integer value.

```
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt

x = [1,2,3,4,5] # X Points

y = [6,6,6,6,6] # Y Points

# using plot() function for Line Plot
plt.plot(x,y, linewidth = 5)
plt.show()
```



6. Adding Marker

- Marker can be added by specifying marker parameter during plot creation.
- Marker Style can be specified as below:

Unit 1 - Data Handling

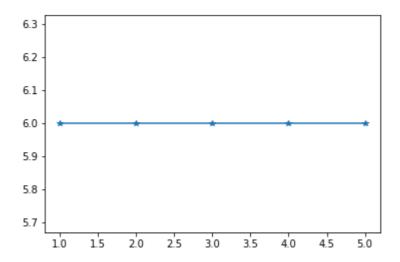
Character	Description
'0'	Circle Marker
' V '	Triangle Down Marker
1 / 1	Triangle Up Marker
1<1	Triangle Left Marker
'>'	Triangle Right Marker
's'	Square Marker
'p'	Pentagon Marker
'h'	Hexagon Marker
181	Octagon Marker
1 * 1	Star Marker
'+'	Plus Marker
' X '	Cross Marker
'd'	Diamond Marker

```
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt

x = [1,2,3,4,5] # X Points

y = [6,6,6,6,6] # Y Points

# using plot() function for Line Plot
plt.plot(x,y, marker = '*')
plt.show()
```

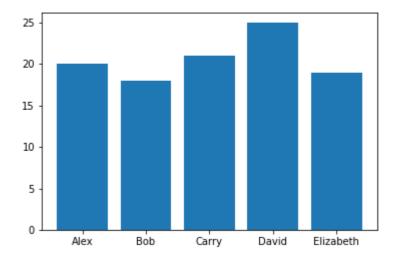


Bar Chart

pyplot.bar(height, x, width, color, edgecolor, linewidth, label)

```
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt

x = [20,18,21,25,19] # X Points
grades = ['Alex','Bob','Carry','David','Elizabeth']
# using bar() function for Bar Chart
plt.bar(grades, x)
plt.show()
```



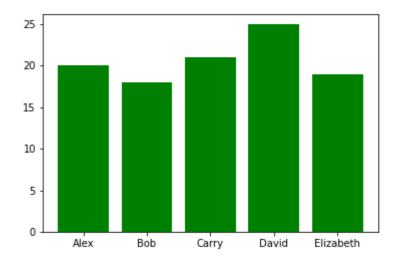
Customizing Bar Chart

1. Changing Bar Color

• Use color parameter during bar chart creation.

```
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt

x = [20,18,21,25,19] # X Points
grades = ['Alex','Bob','Carry','David','Elizabeth']
# using bar() function for Bar Chart
plt.bar(grades, x, color='g')
plt.show()
```

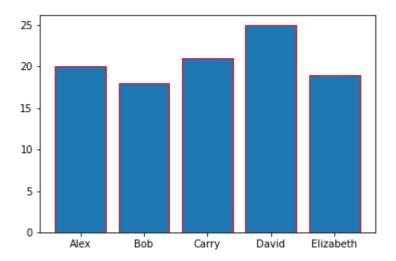


2. Changing Edge Color

• Use edgecolor parameter during bar chart creation.

```
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt

x = [20,18,21,25,19] # X Points
grades = ['Alex','Bob','Carry','David','Elizabeth']
# using bar() function for Bar Chart
plt.bar(grades, x, edgecolor='r')
plt.show()
```

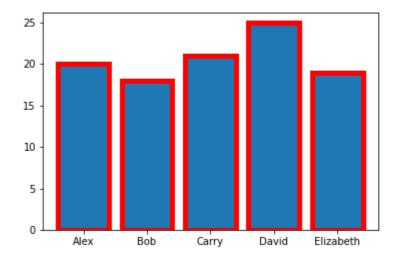


3. Changing Line Width

• Use linewidth parameter during bar chart creation

```
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt

x = [20,18,21,25,19] # X Points
grades = ['Alex','Bob','Carry','David','Elizabeth']
# using bar() function for Bar Chart
plt.bar(grades, x, edgecolor='r', linewidth=5)
plt.show()
```

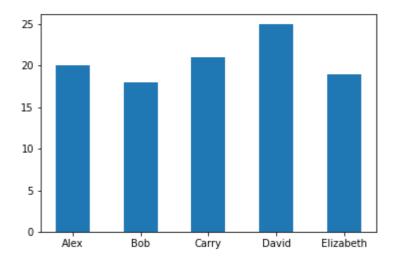


4. Changing Bar Width

• Use width parameter during bar chart creation

```
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt

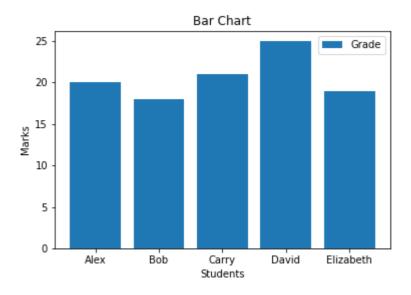
x = [20,18,21,25,19] # X Points
grades = ['Alex','Bob','Carry','David','Elizabeth']
# using bar() function for Bar Chart
plt.bar(grades, x, width=0.5)
plt.show()
```



5. Adding Title, Axis Labels & Legends

```
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt

x = [20,18,21,25,19] # X Points
grades = ['Alex','Bob','Carry','David','Elizabeth']
# using bar() function for Bar Chart
plt.bar(grades, x, label='Grade')
plt.title("Bar Chart")
plt.xlabel("Students")
plt.ylabel("Marks")
plt.legend(loc='best')
plt.show()
```

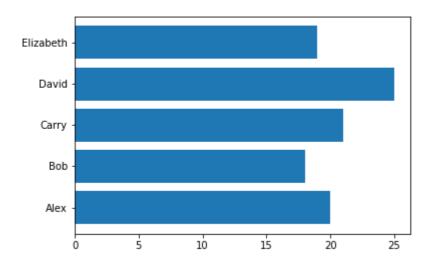


Horizontal Bar Chart

pyplot.barh(width, x, height, color, edgecolor, linewidth, label)

```
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt

x = [20,18,21,25,19] # X Points
grades = ['Alex','Bob','Carry','David','Elizabeth']
# using barh() function for Horizontal Bar Chart
plt.barh(grades, x, height=0.8)
plt.show()
```

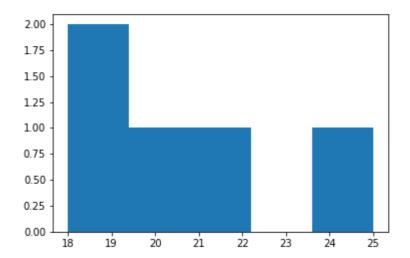


Histogram

pyplot.hist(x, bins, color, edgecolor, linewidth, histtype)

```
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt

x = [20,18,21,25,19] # X Points
# using hist() function for Histogram
plt.hist(x,bins=5)
plt.show()
```



Customization

1. Adding Title, Axis-Labels & Legend

```
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt

x = [20,18,21,25,19] # X Points

# using hist() function for Histogram

plt.hist(x,bins=5,label="Grades")

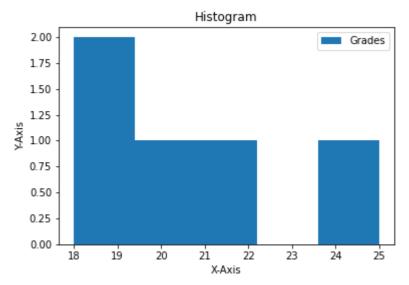
plt.title("Histogram")

plt.xlabel("X-Axis")

plt.ylabel("Y-Axis")

plt.legend(loc='best')

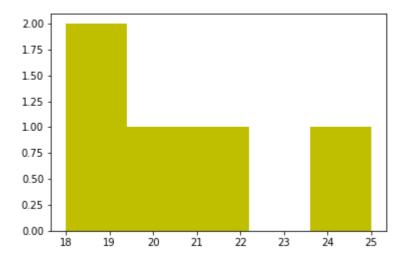
plt.show()
```



2. Changing Face Color

```
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt

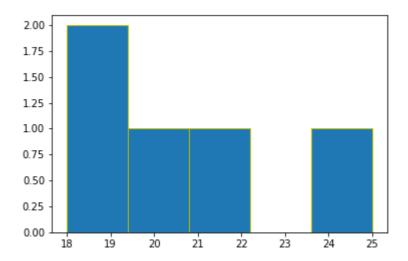
x = [20,18,21,25,19] # X Points
# using hist() function for Histogram
plt.hist(x,bins=5, facecolor='y')
plt.show()
```



3. Changing Edge Color

```
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt

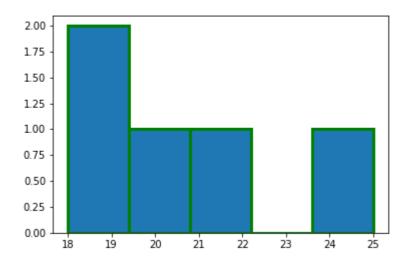
x = [20,18,21,25,19] # X Points
# using hist() function for Histogram
plt.hist(x,bins=5, edgecolor='y')
plt.show()
```



4. Changing Line Width

```
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt

x = [20,18,21,25,19] # X Points
# using hist() function for Histogram
plt.hist(x,bins=5, edgecolor='g', linewidth=3)
plt.show()
```



5. Changing Hist Type

```
histtypes are 'bar', 'barstacked', 'step', 'stepfilled'
```

```
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt

x = [20,18,21,25,19] # X Points
# using hist() function for Histogram
plt.hist(x,bins=5, histtype='step')
plt.show()
```

